"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today; probably thundershowers tomorrow; moderate westerly winds, becoming variable.
For full weather report see Page 16.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,592. .... NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JUNE 11, 1914.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. / Elsewhere / TWO CENTS.

TOLLS TEST VOTE SHOWS 50 TO 24

Simmons-Norris Amendment Reserving Rights Under Treaty Easily Carried.

POINTS VICTORY FOR REPEAL

Senate, in Night Session, Clears Away Many Barriers in Way of Final Action.

LONG FIGHT NEAR AN END

Next Contest to be Over Arbitration Plan and the Bill May Be Passed Today.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—The Senate today began the final disposition of the Tolls Repeal bill, adopting—by a vote of 50 to 24—an amendment offered by Senator Simmons reserving any rights the United States may have under the Hay-Pauncefote treaty to exempt American ships from tolls, and defeating amendments offered by Senator Sutherland, Republican, of Utah, and Senator Cummins, Republican, of Iowa, designed to assert the right of the United States to exempt its shipping from tolls.

This much was accomplished in an unbroken session beginning at 11 o'clock in the morning and ending at 10:20 at night. The Senate took a recess until 11 o'clock Thursday morning as soon as the vote on the Cummins amendment was announced. The Cummins amendment was defeated, 49 to 37.

Senator Simmons, who has led the fight for repeal, has estimated that the bill will carry by at least 10 votes, and there was every promise that his estimate will prove correct.

A final vote tomorrow is not assured, several amendments remain to be considered, and a roll call will be asked upon each. The programme which appears to have the right of way is one calling first for a vote upon an amendment declaring that the tolls dispute is a proper subject of arbitration. Should this be adopted, a contingency yet uncertain, an amendment requesting or directing the President to began negotiations for arbitration will be offered.

The fight on these amendments will occur, in the main, upon the question of whether the subject of arbitration shall be dealt with in the bill or shall be left for separate consideration at another time.

Many Other Amendments.

Among these amendments will be several others, asserting the right of the United States to exempt its ships from tolls; proposing to settle upon foreign shipping additional tolls equivalent to the subsidies paid to them by their home Governments; proposing that the American coastwise trade be opened to vessels under every flag, and suggesting that the canal be opened to the world on terms which will require each nation to bear a pro rata share of the burden of maintenance.

Senator Brandegee of Connecticut and Senator La Follette of Wisconsin are expected to speak, perhaps after the bill has been reported to the Senate from Committee of the Whole. The variety of opportunities for delay make a conclusive vote tomorrow most uncertain.

Despite the fact that the Norris-Simmons amendment was assailed as a gold brick and a delusion, Senator Norris of Nebraska defended it during the night session. He asserted that while it did not boldly assert that the United States had a right to exempt its ships, the mere fact that it reserved whatever rights that were in existence made it a proper approach to arbitration, the end that he had in mind when he entered into a compromise with the Administration leaders.

Points to Final Majority.

The adoption of the Norris-Simmons amendment portends the passage of the amended Repeal bill by a majority of 12 or more. It was adopted by a vote of 50 to 24.

The Norris-Simmons amendment reads:

Provided, That the passage of this act shall not be construed or held as a waiver or relinquishment of any right the United States may have under the treaty with Great Britain, ratified the 21st of February, 1902, or the treaty with the Republic of Panama, ratified Feb. 26, 1904, or otherwise, to discriminate in favor of its vessels by exempting the vessels of the United States or its citizens from the payment of tolls for passage through said canal, or as in any way waiving, impairing, or affecting any right of the United States under said treaty, or otherwise, with respect to the sovereignty over or the ownership, control, and managemtnt of said canal and the regulation of the conditions or charges of traffic thereof, or the same.

The vote on this amendment was:

Ayes, Democrats — Bankhead, Bryan, Chilton, Culberson, Fletcher, Hitchcock, Hollis, Hughes, James, Johnston, Kern, Lane, Lea, Lee, Lewis, Martin, Meyers, Newlands, Overman, Owen, Pitman, Saulsbury, Shafroth, Sheppard, Shively, Simmons, Smith, (Arizona;) Smith, (Georgia;) Smith, (Maryland;) Smith, (South Carolina;) Stone, Swanson, Thomas, Thompson, West, White—36.

Republicans—Brandegee, Colt, Crawford, Gronna, Kenyon, Lippitt, Lodge, McCumber, McLean, Nelson, Norris, Sterling, Weeks.—13.

Progressive—Poindexter.

Nays, Democrats — Ashurst, Martine, O'Gorman, Pomerene, Ransdell, Reed, Shields, Walsh, Williams.—9.

Republicans—Bristow, Burleigh, Clark, (Wyoming;) Cummins, Gallinger, Goff, Jones, Page Perkins, Smith, (Michigan;) Smoot, Sutherland, Townsend, Warren, Works.—15.

Immediately after the adoption of this amendment, Senator Sutherland offered a substitute in the following language:

Provided, That nothing herein shall be considered as denying or abridging the rights of the United States to discriminate in favor of the ships of commerce of its citizens in respect to the conditions or charges of traffic which may be imposed for the use of the Panama Canal, but, on the contrary, such right is hereby reasserted.

Follows Long Debate.

The vote on the Norris-Simmons amendment followed a seven-hour session which had been occupied with speeches by Senators Newlands of Nevada, Lea of Tennessee, and Reed of

Continued on Page 2.

WIRELESS INTO THE EARTH.

The New Apparatus That Detects Ores to be Brought Here for Tests.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 10.—An expedition of German scientists will shortly proceed to the United States for the purpose of employing a remarkable new wireless wave apparatus for investigating the internal structure of the earth and detecting the presence of both water and ore deposits. A similar expedition is now at work under Government auspices in German Southwest Africa.

The most important results so far achieved have just been attained in the potash mines region at Lünenburg Heath, Province of Hanover. It was found possible there to detect the existence of subterranean springs and ore from the surface of the earth without any boring whatsoever.

The process is the discovery of Drs. Leimbach and Loewy of the University of Göttingen. They have been working since 1910 on a scheme to explore the interior of the earth by means of electric waves. Their researches led to the formation of the "Society for the Exploration of the Structure of the Earth" at Göttingen, which took upon itself the task of tryout out various kindred processes. After a few months the society's engineers supplemented the old system by improvements of more practicable character, which enabled the certain determination of danger of flood in salt mines.

This year the society decided to experiment in mines with shafts, where, for the purpose of warding off the water peril, the freezing or cementing process was in use. In such mines electric waves reliably served the purpose of revealing flaws in frozen or cement walls protecting the shafts from flood. It is claimed that the invention, especially the processes devised by Dr. Leimbach, develops the most practical results.

HEAT TO CONTINUE TODAY.

One Man Killed, Although Maximum Temperature is Only 81.

According to the forecaster at the local United States Weather Bureau, the warm wave that made New York wilt yesterday came to the East through the Central Ohio Valley, and there was no prospect of relief until tomorrow.

The greatest heat in the country was 100 degrees at Springfield, Ill., and 98 in St. Louis. In this city the heat was oppressive on account of the humidity, which was 80 per cent. at 8 A. M., and dropped down to 74 per cent. at 6 in the evening, when the temperature reached its maximum for the day, 81 degrees. Two hours later the humidity had gone down to 68 per cent.

There were three heat prostrations in the city that were reported by the police. One of these resulted in death.

Alexander Ronald, agent for Hermann Brothers, saddle and harness makers, London, who was staying at the Hotel Latham, East Twenty-seventh Street and Fifth Avenue, was overcome at Eighteenth Street and Broadway and conveyed to Bellevue Hospital, where he died early today. He arrived from London two days ago, and was being treated by Dr. Gibbons for a dislocated shoulder resulting from a fall on shipboard.

Robert Kissman, a stationary fireman of 578 East 140th Street, was overcome by the heat at night in the Central Union Gas Works at 138th Street and the East River. He was removed to the Lincoln Hospital. His condition was not serious.

Paul Kopolik, a cook of 348 Madison Street, was overcome in the afternoon in Corlears Hook Park and removed to Gouverneur Hospital.

NOT SO HOT IN THE WEST.

But More Deaths Are Caused in Chicago and Detroit.

CHICAGO, June 10.—A light north breeze brought partial relief today, but too late to avert twelve additional deaths, directly or indirectly due to heat, reported to the police. The maximum temperature on the street was 88. A further drop was predicted by the Weather Bureau tonight.

DETROIT, Mich., June 10.—Two more persons died from the extreme heat here today, making a total of thirteen deaths since the heat wave began last Sunday. A cool breeze brought some relief this afternoon. The street temperature this afternoon was 90 degrees.

ST. LOUIS, June 10.—The Government thermometer here registered 96 degrees at noon, and the temperature still was rising. The humidity today was 56 per cent., 14 higher than yesterday.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—The intense heat in Washington has greatly taxed the strength of Justice Lurton of the Supreme Court, who was able to resume his duties with the tribunal only a few weeks ago after a prolonged absence. The Justice was present in court Monday for several hours, but left early, asking Chief Justice White to announce opinions he had prepared.

HOPE IN COLORADO STRIKE.

Legislative Committee Chairman Predicts a Settlement.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, June 10.—Senator S. K. Burris, Chairman of the Legislative Committee appointed to investigate the coal strike, said at 1 o'clock this afternoon:

"We will settle the strike."

Senator Burris's announcement came immediately after a conference with J. F. Welborn, President of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company, at which proposals were made to the committee by Mr. Welborn, and the members of the committee made counter proposals. The committee and Mr. Welborn came to an agreement that the committee should be recognized as a mediation or arbitration committee, according to Senator Burris, and he added that this afternoon officers of the United Mine Workers of America would appear before the committee and that the members believed the mine workers would after hearing Mr. Welborn's proposals through the committee, also agree to accept the Legislative Committee as arbiters. The Mine Workers have not yet reached a decision.

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PERKINS IS SERENE ON PINCHOT'S GRILL

He Is Accused of Favoring Trusts and Opposing Labor Unions.

OF "DOCTORING" PLATFORM

But Progressives' Executive Chairman Will Pay No Attention to Demand for His Resignation.

George W. Perkins said last night that he had no intention of retiring as Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Progressive National Committee.

This statement was made after the full text of the much discussed letter written by Amos R. E. Pinchot, a Progressive of first prominence, to Chairman Joseph M. Dixon of the National Progressive Committee and the other members of that body had been made public. In this letter Mr. Pinchot denounces Mr. Perkins as a friend of the trusts and an enemy of labor, declares that the financier is too heavy a load for the Progressive Party to carry through another campaign, and calls for his immediate retirement as Chairman of the Executive Committee.

"I know that what Mr. Pinchot says cannot drive me out of the Progressive Party," said Mr. Perkins at his home in Riverdale last night. "I don't think Mr. Pinchot's letter will either help or hurt him. I don't think anything will happen as a result of the letter, I don't think it will change either his relations or mine to the Progressive Party."

A copy of the Pinchot letter was forwarded to Mr. Perkins by Chairman Dixon shortly after it was written on May 23. Col. Roosevelt also had a copy before he sailed for Spain.

"I think I am warranted in saying," Mr. Pinchot wrote, "that in view of the approaching election and the facts I have stated in my letter, the rank and file of the Progressive Party and a majority of its leaders feel that the resignation of Mr. Perkins as Chairman of the Executive Committee is necessary. I am sure that upon reflection you will agree as will Mr. Perkins himself that the success of the party demands such action immediately."

Mr. Perkins Imperturable.

When Mr. Perkins was asked what he had to say about the Pinchot letter, he declined to enter upon any exhaustive discussion of the points made against him by his fellow Progressive.

"I don't question Mr. Pinchot's sincerity," he said. "I have known his views on these matters for some time. He knows mine, so a discussion of our differences would not do any good. The whole thing resolves itself to this—we differ on several questions now before the country. We probably always have differed and we probably always will. I regard it as a case of honest difference of opinion on both sides. Mr. Pinchot is privileged to think as he pleases and I shall certainly cling to my opinions."

"Are you going to make any reply either to Mr. Pinchot or to the National Committee of the Progressive Party?" Mr. Perkins was asked.

"I have no such intention," said Mr. Perkins. "Mr. Pinchot's letter is his expression of opinion. I knew before he wrote how he felt and he knew how I felt. I think the party leaders are equally well aware of our views, and that these differ. I do not see why I should write to the committee members when what I could write would not be news to them."

"Do you think the Progressive leaders will take official cognizance of the letter?"

"That is not for me to say," said Mr. Perkins. "The Progressive National Committee can do whatever it pleases. I shall neither instigate nor encourage any action, but I cannot speak for the committee."

Mr. Perkins would not discuss the obvious attempt made by Mr. Pinchot to have it appear that he (Perkins) was responsible for the appearance in the newspapers at the time of the Bull Moose National Convention of copies of the platform in which the trust plank had been "doctored" to suit Mr. Perkins's views.

How closely those views correspond with the views expressed by Col. Roosevelt about the time he made his distinction between "good" and "bad" trusts has been a matter of general comment. Col. Roosevelt while President expressed himself in favor of trust regulation by the Federal Government.

Mr. Pinchot's Letter.

"A situation exists within the Progressive Party which must be terminated before it can command general popular support," Mr. Pinchot wrote.

"The situation I refer to is this: (1) An element in our party leadership, headed by Mr. George W. Perkins, the present Chairman of the National Executive Committee, favors the protection of private monopoly in American industry, and, since the party's formation, has been taking active steps to commit the party to that policy. (2) The Chairman of our Executive Committee is actively opposed to the recognition of labor's right to organize and deal with capital through labor unions, and has frequently gone on record to this effect. Our party is therefore subject to the effect that it is lukewarm, or even antagonistic to the interests of organized wage earners.

"On both these subjects the Progressive Party has placed itself positively and definitely on record in opposition to Mr. Perkins. But the fact that the executive leader and recognized spokesman of the party is an active member of the governing committees of the Steel Corporation and the International Harvester Company, the two great monopolies which have succeeded most completely in exploiting the public and crushing organized labor, has led to a natural and unfortunate confusion in the public mind.

"Through the Progressive Party's official bulletin, through public speeches and interviews, and in pamphlets, printed as Progressive Party literature and distributed from the party's headquarters in New York and Washington, Mr. Perkins has conducted an extensive pro-trust propaganda calculated to convince the party and the public that the trusts are useful and sacred institutions; that those who attack them are bent upon the destruction of all healthy industry on a large scale, and, finally, that the Progressive Party fully agrees with him in these views. The result is that we have been placed in a false and fatal position. Our sincerity has been attacked. Our energy is largely expended in defending ourselves, and we are constantly under the embarrassing necessity of explaining that the party stands for something directly contrary to that which the spokesman and executive leader says it stands for.

"Mr. Perkins's pro-trust activity

Continued on Page 2.

A Story Photograph of Youth and Springtime.

"A Young Angler" is its title, and it tells of the temptations of fishing when pitted against the call of the school bell. Its a delightful photograph, and, reproduced by The Times's new process of printing, rotogravure, it is one of the most attractive supplements ever issued.

IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

KERMIT ROOSEVELT WEDS IN MADRID

Police Guard Wedding—Some Perturbation Over an Intruding Explorer.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MADRID, June 10.—Dr. Hamilton Rice, the American explorer who ridiculed Col. Roosevelt's claim that he had discovered a new river in Brazil, arrived in Madrid today and brought a note of discord into the Roosevelt wedding festivities. His presence was known, because he came on the same train as the wedding guests. He is stopping at the Ritz, and in a tour of the city this afternoon just missed the Colonel returning from an excursion to Toledo after the civil marriage of Kermit Roosevelt and Miss Belle Wyatt Willard, the Ambassador's daughter, this morning.

One of the wedding guests, who expressed his feelings to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent, said:

"Rice's attack was on Kermit as well as on the Colonel, and his coming to Madrid is insulting."

This same guest said:

"I heard that Dr. Rice declared he was misquoted, but, anyway, there will be trouble if the Colonel meets him here unless Dr. Rice apologizes."

Both Dr. Rice and Col. Roosevelt refused to talk about the matter.

The civil wedding was performed at the office and residence of the Chief of Police, by the Magistrate of the Buenavista District, which was guarded by fifty police. Col. Roosevelt and Ambassador Willard were among those present. After the ceremony the whole party accompanied the Colonel on his trip to Toledo.

A dinner was given by Ambassador Willard at the embassy tonight in honor of the young couple. The King was represented by his cousin, Don Alfonso of Orleans, and his wife, Princess Beatrice of Saxe-Coburg, who gave the bride a diamond pendant. The King and Queen sent a present of an ancient jeweled fan. Presents worth a fortune have been received from the United States.

Tomorrow after the religious wedding the Colonel plans to drive about the city, but on account of the Corpus Christi holiday crowds he may abandon it as dangerous. The honeymoon will be passed in the south of Spain. Col. Roosevelt will leave on the evening train for Paris.

No papers printed Col. Roosevelt's eulogy of Spain given to the Spanish newspaper men last night, but they have ceased their attacks because of the reception given to the Colonel by King Alfonso. The weekly Nuevo Mundo prints a picture of him taken on the train at the frontier with the caption:

"Our irreconcilable enemy's first view of Spain."

The Colonel again received the newspaper men this evening and repeated his conviction that Spain would regain her power.

There was a rumor this morning that King Alfonso and the Colonel had disagreed yesterday over a matter of etiquette, but investigation by THE NEW YORK TIMES representative revealed that there was not the slightest foundation for it.

KERMIT TO LIVE IN BRAZIL.

To Look After Valuable Interests Acquired by Father, It Is Said.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, June 11.—The Standard's Madrid correspondent says Kermit Roosevelt intends to settle in Brazil, where his father acquired valuable interests.

KILLS ONE, WOUNDS SEVEN.

Breathitt County Bad Man Falls, Riddled by Deputies' Bullets.

Special to The New York Times.

NEON, Ky., June 10.—Eight persons were shot today by William Day, a Breathitt County "bad man." Victor Stampher died soon after he was shot, and five of the wounded are in a serious condition.

Those shot by Day, besides Stampher, were James M. Wright, a Magistrate; M. Davis, a hotel keeper; Roy, and James Taylor, Howard Wright, Burnett Collins, and Malen Hall.

Day, who moved to Neon recently, was crazed with liquor today, and with no provocation began shooting on the main street at everybody in sight.

Immediately after the shooting he went to his home, and with two boxes of cartridges took refuge in the woods. There he was surprised by the Sheriff and Deputies and riddled with bullets.

TO MODIFY NEW DANCES.

Committees Named to Standardize Them for National Association.

CLEVELAND, June 10.—The National Association of Masters of Dancing voted today to hold the convention next year in San Francisco.

Standardization is the slogan of the delegates to the convention in session in this city. Committees were appointed today by Louis Kretlow, Chicago, President of the association; to submit to the convention modified forms of the tango, hesitation waltz, one-step, and the maxixe.

According to the President, the objectionable features of the dances will be eliminated by the committee, and the 900 delegates to the convention will next season teach only forms of the dances which receive the sanction of the convention.

ROCKEFELLER GUARD CAPTURES INTRUDER

Sheriff Doyle and Men Seize Mysterious Youth About to Enter Estate.

Following the increase in the number of guards and watchmen protecting the walled estate of John D. Rockefeller at Pocantico Hills, a black-haired young man was caught trying to enter the grounds last night and was arrested. In great excitement Sheriff Doyle of Westchester County and a posse of deputies, who had been stationed at Pocantico Hills, rode up to the Corporation Building in Tarrytown with their prisoner shortly after 11 o'clock at night.

Besides the Corporation Counsel more than a hundred men had gathered to hear the result of a meeting of the Trustees, which was being held within the building to decide on the question of a free-speech forum in Tarrytown. As soon as the Sheriff arrived with his prisoner word spread through the crowd that an anarchist had made his way through the fortifications of the Rockefeller estate. They surrounded the county officers, and threatened to deal with the prisoner themselves.

As soon as Sheriff Doyle had sent to Police Headquarters in the Corporation Building an account of his prisoner and the crime he was charged with policemen were dispatched to assist in escorting the prisoner to safety. Thus surrounded and guarded the youth was hurried through the crowd to the police station.

Word of the capture was telephoned at once to Town Council Clarence Davison. Mr. Davison summoned his son, who was reputed to know every youth in Tarrytown, to establish whether the prisoner was a resident of Tarrytown or a stranger.

The crowd pressed for admittance to the station, but the doors were locked. People ran to other entrances to the building, but found that the police had taken the precaution of locking the place on all sides.

A few minutes after his arrival Town Counsel Davison left the station and said that his son had identified the prisoner as a Tarrytown boy. It was explained that the youngster, out of mere bravado, had performed the feat of entering the supposedly impregnable Rockefeller estate, as Harry Pike a few days before had invaded Buckingham Palace.

The crowd believed that this explanation was made for the purpose of quieting them. Sheriff Doyle and his deputies refused to answer questions concerning their prisoner or the manner in which they had captured him. One statement from the police station was that the prisoner was an irresponsible Mexican and that there had been nothing dangerous in his intentions.

Shortly before midnight the meeting of the Trustees ended, a compromise having been reached with Upton Sinclair and Leonard Abbot, who had been treating with them on the question of free speech.

After hearing the arguments of Sinclair and Abbot several Trustees said they were convinced that a free-speech forum should be established. The stumbling block, they said, was that the Tarrytown people, not having heard the free-speech advocates, were still far from convinced. Under the plan finally proposed by the Trustees and accepted by Abbot and Sinclair the Tarrytown Opera House was to be rented next Saturday or Monday night and addresses in favor of free speech were to be made at an open meeting held under the direction of the Village President, F. R. Pierson, and the Trustees.

UPHOLDS DEATHBED WILL.

Surrogate Admits Sutherland Testament Which Leaves Little to Son.

Special to The New York Times.

RIVERHEAD, L. I., June 10.—Surrogate William G. Nicoll of Suffolk County admitted to probate yesterday the will of Thomas S. Sutherland of Centre Moriches, L. I., which was executed while Mr. Sutherland was dying. His son, Charles Sutherland, contested the document because he received only $100 from the estate, which was appraised at $50,000. The bequest was conveyed in this clause:

To my son, Charles Sutherland, I give and bequeath the sum of $100, which I direct him to accept without controversy and believe me a loving and just father, remembering how he has several times enriched himself at my expense, so that I do not now think him entitled to any larger share of my estate.

A few days before the will was drawn Mr. Sutherland, who was then 75 years old, married Mrs. Sarah E. Murray, whom he had courted in his youth. The will gives the widow a life interest in the estate and provides that she may use any part of the principal as she sees fit. After her death the residue goes to her children, William, John E., Eugene, and Frances E. Murray, "who," says the testator in his will, "have been known to me since their childhood and who have treated me more like a father than my own son has done."

CORNELL STUDENT MISSING.

Scott De Groat Harris of East Orange Absent Since June 4.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., June 10.—A general alarm was sent out today for Scott De Groat Harris, a freshman at Cornell University, hailing from East Orange, N. J., who has been missing since June 4. The young man had dined at his fraternity house that evening, and returned to his lodgings, in Buffalo Street, early. After that he disappeared.

The boy's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Harris of East Orange, came here on Sunday to visit him, not hearing of his disappearance.

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RESOLUTE BEATS ALL CUP COURSE RECORDS

Shamrock Will Have to Hustle to Better Yesterday's Time—30 Miles in 3:16:41.

VANITIE LEFT FAR ASTERN

Cochran Defense Candidate No Match for Winner in First Race—Defiance Has Mishap and Quits.

The flag officers' sloop Resolute covered herself with much seafoam and more glory in her first race over the America's Cup course off Sandy Hook yesterday. She not only left her chief rival, Vanitie, far astern, but set such a hot pace in the fifteen-mile thrash to windward and back that she broke all previous records for the thirty-mile cup course.

Resolute's time of 3 hours 16 minutes and 41 seconds was declared by the Regatta Committee to be the fastest ever made over the windward and leeward course. From start to finish she traveled at the rate of a mile in 6½ minutes, or more than nine miles an hour. In the run home, with the wind dead astern, she traveled at the rate of a mile in 5 minutes 24 seconds, or somewhat more than 11 miles an hour.

Of the fifteen international races sailed over the Hook course since 1893, six have been to windward and leeward. The fastest time in these six was made by the American yacht Vigilant, which covered the distance in 3 hours 24 minutes 29 seconds, racing against Valkyrie II. on Oct. 13, 1893. But comparisons of records do not count for much in a sport in which weather conditions play such an important part.

Those who saw the race—and a small fleet of yachts did brave the occan swell to see it—needed no statistician to tell them that Resolute was footing fast. She simply ran away from her bronze hulled rival in the beat to the outer mark, and then, just to make it a good day's work, she lengthened out her lead a bit more on the homestretch. Resolute finished 4 minutes and 16 seconds ahead of Vanitie, and on corrected time she won by 7 minutes and 29 seconds.

Defiance, the tri-city syndicate's candidate, made a fizzle of her first appearance by dropping out 1 hour and 20 minutes after the start. She was then fully three miles astern of the others and had at no time threatened to cause them much trouble.

Not even her owners had expected her to do much, as this was her first real trial under canvas. Whether Defiance would have stayed in the race to the finish is hard to say. The immediate reason for her withdrawal was the breaking of one of the big aluminium blocks on her throat halyard and the weakening of the bobstay which braces the bowsprit. George M. Pynchon, her managing owner and amateur skipper, and E. Walter Clark, Treasurer of the syndicate, both promised that the sloop would be in shape for the second of the Sandy Hook series today.

Sailing Conditions Perfect.

The race was sailed under perfect conditions to test the sea-going qualities of the three candidates. There was a spanking southwest breeze all day, and it puffed indiscriminately and without favor into each great white spread of canvas. The sea was flecked with whitecaps. There was a deep-sea roll to it that had the sloops dipping and diving most of the time, but this did not seem to feaze Resolute or Vanitie in the least. Although the fifth of the series and Resolute's third victory, the race was not done with the first true test of the abilities of the Gardner and Herreshoff boats.

It was in many ways a battle of skippers, and as such the honors went in one big lump to Charles Francis Adams, 2d, the Boston amateur at Resolute's helm. He handled his boat with a skill that would have made the best professional envious, and in the one stage of the race where Vanitie had a chance he beat Capt. Bill Dennis at his pet game of wind judging. It must have been an off day for Capt. Bill.

Vanitie's opportunity, such as it was, came on the homeward run. The Cochran sloop was 8 minutes and 49 seconds behind at the turn, but in past contests she has proved the fastest with the wind, and some thought she could make this up in the last fifteen miles. It was a fighting chance and no more. Resolute on turning, gybed, eased her sheets to port and flung out her great spinnaker to starboard. Vanitie on turning, did not gybe, but eased main sheets to starboard and broke out her spinnaker to port. They were hiking wing-and-wing for home, but Vanitie's wings were spread in the opposite way to Resolute's.

Evidently Capt. Dennis reckoned upon a slight change in the wind, which seemed to be coming from the westward further down the course, but the change never came. It blew steadily from the southwest all the way home, and Vanitie, instead of picking up dropped steadily back. For nearly an hour the Cochran sloop stuck to this order of things and then decided to change and follow Resolute's example. The spinnaker boom was lifted in the vessel gybed, and the big kite was flung out to starboard. This, of course, took time. From that point it seemed as if Vanitie crawled up a few notches, but whatever chance she may have had to overtake the leader had been thrown away miles back.

When the yachts hoisted their sails in the morning a thick mist enveloped the bay and outer harbor. Vanitie got under tow early from her anchorage off the Atlantic Yacht Club in Gravesend Bay, and once in the outer harbor she dropped her hawser to the City of Stamford, her tender, and headed for the yellow Ambrose Channel Lightship, the starting mark, under sail. Resolute and Defiance put out from their anchorage in the Horseshoe soon after.

Defiance Delays the Start.

The New York Yacht Club's Regatta Committee, composed of H. de B. Parsons, Chairman; J. M. Macdonough, and Frederick O. Spedden, using C. K. G. Billings's big steam yacht Vanadis, established the line in time for an 11 o'clock start, but at this hour Defiance was not ready, and a postponement of fifteen minutes was ordered. Defiance was having trouble with her new clubtopsail. For some reason it could not be set properly, and as the hour drew near she hoisted a smaller working topsail instead. The rest of her canvas consisted of a big single headsail filling the fore triangle, and a mainsail with an enormous roach in it. On board, besides Mr. Pynchon and Mr. Clark, were George Owen, her designer, and Capt. Selah B. Howell, her professional sailing master.

Resolute's rig consisted of mainsail, clubtopsail, and single headsail, and each canvas fitted smooth as a glove. On her quarter deck besides Mr. Adams were George A. Cormack, Robert Emmons, 2d, Nat Herreshoff, the designer, and George Nichols.

Alexander Smith Cochran, the owner, and Frederick M. Hoyt sailed on Vanitie, while her designer, William Gardner, watched the way the boat behaved from the bridge of Mr. Cochran's steam yacht Mohican. Vanitie carried mainsail, clubtopsail, jib, and staysail.

At 11 o'clock the preliminary signal time, the sun pierced the mist and

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RATE DECISION NEAR.

Order in Hands of Printer—Many Increases Are Likely.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—The Interstate Commerce Commission's decision on the 5 per cent. freight rate advance asked for by the Eastern railroads is expected within the next few days. The commission's labor is ended and the report has been written by Commissioner Harlan. It is now being printed. The report covers about 300 typewritten pages.

While the details of the commission's order have been carefully guarded, it is understood that in many cases increases will be allowed. While the petition of the roads has been described as asking for a 5 per cent. increase, that is far from accurate, because a great number of rates are mentioned individually, with requests for varying ratios of increase. The answer of the commission is expected to follow the form of the petition to a certain extent, granting some increases and refusing others.

SUING MORGAN ESTATE.

C. L. Barber's Action for $350,000 Goes to Trial.

NEW HAVEN, June 10.—The suit of Clarence L. Barber against the estate of J. P. Morgan for $350,000 damages went to trial in the civil side of the Superior Court today before Judge Williams and a jury. Barber's action is based on stock in Mexican mines alleged to have been sold by him to Mr. Morgan.

The suit is being tried in New Haven because the charter for the mine company was granted by the Connecticut Legislature. In 1911, when Barber brought his suit, he attached 25,000 shares of New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad stock.

7 HURT AS AUTOS COLLIDE.

Exploding Lamp on One Car Fires Gasoline Tank on the Other.

Seven persons were injured, one woman so badly that she may die, at 1 o'clock this morning when an automobile owned and driven by Harry J. Hafner, of 784 East Tremont Avenue, which was going south on Baychester Road, the Bronx, crashed into another machine owned and driven by Lawrence E. Lamb, of 788 Riverside Drive, which was speeding along Pelham Parkway at that point.

Hafner was accompanied by his wife, and in the other automobile were Lamb, his wife, Fannie Barrows of 458 West End Avenue, Harry Feldman, a broker, of 150th Street and Broadway, and a Mrs. Pauline Fisher of 258 Riverside Drive, said by the police to be the wife of "Bud" Fisher, cartoonist on the New York American.

Mr. Lamb's automobile was overturned and all of the occupants were pinned beneath it. Mrs. Fisher sustained a fracture of the skull, and is said to be in a critical condition.

When the automobiles collided the lamp on Mr. Hafner's automobile exploded and set fire to the gasoline tank of the other car. Mr. Hafner sounded the distress signal on his siren horn, and three other automobiles were soon on the scene. The wrecked automobile was dragged away before the flames seriously burned any of those pinned beneath it. The clothing of all of them was burned slightly, however.

When the car was lifted off all of the victims were able to get to their feet except Mrs. Fisher, who was in a semi-conscious condition. Her body was badly bruised and she was suffering from internal injuries and a fracture of the skull. One of the autoists who had come in answer to the distress call hurried her to Fordham Hospital.

A call was also sent in for an ambulance and Drs. Ahearn and Doian of Fordham Hospital responded. It was found that Mr. and Mrs. Hafner, who were thrown out of their car, had escaped with bruises and slight contusions. Mr. Lamb had sustained contusions of both legs and lacerations of the hand, and Mrs. Lamb was suffering from cuts and bruises of the face and body. Miss Barrows sustained a fractured rib on the left side, and Mr. Feldman had contusions of the face and hands.

An alarm of fire was sent in but before the apparatus arrived the flames had been extinguished with sand.

"LADY POLICEMAN" TO QUIT.

Miss McAdle Hasn't the Heart to Stop Spooning in Parks.

Bayonne's policewoman, Miss Ruth McAdle, said yesterday that she would resign.

"I don't want to watch spooners; it is a mean job," said Miss McAdle. "I wouldn't be the cause of lovers' losing their benches in the park. Let some one else do it.

"Besides, I have received too much notoriety. The position of lady policeman would be all right, but when your name gets into every newspaper in the country you strenuously object."

SUES FRIENDS OF IRELAND.

Regan Seeks $1,700 for Dinner Given at the Knickerbocker.

James B. Regan, proprietor of the Hotel Knickerbocker, has sued the Friends of Ireland for $1,700, which he says is due the hotel for a dinner given on last St. Patrick's Day. The question at issue is whether the hotel agreed to serve a certain brand of champagne at the dinner. The Friends of Ireland say that it did, but that the wine was not served, except at two small tables, and that most of the guests had to be content with a champagne of inferior quality.

The management of the hotel contends that the vintage in question was not ordered until the night before the dinner, and that then it was only required for the small tables at which it was served. The case will be heard in the City Court next Monday.

SERVANT STAYS 38 YEARS.

W. P. Brown, Banker, Provides for Faithful Maid.

Bridget McCarthy, who has been a servant in the family of Waldron Post Brown, banker, for thirty-eight years, will be well cared for during the rest of her life. On the application of Mr. Brown, Justice Greenbaum of the Supreme Court yesterday appointed Mr. Brown's son, J. Wright Brown, whose home is in Shrewsbury, N. J., a committee to care for Miss McCarthy. In his application Mr. Brown said that because of age and failing mental powers she was no longer able to care for herself.

For many years Miss McCarthy was a nurse in the Brown family, and when babies grew beyond the need of her constant care she performed whatever services crossed her path. Her next of kin are two brothers in County Longford, Ireland. One of them wanted his daughter to take Miss McCarthy to Ireland, but Mr. Brown said that this daughter had been in his employ, and that he dismissed her because she refused to carry food to her aunt and appeared to have no affection for her.

Miss McCarthy has property valued at about $14,000, the results of a long life of industry and thrift.

PEACE ENVOYS FACE A CRISIS

Our Insistence on a Prominent Revolutionist as Provisional President Makes Trouble.

MEXICANS OPPOSE PLAN

They Would Accept a Constitutionalist, but Not One of the Fighting Brand.

CARRANZA HOLDING BACK

He Is Now Reported to be Seeking More Information About the Peace Conference.

Special to The New York Times.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., June 10.—The peace negotiations have assumed a complicated phase that increases the difficulties of the mediators and makes uncertain the outcome of the effort to end the troubles in Mexico. No impasse or deadlock has been reached; there has been no quarrel between those concerned in the exchanges here, and on the surface there has been no disagreement, mainly because the situation has not developed to a point where disagreement on debatable questions is necessary. But the critical period of the negotiations has come, and the three mediators, the two American delegates, and the three Mexican delegates must soon determine whether their work shall result in success or failure. The literal truth is that the A B C mediation movement is in grave danger.

In the line of progress toward an amicable settlement an important step has been taken by the mediators in persuading the Mexican delegates to agree that the man to be selected as Provisional President of Mexico shall have strong Constitutionalist propensities.

But it is evident that the United States Government is not satisfied to sanction the choice of Huerta's successor from any number of men answering that general description. Yesterday's long conference between the mediators and the American delegates made it patent that the Washington Administration was inclined to be insistent that the Provisional President should be one of the foremost leaders in the revolutionary cause, and the descriptions given by the American representatives of the character of the man desired by them fitted so nicely the salient characteristics of Gen. Carranza, Gen. Villa, and José Vasconcellos, one of the foreign agents of the Constitutionalist cause, as to leave no doubt that one of these three was the choice of President Wilson and Secretary Bryan.

Yesterday's conference was in some respects the most important that has taken place between the mediators and the American delegates since the inception of the Niagara Falls negotiations. That conference was devoted entirely to a discussion of the selection of a provisional President. The manner of the appointment and installation of the temporary head of the Mexican Government was not touched upon, the conversation being confined to the proposal of names and the discussion of the kind of man who would be most acceptable to the United States.

Question of Huerta's Successor.

In previous conversations between the mediators and the American delegates the latter had suggested that if the method were followed of permitting Huerta to appoint a Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, who would become President ad interim on the resignation of Gen. Huerta, such an arrangement might be regarded as a recognition of the constitutionality of Huerta's Presidency. But this phase of the American view never approached the point of an issue, and was always passed over without insistence by the American delegates. It had been brought forward in a way to suggest that it might be one of the questions upon which the United States would desire a formal discussion before an agreement was reached on all matters in dispute. From present indications it is likely to be presented soon in a positive manner, and therein lies the possibility of serious disagreement.

After yesterday's second conference, the American delegates sent to the State Department an account of what had taken place, and asked for additional instructions based upon the views expressed by the mediators concerning the probable attitude of the Mexican delegates toward the selection of a foremost Constitutionalist leader as Provisional President. The mediators took the position that it was not for them to suggest names or to decide who should be chosen as Gen. Huerta's successor. These are matters which

fering to confine the argument to what they regarded as the vital point in the situation—the selection as provisional President of a man who would satisfy the Constitutionalists and be in sympathy with the reforms for which they were contending.

Want Rebel Delegates Admitted.

In addition to pressing the mediators to urge the Mexican delegates to accept one of the foremost Constitutionalist leaders as provisional President, the American delegates are still emphasizing their belief that Constitutionalist delegates should be permitted to participate in the conference without conditions. But the mediators have absolutely declined to accept this proposal. They are firmer than ever in their insistence that if the Constitutionalists enter the mediation negotiations they must make themselves eligible by declaring a suspension of hostilities and agreeing to accept the principle of the pacification plan upon which the American and the Mexican delegates are in substantial accord.

The view taken by the mediators in this connection is that the submission of the Constitutionalists unconditionally and a declaration on their part that one of the revolutionary leaders shall be appointed Minister of Foreign Affairs as a preliminary to his elevation to the Provisional Presidency would mean not mediation, but intervention. Their status, they contend, is that of friends of all parties to the troubles in Mexico, and for them to support the side of the United States to the exclusion of the friends of Huerta's Government would place them in the attitude of being partisans and not representatives of neutral nations desirous of restoring harmonious relations between the disputants.

The mediators appear to be firmly set in their opposition to the proposals of the American delegates, around which the present dangerous situation revolves. They are willing, as mediators, to make known the views of the Americans to the Mexican delegates with reference to the character of the man who in the opinion of the Washington Government should be selected for President of Mexico under the provisional arrangement, but they have as firmly declined even to consider the proposal that the Constitutionalists be allowed to participate in the conference under any other terms than those that apply to the American and the Mexican delegates.

No Conference Yesterday.

No conference between the mediators and either of the groups of delegates took place today. There will be a conference of the mediators and the American commissioners tomorrow, however, and from all that is known of the situation it appears that the crisis may develop in a way to show whether the negotiations are to bear fruit. The failure of the mediators to receive from Gen. Carranza the promised answer to the conditional invitation to participate in the conference has had no perceptible effect upon the course of mediation. Confidence is felt here that the Carranza reply will be a reiteration of his refusal to send delegates to Niagara Falls under any of the conditions mentioned. It is doubtful if the mediators will respond to a note of that character.

Whether the mediators will wait for the receipt of the Carranza reply before making public the text of the correspondence between Gen. Carranza and themselves has not been determined. On Monday night the mediators let it be known that they would make copies of this correspondence to the press on the following day; but at the request of Mr. Lehman of the American delegation they agreed to postpone publication until today, when, according to Mr. Lehman's information, Gen. Carranza's answer was to be expected. It is probable that the mediators will wait a reasonable time for the Carranza communication before removing the ban of secrecy from their previous correspondence with him.

Crammond Kennedy of Washington, a noted international lawyer and the legal adviser of the Brazilian Embassy, has arrived here. He was asked by the Brazilian Ambassador to come to Niagara Falls for consultation and to be made acquainted with the mediation situation in preparation for eventualities. It was the understanding that Mr. Chermont, the counselor of the Brazilian Embassy, had been summoned here to assist in the writing of the negotiations; but this was an error, Mr. Kennedy having been invited instead.

IN TOUCH WITH CARRANZA.

Washington Junta Is Told That He Is Considering A B C Note.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Rafael Zubaran, chief confidential agent of the Constitutionalists in Washington, received a telegram from Gen. Carranza at Saltillo today, acknowledging the receipt of a message sent three days ago, which urged a prompt response to the note of the A B C envoys concerning Constitutionalist representation at Niagara Falls.

The message from Gen. Carranza was brief, asserting merely that the note of the mediators were receiving careful consideration. The Constitutionalist junta here had hoped that Gen. Carranza's final answer would come from Saltillo today. However, the members felt somewhat encouraged over the receipt of that brief message that did come, because it indicated that telegraphic communication between the Texas frontier and Saltillo had been restored.

For more than fifty hours the junta here had been unable to communicate with Gen. Carranza. This physical obstacle was beginning to cause anxiety through fear that the A B C mediators might not understand the delay, and assume that the Constitutionalists were playing for time. Señor Zubaran said that as soon as he received instructions from his "Government" he would forward the answer to the Niagara mediators.

Dispatches from Niagara Falls stating that the United States Government had told the mediators that it could not consent to any method of transition from the existing Huerta regime to the suggested new provisional Government that could be construed as a recognition of Huerta's Administration created no surprise in well informed circles in Washington.

The Constitutionalists have insisted that they could not be expected to, and would not, assent to any plan that would involve recognition of the Huerta Government, and their understanding of the position of the United States from the start has been that the Wilson Administration would not consent to such a plan. This is one of the vital objections that the Constitutionalists raised to the plan of having Gen. Huerta appoint a Secretary of State, or Minister of Foreign Relations, to be named in the protocol, the man so named to become Provisional President.

The Constitutionalists insist that, while the admitted purpose of such a plan was to give the key of constitutionality to the method of choosing the suggested Provisional President, the real purpose of the Huerta Government in lining up behind such a proposal is to have the mediators and the United States indorse the "legitimacy" of the Huerta Government.

According to Constitutionalists, this may be a subtle attempt on the part of the cientifico element in Mexico not only to have the title of Huerta to his office declared valid, but also to have all his acts and the loans of his Administration legalized, without examination or consideration, and saddled upon the new Government.

It can be stated positively that the Wilson Administration is in no mood to accept any plan at Niagara that the Constitutionalists will reject, or which is not formulated as a result of Constitutionalist representation in the Niagara conference. The very criticism which the American Government is now represented in messages from Niagara, as having made of the tentative plan of provisional government suggested is the identical criticism that Constitutionalist leaders in Washington made on May 28, when the details of the plan were first telegraphed here.

SALTILLO, Mexico, June 10.—It was generally understood here tonight that Gen. Carranza had already transmitted to the mediators at Niagara Falls his answer to their latest note, but that the contents of the Constitutionalist reply would not be made public here, out of courtesy to the mediators.

KNOWS OF NO HITCH.

Esteva Ruiz Not Advised of Any at Niagara—Naranjo Won't Resign.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, June 10.—A Washington dispatch stating that the Mexican delegates demur over certain counter-proposals of the American Government, but that it is hoped by subsequent conversations to smooth over this difficulty, is published by the local press. Señor Esteva Ruiz said this morning that he was without official confirmatory advices on this matter.

This was pay day for Government employes, and they all received their salaries.

THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent today had an interview with Garcia Naranjo, Minister of Public Instruction, in regard to rumors of his resignation. He said:

"I wish to make no statement that would seem to imply comment on the course of Cabinet Ministers of the present time who have resigned, or who continue in their posts; and I confine myself to declaring that, as far as I am concerned, I have not resigned, nor do I think of resigning."

Gen. Blanquet, when questioned tonight by the press representatives in regard to reports of disorders in the city of Oaxaca and other points in the State of the same name, denied their truth, saying that all was quiet in that direction. He also denied that Cuernavaca was being attacked again.

According to a report current here tonight the Mexican political situation is likely to remain in statu quo until after the elections of July 5.

The Minister of the Interior denies the report published by a small local paper that Rodriguez, Rabasa, and Elguero, the Huerta delegates at Niagara Falls, will enter the Cabinet. He also said that rumors of the resignation of the Cabinet en masse were untrue.

CARRANZA ASKS FOR DETAILS.

Said to Have Wired Washington for Help in Drafting His Answer.

EL PASO, June 10.—Gen. Carranza's answer to the pending proposal of the A B C mediators was delayed again today, and it was said on good authority that he had wired Rafael Zubaran, Constitutionalist representative in Washington, for additional details regarding the situation at Niagara Falls.

This was taken as indicating that Carranza was undecided regarding his answer. However, Constitutionalist agents here expressed the opinion that the revolutionary leader would not alter in any respect his repeated refusal to submit to any outside interference in Mexico's internal difficulties, or to agree to an armistice.

Fighting by revolutionists and Federals near Vera Cruz was announced in a message today from Carranza's headquarters. The fight occurred on June 7, at Ahuacate, where forces of Gen. Candido Aguilar, the Constitutionalist commander, defeated a strong column of Federals who had advanced from Papantla.

BRYAN TALKS OF SHIPMENTS

And Makes the Antilla Case Still More a Mystery.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Mr. Bryan this afternoon discussed the shipments of arms from the United States to Mexico in such a way as to make yesterday's action of the Cabinet forbidding those shipments seem little less than a severe rebuke to the Secretary of State.

The Cabinet's action does not mean that the Administration was displeased at the unobstructed clearance of the Antilla from New York with a cargo of arms for the Constitutionalists. It was known in advance what the Antilla would carry, and when she would clear.

The Antilla's cargo of arms is absolutely necessary to the next plan of campaign in the immediate future. The President was not disturbed at her clearance from New York or at the unobstructed landing at Tampico of the million or more rounds of ammunition brought by the tramp ship Sunshine from Galveston. The known fact that he was consoled as to those shipments by the knowledge that they would reach the revolutionists at a critical moment.

This probably explains the decision of the American Government not to oppose the landing of the cargo at Tampico. Secretary Daniels this afternoon said flatly that he had issued no orders to have the ship detained or deflected, and that he had made no inquiries as to her whereabouts. Constitutionalists said this afternoon that they expected her to dock some time tomorrow.

But the Cabinet yesterday, in Mr. Bryan's absence and with the President in attendance, seemed to take the view that the rejection of the Antilla incident after attention had been called to it would tend seriously to impair the confidence of the mediators and Gen. Huerta's delegates at Niagara Falls in the good faith of the American Government. Moreover, Mr. Bryan has repeatedly that a general order was outstanding that would forbid all future shipments of arms to Mexico, Secretary Redfield informed the Cabinet that this was not the case. The Cabinet thereupon issued a positive order supplementing general instructions suggested by Mr. Bryan, that already had proved their inadequacy.

Mr. Bryan discussed shipments of arms more freely today than ever before, though his views have been invited twice a day since the Antilla cleared.

For days after the Hamburg-American ships Bavaria and Ypiranga landed their cargoes for Gen. Huerta at Puerto Mexico, Mr. Bryan denied all knowledge of them. That was his attitude even long after the War Department issued official bulletins about the fines imposed upon those ships. In the same way Mr. Bryan insisted for days after the Antilla cleared from New York that he knew nothing about her sailing or her cargo.

Today he admitted that he had received a letter about her cargo from the manager of the Remington Arms Company that reached him after the Antilla sailed. He made that admission as a part of his denial of a story published in New York yesterday that on the morning of the Antilla's clearing, though before she sailed, the Remington Company's manager discussed the Antilla's cargo with Mr. Bryan over the long-distance telephone, and that Mr. Bryan told him to let it go. There had been no such conversation with him, he said, or with the department, so far as he knew.

In response to questions about yesterday's action of the Cabinet Mr. Bryan took the position that the order issued after the Cabinet meeting, through the appropriate departments, positively forbidding clearance of ships with arms for Mexican ports, was nothing more than a continuance of general instructions recommended by himself.

He was then told that before yesterday there was no order forbidding clearance of ships with arms, and that the necessary order was issued "in his absence" after the meeting of the department heads with the President.

"Since back in May," replied Mr. Bryan, "there has been an order that no ships with arms be cleared for Mexican ports. That was a general order."

"And the Antilla cleared on June 2?" he was asked.

Mr. Bryan said that the intervening holidays and the fact that the order went first to Southern ports might have explained the delay. But he was positive in his assertion that the order was general and definite not to clear contraband cargoes.

The Secretary was then informed that most of his auditors had read the order, and had found in it no such provision. He was told that an order such as he described had been sent by Charles S. Hamlin, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, in charge of customs, but that after a conference the next day with officials of the Department of Commerce, at which Mr. Hamlin learned that there was no authority of law for his order, and that customs officials carrying it out would be personally liable for heavy damages, it had been rescinded.

Mr. Bryan was further told that the order still in force prior to yesterday simply directed that customs officials, before clearing a ship with contraband cargo, report the facts to Washington.

"But," said Mr. Bryan with a relieved expression, "if after the official reports to Washington, permission for the clearance is withheld, wouldn't that be the same thing?"

He was told then that there was nothing in the order to require the clearance papers to be held up pending instructions from Washington. He was informed that the customs officials at Galveston, under those instructions, simply reported the facts, and that the order holding up the shipment was issued following the Cabinet meeting, both as to the specific shipment on the El Sud and all other similar shipments. The order, he was told, merely required a report to Washington.

"That was not my understanding of the order," was Mr. Bryan's comment.

Mr. Bryan was asked what would be the effect on mediation if Gen. Carranza should refuse to participate.

"That is a hypothetical question," replied Mr. Bryan, "and therefore can not be answered."

"To eliminate the hypothesis," Mr. Bryan was then asked, "what is the effect on mediation now that Gen. Carranza has refused to participate?"

"That is better," said Mr. Bryan with a smile, "but it does not yet come within the realm of possible answers."

WAITS ORDER TO HOLD ARMS.

Galveston Collector Has Not Received Directions from Washington.

GALVESTON, June 10.—No instructions to hold up the ammunition consigned to the Constitutionalist forces at Tampico which is on board the Morgan liner El Sud have reached customs authorities here. El Sud arrived today.

Constitutionalist agents here say they do not anticipate trouble in connection with the shipment.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—The order to the Collector of Customs at Galveston directing him to prevent the transshipment to Tampico of the ammunition on the Morgan liner El Sud was sent at 2 P. M. yesterday.

THOUGHT HUERTA WAS GOING.

But He Was at the Station to Say Good-bye to Gen. Garcia.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES. From a Staff Correspondent.

VERA CRUZ, June 10.—President Huerta caused a sensation at the railway station in Mexico City yesterday on his appearance there after the circulation of insistent reports that he was about to present his resignation. Persons at the station asked him if he was departing, and he answered that he was merely bidding good-bye to Gen. Francisco H. Garcia. This officer, formerly Governor of Sonora, has been sent to Puerto Mexico with 800 troops and artillery to fight the rebels who are reported to be trying to cut the railway line between Puerto Mexico and Cordoba, completely isolating Mexico City from the coast.

The President is reported as being in the best of health, and looking well and confident. He was dressed as a civilian in one of the gray suits which he effects, and had a felt hat pulled over his eyes. He was accompanied by a few members of his staff, and several secret service men mingled among the crowd.

Passengers arriving from Mexico City this morning report that nothing in the capital seems to warrant the rumors of Huerta's resignation; but they are circulated insistently and generally believed—rather because the event is thought to be inevitable than because of any definite information available there.

It is also stated that President Huerta has made a great show of the ammunition received recently, parading loads of it through the streets, and that small contribution boxes have been placed at the street corners for the purpose of collecting "funds to defend the Fatherland against the foreign invader."

VERA CRUZ, June 10.—Efforts to induce President Huerta to permit the closing of the gap made in the railroad by Gen. Maass a short distance outside of Vera Cruz, when the Mexican troops under his command evacuated this port, have again failed.

The President said to a British emissary, who went to the Federal capital from Vera Cruz for that purpose, that his dignity would not permit him to sanction the repairing of the road, and that "if the Mexicans who were still in Vera Cruz were so unpatriotic as to remain they ought to starve."

The military situation around the capital has not greatly altered. The Constitutionalists appear to be gaining in strength about Puebla, but Gen. Huerta is reinforcing the garrison there.

Inability of the native locomotive engineers to handle the air brakes properly is given as the cause of the recent wrecks on the Mexican Railway between here and the capital. The damage done to the line in this respect has been repaired.

NO CONFISCATION, CARRANZA'S RULE

Promises to Restore Property to All Those Who Have Clear Titles.

SPANIARDS CAN RETURN

Unless Shown to Have Taken Part in Struggle, but Even These Will Not Be Deprived of Wealth.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, June 10.—Gen. Carranza issued a statement today from the Saltillo headquarters of the Constitutionalist Party saying that under no condition would any orders of confiscation of either foreigners' or natives' lands be permitted to stand, regardless of who had ordered the confiscation. This was applied especially to the lands and properties of the Spaniards who were expelled and their property confiscated by Villa when he took Chihuahua and Torreon.

Carranza went further and said that those Spaniards who could show that they had not meddled in the internal political affairs of Mexico would be permitted to return and resume their occupations. Only those "perniciously active" in political affairs of the republic would be permanently expelled, and even these few would not suffer confiscation of their lands. The statement, if carried out, will also restore to Gen. Luis Terrazas his millions of acres of land which have been confiscated by Villa.

The only provision made is that a good title be held to the land. Gen. Carranza stated that in this he was but following the policy of Benito Juarez, who said that only in the respect for the rights of others could there be peace.

Gen. Carranza also made another important statement regarding the financial plan he intends to carry out. His plan is to establish a central bank of issue and to secure all currency issued by its equivalent in bullion on deposit. Smaller branch banks are to be established and these will be used as banks of deposit.

JUAREZ, Mexico, June 10.—The agrarian problem in Northern Mexico, which has been discussed by the Niagara Falls mediation congress, already is working itself out satisfactorily under the Constitutionalists' direction, according to information given out today by officials here. They assert that the plan of cutting up the enormous estates of the ranch owners does not mean confiscation, and that in many cases the large land owners will be glad to have their estates divided and sold under Government supervision.

It is pointed out here that the taking over of estates of absentees and those who have been active politically against the Constitutionalists does not mean confiscation. It is planned to take these estates and sell them for a few years as a punishment, operating them for the benefit of the State as a war tax. In taking these estates and in cutting up the large holdings into small farms the holders of mortgages on the property, especially foreigners, will be protected. The pro rata amount from each plot will be turned over to the mortgagees each year until the mortgages are paid off.

The operation of the small-farm system, as shown in Tamaulipas, is cited as an example of the increased prosperity possible under the Constitutionalists' plan. Gen. Lucio Blanco cut one of Felix Diaz's estates into small farms for his soldiers. These farms, it is said, have paid 100 per cent. more than under former conditions. The distribution of municipal lands already has been begun here. Two-acre plots of ground on the outskirts of Durango have been sold to poor men on payments of $1.60 a month for 100 months. These lands are now being cultivated.

REBELS MAY CUT RAILROADS.

3,000 Menace Communications Between Capital and Vera Cruz.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Railroad communication between Mexico and Vera Cruz is menaced by Constitutionalist forces, Brig. Gen. Funston reported tonight to the War Department. From sources in touch with the Constitutionalist agency here it was learned that the particular object of the activity of Carranza's troops in the State of Vera Cruz was to cut off, if possible, all means of retreat for Huerta and his Cabinet when they should determine to quit the capital.

The Constitutionalist forces, numbering about 3,000, are said to be disposed so that they can cut not only the railroad between Mexico and Vera Cruz but also the line between the capital and Puerto Mexico. The forces are under the command of Gen. Aguilar, and his chief of staff is Col. Manuel Perrez Romero, a brother-in-law of the late President Madero. Interruption of communication between the capital and the eastern seaboard has not completely ensued, though Mr. Lehman has said repeatedly that a general order was outstanding that would forbid all future shipments of arms to Mexico, Secretary Redfield informed the Cabinet that this was not the case. The Cabinet thereupon issued a positive order supplementing general instructions suggested by Mr. Bryan, that already had proved their inadequacy.

RESOLUTE BEATS ALL CUP COURSE RECORDS

Continued from Page 1.

cleared the sea dust away as the three sloops jockeyed for the start. The big White Star liner Oceanic, outward bound, loomed up astern at this moment, and the passengers lined the rails to watch the racers get off. Among the yachts on hand at this hour were Lloyd Phoenix's Intrepid, George W. Runk's Isabella, Commodore James Emerson, Jr.'s flagship Allegro, W. B. Dinsmore's Runa, A. S. Cochran's Molician and Virginia, Aura, and Flora del Mar.

After much manoeuvring all three yachts bore down upon the line close hauled and on the starboard tack, and as they did so Resolute and Vanitie both broke out their baby jib topsails. It was the first time that the three American candidates for cup defense honors had appeared in such close company and it was also the last for the day.

Defiance, evidently intending to let the others scramble for the starting advantage, drew out and trailed as the Cochran sloop cleared the lightship and worked in toward the line just astern, and to leeward was Resolute. Capt. Dennis had the choice berth if he wanted to be first over the mark, but that was just what he did not want to be. He wanted Mr. Adams to cross and be the pacemaker. The starting whistle sounded while they were at the far end of the line and each wore off waiting for the other to make the break. These tactics consumed most of the two-minute period, but Mr. Adams was almost up to the committee boat before he surrendered. He brought his sloop sharply around and shot her to windward over the line with 33 seconds to spare before the two-minute period elapsed.

Capt. Dennis meanwhile had sent Vanitie spinning in a complete circle back of the line, in order to kill time. He judged his seconds a bit too fine, and push the sloop as he would he could not reach the mark better than 8 seconds late. But he had set out to force Mr. Adams to do the pacemaking, and so far he succeeded.

Mr. Pynchon sent Defiance off to a leisurely start, 20 seconds after the two-minute whistle blew. The tri-city candidate stood up well in the ten-knot blow, but from the manner of her leave-taking she was out for a lark as much as a race. The official starting times were: Resolute, 11:16:27; Vanitie, 11:17:00; Defiance, 11:17:00.

Start of 30-Mile Race.

All were on the starboard tack as the journey began, but after six minutes of sailing Resolute and Vanitie both came about, laying a course seaward. Defiance alone headed for the Jersey shore, for reasons perhaps best known to Capt. Howell, who hails from that section, and presumably knows where best winds are to be found. Off went the mahogany hull on her solitary junket, and thereafter little or no attention was paid to her.

The wind kept freshening, and the waves lapped at the racers' bows as Vanitie and Resolute set out to fight it out alone. The Gardner boat for a time appeared to be pointing somewhat higher, and she seemed to plough more smoothly through the billows, but for all that she did not gain an inch. At 12:07, after holding this tack for half an hour, Capt. Dennis put Vanitie about, and Mr. Adams followed him. There was to be no splitting of tacks.

Three minutes later both came about again, and five minutes after that there was another hitch. If Capt. Dennis was thinking to slip away from the leader and wind hunting, Mr. Adams had no intention of letting him do it. Defiance by this time was far to leeward and working in close to the shore off Atlantic Highlands. She had dropped back and did not look dangerous.

The course lay south-southwest into the teeth of the wind to a buoy about four miles off Deal Beach, and as the sloops drove further to sea they encountered plenty of fairly rough going. At times their bows were buried deep into the Atlantic. At times the crest of a wave would catch them and heave their slim bodies high out of the water. There was much more fuss and foam at Resolute's sturdy bow, but she seemed to shake off each wave and foot all the faster for the next one.

The thing that seemed to be troubling Vanitie back was her club topsail. It kept flapping in the breeze no matter what Capt. Dennis did to stop it, and presently the baby jib acquired bad manners, which made matters all the worse. Vanitie's sails were all re-cut after her victory on the Sound last Saturday, and the way the big club behaved throughout the race suggested that it had received the most unkindest cut of all. It never flattened out properly from start to finish.

Defiance Withdraws from Race.

Shortly before 12:30 o'clock Defiance caused a momentary stir by turning and beginning to work out from shore. At this time Resolute and Vanitie came about, and the Cochran sloop was then more than one-quarter of a mile astern. Mr. Adams was now pointing his yacht very high and pushing her for all she was worth, and the distance between her and Vanitie was steadily lengthening. They were half way to the turn at 12:37 when Defiance, half hidden in the inlet astern, was seen to lower her topsail, turn on her heel and make for home.

Tack for tack the two leading rivals held for the turn, Capt. Dennis dousing his baby jib toward the end and Mr. Adams doing likewise, for the wind had picked up. A mile from the buoy both yachts were footing at a great clip, but Vanitie was not holding the pace, and had dropped back more than half a mile. Mr. Adams reached the mark and rounded it sharply at 1:11:42. Capt. Dennis overstood the mark and was slow in making the turn, which he did at 1:16:04.

Resolute's lead at this point was 3 minutes 49 seconds.

The error of judgment on the part of Vanitie's skipper at this point was probably responsible for the fact that Resolute added 27 hseconds to her already comfortable lead on the way back. At her best, Vanitie might have cut down her lost ground considerably, although at the rate Resolute was travelling it is doubtful if the Cochran boat could have caught her.

As it was the home run was a mere procession, with never the slightest sign of a challenge from the boat that was supposed to be the fastest with the wind. They finished under a cloud of sail, with the breeze just beginning to die down. Resolute bowled across the line at 2:33:08, with her pursuer nearly a mile astern. Vanitie finished at 2:37:57, or 4 minutes and 16 seconds later.

The committee announced that the official time which Vanitie had to allow the winner over the thirty-mile course was 3 minutes 18 seconds. This made Resolute the winner by 7 minutes and 29 seconds.

Defiance had reached her anchorage inside the Horseshoe before the race was over, and her crew was set to work at once repairing her bobstay and fitting a new aluminium block to the throat halyard. Neither mishap was considered serious, and Mr. Pynchon said he hoped to be in today's match to the finish.

The passengers who arrived yesterday on the White Star liner Oceanic from Southampton had an opportunity to see the start for the yacht races, as the gun was fired just as the liner passed the Ambrose Channel Lightship. Mr. Jameson, who sailed the Shamrock II. when she tried to win back the America's Cup, was one of the observers on the deck of the Oceanic, and said that he admired the working of the Vanitie very much.

The Race by Figures.

	Resolute. H.M.S.	Vanitie. H.M.S.	Defiance. H.M.S.
Start	11:16:27	11:17:00	11:17:00
Outer mark	1:11:42	1:16:04	Withdr.
Finish	2:33:08	2:37:57	.....
Elapsed time	3:16:41	3:20:57	.....
Corrected time	3:13:28	3:20:57	.....

ELAPSED TIME BY LEGS.

First leg 15 miles.	1:55:15	1:59:04	.....
Sec. leg 15 miles.	1:21:20	1:21:53	.....

Vanitie's allowance to Resolute, 3 minutes 18 seconds.

Resolute won by 4 minutes 16 seconds actual time; 7 minutes 29 seconds corrected time.

PERKINS IS SERENE ON PINCHOT'S GRILL

Continued from Page 1.

within the Progressive Party began soon after the party's formation. It has continued until the present time.

Sherman Law in the Platform.

"During the Progressive Convention at Chicago in 1912 Mr. Perkins vigorously opposed putting any indorsement or approval of the Sherman law in the Progressive Platform. The Resolution Committee, however, took the opposite view and inserted a clause in the trust plank indorsing the Sherman law and recommending that it should be strengthened.

"If the clause referred to above had been left out of the trust plank and the Progressives had won in 1912, no matter what stand our individual candidates might have taken we would not have been committed, as a party, either to the enforcement of the Sherman law or to an anti-monopoly policy.

"Mr. Perkins in his fight against the indorsement of the Sherman law in our platform represented demand of America's monopoly group. The Resolutions Committee, on the other hand, took the position of the party and the public.

"A trust plank, including a clause relating to the Sherman law, was, accordingly, passed by the Resolutions Committee. It was read to and adopted by the convention. Mr. Perkins and myself were both in the convention hall when it was read and adopted. But this clause was cut from the version of the platform furnished to the press associations and omitted from the copies of the platform which were printed and issued in large quantities during the campaign from Progressive headquarters.

"I am assured on the best authority that those responsible for cutting the clause referring to the Sherman law from the platform did so under the impression that it had never been adopted by the Resolutions Committee and that it was read to the convention by mistake. I do not question this statement. I do not say that Mr. Perkins had anything to do with this expurgation or with giving the gentlemen who directed it the impression that the clause was read to the convention by mistake. But I do say that if it had not been for Mr. Perkins's fight against the Sherman law while the platform was being drawn there would have been no misunderstanding and that the party would never have been led into a false and indefensible position.

"Later on, at my insistence and after considerable controversy, the missing clause was restored to the platform. This was done in December, 1912, and January, 1913. It is all a matter of party history."

The Bulletin a Perkins Organ.

At this point the Pinchot letter recalls the fact that in August, 1912, the Progressive Party began to publish The Progressive Bulletin as a party organ, with Mr. Perkins personally directing its policy. He writes:

"It has been consistently and, I think unwisely, used as Mr. Perkins's personal organ, to defend the trusts, to attack the Sherman law, and to glorify the two great monopolies of which Mr. Perkins is respectively a Director and a member of the finance, or governing, committee. And, finally, it has been regularly employed to ram home the conception that our party did not indorse the Sherman law and is hostile to it."

In the very first issue of The Bulletin, Mr. Pinchot writes, was published an editorial article eulogizing the late E. H. Harriman, J. P. Morgan, and—George W. Perkins. Mr. Pinchot, in his letter, gives this extract from the editorial:

"The country needs the work of such men as E. H. Harriman, powerful enough and strong enough to build thousands upon thousands of miles of railroad in a life that ended too soon. The country needs the imagination and power of such men as J. Pierpont Morgan, working as he is now in the accumulation of money that does him no good and spending the money in the accumulation of collections that will do him no good—although they may be useful to the country in the future. Finally, it needs such men as George Perkins, giving to the business of the people the energy and capacity that he has given to private business undertakings, would be a good, new thing in politics and a useful man in government. Mr. Perkins's directorial, financial and practical management of the Roosevelt party—luckily for the party."

Both in the first issue and in the next, according to the Pinchot letter, there appeared digests of the Progressive platform, with the trust plank shorn of its clause indorsing the Sherman law. In the issue of Sept. 23, the letter says, an editorial appeared condemning the Sherman law, condemning the trust policy of the older parties, and winding up with this declaration:

"The people will begin to begin with the sane belief—backed by the economic experience of the whole world for a full generation—that competition may be harmful and combination salutary. It is only from this point of view that any solution of the trust problem will ever be found."

Several subsequent issues of The Bulletin, according to Mr. Pinchot's letter, contained articles condemning the Sherman law and denouncing attacks on the trusts. All this was while the Presidential campaign was in progress. About election time a halt was called in response to a very vigorous protest against the Perkins pro-trust propaganda. In June, 1913, however, The Bulletin published a eulogy of the welfare work conducted by the International Harvester Company, one of the large corporations in which Mr. Perkins is a director. This was followed by a defense of the Standard Oil Company. The Missouri ouster since was used as a peg on which to hang a eulogy of the trust which, in this instance, came coupled with an explanation of how the application of the Sherman law had worked a hardship on the people of Missouri.

"Is Perkins Honest?"

Mr. Pinchot relates how a Progressive letter in Colorado asked National Progressive Headquarters to send him some Progressive literature. Mr. Perkins responded promptly by shipping several crates filled with a pamphlet entitled, "Is Perkins Honest?" The Colorado Bull Moose leader was compelled to pay $80 express charges on the consignment.

Mr. Pinchot, in his letter, gives these interesting extracts from the Perkins Honesty pamphlet:

"It was the night before Albert J. Beveridge delivered his keynote speech of the new political crusade. He asked Col. Roosevelt, George W. Perkins and a few other leaders to come to his room and hear him read the manuscript. The reading proceeded in tense silence. Beveridge was evidently laboring under emotion, and Col. Roosevelt was himself visibly moved. But on George Perkins's cheeks the tears were coursing—and when Beveridge came to those passages in which he outlined the course of justice for the men who make the nation's wealth, which he could not stifle, hastily left the room and paced the corridors to regain his self-control. * * * He saw that the world of business was built on what he calls the three Ms—men, money and machinery. * * * His gospel was that justice promotes peace, and peace promotes prosperity, and that the workman's prosperity was necessary to the business men's prosperity. He put loyalty on the books as a commodity no concern could continue without.

"He went to the Morgans and the Garys and the Rockefellers and the McCormicks and showed them that any great business was a partnership between Directors and workmen, and that the denial of that partnership was what caused all the industrial trouble of the times. He tried to demonstrate to them that the fostering of the spirit of partnership in a substantial way, by making it a partnership in profits as well as work, was one of the foremost parts of any business, in time he convinced them, and now his schemes are all at work, but only in those few factories where he was personally interested. * * *

"So he left the banking firm of J. Pierpont Morgan. It was said at the time there was some difference between him and Mr. Morgan. Undoubtedly there was. This able younger man, always planning something for the first M of business, was sometimes uncomfortable to have about. When Perkins left he gave out a statement to the effect that his next job would be the solution of industrial problems, the bringing in of a better understanding and a more equitable distribution of the good things produced equally by labor and capital. * * * Mr. Perkins was the American business man to do the square thing without having it forced upon him. He wants him to see that the square deal is not business loss, but business gain. He wants, in his own phrase, 'to peopleize' industry. It is brotherhood brought down to the pay envelope. * * * Perkins is, therefore, a prophet to the rich. Other men are able to tell the masses what they ought to have. But Perkins, with his proved business ability, his immense practical experience, his complete knowledge of the situation from the rich man's point of view, is able to tell the captains of industry what THEY ought to DO to be saved. * * * These are the facts of his life, as interpreted by himself, and as verified by his acts. They may serve to answer the question, 'Is Perkins honest?'"

The Company Store.

The Pinchot letter continues:

"Apropos of this pamphlet, Mr. Perkins has frequently assured the public that the Steel Corporation has not crushed labor organizations. He says it has merely persuaded the men that it is better for them not to organize, inasmuch as it is the policy of the company to make each employe a partner and 'bring down brotherhood to the pay envelope.' In spite of this we find that in 1902 the corporation organized a supply stores company to provide its employes with various necessities of life. I do not know how much actual money was put into this company, but it was capitalized at $500,000. I also do not know how much, if anything, the company put back in the business after paying dividends. The first year, 1903, it did not pay anything at all. In 1904 it paid in dividends $250,000; in 1905, $405,000; in 1906, $805,000; in 1907, $500,000; in 1908, $320,000; in 1909, $440,000, and in 1910, $500,000, or 10¼ per cent. on its capitalization. These earnings taken out of the wages of the employes of the corporation seem a little excessive, and suggest inconsistency with the co-operative brotherhood theory."

Mr. Pinchot quotes some testimony regarding conditions of employment in the Steel Corporation given before the Stanley committee about the same time by Louis D. Brandeis, and says:

"Mr. Brandeis might have included the Harvester Trust in this statement, for, according to the report of the New York Factory Commission, conditions of employment in its plants have been very similar to those in the Steel Corporation."

The letter says that while the Presidential campaign was in progress Mr. Perkins issued as Progressive Party literature a pamphlet explaining the contribution of $48,500 which he made to the Republican National Committee in 1904 out of the funds of the New York Life Insurance Company, and adds:

"In fact, the number of pamphlets written by Mr. Perkins and his associates, largely in defense of Mr. Perkins and of big business, and issued as Progressive party literature, seems to have been almost as great as those containing the utterances of Col. Roosevelt and Gov. Johnson combined."

Mr. Pinchot goes on to say that in his capacity as Executive Chairman Mr. Perkins has made speeches and given out newspaper interviews defending the trusts, thus creating a false impression among the public relative to the attitude on the trust question.

Admits They Took His Money.

"I do not say that I am right and Mr. Perkins is wrong about monopoly," writes Mr. Pinchot, "or that the future may not show that the Steel Trust, with its destruction of competition, its gigantic monopoly profits, and its denial of the rights and liberties of its army of dependents, may not be a good thing for this country. But I do say that, if even an angel with a fiery sword should descend from Heaven, at this time, and try to persuade the people of the United States to love the trusts and vote for those who protect them, he would make very little headway before election, even with the assistance of Mr. Perkins's pamphlets.

"When, a year and a half ago, a few of us talked of making a public protest against Mr. Perkins remaining Chairman of the Executive Committee of the party, we were prevailed upon by considération that to accept Mr. Perkins's money and industry during the campaign, and then turn upon him as soon as we were defeated, would be ungrateful and unfair. But to wait until after the fall election now—until after Mr. Perkins has once more given us the benefit of his efforts and his financial support, and then to make this protest, would be still more unfair. It would be as unfair to Mr. Perkins as to the Progressive party. If we are ever to protest against trust leadership in the Progressive Party, we must do it now. We must prepare our party for action and rid ourselves of all unnecessary handicaps.

"Practically all the wage earners working in the industrial plants in the United States know the labor records of the Steel and Harvester trusts. They know that Mr. Perkins's name has been repeatedly signed to resolutions of the Steel Corporation declaring against organization in its plants. They are aware that Mr. Perkins's views on the most critical issues between capital and organized labor coincide closely with those of John D. Rockefeller, Jr."

SULZER IS "NOTIFIED."

Supporters Tell Him He Will Be Nominated for Governor.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, June 10.—William Sulzer came here today with his former Secretary, Chester C. Platt of Batavia, to open his fight for the nomination for Governor. A score or more of the ex-Governor's supporters met in the Hotel Statler and made it the occasion for notifying Sulzer that he was to be nominated on an independent ticket.

A. J. Elias, long prominent in local Democratic affairs, presided and made a speech urging the nomination of Sulzer. P. J. Quinn made a speech denouncing the Democratic organization and Tammany Hall, Sulzer attacked Charles F. Murphy and said Gov. Glynn was what he refused to be—"a rubber stamp for Murphy."

Sulzer intends to make an effort to obtain the Democratic nomination, and if he fails that will make an independent campaign.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, June 10.—William Sulzer will reach Rochester tomorrow morning and will confer with the Sulzer nominators here. The Loyal Order of Moose and a delegation of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen will escort the former Governor from the New York Central Station. His adherents are saying that Sulzer will have more than 600 names to his petition in Monroe County alone.

Plans will be made at the conferences for a State conference of nominators at Syracuse or Saratoga Springs in August. It is said that many Progressives favor Sulzer as second choice in case Roosevelt refuses to accept a Gubernatorial nomination.

REPUBLICANS' NEW RULES.

State Committee Gets Machine in Harmony with Primary Law.

The Republican State Committee met at noon yesterday at State Headquarters, in

DAILY CABLE DISPATCHES TO THE TIMES

MILITANT DISTURBS BIG PEACE PAGEANT

Starts Talking as Columbia (Mrs. John Astor) and Britannia Clasp Hands.

FETE A BRILLIANT EVENT

Many Titled Women, American-Born, Dance in Costume at Albert Hall, London.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 10.—The inevitable suffragette made her appearance at the Albert Hall ball held tonight in celebration of the centenary of the preservation of Anglo-American peace, just at the crucial moment when Britannia, represented by Lady Maud Warrender, and Columbia, represented by Mrs. John Astor, were about to clasp hands.

Lady Warrender had been standing on the rostrum, in the middle of the hall, while Columbia's daughters, who included the Duchess of Marlborough, Lady Randolph Churchill, Lady Lister-Kaye, Mrs. Glasgow, Lady Granard, Lady Craven, Cora, Countess of Strafford: Lady Ashburton, Lady Decies, Lady Newborough, Lady Greville, Mrs. Henry Coventry, Lady Lowther, Lady Hadfield, Mrs. Lewis Harcourt, Mrs. Harold Baring, Mrs. Duke, Mrs. Oliver Brett, Miss Crocker, Mrs. Ralph Page and others were marching around the rostrum with Mrs. Astor at the head of the procession. As Columbia appeared on the rostrum, a woman in evening dress took up her stand beside Lady Warrender and began to harangue the assembly.

The band was playing, and what she said was undistinguishable. Very quickly attendants mounted the rostrum and half a dozen of them seized the suffragette and carried her bodily out of the hall amid the boos of the people present. One report says she was maltreated by the people as she was taken outside, but there is no confirmation of this.

The ball itself was voted one of the biggest spectacular pageants seen at Albert Hall within recent years. The committee comprised no fewer than seven Duchesses, eight Marchionesses, thirty-two Countesses, fifteen Viscountesses, and seventy-two other titled personages, including the Duke of Teck and Princess Arthur of Connaught. Every gown worn was in some way emblematic of the British Empire or of the New World.

At midnight, on the model of the hull of the great Spanish galleon Santa Maria, Columbus, represented by Lord Alington, took up his position, and before him then passed a splendid pageant of succeeding history in files of costumed men and women, from the barbaric tribes of America's primitive aborigines to the scintilating gold-clad groups of those who represented the States of today.

Sir Walter Raleigh and the Virginian settlers followed the aborigines. Then the Pilgrim Fathers. Next passed the Dutch settlers, William Penn and the Quakers, and then the French settlers. The part of William Penn was taken by Lord Hardwicke, who was a fine realistic figure. The next group were signatories of the Treaty of Ghent.

Overlooking the stirring and bewildering scene and crowding the Royal box, were Prince and Princess Arthur of Connaught, Prince and Princess Alexander of Teck, Princess Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein, Prince Louis of Battenberg, and his daughter, Princess Louise of Battenberg, and the Duke and Duchess of Teck.

By The Associated Press.

LONDON, June 10.—The ball and pageant in Albert Hall provided the most brilliant spectacle seen here for a long time.

There was a marvelous display of historical costumes, and the music had been especially written or adapted for the fête.

Mrs. Hwfa Williams had charge of the costuming of the Indians, and when the representatives of the various tribes led off in the great procession it could be seen that special efforts had been made to attain historical and artistic accuracy in their highly decorative dress.

The Virginia settlers wore Elizabethan costume, which contrasted with the sober but equally picturesque dress of the Pilgrims of the days of Cromwell. The Dutch of New York State followed in their quaint garb, and the Louisiana French appeared with powdered hair, panniers, the color scheme embracing the different shades of heliotrope. The group representing the signatories of the Treaty of Ghent appeared in the sober small clothes of the Georgian period.

The English procession was more modern, but by the use of the insignia of the Rose and Oak, proved distinctive.

Scotland, arranged by Lady Tullibardine, was represented by women wearing white dresses, with sashes of the tartan of the different clans; the men wore the kilt.

The Irish section, arranged by Lady Drogheda, featured the harp and the shamrock.

Wales, arranged by Lady Mond and Viscountess Maitland, displayed two distinctive costumes, that of ancient Wales and the costume of the primitive priestesses and Druids, with green wreaths and gilded crown of oak leaves.

Canada was in gold and white, symbolic of corn and snow.

Australia was in red, white, and blue, with several historic characters represented.

New Zealand appeared in the national Maori costume; while diamonds and gold were the features of the dress of the South African group.

Columbia and the United States in the modern pageant had a representative from each State, chosen by the Duchess of Marlborough, Cora, Countess of Strafford, and Mrs. Lewis Harcourt. Each lady wore a shield with the coat of arms of her State, and some of the individual costumes were extremely novel in design.

All of the processions were arranged with the idea of color harmony, and as no women were admitted whose costume did not pass scrutiny as blending with the general scheme, the effect was brilliant and dazzling.

During the procession in front of Columbus, illustrating the making of America, special music, adapted from melodies of the Elizabethan, the Stuart, and the Georgian periods, was played.

New German Tenor for Metropolitan

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 10.—Gatti-Casazza, director of the Metropolitan Opera, engaged today Walter Sembach, the German tenor, late of the Dresden and Vienna Opera Houses, who made a success at the Champs Elysées Theatre in the "Meistersinger" and "Parsifal."

ITALIAN STRIKE OFF.

Fails After Fierce Rioting—People of Rome Hostile to Strikers.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, June 10.—The general strike throughout Italy, declared on Monday, has proved a failure and it was decided tonight to call it off.

Despite the efforts of the strikers, the regular service of trains on the main lines was kept up today, though a few trains were suspended temporarily on the subsidiary lines. Attempts to wreck the station at Terni and tear up the track was prevented by the police.

There were outbreaks of rioting again today at Turin and Florence, and there were disturbances at Naples, where one striker is reported to have been killed and several wounded.

Rome is still occupied by the troops. A meeting of strikers called for this morning was not held, the police patrolling the streets and searching every suspicious character for concealed weapons. Many found to be in possession of revolvers and daggers were arrested. More than 860 anarchists and revolutionary Socialists have been arrested here up to the present. As the local jails are overcrowded, many have been sent to neighboring towns.

Serious rioting started this morning near the Forum. Two barricades were erected, and from behind these the troops were assailed with cobblestones, tiles, and other missiles, while stones swere thrown and revolver fired from an adjacent house. More than twenty soldiers were wounded.

The barricades were rushed and demolished after desperate fighting. The troops fired repeatedly, wounding thirty of the rioters, and cavalry finally dispersed the crowds.

A reaction against the anti-militarist movement has set in. The Nationalists are organizing patriotic demonstrations. Headed by flags, these demonstrators are parading the streets, cheering and applauding the troops and singing national hymns. They are compelling the shops to open and insisting that the strike shall be concluded and work resumed.

Upward of 40,000 citizens paraded the streets today, arousing great enthusiasm. Windows and balconies were beflagged and the citizens repeatedly shouted, "Long live King and Army!" "Down with the anarchists!"

GOOD DE BIRON PRICES.

$7,800 for a Bust of the Marechal de Lowendal—Sale Closes Today.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 10.—Several good prices were obtained today at the sale of the art collection of the Marquis de Biron, which is taking place at the Galérie Georges Petit. A terra cotta bust of the Maréchal de Lowendal, conqueror of Bergen-op-Zoom, which formerly belonged to the collection of Baron de Schwiter and was sold to the Marquis de Biron in 1886, brought the sum of $7,800. Other large prices realized were:

For a picture frame of wood, carved and gilded in the best style of the age of Louis XVI., $2,500.

For another frame of the same period, in the style of La Londe, $2,900.

For a frame of gilded bronze, decorated with disks separated by laurel leaves and surmounted by a knot of ribbon, period of Louis XVI., $2,940.

The sale will close tomorrow, when the bronzes and furniture will be offered.

Furniture Sale at Christie's.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 10.—A beautiful Adam commode, which the Duke of Wellington gave to the Rev. Thomas Cooke of Brighton, brought $3,465 at Christie's today.

A set of six Charles II. oak chairs was sold for $2,100.

Some Chinese porcelain fetched good prices. Two small figures of boys went for $2,465 and two vases for $2,100.

ANGLO-AMERICAN WEDDING.

Miss Gladys Klaber Becomes the Bride of H. A. Pritchard in London.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 10.—There was a pretty Anglo-American wedding this afternoon when Miss Gladys Vera Klaber, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Klaber, of 41 Cleveland Square became the bride of Herbert Arthur Pritchard at Christ Church, Lancaster Gate. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. F. C. Timmons.

The bride wore a costume of white duchesse satin trimmed with point de Venice lace, the gift of her sister, Mrs. H. Ingram. The court train was of silver brocade decorated with orange blossoms. Her veil of tulle was surmounted by an orange blossom wreath. She carried a bouquet of white roses and orange blossoms.

Miss Klaber, who was given away by her father, was attended by her sister, Miss Muriel Klaber, with Miss Vivian Ingram as cushion-bearer. There were six bridesmaids. The best man was Dr. Harold Pritchard, brother of the bridegroom.

After the ceremony a reception was held at the Klaber home.

LONDON SETTLEMENT DAY.

Little Difficulty Feared from Recent Suspensions.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, June 11.—Today is settlement day on the Stock Exchange, and it is confidently hoped that in spite of the trying nature of the account during which the Canadian Agency, Chaplin, Milne, Grenfell & Co. and the Southern Alberta Land Company have gone into receivership, there will be very little difficulty. One or two small failures are feared, but they are in no way important.

It is announced by Chaplin, Milne, Grenfell & Co. that the lease of their premises will be taken over by the Union Bank of Canada and that the bank is willing to undertake the half-yearly service of various coupons hitherto paid through Chaplin, Milne, Grenfell & Co.

The Southern Alberta Land Company last evening issued a circular announcing its receivership.

Prince of Battenberg to Wed.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, June 11.—The Daily Sketch learns that the betrothal will soon be announced of Prince Alexander of Battenberg and Countess Zia Torby, daughter of the Grand Duke Michael of Russia.

Oxford Degree for Page.

LONDON, June 10.—Oxford University will confer honorary degrees June 24 on the American Ambassador, Walter Hines Page, Lord Bryce of Dechmont, and Richard Strauss, the composer.

SYLVIA CAPTURED, HER ARMY DISPERSED

Was Being Borne on Litter at Head of Militants, Who Started to See Asquith.

McKENNA CONSULTS KING

Home Secretary May Make Important Announcement Today—Mrs. Pankhurst Escapes Again.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, June 11.—An important statement on the subject of the Government and the suffragettes will be made in the House of Commons today by Home Secretary McKenna. The latter was received in audience by King George at Buckingham Palace last evening in connection, it is presumed, with the steps the Government purposes to take.

The political writers, however, say that the Government has no intention of introducing fresh legislation to deal with the militants.

It is understood that the whole question will be raised in the Commons on the Home Office vote.

The newspapers are applauding the condemnation of militancy, voiced by Rosalind, Lady Carlisle, at a meeting of the council of the Women's Liberal Federation, and are urging the suffragettes to take heed of her words.

Lady Carlisle moved a resolution, calling on the Government to "devise without delay some means whereby the militant disorder may be suppressed, seeing that the progress of a great constitutional reform is being grievously injured and retarded by these crimes, and that the disastrous example of unchecked violence is injuring the moral fibre of a considerable number of men and women of this country."

The resolution was carried enthusiastically after being stiffened by an addition, calling on the Government "to shoulder the responsibility of bringing to an end these militant disorders."

LONDON, June 10. — Miss Sylvia Pankhurst was not even permitted to approach Westminster tonight to interview Premier Asquith. The proposed visit to the Prime Minister was arranged for some days ago by Miss Pankhurst and other militant leaders, and it was decided last night that she should be carried shoulder-high in the procession, as she was not considered strong enough to bear the strain of what promised to be an arduous journey.

Before the procession had gone a mile, Miss Pankhurst was arrested for the eighth time since she was sentenced to six months' imprisonment for inciting language in Hyde Park and conveyed to Holloway Jail.

The procession struggled on without a leader, but by the time it reached the Strand it had been dispersed by the police. Under the leadership of George Lansbury, former Socialist member of the House of Commons, a deputation of women proceeded to Parliament, where they were received by P. H. Illingworth, the chief Liberal whip, after having been rebuffed in all attempts to see the Premier.

Procession Begun with Prayer.

The demonstration was organized with all the well-known cleverness of the suffragettes for dramatic effect. A crowd of 10,000 people gathered at 8 o'clock at the junction of Commercial Road and High Street, White Chapel, where two processions, one from Bow and the other from Poplar, were to join about the same hour. Suddenly from an upper window of the house in Bow, where Miss Pankhurst resided, appeared the surpliced figure of the Rev. Mr. Wills and Sylvia by his side, looking ill and careworn. The clergyman addressed the waiting crowd, adjured the people to keep good order, and offered a prayer invoking Divine protection for the militant leader.

Miss Pankhurst also addressed the crowd to the effect that it might be the last time she would have such a privilege. "But if I sacrifice my life in this cause," she said, "it will not have been in vain if you will carry on the fight in the same spirit."

The procession then formed, headed by Mr. Wills, Miss Pankhurst being borne on a litter by four stalwart carriers. The band struck up the "Marseillaise" and the procession started under escort of a large body of mounted and foot police. The crowds grew steadily, but the police had laid their plans, and when the procession had arrived at a point where the narrow road and the tramway traffic compelled it to divide, a sharp command rang out. The street was quickly cordoned by police, and before her supporters were aware of what had happened Sylvia Pankhurst was under arrest and was being whisked away in a taxicab to jail, followed by a few shrieking women.

Disheartened at the loss of their leader the women reformed their ranks, but made slow progress. A body of students attempted to interfere with them and create disturbances, but were foiled by the police, who appeared in such numbers all along the route that they were quite as numerous as those in the procession.

There was little enthusiasm among the marchers, and the openly expressed hostility of the populace dampened the ardor of the demonstration so that by the time it reached the Strand the police had little difficulty in dispersing it and preventing any reformation.

Mr. Lansbury's deputation went to Parliament by railway, and after a vain attempt to see Mr. Asquith, made a protest to Mr. Illingworth. Some of the suffragettes complained of rough handling by the police, but there was no serious disorder, and Miss Pankhurst was the only militant taken into custody.

Mrs. Pankhurst Escapes Again.

Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, mother of Sylvia, succeeded again during last night in evading the police, who were closely watching the house in Grosvenor Square from which she had been recently conducting the campaign against the peace of members of the royal family at Buckingham Palace and other places. Her plan of escape is said by the police to have been "cleverly conceived," although the details were not made public.

The raid on the offices of the Women's Social and Political Union yesterday revealed very few names of public interest in the documents seized. Chief Inspector James McBrien said today that the published report of the disclosure during the raid that members of the royal family, including the Prince of Wales, had contributed to the funds of the militants was absolutely groundless.

Miss Bertha Ryland, the suffragette vandal, who yesterday destroyed with a butcher's cleaver George Romney's "Portrait of a Boy," in the Bute Gallery, was today committed for trial. During the hearing she created a scene in court shrieking without cessation and quoting Scripture. She used the text, "I came not to send peace, but a sword," as justification for her act, and she averred that the militants were "working with divine guidance for purity and righteousness."

"No surrender!" was the parting cry as she was led to the cells.

PLAN BIG COAL COMBINE.

D. A. Thomas Trying to Amalgamate American Collieries.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, June 11.—D. A. Thomas, the Welsh colliery owner, who has just returned from the United States, told a London Times reporter yesterday that he had a big amalgamation of American collieries in view and hoped to bring it about, but could not go into particulars, as this would probably interfere altogether with the carrying through of his plans.

He thought the exportation of American coal was certain to increase largely, and perhaps would come more and more into competition with Welsh coal in South America. There was no reason, however, for alarm in South Wales at the present time, because the demand for Welsh coal was steadily increasing. At the same time the price of Welsh coal had risen to such figures, owing to the great increase in wages and increased export, which obligations Parliament had caused the coal owners to incur, that there was today no more profit for the coal owner at 20 shillings a ton than there was at half that price twenty-five years ago.

Notwithstanding the increased shipments to places abroad of American coal during the last twelve months, the market in Cardiff was firmer than it was a year ago, Mr. Thomas said.

VICTORIA LUISE FLOATED.

Vessel Pumped Out and Now Being Rapidly Repaired.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 10.—The Victoria Luise, which grounded in the Harbor of Hamburg on Monday morning, was floated this afternoon, and after divers succeeded in closing the forty portholes in the lower compartments of the ship, through which the water flooded the vessel, she was thoroughly pumped out.

Repairs are now being hastened to permit the vessel to proceed to Kiel for the regatta at the end of the month.

NOT MEDDLING IN ALBANIA.

Minister Williams's Trip for the Purpose of Reporting Conditions.

PARIS, June 10.—A news agency despatch from Athens today says that George Fred illiams, American Minister to Greece, has informed his diplomatic colleagues in a circular note, that his Government authorizes him to go to Albania and Epirus to inquire into the situation there in the interest of peace and good-will among all races and all parties.

The news agency adds that this action "amazes the diplomatic corps, who regard it as inadmissible intervention by the United States into Albanian affairs."

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Minister Williams was authorized by the State Department a week ago to go from Athens to Epirus and Albania to make personal investigation of conditions in the new State. The Minister had asked for authority to make the trip because, since the United States has no diplomatic representative in Albania, it has been impossible to answer the many inquiries received from Americans having friends or reatives there.

It was said at the department, however, that Mr. Williams had no instructions to circularize the European powers offering the services of the United States as mediator in the Albanian troubles, and officials did not believe the Minister had taken any such action on his own account.

It was explained that the department felt warranted in directing an investigation and report on conditions, but there was "no political purpose whatever" in the Minister's journey.

PANAMA DEALERS PROTEST.

Resent Sale of Supplies to Foreign Ships by Canal Commissary.

PANAMA, June 10.—A number of merchants of Panama held a meeting today to protest against the Canal Commissary Department selling supplies to foreign war vessels and merchant ships. It was asserted at the meeting that the practice was contrary to the spirit of the canal treaty.

A committee was appointed to interview President Belisario Porras with a view to inducing the Government to make strong representations on the subject to Washington, and if these should fail it has been planned to send a commission to Washington to appeal to President Wilson for relief.

NEW INCANDESCENT LAMP.

Gas Used Instead of Thread as Illuminating Medium.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, June 10.—At the Electrical Congress now meeting at Cracow General Manager Lederer of the Austrian Westinghouse Company demonstrated today a new kind of incandescent lamp which substitutes rare gases for carbon or metal thread as the illuminating medium.

The invention is considered a far-reaching reform and made a marked impression on the experts present.

DR. STRYKER'S SLAYER DIES

Japanese Who Appealed Life Term Sentence Hanged in Korea.

SEOUL, Korea, June 10.—Tomitaro Watanabe, the Japanese who on March 29, this year, murdered Dr. Edgar de Mott Stryker, an American surgeon, was hanged today.

Watanabe, who had previously strangled his wife, went to the hospital at Holkel, of which Dr. Stryker was in charge, and shot him dead. He was tried and sentenced to life imprisonment, but appealed, and the Superior Court changed the sentence into condemnation to death.

BARS LIQUOR FOR OFFICERS.

Norwegian Parliament Makes All Army and Navy Messes "Dry."

CHRISTIANIA, Norway, June 10.—The Norwegian Parliament today followed the lead of Secretary of the Navy Daniels and adopted a resolution prohibiting the consumption of intoxicating liquors by officers of the Norwegian Army and Navy during their terms of service.

The enlisted men were already enforced abstainers and the officers' messes on the warships and in the garrisons are now to be made "dry."

Passengers on Olympic.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 10.—On the Olympic sailing today are several Americans returning from country places or from motoring on the Continent. Among them are Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Peabody and family, Mr. and Mrs. Carlos De Heredia, Mrs. Hoffman Miller, Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Sanderson, Miss Mimi Scott, G. H. Strawbridge, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Pease, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Wertheim and daughters, Dr. and Mrs. Charles Frederic Weber, Mrs. Henry J. Crocker, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Clay Adams, Douglas Alexander, J. L. McKeever, James McVickar, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Robbins, and Charles E. Peabody.

DESPAIR OF PARDON FOR BOUCK WHITE

Miss Rembaugh Appeals to Judge Malone to Release Prisoner from Workhouse.

OPPOSED BY MAGISTRATE

Campbell, Who Imposed Sentence, Writes Dissenting Letter—Court's Decision Expected Tomorrow.

By taking a firm stand in requiring Bouck White to serve out his six months sentence to the workhouse, Magistrate Campbell yesterday dispelled a hope of White's parishioners in the Church of the Social Revolution that their pastor soon would be back among them. White was convicted for disturbing a service at the Calvary Baptist Church by attempting to challenge its pastor to a debate.

The case came up before Judge Malone in General Sessions on appeal. Miss Bertha Rembaugh, a lawyer representing White, pleaded half an hour to shorten White's sentence to the month he has already spent on Blackwell's Island.

When Judge Malone insisted that the views of Magistrate Campbell be presented to him, Miss Rembaugh with embarrassment remarked that the Judge no doubt knew Magistrate Campbell's views since she had only a carbon letter giving them with a statement that the original had gone to Judge Malone direct. The letter, it turned out, contained this statement:

If the intelligent, the educated, and the religious men of this community, like the defendant White, deal with leniently when they break the law, how much greater license should be accorded those who are stupid, uneducated, and depraved?

Judge Malone spoke of White's case without sympathy after reading Magistrate Campbell's letter. He said that he would hear arguments on appeal as a matter of form, and Miss Rembaugh pleaded that James W. Osborne, who was to make the argument, was detained in court in another case. She urged that the matter be put over until tomorrow. In this motion Assistant District Attorney Smith, representing the prosecution, concurred.

After the case of White was disposed of, Miss Rembaugh called up the case of Milo Woolman, who invaded the Calvary Baptist Church with White, and was sentenced to six months with him in the workhouse.

Judge Malone said that the Woolman case was so joined with the Bouck White case that he would not attempt to decide it independently, but would decide both together after hearing the arguments on the White case tomorrow. He intimated that he was not inclined to disturb the sentence of Magistrate Campbell.

WANT CLASS A DIRECTOR.

Connecticut Bankers Seek Representation on Boston Federal Board.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., June 10.—The choice of Directors for the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston came in for discussion at the annual convention of the Connecticut Bankers' Association here today. The Second District, of which Boston is the centre, includes all of the New England States. As six Directors are to be elected by the banks, the natural division would be one for each State. The Connecticut bankers believe that their State should have one of the Class A or banker Directors, the other two coming from Boston and Providence. This would leave a Class B or business man Director each for Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont.

C. E. Hoyt, Secretary of the Connecticut Bankers' Association, recently sent letters to all the member banks in this State, asking for suggestions. He reported today that only half a dozen men had been suggested, those receiving the most support being John T. Manson of New Haven, E. J. Hill of Norwalk, and H. W. Stevens of Hartford for Class A. If Connecticut banks be satisfied with a Class B Director sentiment is strong for ex-Gov. R. S. Woodruff.

The New England District has been the slowest to take any concerted action in the matter and the first meeting of its Nominating Committee will be held in Boston tomorrow to make recommendations to the banks. The Connecticut member is Nathan D. Prince of Danielson, who was elected President of the Connecticut Bankers' Association today.

The Nominating Committee consists of two men chosen by the Massachusetts Bankers' Association and one from each of the other States, making seven in all. In the Class A group one Director is conceded to Boston and the names most discussed are those of W. A. Gaston, President of the Shawmut National Bank, and Col. Beal, President of the Second National.

The question of whether Groups 2 and 3 should be represented by bankers of those groups or by leading men in Group 1, which has caused so much acrimony in the New York District, has not arisen yet in this district.

STORM'S TOLL UNCERTAIN.

But Great Damage Along Canadian Coast Is Reported.

CHATHAM, N. B., June 10.—Conflicting reports made it impossible today to determine definitely how many fishing smacks and lives had been lost in the storm which swept the Gulf of St. Lawrence, Chaleur Bay, and the Straits of Northumberland on Friday.

One report received this forenoon placed the number of dead at 125. Advices from Caraquet said that nineteen lives were known to have been lost, one vessel was missing, and nothing was known of the fate of the crews of two vessels reported ashore on Pokesudie Island.

Capt. Samuel Preau of the schooner Warren P., just arrived here last night, said that when he left Shippegan on Sunday he heard that more than 100 persons had perished, but he believed this was a great exaggeration.

BATHURST, N. B., June 10.—Last Friday's gale wrought havoc both in Chaleur Bay and in the Gulf of St. Lawrence on the east side of Miscou and Shippegan Islands, outside the bay. The crews of two schooners of the Caraquet and Lameque fishing fleets which were wrecked at Mal Bay on the east coast of Miscou Island, were drowned. Thirty-five schooners were driven ashore on Little Shippegan and many of them badly damaged; their crews reached shore safely.

In Big Shippegan Gulley fifty fishing vessels grounded, but no lives were lost.

ASKS PORT OFFICIAL TO QUIT

But Collector Stackable of Honolulu Defies McAdoo.

HONOLULU, June 10.—E. R. Stackable, Collector of the Port, today received from William G. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury, a cablegram requesting his immediate resignation. Stackable said he would not comply. He insisted that he would not give up his office unless he was dismissed.

Stackable has been Port Collector of Honolulu since Hawaii became a part of the United States. He is a Republican. He was asked to resign about a month ago.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—At the Treasury Department it was said there were no charges whatever against Collector Stackable, but that it was the purpose to supplant him with a Collector more in harmony with the Administration. According to practice a Collector of Customs who declines to resign may be removed by the President.

FIRE IN "MOVIE" THEATRE.

Policeman Warns Audience and Saves Murran from Flames.

Policeman Thomas Lynsky, on Eighth Avenue, between Thirty-fourth and Thirty-fifth Streets about 6:15 P. M., yesterday, saw flames behind the cashier's office of a moving-picture theatre at 490 Eighth Avenue. He pulled the fire alarm box at the corner and ran forward giving the alarm. The fire had started in the rewinding room under the fireproof booth occupied by the film operator, and no one inside of the house had seen it.

Miss Celia Becker, the cashier, ran out of the ticket office as the flames curled up behind her. Jacob Murran, one of the proprietors, who was standing just outside of the door, wrapped his coat around his head and ran back into the office to get his hat. Charles Lord of 340 West Twenty-fourth Street, the operator of the machine, opened the door of his booth and leaped out over the flames.

Lynsky ran inside to warn the audience, and upon turning back saw that Murran had been overcome and was lying across the cashier's counter with the fire blazing behind him. Lynsky, with the assistance of Lord and of Edward Reiner, a passer-by, pulled Murran out, and he was taken across the street, where Reiner, who is a lieutenant in the White Cross Society of Brooklyn, applied first-aid remedies.

The audience, which was small, filed out without the slightest trace of panic, and firemen came and confined the flames to the front part of the house. Murran was treated by Dr. Webb, who came with an ambulance from the New York Hospital and was taken to his home at 65 East Ninety-seventh Street. He was severely burned about the head, shoulders, and arms. Lord, the operator, was burned on the arm while pulling Murran through the window.

NEVER OUT AFTER 4 A. M.

Mr. Thorn in Poss Divorce Trial Tells About Auto Rides.

Percy M. Thorn, the co-respondent in the divorce suit brought by Frank R. Poss against Mrs. Lillian K. Poss, never let his pleasures interfere with his sleep, according to his testimony in the Supreme Court yesterday. He and Mrs. Poss had taken social automobile rides together, he said, but never after 4 o'clock in the morning, and he always, he said, contrived to get his daily two or three hours of sleep.

"Don't you worry on the sleep score," he told Mr. Poss's attorney, Abraham Levy. Mr. Levy asked Mr. Thorn about his visit to Healy's restaurant on Feb. 11. Detectives had testified that he had gone there with Mrs. Poss.

"Why did you go to Healy's at 1:30 in the morning?" asked Mr. Levy.

"Cause there's nothing going on there until about 1 o'clock in the morning?" replied Mr. Thorn. "From then on things begin to liven up."

Mr. Thorn said he and Mrs. Poss had partaken of champagne together on various occasions and that Mrs. Poss always confined herself to one glass.

Bernard T. Duffy, Mrs. Poss's son by her first marriage, followed Mr. Thorn as a witness. He explained his absence from the city between Jan. 1 and May 1, saying that he had gone to New Mexico for his health. As Mr. Duffy left the witness stand his mother, weeping, ran to him and threw her arms about him. Then she fainted. Justice Donnelly announced a recess after this scene had taken place.

As Mr. Thorn was leaving the courtroom he was served with papers in a divorce suit begun against him by Mrs. Lou Thorn.

SING SING FOR "MASHER."

Moffett Followed a Cabaret Singer to Her Home at 1:30 A. M.

Vincent Moffett of 2,371 Arthur Avenue, the Bronx, pleaded guilty to a charge of attempted assault made against him by Miss Ellen Gerald, a cabaret singer, of 4,595 Park Avenue, and was sentenced yesterday to a term of from two years and six months to eight years and six months in Sing Sing. In the Bronx County Court Judge Louis D. Gibbs went over the confession of Moffett, in which he admitted that he followed the woman several blocks after getting off a Third Avenue elevated train at 183d Street and Third Avenue about 1:30 A. M. on May 15, and that he attacked her in the hallway of her home and was arrested after several shots had been fired at him.

"As your counsel has stated," said the Judge, "your past is unimpeachable. You have been honest and hard working, but the crime that you have pleaded guilty to is appalling. Your good record has no influence on me in meting out justice. If the women in the streets of New York are not safe, we might as well give up government. Your kind are like wolves and safest in the confines of the grave. I will teach you and others to respect female virtue."

GIRL WAS NOT DROWNED.

Autopsy Shows Miss Winter's Lungs Contained No Water.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, June 10.—That Miss Ella G. Winter, whose body was found floating in Curtis Bay last Monday morning, was not drowned was practically proved this afternoon. Coroner Hemple and two police surgeons held a second autopsy and found no water in the lungs. The organs have been given to Dr. Penniman, State chemist, to be analyzed.

Miss Winter's hat, it was learned today, was found last Friday by Randall Rhodes, a fisherman, fully half a mile up Curtis Creek.

Another Vote on Building Dispute.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, June 11.—There can be no settlement of the building dispute for some days yet. Another ballot of the rank and file will be taken on June 19 on the provisional agreement reached between the Executive Council of the National Federation of Building Trade Employés and the representatives of some of the unions concerned in the dispute.

TOLLS TEST VOTE SHOWS 50 TO 24

Continued from Page 1.

Missouri, and a statement by Senator O'Gorman of his reasons for opposing the adoption of the amendment.

"If this amendment is adopted," said Senator O'Gorman, "and reference is made to it in the future, Great Britain will interpret our action in the light of what has been said upon it. Reference will be made to the declaration of the President that we have no rights; reference will be made to the statement of the Senator from North Carolina, Mr. Simmons, who denies that we are surrendering any right; reference will be made to the statement of the Senator from Georgia, Mr. Smith, to similar effect.

"It is true these gentlemen have changed their minds. Men have a right so to do. And with becoming modesty they have indicated that they might again change their minds if this question were presented a third time. This emphasizes the necessity of precision. The only declaration which will meet the hope and prayer of the people of the United States is that offered by the Senator from Utah, Mr. Sutherland.

"Much of the confusion in the past and now rises from the tendency of Congress to compromise rather than to take a strong position. At best this can be only partially safeguarded."

After Senator Sutherland offered his substitute he analyzed the Norris-Simmons amendment to show that it was what he had previously called it, "a transparent sham."

Night Session.

Determined to dispose of the repeal bill without further delay, the Democratic leaders perfected a plan to sit in session without a recess until debate had been ended. Late in the afternoon Senator Kern, leader of the majority, after a canvass, discovered enough strength to keep the session going. He drew out the temper of his colleagues by offering an amendment to take a recess until 8 o'clock. On a record vote the motion was defeated 46 to 28. The debate then proceeded, but before a vote was reached on the Sutherland amendment Senator Bristow of Kansas moved an adjournment. The Senate was in an uproar, Senator Stone of Missouri, leaning on a crutch, shaking his finger at Senator Bristow and hissing, "filibuster, filibuster." The Bristow motion was defeated 53 to 22.

Immediately thereafter the ayes and nays were ordered on a motion to lay the Sutherland amendment on the table. It was tabled, 49 to 33.

Senator Cummins then obtained recognition to offer an amendment to so change the Norris-Simmons amendment that it would read as a positive assertion of the right of the United States to exempt its vessels from the payment of tolls.

In support of this amendment, Senator Cummins said that while he believed the men who promoted the Norris-Simmons amendment were sincere and honest, he was convinced they were offering the public a "gold brick." He insisted the amendment asserted nothing, and that there could be no arbitration of the tolls controversy unless there was a difference of opinion manifested between the United States and Great Britain. He challenged Senators on the other side to show wherein Great Britain's claims differed from the admissions of the repeal bill as amended.

Senator Pomerene inquired whether the purpose of the Cummins amendment was to interpret the meaning of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty. To this Senator Cummins replied that his amendment was intended to establish an assertion on which arbitration respecting the meaning of the treaty might be based.

The attendance in the Senate was extraordinary. Each roll call showed more than seventy votes, and there were eighty-five Senators in the chamber at one time. The conclusion of neither the tariff nor the currency debates was marked by the presence of a greater number of Senators.

$15,000 GEM THEFT PUTS WOMAN IN JAIL

Minnie Seymone Arrested in Connection with Robbery of Mrs. Harry W. McVicar.

BOUDOIR SAFE WAS STOLEN

Among the Jewels It Contained Was a $4,000 Diamond Tiara, a Gift from Her Mother.

Minnie Seymone, 31 years old, was arrested in the furnished room house at 116 West Forty-ninth Street yesterday afternoon by Detectives Kenny and Martin of the West Thirtieth Street Station in connection with the theft of jewels worth $15,000 from the apartment of Mrs. Harry Whitney McVickar, at 8 East Thirty-seventh Street, on Jan. 1. She was taken to the Mercer Street Police Station after examination at Headquarters, and locked up on a charge of receiving the stolen jewels.

A man who gave his name as John Jordan was arrested for the robbery soon after, and is now awaiting trial. The detectives think they will have enough evidence to arrest a second man connected with the robbery in a few days. He has been watched for a number of months, it is said, and can be found at any time.

Mrs. McVickar is a wealthy widow who is well known socially. She was formerly Miss Maud Robbins. She kept her jewels in a small steel safe about ten inches square in a closet in the bodroom of her apartment on the fourth floor. She received a $4,000 diamond tiara as a Christmas gift from her mother a few days before the robbery, and this was in the safe with her other jewelry. Between Christmas and Jan. 1 the night elevator man of the apartment in which she lived was discharged. He had been known only as Brown. Mrs. McVickar had mentioned previously that she intended to spend New Year's Day in Albany, and that her maid would have the day off.

A new night elevator man named McCarthy succeeded Brown. After the robbery, when questioned by detectives, McCarthy said that a man answering to Brown's description came to the house on several occasions to see Jordan, and said he had packages for tenants. About 8 o'clock in the evening of Jan. 1 McCarthy said he went up in the elevator to answer a call and left the front door of the building open and unprotected.

He said that later there was a call on the second floor of the apartment, and when McCarthy reached the floor with the elevator, he said, the man who answered Brown's description and a companion got on with a heavy bundle wrapped in paper. It was about the size of Mrs. McVickar's safe. They were carrying it by means of a leather strap, he said, and he remarked that they had a heavy package. One of the men said, "Yes, here's a quarter for your trouble."

When they reached the ground floor, McCarthy said, they hurried out of the building and drove away in a taxicab. He believed they had watched until he went up in the elevator, and then ran upstairs to the McVickar apartment, returning to the second floor after getting the safe.

Mrs. McVickar's maid returned about 10:30 o'clock, and soon afterward reported to the Superintendent that the place had been robbed. The door had been forced, and the drawers of the bureau had been opened and sacked. The jewel safe had disappeared. Mrs. McVickar was communicated with, and returned the next day. Brown was arrested on suspicion, but was later released because of lack of evidence. Jordan's arrest was made a short time later.

The detectives would not say what information they had to connect the Seymone woman with the case last night. Mrs. McVickar gave up her apartment on June 1 and is spending the Summer at her mother's country home in Southampton, L. I.

ROB 3 HOUSES IN ONE BLOCK.

Thieves Plunder Homes in West 69th St. That Were Closed.

It has been reported to the Property Owners' Association that burglars robbed three houses in the row on the south side of the block in West Sixty-ninth Street, between Columbus Avenue and Central Park West, some time between last Thursday and Saturday morning. These houses were closed for the Summer. All of the residences on the block are of the same height except an apartment house on the corner of Columbus Avenue. The burglars went through the apartment house to the roof level of the residences, and from there it was an easy matter for them to pry open the scuttles to the houses they robbed. These robberies were not reported by the police.

The houses robbed were those of

Loeser's

The Brooklyn Store

Martha Washington Mahogany Sewing Table, $12.75

A beautiful genuine mahogany Sewing Table such as every woman likes to own.

Made after a famous design, with all the skill of twentieth century Furnituremaking. Graceful, convenient and splendidly durable.

Only a limited quantity to sell at the special price. They will satisfy the most critical.

Original Editions Good Fiction, 38c.

Books such as you will be willing to give a permanent place in your library. Books published at $1 to $1.50.

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"Best sellers" and other good Books. Authors include Jack London, Robert Hichens, Maurice Hewlett, Irvin S. Cobb, Sir Gilbert Parker, Arnold Bennett, Mary Roberts Rinehart, Jeannette Lee, Eleanor Hallowell Abbott, Ralph Connor, Margaret Leland, Caroline Lockhart, etc.

Diamond Mounted Lavallieres $4 to $5.50; Values $6 to $8.50

Those who appreciate the fact that a diamond is almost as standard in value as an American dollar will realize this opportunity—and accept it.

Pendants of fancy lace work and scroll, finished in the style of high-class platinum work. Mounted with genuine diamonds and baroque pearls. All with 14-inch solid gold chain.

Boys' $1.75 to $2.50 Tub Suits, $1.29

A special concession from a maker who receives much of our regular business and in consequence sends us the unusual opportunities which develop.

You will not find better Suits anywhere at full prices. Large quantity and many patterns in excellent galateas, reps, linens, etc. Sizes 3 to 8 years.

Needlework Sale

$10 pieces of round Princess lace, cream color with center of light blue moire silk, 36 inches in diameter, $3.98.

Chinese embroidered Scarfs, 54 inches long, richly embroidered on grass linen; full $14 value, $5.98.

28-inch squares of Byzantine Cluny; value $15, at $5.98.

Madeira embroidered Tea Tablecloths, 36 inches in diameter, pretty design; value $18, at $12.50.

Girl Graduates' White Raiment

With all the quality and individuality one can put in a Dress. They copy French inspiration accurately in such materials as net, organdie, lace mousseline, and indeed every filmy, airy fabric.

Beautifully trimmed, often with handwork and hand embroidery, always with fine laces and delicate embroideries, girdles, sashes, rosettes, etc.

Net Dresses, prettily trimmed with frills, laces and ribbons; sizes 14, 16 and 18 years, $12.50 and $15.

Organdie Dresses, very sheer and washable. With new tunics and exquisitely trimmed with laces and embroideries; sizes 14, 16 and 18 years, $19.75, $22.50, $25 and $27.50.

Lace Dresses, shadow lace, Lierre, Princess applique and other styles, some with the new cape back, $19.75 and up.

MEN

$1.50 and $2 Mercerized Soft Shirts, 98c.

"Girard" Shirts, secured under value because the makers retired from business June 1st.

This should say to many men who have worn "Girard" Shirts: *Here is a remarkable opportunity.*

It is remarkable. In fact the value is one we have never excelled.

The Shirts are all plain negligee with soft French cuffs. Materials are fine madrases, soissettes, Sea Island pongees and pebble cloths. Plain white and white striped with good colors. All sizes.

Frederick Loeser & Co.

BROOKLYN—NEW YORK

Subway to Hoyt Street—17 Minutes from Grand Central Station.

N. Y. U. SENDS FORTH ITS BIGGEST CLASS

Chancellor Brown Gives Degrees to 642 Candidates, Seven Honorary.

CROWD STORMS THE DOORS

Eight Thousand Persons Clamor for Admission to the Afternoon Exercises.

New York University sent forth the biggest class in its history at its eighty-second annual commencement yesterday. Degrees were conferred upon 635 students who had finished their work in school, and honorary degrees were given to seven men, including Mayor John Purroy Mitchel, in recognition of their achievements.

The attendance at the commencement exercises was the largest ever seen on University Heights. Eight thousand persons clamored for admission, and when the auditorium was full the doors were closed and guards stationed, in fear that harm might come of inability to manage the throng inside. When a door was opened to let out some of those who had tired of the heat inside these precautions went for naught. The crowd swept the guards aside and poured in, to the annoyance of those conducting the exercises. The aisles and rear spaces were soon jammed, but no one was hurt.

The line of graduates from the College of Arts and the School of Applied Science, the Graduate School, and the Washington Square College formed in the Hall of Languages at 10:30, and with the representatives of the different schools in separate groups marched across the campus and into the auditorium of the Gould Hall Memorial Library.

Following them came the Faculty and guests, their many hued capes and gowns contrasting sharply with the dull black worn by their predecessors. Elmer E. Brown, Chancellor of the University, occupied the middle seat on the stage. On his right sat Mayor John Purroy Mitchel, who later addressed the students.

Following a musical offering by Shannon's Twenty-third Regiment Band and the opening prayer came the salutatory oration by John Simons Coldwell of the School of Applied Science and the awarding of prizes to successful competitors from the various schools. Twelve awards were bestowed by Dean Francis Hovey Stoddard on candidates in the University College, three by Dean Charles H. Snow in the School of Applied Science, and one by Dean Daniel W. Herring in the Graduate School. Following the award Mayor Mitchel addressed the graduates. When he arose he got an ovation such as was given to only one other person during the day's exercises. The audience arose and remained standing until he was ready to begin speaking. The only other man for whom his hearers left their seats was Francis Hovey Stoddard, who retires from the Deanship of the College of Pure Arts on Sept. 1. The address of Mayor Mitchel is printed elsewhere in today's NEW YORK TIMES.

Oldest Graduate Speaks.

A feature of the day was the appearance of Lewis R. Reed, oldest living graduate of the university and one of the two survivors of the class of '43. Mr. Reed, although he was graduated more than seventy years ago, is still hale and hearty, and told of his experiences in a voice which easily carried through the auditorium.

The Rev. James R. Thompson, '47, gave the graduates some good advice, and said that the teaching of young men would prove a success if their hearts were in the right place. He said he was a firm believer in teaching good morals in the schools.

The roll call of the members graduated over fifty years ago, beginning with the class of '43, showed fifteen of the "Old Grads" to be present and enjoying good health. Others who were expected to be at hand were unable to attend, and many sent letters which were read. The Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott, '53, was detained at the last moment.

The valedictory oration, "Responsibility and Leadership," was delivered by Charles Lawrence Bristol, Jr. The last event on the morning programme was the conferring of degrees.

After the exercises of the morning the alumni, members of the Woman's Advisory Council, candidates for honorary degrees, and members of the Faculty were guests of Chancellor Elmer E. Brown at the annual Commencement Day luncheon.

Candidates from the Schools of Pedagogy and Law, the University, and Belleview Medical College, the New York-American Veterinary College, and the School of Commerce, Accounts, and Finance received their degrees in the afternoon.

Brown Praises Wilson.

Chancellor Brown was the speaker at the second session. Referring to the foreign relations of the United States, he said:

It was never more necessary than now that we should command the confidence of Latin America and of the Far East, to say nothing of our neighbors on the north and across the Atlantic. College men should stand for clear thinking on these subjects. They should stand for the patience of clear thinking. They should realize that these subjects are worth the trouble of thinking through to the end.

We believe—almost all of us believe—in the army and the navy; we believe in them as instruments of international justice and not as substitutes for international justice. We have a patriotic conviction that our country, on the main lines of its policy, stands for international justice. Just now, in our present difficulties, the Administration at Washington is patiently seeking a just and righteous outcome of all of our international infelicities. But let us not overlook the fact that the maintenance of righteousness in our foreign affairs—the maintenance of a position which may rightfully be backed up by land and naval forces—is the work of American sentiment, the work of our whole people. It is a work that calls for the best endeavors of leaders of public thought everywhere and all of the time. You college graduates of this present day are called, with no uncertain calling, to help in this great and never-ending work.

Chancellor Brown spoke briefly of the duty of every citizen, and particularly college men, to be informed about the city, so that he may award praise and criticism justly. In conclusion, he told of the needs of the university and asked the alumni to show their loyalty. He also expressed public thanks for the gift of $10,000 by Mrs. Helen Le Fevre, widow of the late Egbert Le Fevre, Dean of the Medical School.

The Honorary Degrees.

During the conferring of the honorary degrees upon the candidates the audience rose twice, clapping loudly. The two men thus honored were Francis Hovey Stoddard, Dean of the College of Arts, and John Purroy Mitchel. In conferring the honorary degrees Chancellor Brown said:

PERCY BUTLER WIGHTMAN—Loyal son of this university, who has served her well through service of the church, in which so many of her finest traditions are centred, true pastor, true friend of childhood and of youth, I welcome you to the degree of Doctor of Divinity.

LINDLEY MILLER GARRISON—Called from distinguished service of your own State to share the highest counsels of the nation, chief of a great department of our Federal Government, in which, through the grim agencies of war, you are greatly serving the arts and aims of peace, I welcome you to the degree of Doctor of Laws.

DAVID LEVENTRITT—By able practice of the law, by labors for the maintenance of ethical standards in your profession, by distinguished service on the supreme bench of this Commonwealth, you have gained confidence and honor of your fellow-citizens and have reflected honor upon your Alma Mater, I welcome you to the degree of Doctor of Laws.

JOHN PURROY MITCHEL—Made guardian, this early in your career, of the high hopes of this great city, bearer of its chief executive responsibilities, distinguished leader of a new century's endeavor to bring science and business method into the service of municipal administration, I welcome you to the degree of Doctor of Laws.

CHARLES SCHUCHERT—You have rendered important scientific service to this Commonwealth, as well as to other States and to our Federal Government. You are esteemed and honored by your scientific associates of a sister university and throughout the land. I welcome you to the degree of Doctor of Laws.

FRANCIS HOVEY STODDARD—For many years a strong support of this university, whose winged words have often flashed a gleam across the dim ways of academic conference, scholar, teacher, and administrator, I welcome you to the degree of Doctor of Laws.

FRANK WEITENKAMPF—You have furthered the development of the modern library as an agency of public education in the most important field of appreciation of beauty in the arts. I welcome you to the degree of Doctor of Humane Letters.

Those Who Received Degrees.

BACHELOR OF ARTS—F. M. Barranco, G. W. Blake, A. Blumenthal, C. Brainerd, IV., J. J. Brandt, L. Dolgenas, F. H. Donshea, J. W. Draper, H. Z. Gordon, O. W. Hammond, C. B. Haughey, I. Lavenburg, L. A. Levy, W. A. Lynch, J. H. Margolies, J. Mendelsohn, V. Nichthauser, A. Sinberg, L. Sorieri, W. S. Stuhr, Jr., I. Z. Toub, R. A. Van Cliet, E. W. von Janiski, J. S. Zladi.

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN PURE SCIENCE—J. R. Birkholz, J. Boeniak, C. L. Bristol, P. Cyrull, M. Dorff, J. J. Gittleman, A. D. Gold, W. O. Partisch, G. T. Remsen, S. G. Rich, A. L. Shluger, P. H. Solotaroff, F. Volk.

CIVIL ENGINEER—M. J. Bailer, B. S.; T. Darlington, M. D.; B. H. Elman, B. S.; H. Feldbiet, B. S.; F. W. Garnjost, B. S.; C. MacDonald, B. S.; L. S. Murphy, B. S.; L. Oppenheim, B. S.; L. J. Poole, B. S.; G. R. Swany, B. S.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER—T. H. Beard, B. S.; T. J. H. Hyatt, B. S.

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN CIVIL ENGINEERING—L. H. Bernstein, G. H. Bogart, A. E. Bryans, C. F. Dain, R. De Simone, W. C. Elder, G. Forssell, F. F. Frech, W. Groscloss, M. Halpern, A. C. Hammond, E. H. Kearney, W. G. Keeshan, J. B. Kingsley, A. Levinson, A. M. Meyer, N. T. Nestorides, G. M. Remsen, W. R. Roe, F. J. Sinnott, A. Sitzman, H. R. Stewart, C. Strunsky, T. S. Tilnam, C. C. Valleiy, M. L. Wasserman, R. D. Wygant.

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING—J. S. Coldwell, C. C. Hunicke, H. L. Jones, E. Novomesky, W. A. Wallace, E. G. Wunderlich, A. E. Young.

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN CHEMICAL ENGINEERING—H. Rappaport, B. R. Silver.

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN PEDAGOGY—J. C. Allen, Miss K. L. Anthes, A. Barnes, Miss M. E. Berkan, Miss M. C. Berkan, F. W. Cook, W. P. Curtis, W. P. Davis, L. Epstein, Miss E. M. Gallagher, Miss M. L. A. Keane, E. R. Loose, Miss E. C. M. McGrath, M. Marmer, Miss G. A. Price, Miss M. M. Schmels, E. W. Garrison, L. Goldstein, M. Gordon, M. Greenberg, Miss M. A. Hall, F. Henriques, Miss L. Housman, Miss E. A. Huebl, S. H. Ingersoll, J. H. Iskowitz, N. E. Spooks, Miss F. A. Spielchaver, H. L. Spicer, I. J. Steiner, A. V. Sutton, C. F. Weeks, T. S. Wells, Miss J. M. Wright, Miss F. P. Clayton, G. Goldenberg, A. Grundy, I. Kayfetz, C. F. Ogden, F. Schorr, Miss E. E. Southwell.

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN THEOLOGY—I. Elfenbein and D. M. Shohet.

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN COMMERCE—J. H. Kuesel.

DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY—M. L. Bergeron, C. J. Culp, H. Korn, F. H. Law, A. Lefkowitz, J. D. McCarthy, J. M. Rosenberg, N. F. A. Stein, A. Steitz, C. F. Stube, D. B. Tompkins, C. G. Bradford, A. I. Brinkerhoff, T. H. Gallagher, J. E. Mayman, C. F. Sparkman, D. Tooker, G. E. Walk, and J. Cohen.

MASTER OF ARTS—R. Aspinall, B. A.; H. L. Bagenstose, B. A.; A. F. Blaum, B. A.; M. A.; N. Blechman, B. A.; Miss Maria Louise A. Carlucci, B. S.; Miss L. Charvet, B. A.; Wa Chan Ching, B. S.; S. Cohen, B. A.; Miss D. A. Courson, B. A.; J. W. Fitzgerald, B. A.; F. P. Germann, Jr., B. A.; I. S. Guernsey, B. A.; A. D. Harrari, B. A.; J. H. Hoyt, B. S.; W. A. Huntley, B. Lit.; R. T. Le Valley, B. S.; G. Levy, B. A.; Mrs. N. F. MacDonald, B. S.; R. W. Masters, B. A.; G. Model, B. A.; J. D. Moffett, B. S.; Miss F. A. Rogers, B. A.; G. H. S. Scofield, B. A., B. D.; Miss R. M. Shissler, B. S.; A. O. Smith, B. S.; S. D. Stein, B. A.; Miss L. R. Sweeney, B. S.; K. Wakasugi, Bach. of Com., LL. B.; J. C. Wilson, B. A.

MASTER OF SCIENCE—J. C. Blucher, B. S.; R. F. Gerding, Jr., B. S.; C. C. Hasely, B. S.; B. A. Hayner, B. A.; E. B. Slack, B. A., Pd. B.; C. Solomon, B. A.; L. Spivack, B. A.; D. S. Trowbridge, B. S., C. E.; S. Welnik.

DOCTOR OF PEDAGOGY—G. J. Dann, E. L. Kuhnes, B. I. Kukl, C. L. Sherman, A. C. Sides, D. B. Corson.

MASTER OF PEDAGOGY—C. G. Bradford, H. E. Flynn, I. Moses, G. H. Triplett, I. M. Wright, W. H. Wiley.

JURIS DOCTOR—I. B. Adams, H. A. Augenblick, C. R. Brodix, Jr., J. F. Brosnan, O. R. Carroll, C. Cornish, S. L. Gedney, Jr., P. Goold, M. Greuning, H. Leventhal, H. E. Lippincott, C. McClelland, Hua-chuen Mei, A. Michael, D. Mungall, Jr., F. W. Schaefer, H. A. Silberstein, S. D. Smyth, A. Ten Eyck, B. G. Tersian.

MASTER OF LAWS—W. Wanderman, W. H. Wessel, W. R. Heilgans, and T. B. Hoy.

BACHELOR OF LAWS—Miss I. B. Adams, J. M. Adrian, Jr., J. Allen, Miss E. Arkowitz, H. A. Augenblick, J. W. Baldwin, Miss E. Barrysh, E. J. Bausch, V. J. Bensi, J. Berman, J. Bickel, A. L. Blume, H. O. Boldtmann, J. F. Brosnan, N. Byron, P. Cashman, F. P. P. Catinella, A. Cohen, H. M. Cons, H. F. Corrsen, J. A. Cornell, Jr., M. L. Crames, R. E. Desvernine, S. Fish, Miss H. R. Frank, B. Gassman, L. I. Gerber, J. E. Glasser, S. Golieb, M. Gold, D. Greenbaum, A. Greenberg, A. Grometstein, R. Guttchen, Miss M. Haas, N. Hamer, H. M. K. Hansen, R. Harris, W. A. Herrmann, C. A. Hewlett, J. E. Hill, A. Hlavac, Jr., C. Horowitz, W. J. Jacobs, W. D. Jones, H. Joondeph, J. Kaplan, D. Klein, E. Klein, W. R. Klein, M. A. Kramer, M. H. Kutinsky, R. X. Kusmier, R. H. Law, H. W. Leavy, A. D. Levenson, B. Levine, M. Levy, S. Levy, E. Lewin, N. Lichtblau, Van M. Logan, S. Lyons, W. P. McCool, I. E. Maginn, C. Maine, J. J. Mancusi, A. Natanson, J. E. Newman, A. G. Oesterle, R. Oliver, S. J. Oxenberg, F. H. Pilch, I. I. Rackoff, S. Reich, J. Ricker, H. Roberson, C. S. Rosenschein, R. Rothenberg, A. G. Scheer, F. Schmertz, I. L. Schwartz, A. E. Schwartz, Miss F. Schuman, E. T. Scott, M. S. Seidler, A. Shabshelowitz, M. Shapiro, E. H. Sheporwich, S. Shereff, G. K. Shields, I. J. Sikawitt, H. A. Silberstein, M. Staff, M. Steinberg, G. Steiner, J. Streble, M. Swerling, A. Ten Eyck, B. G. Tersian, G. H. Thomas, A. Wofsey, J. M. Zinaman, M. Zucker, M. M. Alpert, E. A. Behr, H. M. Bicknell, F. H. Cooper, C. Cornish, A. Distler, P. B. Duryea, C. Entmacher, H. M. Frank, M. J. Junger, J. A. Klein, C. H. Lindroth, G. D. MacDougall, J. H. Muller, J. T. Regan, W. J. Ryder, J. H. Sehar, Schorr, N. Schulman, and H. D. Thirkield.

CERTIFICATE OF THE LAW SCHOOL—H. Bushel, R. D. Cocuillerie, M. Goldberg, M. Kosnig, A. Friedman, F. Gass.

DOCTOR OF MEDICINE—J. McKee Arthur, H. N. Baker, A. Ballen, L. S. Barnett, E. S. Bennett, B. W. Botbyl, M. L. Brandt, B. F. Brown, S. Chayes, H. Cohen, L. Cohen, I. Cohen, W. L. Condict, J. L. Connery, G. G. Cornelle, W. W. Cox, B. Davidson, S. H. Dender, C. P. De Fuccio, M. I. Deutsch, H. E. Dwyer, A. B. Dykman, A. J. Epstein, F. G. Fagone, J. N. Feinberg, L. A. Feldman, J. L. Furst, H. A. Geib, G. Ginsberg, L. Glassman, R. Goldberg, D. A. Goldfarb, E. Goldman, S. Gross, E. J. Halligan, L. A. Held, J. P. Hennessy, Jr., J. H. Herman, S. Hirsch, C. Hochman, H. A. Lowenstein, H. Projector, B. Nocilla, S. Smelin, R. J. Howe, H. C. Ingraham, O. Jacks, I. Jacobowitz, C. Juist, C. Kaplan, E. E. Kline, E. Lebowich, H. Levy, J. J. Mann, A. F. Mannel, J. S. Mark, F. J. McLaughlin, J. A. Miller, J. M. Morse, W. E. Muns, G. Nathanson, A. F. Orth, I. J. Pinkus, D. Ramsay, E. H. Restin, A. Reingold, L. Reiss, C. M. Robbins, J. Rosenberg, A. Rothseid, M. A. Sagowitz, S. H. Sedwitz, K. E. Shauweker, G. Sheinberg, H. Sturcke, Jr.; G. E. Taylor, R. A. Torrance, S. Pratinet, R. J. Trout, M. F. Urbanski, A. I. Weil, S. Weil, H. Yeungs.

DOCTOR OF VETERINARY SURGERY—F. M. Hill, H. L. Hirscher, L. D. Knight, F. W. Scheneweg, O. R. Schueler, J. F. Creedon.

MASTER OF COMMERCIAL SCIENCE—R. R. Bruster, H. A. Hopf, G. W. MacDow, S. T. Owmery, F. S. Tedman.

BACHELOR OF COMMERCIAL SCIENCE—J. Barr, D. Berdon, F. A. Bergmann, C. K. Betzig, B. Blattner, W. E. Boeddinghaus, C. B. Bomer, C. D. Brewster, D. Brody, J. M. Brown, R. R. Brunier, H. Bunting, J. A. Byrne, E. A. Cain, R. B. Callahan, C. Cardos, J. B. Carr, G. S. Childs, C. Chipman, J. Cohen, V. M. Cole, R. J. Comyns, B. F. Connolly, C. B. Cox, E. G. L. Cronemeyer, H. C. Crosby, P. A. Cullinan, B. B. Dakin, G. Darift, M. I. Davis, F. Dawson, H. E. Dean, F. C. Dick, F. J. Donohue, C. E. Dutcher, F. G. Edwards, B. B. Eggerseen, I. Ehrenreich, I. M. Eisenkoff, E. P. Enfer, B. R. Epstein, S. L. Epstein, M. Evensky, B. H. Faulkner, E. Feinberg, C. K. Feldman, M. A. Finnen, A. B. Foye, A. S. Fried, C. Friedman, W. H. Friend, J. H. Gellen, M. V. Genese, A. Gerken, A. Gottheimer, G. M. Gremmel, C. F. Griffis, J. R. Grigg, Jr., C. W. Grimmelmann, M. A. Grove, J. G. Hall, W. V. Hall, W. W. Hamill, H. F. Heidgard, F. Heinbokel, S. Heller, B. E. Herrmann, P. V. Hickey, A. Hirsch, S. G. Hochman, H. E. Hooley, R. F. Horst, (as of the class of 1909;) C. J. Hoy, W. Isenberg, M. Iwasaki, D. J. Johnstone, W. N. Kanehann, Jr., G. Y. Katow, M. Kaufman, W. T. Kenney, L. Kiefer, Jr., D. Klein, M. Kletsky, I. Kobshinsky, N. Kraft, L. Kramer, A. J. Kuesel, B. H. Kuiman, N. H. Lambert, H. F. Langland, C. P. Lederman, B. Leight, M. Levin, D. Levine, L. H. Levine, M. S. Levine, H. Levy, S. Lobel, W. H. Longe, F. J. McGoldrick, Jr., J. F. McTyier, J. J. Mackey, Marder, M. P. Markowitz, B. M. Meyer, B. Miller, C. Miller, H. Miller, B. T. Morris, C. C. Moskowitz, A. S. Murphy, H. Nankin, M. Nathans, C. S. Nichols, T. Nishio, B. I. Outwin, B. Pachmel, H. F. Pelton, C. J. Pintel, M. Plager, H. S. Puder, E. A. Putnam, A. J. Rabinowitz, F. E. Rackliffe, Jr., L. L. Raymour, E. H. Rechberger, F. W. Reed, P. E. Reilly, M. B. Reisman, J. C. Roman, H. Rosenblum, A. Rosenstein, W. M. Ross, S. Rubenstein, L. E. Rusch, F. M. Santangelo, J. Savitsky, B. B. Schattman, M. B. Schiffer, S. Selinger, D. Sherman, A. W. Sherwood, H. Shulman, J. O. Simmons, B. Sinar, S. Singh, H. B. Slater, A. L. Sloan, A. N. Smith, H. B. Smith, H. M. Solomovitz, S. Spritzer, A. Stephens, A. H. Stiglitz, G. J. Strong, O. J. Sufrin, I. R. Swift, W. Way Tam, S. Thatcher, P. F. Terrill, W. G. Thompson, C. G. Thomson, F. C. Thomson, R. W. Thorn, J. Trawinski, H. van der Vate, A. G. Vellek, S. Wahl, R. J. Wamester, G. H. Weiman, E. E. Welch, M. Wexler, W. Wider, F. Williams, E. G. Windels, G. A. Wuerfel, Jr.

CERTIFICATE OF THE SCHOOL OF COMMERCE.—L. Bader, J. L. Barnett, G. N. Boessinger, G. M. Broemier, J. Cohen, Miss L. D. Haldimand, J. L. Harvey, G. Hathaway, W. Katzenberger, E. B. Kenney, C. L. Kleinknecht, F. J. Leyerle, H. J. Meyer, E. J. Murtha, Miss Emma Roth, J. I. Sapinkopf, L. Schiefer, A. Schneier, C. Stemmerman, M. Stern, A. MacC. Winter.

The Prizes Awarded.

A. Ogden Butler Classical Fellowship—Francis M. Barranco, Brooklyn.

A. Ogden Butler Philosophical Fellowship—Israel Z. Toub, Butler, N. J.

A. Ogden Butler Euclean Prizes—First, Charles H. Noxon, Jr., New Rochelle; second, Everett R. Gardner, Jersey City.

Herman Ridder German Prize—Israel Lavenburg, Mount Vernon.

William H. Inman Fellowship—Bruce Robinson Silver, Roxbury, N. Y.

S. S. F. B. Morse Medal in Physics—Lawrence L. Bristol, Jr., New York.

George Augustus Sandham Oration Prizes—First, Ubaldo J. Marra; second, Joseph Spath Zisdi.

Frederick Seward Gibson Prize—Abraham Sinberg, New York.

Sherborne Vernon Damerel Prize—William Aloysius Lynch, Brooklyn.

Class of 1907 Debating Medals—First, Arthur Parsons Lewin, Newark; second, Daniel Stern Schwartz, Brooklyn; third, Abraham Morris Fabian, Paterson.

William A. Hoe Sanitary Engineering Prize—George Harold Bogart.

Samuel B. Duryea Fellowship—John Simons Coldwell.

William G. Inman Fellowship—Bruce Robinson Silver.

Examination Prizes and Scholarships in the School of Law—Day Division: First prize of $75, Harry A. Silberstein, A. B.; second prize of $50, Abraham Gromenstein, New York; first honorable mention, Horace Roberson, Bayonne; second honorable mention, Abraham Wofsey, New York. Evening Division: Honorable mention, William Percy McCool, New York; Miss Frances Schuman, New York.

Appointments and Award of Prizes in the University and Bellevue Hospital Medical College—The Valentine Mott Medal, George J. Geisler; the Glover C. Arnold Surgical Prize of $100, Charles M. Robbins. Hospital appointments have been given to all the members of the graduating class.

Accounting Prize—Arthur B. Foye, Brooklyn.

Alpha Kappa Psi Prize—E. Alfred Davies, Nyack.

Delta Sigma Pi Prize—Joseph H. Gellen, Chicago.

The Dean's Prize in Practical Economics—John Mitchell, Shenectady.

The Business English Prize—John L. Anderson, Newark; honorable mention to J. D. Willard, Jersey City.

MARSHALL PRODS STATES.

They Have Duties in Corporate Control, He Tells Maine Graduates.

ORONO, Me., June 10.—Vice President Marshall addressed a class of 120 members at the commencement exercises of the University of Maine today, and in turn received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws at the hands of President Robert J. Aley. The Vice President spoke on "Intellectual Bravery," saying in part: "In 1850 we had a Republic where labor was satisfied, where respect for religion and reverence for law and order and a sincere attachment to the Constitution were strong. In that year the proportion of the annual wealth created in the country by the joint efforts of labor and capital was one-fourth to labor and three-fourths to capital. Sixty years later the proportion had changed to less than one-fifth to labor and more than four-fifths to capital. This disproportion, to my mind, has much to do with our present discontent.

"Usurious interest is no more, but usurious profit has taken its place. The young man in assuming leadership must create a public opinion and develop a moral sentiment against usurious profit as against usurious interest. Evidence of a disposition on the part of corporate wealth to accept this view is not lacking. I dare the prediction that the railroads of the country would welcome a permanent 5 per cent. or 6 per cent. accumulative profit in exchange for their greater profit and the doubt, risk and abuse which come with it.

"To control our corporations, it becomes a State's duty to place in office vigorous and honest officials who will hale offenders into court and vindicate the honor of their State laws instead of elevating into office men who will quietly sit by and wait for the general Government to devise some plan to prevent the evil and to punish the wrongdoer. If State's rights are to be preserved, the young men of tomorrow must take up this cry of State's duties: otherwise, our pleasing vision of Uncle Sam as a patriarchal gentleman with a beneficent smile on his face toward American manhood striving for success, will change to that of a quack doctor placarded, 'When others fail, consult me.'"

SYRACUSE HONORS GOV. GLYNN

Made an LL. D. by the University —Other Complimentary Degrees.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., June 10.—Gov. Glynn spoke at the commencement exercises of Syracuse University today and was the recipient of the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws.

Arriving on the campus, the Chief Executive of the State was honored by the Governor's salute of nineteen guns fired by members of Battery A. When he appeared on the rostrom he was greeted by a burst of applause, accompanied by college yells.

In his informal address, the Governor paid a tribute to Chancellor Day and said he was glad to be a member of the class of 1914. In closing, the Governor said:

"I hope that when the curfew rings for me at the end of this life all the graduates of Syracuse will feel that the ermine just placed on my shoulders has never been besmirched or spotted by any deed that would not meet with the approbation of the Christian spirit of this great old university."

Other honorary degrees conferred were: LL.D., Judge Frank H. Hiscock of the Court of Appeals; Litt. B., Miss Mary Wolcott Green; Sc. D., James S. Whipple, Salamanca; George Geat Atwood, Albany; Edmund L. French, Syracuse; D. D., the Rev. George Kriser Statham, Albany; the Rev. George Fletcher Shepherd, Rome; the Rev. Philip Harrison Riegel, Syracuse; the Rev. William Henry Yard, Oneida; the Rev. Harry F. Murkland, Newark, N. J.; S. T. D., the Rev. Charles Scott Deming, Seoul, Korea; the Rev. Gideon Frank Draper, Tokio, Japan; M. S. in C. E., William E. Hamlin, Pasadena, Cal.

There were 397 members in the graduating class.

OLD UNION HONORS ROOT.

Senator Deplores Popularity as the Test for Political Nominees.

Special to The New York Times.

SCHENECTADY, June 10.—Senator Elihu Root was the chief speaker today at the 118th commencement of Union College. His subject was "Democracy." Following his address the honorary degree of LL. D. was conferred upon him as a "steadfast friend and defender of Constitutional Government." The honorary degree of LL. D. was to be conferred upon Gov. Glynn, but he was unable to be present. Gov. Glynn will receive the degree next Fall at the 100th anniversary of the removal of Union College to its present site. The degree of M. A. was conferred upon George T. Gale of Galesburg, Ill., grandson of the founder of Knox College, and the degree of Doctor of Literature upon Edward W. Rice of Philadelphia, a graduate of the class of 1854. There were sixty-one graduates. Senator Root said, in part:

"Popular action is too often guided by feeling rather than by judgment. If one seeks a lawyer to try a case, or a physician to cure illness, or an engineer to build a bridge, he does not take the selection with a view to rewarding some one whom he likes, but he seeks some one who can do the things that are to be done—a competent, trustworthy, skillful lawyer, or physician, or engineer. Yet, when some one is to be selected to carry on government, the chances are that the same men will select somebody because they like him, because he is a good fellow, and they would like to give him the salary or the honor of office. Popularity and not competency becomes the test."

Senator Root maintained that many of the evils of Government for which the people for several years have sought remedies were due to the failure of the people themselves properly to perform their political duties.

ALMON GUNNISON RESIGNS.

Has Been Head of St. Lawrence University 14 Years—LL. D. for Hedges

Special to The New York Times.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., June 1.—Almon Gunnison, who has been President of St. Lawrence University at Canton for fourteen years, has tendered his resignation, to become effective on Nov. 1, 1915. He has been instrumental in building St. Lawrence University from a small institution of a few scattered and poorly equipped buildings to the largest institution in northern New York.

President Gunnison suffered a severe attack of illness a year ago, from which he has never fully recovered.

Job E. Hedges of New York received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws at the St. Lawrence commencement today. He was the only one thus honored this year.

J. M. Gidding & Co.

564-566-568 FIFTH AVENUE AT 46TH ST.

Feature, today, in their June Sale Events

$65 to $100 Silk Dresses—at $35

Afternoon, dinner and dance styles, in the newest Parisian effects; just made from reserve selections of high-cost imported fabrics.

Dance Frocks and Tailored Serge Dresses—ones and twos from regular lines—formerly $35 to $75 to close at $18 and $25

Tailleur Suits—formerly $45 to $65—at $25

An assembling of remaining lines; new and desirable styles.

$45 to $85 Silk and Cloth Capes & Coats, $25, $35

A Closing Out of

$18 to $38 Dark Tailleur Hats—at $5 and $8

Panama Hats—for sports and outing wear—$5

White Sailors—White Satin Hats—Black Velvet Hats and other very new Parisian effects, $10, $15, $20.

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42nd and 43rd Streets, West of Fifth Avenue.

Announce for Today, a very special offering of

Men's High Grade Mohair Suits

Made of the Celebrated Priestley Mohair Fabrics,

At $14.50 a Suit

Regular Values $18.00, 20.00 and 22.00

THIS very fortunate purchase was secured just at the moment when men are interested in securing cool Summer clothing, and this offering on the Third Floor, today, presents the very best grade of these cool fabrics, in solid colors of blue, black or gray, and various stripes in black-and-white, blue-and-white, gray-and-white, and neat fancy designs. These suits are splendidly tailored; 34 to 50 inch chest measure; regular, stout, long and short proportions.

The Bride's Silver

This Heppelwhite design, and others quite as beautiful, can be furnished in chests, large or small, or in single pieces. Our Cache Table, a silver chest in the form of a handsome mahogany serving table, is an acceptable innovation.

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***Every pair* of silk gloves made by Julius Kayser & Co. has the name**

"The Kayser" *in the hem*

Look for and insist upon this *proof* of quality and genuineness.

When you ask for and pay for the genuine "Kayser" Silk Gloves, be sure you get them. There is one certain way to protect yourself and get the best—look for the name "Kayser" in the hem.

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New customers compliment us daily on our pleasing patterns and the broad variety we are showing.

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MAYOR TELLS GREAT PUBLIC SCHOOL PLAN

Proposes Vocational, Technical, and Continuation Training for All Pupils.

STUDIED IT IN THE WEST

Board of Education Has Engaged Experts to Devise Scheme to Suit New York's Needs.

Mayor John Purroy Mitchel, who gave the customary Commencement Day address at New York University yesterday morning, dwelt at length on the defects of the New York public school system and on the changes which he thought, from his study of schools in the Middle West which he made on his late trip, would be of benefit.

Mayor Mitchel, after the customary greeting and congratulatory remarks to the audience, said, in part:

"It is true, I think, that the university represents the American ideal of education—that is, of opening the opportunity to advancement to the very highest places in the community. But underlying that ideal is the theory of American education that we should give to all the children, through education, opportunity for self-development to the highest places in the community. The educational problem, as I see it, is to develop a system of education that will open that opportunity not alone to the men and to the women in our universities, but to all the children of the community. That is a very great problem and one that you, when you take your places in the community life of this city or this country, will have to meet. Let us just see how great a problem it is in New York.

"In all the colleges and technical schools there are in this city about 19,000 pupils, but in our elementary and parochial schools about 800,000 students, and in our high schools about 45,000. As a financial problem, as it comes to the City Government in terms of dollars and cents, you get your idea from the fact that out of our budget of $183,000,000, approximately $40,000,000 goes to public education. Now, the problem of the educational authorities and of the Board of Estimate is to deal with this great mass of humanity in our schools, and to devise means to equip them for the battle of life, as found within the limits of this city.

"Now see what happens in our public schools today. In our elementary public schools there are or were in the year of 1912-1913 approximately 661,000 students. In a single year 86,000 were entered but in the eighth year, the graduating year of the elementary schools, out of that 86,000 there survived only 48,000. Of the graduates 41,000 qualified for entrance to the high schools, but of the 41,000 who qualified approximately only 23,000 actually entered, and in the fourth year, the year of graduation from the high school, only 4,697 survived.

"There is the mortality of the public school system of this city. Where do they go? They go somewhere. How are they equipped to do the work that they take up?

"It is the belief of some of us that the system is not equipping them effectively to take those places. Is it not an obligation that the City of New York devise means of equipping them for these walks of life? That is the problem, and it is to interest you in that problem, to enlist your aid, that I am speaking to you this morning.

"New York is the greatest industrial and commercial city in this country. It produces one-tenth of all the manufactures of the United States. Its commerce in imports represents 57 per cent. of all the imports of the United States, and its exports upward of 37 per cent.

"We want in this city, it seems to me, to develop a comprehensive plan of industrial education in our schools, vocational training, industrial education, and the City Government co-operation with community life along educational lines.

"What are the purposes? Not only to equip these boys and girls to take their places in industry and commerce. Its purposes, too, are cultural. Its effects are cultural, and its purposes are selective; to permit them to find out their own aptitudes in school and to choose intelligently the work into which they shall go. Americans do not want to limit in advance and to catalogue a boy or a girl in school to a particular walk of life. They want the door of opportunity left wide open. But they do want that boy or girl equipped technically as well as culturally, to determine for himself or for herself into what line of endeavor he or she wishes to go. In order to study what is being done in other cities, President Churchill, of the Board of Education, and I planned a trip through the Middle West. We went to Cincinnati, to Gary, and to Chicago, to study what is being done there in industrial education and vocational training.

"I want to give you briefly what I believe to be the chief features of the system there, and of the system here, as we have learned it. In the first place, there is what is called the pre-vocational training, that training that is given the younger boys and girls in the elementary schools. We found that system in Gary and in Cincinnati. It is in operation in New York, but only in two schools.

"In Gary, Mr. Wirt has worked out a most interesting system of education. The thing that struck me most was that he has gathered into one building all his classes, from the kindergarten to the upper grade of high schools. The little boys and the little girls go into the laboratory or the workroom and observe the operations of the older boys, to develop that interest in it, to get an understanding of it before they actually take up the work themselves. And Mr. Wirt has found that he can take them through the course without losing anything of its value in a year less time by that method. Every boy is required to go into this shop and spend a part of his schoolday there. And I think I can say to you that never have I observed such complete concentration as those children showed in the foundries and the workshops that we went through. When these children come to the upper years of the high school they are equipped at least to choose intelligently into what walk of life they will go.

"Then there is what is called the continuation school. In Chicago we saw a class of young men, of plumbers, who were earning their livelihood in industry, but who came back for an hour a week to take courses in the high school, and that at the expense of their employers, and their employers found it quite profitable to give them that amount of time each week. That work in the high school was closely co-ordinated with the work in their trade. They were taught arithmetic in terms of plumbing, they were taught sanitation in terms of plumbing, they were taught construction in terms of plumbing, and when they complete that course instead of finding themselves unable to advance, the opportunity is open to them to go on to the higher ranks in their walk of life and to take their places as leaders in their own industry. We want that too, I think, established in New York. We want the supplementary continuation school. We want it for its cultural values, and we want it for its technical value in training these young men to take their places in the community.

"Then there is, thirdly and lastly, the specific technical trade training. We have that here. We have three splendid technical trade high schools. But it is limited to a very few of the children. To build trade high schools to permit all the boys to elect for that kind of training would mean an expenditure of millions, not to be thought of in our financial condition. But there is another means, it seems to me, for getting that training for all who want it in this city, and that is the co-operative plan.

"The prime object of our trip to the West was to see that plan at work in Cincinnati. There Dean Schneider of the Engineering School of the University, has developed it to its highest point. His men in the engineering and technical courses spent two weeks in the shop or the foundry or the industry, whatever it may be, and two weeks in the classrooms. He sends out into the shop representatives of the university known as co-ordinates, who study the method of the shop, and who come back and co-ordinate the work of the university, in order that it may dovetail with it, and that their training may be arranged accordingly. And they are prepared at the university to change their course of study whenever the need arises as developed by the conditions that are found in industry. And he has found that the men he turns out are the men who get the highest salaries, who achieve the greatest success, and the owners of the factories and the operators of industry are hungry to get them. They have developed the same plan of co-operation. Dean Schneider laid down the plan for them and it is in operation today, carried down into the lower schools. Now, it seems to me that the opportunity is here for New York to formulate for itself a plan for pre-vocational, for supplementary, and for co-operative industrial education.

"President Churchill plans to bring to this city men to make a study for a short period of our conditions, and to formulate for us a plan that we can discuss. We are in co-operation with him to open to all the boys and girls in the public schools of this city the opportunities that industrial education means for them.

"There is one other phase of co-operative work that I want to draw your attention to this morning particularly because New York University is the pioneer in this in the city of New York—I mean the co-operation of the university with the City Government for three purposes: First, to train through its own courses men who will be able to take their place in the City Government with understanding and intelligence and equipment. Secondly, to supply to those already in the employ of the city, to the great body of city employes, if they see fit to take advantage of it, the opportunity to supplant their specific and specialized training in the city with the cultural courses the university can offer. Thirdly, the co-operation which means the university's attack upon and aid in solving the problems that are presented to the City Government.

"I say the New York University is the pioneer. Your Chancellor, in conference with me and the City Chamberlain, Mr. Bruere, some months ago offered the co-opcration of this university, and we gladly accepted, and already it has begun. Already the university has sent down its representatives to make an appraisal of the technical plan of the City Government, and we are planning the co-operative courses. I think that the university has set a precedent that will have to be followed shortly by the other colleges and universities of the city."

NEW BUILDINGS FOR N. Y. U.

Alumni to Reduce Their Lunch Bills for Ten Years to Pay for It.

Faculty, alumni, and students of the New York University School of Commerce, Accounts, and Finance have agreed that a new building is needed for that department of the university, in Washington Square. Last night 400 alumni, at the annual dinner in the Broadway Central Hotel, pledged themselves to fill this need.

Prof. Jeremiah Jenks of the Department of Political Economy proposed the campaign in an after-dinner speech. It has the sanction of Chancellor Brown and Dean Joseph French Johnson. The active work of the campaign is in charge of Herbert N. Casson, an advertising man, who boomed it in a practical speech.

By this plan $100,000 is to be raised among the 900 members of the alumni of the School of Commerce. The other $400,000 is to be raised by popular subscription. The first step met with success last night, and several hundred signatures were obtained.

Prof. Jenks figured out that with compound interest he could raise exactly $100,000 in ten years by getting 250 men to subscribe $2 a month for that period and 150 additional men to subscribe $1 a month.

"That makes just 6 2-3 cents a day for the 250 who will give $2 a month and 3 1-3 cents for the 150 who will subscribe $1 a month for ten years," announced Prof. Jenks. "Now I propose that you cut those amounts out of your daily luncheon bills. You will be better off and you will have your building. You see, it is very easy."

The idea was popular, and the diners shouted with enthusiasm over the prospect of cutting down their midday meals. Prof. Jenks was hailed as a genius.

Prof. Jenks said he felt sure that the project would go through. He passed out circulars containing a drawing of the proposed building, some ten stories high and very roomy. The building, he said, would have classrooms, administrative offices, dormitories, restaurant, gymnasium, swimming pool and club quarters for alumni.

Among those at the dinner were Dr. Andrew I. Ten Eyck, assistant to Chancellor Brown; Sean Johnson, Dr. Rudolph Bender, Charles A. Tonsor, Prof. C. W. Gesstenberg, Prof. E. J. Kildorff, Prof. G. B. Hotchkiss, and Orin Reynolds Judd. R. J. Wamester, President of the class of 1914, led the singing and rooting.

VASSAR OVATION TO TAYLOR.

Ex-President Honored at Commencement—Gifts of $75,000 Announced.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 10.—Vassar College closed today. Simultaneously the forty-ninth annual commencement exercises came to an end. Dr. James Munroe Taylor, ex-President of the college, received an ovation from the graduating class, the alumnae, the parents and friends of the students. Diplomas were awarded to 248 graduates.

The exercises were held in the chapel. Dr. Taylor, the Rev. W. P. Rhodes of Brooklyn, President of the Board of Trustees; the Faculty, and alumnae of the college sat on the platform. Papers were read by students. Dr. Taylor mentioned the need of new college buildings in a short address.

At noon the Trustees gave a luncheon to the graduates, Faculty, and alumnae. Dr. Taylor made announcement of gifts and endowments of nearly $75,000. Of this, $17,483 was the total of the reunion gift toward the education endowment fund. Two gifts of $20,000 each were received from Jesse H. Metcalf of Providence, R. I., and the estate of Adolph Sutro.

WOMAN KILLED BY FRIGHT.

Dies After Fall in Which She Suffers Little Injury.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., June 10.—Although an examination revealed that she had no severe injuries, Mrs. William Dawson, 58 years old, was dead when members of her family ran to her after she fell from a second story window of her home in Florence Park yesterday.

A physician said that Mrs. Dawson had been frightened to death by her plunge from the window. The wedding of her niece, which was to have been held today, was postponed because of the tragedy.

Hand-Stitched "Court" Shoes

with rubber or "cork-and-rubber" soles, in the coolest of "wearable" Canvasses and Buckskins. The uppers are flexible and shape-retaining—the soles light and "springy."

Our Golf Shoes are moulded to the old adopted last, universally agreed upon as thoroughly "right" for the purpose. They are stoutly stitched, appropriately designed and will not slip on the greensward.

We particularly recommend them for society's athletic activities, firmly believing them to be a proper addition to the sports equipment of man or woman.

Custom Dept. in Connection.

MARTIN & MARTIN

BOOTMAKERS FOR MEN AND WOMEN

1 East 35th St., New York

CALLS DRESS MANIA A PERIL TO WOMEN

"Clothes Mad," Says Mrs. Burdette of Her Sex, Addressing Federation in Chicago.

SEES HOME THREATENED

Charge That Styles Are Immoral Stirs Hearers at Biennial Session —Suffrage Puzzles Delegates.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 10.—Mrs. Robert J. Burdette, addressing a conference in the Auditorium Theatre this afternoon of delegates to the biennial convention of the Federation of Women's Clubs, assailed present-day fashions of dress as universal and perilous in their tendencies. Mrs. Burdette described women as "clothes mad" in their desire to follow the dictates of foreign dressmakers.

Mrs. Burdette's paper caused a very animated discussion, and in the end resolutions were adopted criticising foreign dressmakers and urging clubwomen to encourage domestic dress designers.

Mrs. C. L. Atwood of Minneapolis opened the discussion of Mrs. Burdette's paper.

"I believe we can have a standard that will prohibit indecency," she said.

"I should like to know," questioned a delegate in the rear of the theatre, "just what percentage of women wear the garments described by Mrs. Burdette."

"Just stand on any street corner," retorted Mrs. Wood, Chairman of the conference, "and I think you can answer that question for yourself."

"I think that we can set a standard that will provide a skirt that is wide enough to step in," said Mrs. Blankenburg, wife of the Mayor of Philadelphia. "We are all going to vote some day and we should have skirts wide enough so that we can walk to the polls. Our clothes should be modest as well as comfortable. We need American manufactures for American women."

Mrs. F. G. Patrick, delegate from Nevada, protested against high heels and narrow toes on shoes. Her remarks caused much applause.

"Style" at All Hazards.

The theatre was crowded when Mrs. Burdette took the platform.

"Whether clothes were first worn as an ornamental covering or for protection matters little," Mrs. Burdette said, "for we seem even to this day to consider the first of prime importance. No matter if the neck be exposed nearly to the waist line and the limbs nearly half way to the knees, if only the style be followed, health and suggestiveness are lost sight of in the craze to be in fashion.

"Miss Grace Hutchins, costume designer of Columbia University, says the morals of a woman are read in her gowns, and that slovenly dress indicates her mental traits; that the woman who is addicted to extreme styles is sure to be an extremist in everything else. But she adds she does not believe that every woman who wears immoral clothes is necessarily immoral. She rather believes that a large percentage of them recklessly and relentlessly follow prevailing fashions without knowing why.

"As the fashions are today a woman would have to design nearly everything for herself if she would not wear immoral clothes. The reason is plain enough: Fashions, especially French fashions, are not designed for good women. They will not spend enough money to suit the merchants. That is the reason that every new fashion is designed originally for the demi-monde of Paris."

Mrs. Burdette asserted that American women were "clothes mad."

"Throughout Europe," she continued, "the women of high nobility and social position are like wrens compared with these cockatoos of the half-world. It is an unpleasant thought that it is the latter who set the standard which our fashionable women follow with avidity.

"The hobble was the supreme effort of the French designers on behalf of the great French manufacturers of silk goods, who are their masters. For the less material required to make a skirt, the greater number of women can, and naturally will, wear silk instead of cotton.

"The following of fashion dictation causes foolish women to eat their hearts out with longings they cannot affford to gratify; leads to unhappiness, the ruination of homes, and the bartering of virtue itself."

Mrs. Burdette said that women should determine for themselves the style of dress that was most becoming, and then stick to that style.

"No one thing today in a woman's life," she continued, "more saps her strength, time, means and nervous vitality than the triple-headed lion that guards every event of daily life in the form of the questions, 'What shall I wear?' 'How shall it be made?' and 'How shall it be paid for?'"

Delegates Discuss Procedure.

The delegates applauded Mrs. Burdette warmly. A discussion then followed regarding the procedure of the convention.

Mrs. Blankenburg went to the platform and turned the laugh of the delegates on themselves. She wore a skirt of ample folds and a waist modest and comfortable. For fifteen minutes before Mrs. Blankenburg stood up delegate after delegate had spoken to the effect that copies of resolutions should be in the hands of the President of every club by the January preceding the convention.

Then Mrs. Blankenburg got the floor and said:

"The resolutions are available, and always have been available, not only to Presidents of clubs and State federations, but to any member who will take the trouble to get the printed record. They are to be had in October preceding the convention—you don't have to wait to January. There's something for you to think over."

Suffrage Will Not Down.

It was apparent tonight at the opening of the convention proper that the question of woman suffrage was to come squarely to the front. Ardent suffragists are determined that the convention shall indorse the movement, while many delegates oppose any such action. A council of delegates met this morning to discuss the policy of the convention in regard to the suffrage question. Mrs. Grace Wilbur Trout, President of the Illinois Equal Suffrage Association, favored an indorsement of suffrage.

The opposite side was taken by Mrs. Z. I. Fitzpatrick, President of the Georgia Federation, "I am against woman suffrage," she said. "Women's clubs of Georgia have had no difficulty in getting their measures passed by the Legislature. We are the power behind the throne now, and would lose, not gain, by a change. I am opposed to bringing the question, with its attendant train of politics, into the federation. Politics means dissension."

"Suffrage remains an open question," was the assertion of Mrs. Percy V. Pennybacker of Austin, Texas, President of the federation. "Personally, however, I approve of it."

"I do not think it would be wise for this convention to indorse a suffrage resolution," said Mrs. A. P. Coon, Recording Secretary of the federation. "This is a question for the suffragists themselves to decide in their own States. I, as an individual, am suffragist."

INVITE FEDERATION HERE.

New York Delegates Actively at Work for the Convention of 1916.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 10.—The New York delegates to the convention of the General Federation are anxious that the next convention shall be held in their home city. "New York, 1916," is their slogan. They expect no serious opposition. Among the New York delegates are many well-known women who have taken part in the many pre-convention conferences on matters affecting the federation.

Mrs. William Todd Helmuth, Honorary President of the New York State Federation, one of the founders of the General Federation, predicted today that woman suffrage would prevail throughout the Union within a few years.

"The big question before all women's clubs is the question of equal representation," Mrs. Helmuth said. "It overshadows our work for better schools, better streets, and better government."

Mrs. Helmuth, who for eight years has been President of the Pioneers' Club, an organization composed of the founders of the General Federation and officers of that organization who served prior to 1900, will entertain at dinner on Saturday night the members of the club and guests, including the Presidents of the various State federations.

Clubwomen from New York will be active in the work of the convention. Among those who will present papers are Mrs. Gardner Raymond, Miss Helen Varick Boswell, Miss Mary Wood, Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, Miss Anna Maxwell Jones, Mrs. Philip Carpenter, Mrs. Charlotte Perkins Gilman, Mrs. D. T. S. Denison, and Mrs. May Riley Smith.

Other well-known clubwomen here are Miss M. F. Cramer, Mrs. Harriet Holt Dey, Mrs. John W. Ford, Mrs. O. M. Hardesley, Mrs. J. W. Loeb, Mrs. Elias Sellick Osborn, Mrs. Henry W. Phelps, Mrs. Austin Palmer, Mrs. R. A. Purdy, and Mrs. Stephen Dover Stephens.

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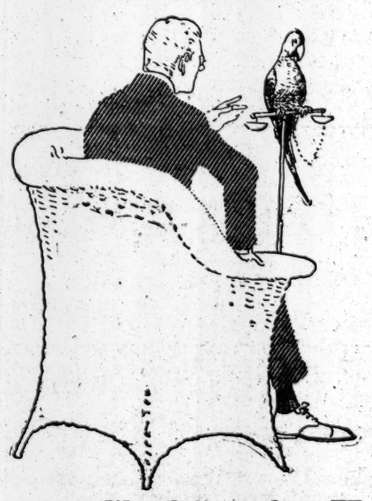


Well-dressed men look for this sale, because it means saving from nearly 25% to over 40% on the best suits it is possible to buy ready to wear, and which they would be glad to possess—and wear—at full prices.

It is our own stock clean-up, in fact, only our finest suits.

Plain colors and distinctive fancy effects, such as plaids, checks and stripes in excellent all-wool materials.

A variety of models, notable for their adherence to the requirements of good taste.

And a good choice in every size from 34 to 48 chest.

Now $25 each.

Clothing for Very Hot Days

New, Men's well-tailored Suits, of Priestley cravenetted mohair, in blues, blacks, browns and grays, at $15, $18 and $20.

New, Men's Tennis Trousers, plain white or striped, at $5 instead of $7 and $8.

Men's Motoring Dusters, liberally cut, special at $3.50.

Fourth Floor

Annual Sale of Men's Sample Straw Hats

$3, $4 and Better Grades, $1.95

This sale is brought about by our purchase of all samples from the Bonar Phelps Company, 43 West 10th St., New York.

The least pretentious hat in this assortment usually costs at wholesale no less than Today's selling price.

Every fashionable straw model for 1914—Sennits with tapering crowns, all widths and styles of brims and edges in fine or coarse weaves; soft straw hats with pencil curled brims and many new styles in Leghorns—everything in fact that is new and desirable for 1914.

Also $5 South American Panamas, $3.95

Main and Fourth Floors

GIMBEL BROTHERS

BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD STREET

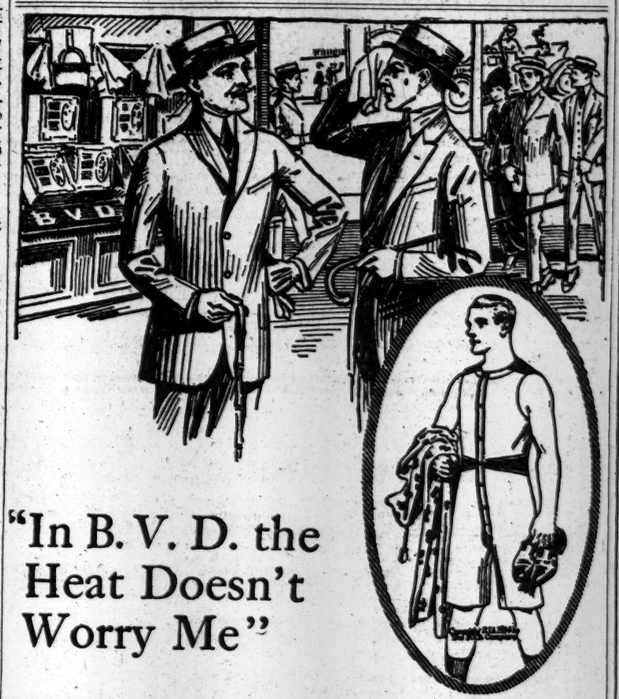
Wanted: Manager

Cream Separator Business

One of the largest cream separator manufacturers in Europe about to establish a branch office for the sale (not manufacture) of their separators in the United States is looking for a competent manager to organize sales, advertising, etc.

Applicants will please give full particulars, which will be treated in confidence.

Cream Separator,
P. O. Box 206 Madison Sq., New York.



"In B. V. D. the Heat Doesn't Worry Me"

WHY mutter and mop needlessly, when B. V. D. Underwear will keep you cool from out-o'-bed to in-again? It costs you so *little* and comforts you so *much*.

Thousands of men wear B. V. D. and smile. Their creed is "*keep cool!*" and "*cheer up!*"

By the way, remember that *not all* Athletic Underwear is B. V. D. On every B. V. D. Undergarment is sewed *This Red Woven Label*

B. V. D. Union Suits (Pat. U. S. A. 4-30-07) $1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $3.00 and $5.00 the Suit.

MADE FOR THE B.V.D. BEST RETAIL TRADE

B. V. D. Coat Cut Undershirts and Knee Length Drawers, 50c., 75c., $1.00 and $1.50 the Garment.

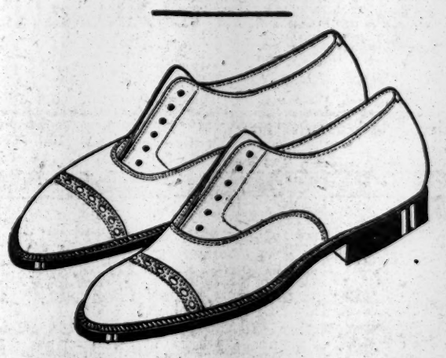
(*Trade Mark Reg. U. S. Pat. Off. and Foreign Countries*)

For your own welfare fix the B. V. D. *Red Woven Label* firmly in your mind and make the salesman *show* it to you. That positively safeguards you.

The B. V. D. Company, New York.

The Coward Shoe

"REG. U. S. PAT. OFF."



English Tan Oxfords

The most comfortable Summer footwear, made in the coolest of leathers.

JAMES S. COWARD, 264-274 Greenwich St., N. Y.
(NEAR WARREN STREET)
Mail Orders Filled SOLD NOWHERE ELSE Send for Catalogue

B. Altman & Co.

are displaying the latest Paris Novelty in Women's Two-piece Bathing Costumes

made of Jersey silk in black and a variety of striking color effects. These Costumes are distinctly chic, and have been accepted at Deauville and other fashionable French watering places.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

The New Public Utility

You business men are just learning that you need a modern, up-to-date City Directory.

"We have forgotten there was such a thing as a complete City Directory," said a New York business man yesterday. "We think we are getting along pretty well without one." That man was sincere. He did not know what a real City Directory could do for him and his business. He did not feel the need of a Polk Directory because he had never seen one.

A Money Message to You

You owe it to yourself to read the rest of this message, which we are paying for out of money earned in nearly 50 years of Directory making in 460 other cities and towns. The new City Directory, published by Polk, and printed by Trow, is the only answer to the following questions:

Where can you find the suburban home address of a New York business man after business hours?

Where can you find a complete classified index telling you where to buy every article under the sun—compiled from a careful canvass of every concern in New York, where every one will be asked—"under what headings should you be classified"—so that the buyer will know "who sells it" the case of all your goods?

Where can you find the names of the officers and executives of a firm or corporation or the partners in a copartnership?

Where can the Post Office Department find your address when your mail is wrongly directed?

Where can your acquaintances find your business connection and address when they want to do business with you or your firm through you?

Where can the public utility companies and merchants of New York look you up when they desire to extend the privileges of their Credit Department?

Where can the transportation companies look for the consignees of misdirected freight, express matter, etc.?

3 in 1 at ½

We are combining Trow's three Directories—General, Business, Copartnership and Corporation, in one volume, and selling it at half the original price of the three books.

600 trained Directory men will gather and double check the information for New York's oldest-newest Publication, more important to you than the City Hall, because it is made of live, responsive men and not of cold marble.

We will add to the business population of New York a new city of 400,000 by publishing the names of all those who do business in the city but live outside, and by our methodical and more thorough canvass in the city itself.

Give our representatives all needed information when they call—buy the new Directory—learn how to use it.

Write us the name of your official who is qualified to give us your information, or place this advertisement where the right man will see it and ask for our free prospectus.

R. L. POLK & CO.
INC.

Successors to the Directory, Addressing and Trow Alcolm Departments of the Trow Co.

91 Third Ave. (Trow Bldg.)
New York City.
Telephone: 1100 ORCHARD.

HEAR FROM LABOR IN DEPARTMENT STORES

Condition of Employes in Big Mercantile Houses Taken Up by Commission.

REPORT HOURS AND WAGES

Managers and Salespeople Present Both Sides of the Question of Workers' Welfare.

Conditions attending employment in the large department stores of the city were taken up yesterday at the hearing of the Federal Commission on Industrial Relations in the City Hall. Particular attention was given to the wages, the hours and the security of tenure, and the managers were questioned closely about their attitude toward the establishment of unions. While three or four retired employes told tales of unexpected dismissal, Miss Gertrude Beeks, Director of Welfare Work of the National Civic Federation, brought out many ways in which the stores were aiding their staffs, and the responsible heads of such establishments as Wanamaker's, McCreery's, Bloomingdales' and Gimbel Bros. described the policies of their firms.

Miss Beeks laid the foundation for the inquiry by explaining the work which the National Civic Federation had undertaken a year or so ago in investigating conditions. In this it had had the co-operation of members of the Dry Goods Retail Association.

"Charges of low wages and an immoral atmosphere," she said, "have been reiterated so often that there are few people who do not believe there is some truth in them. If the department stores of New York and Brooklyn were taken individually severe indictments could be found against some of them. On the other hand, we found that in many stores excellent conditions prevailed."

Miss Beeks took the ground that $8 a week was the minimum decent wage for women.

"We began to seek argument," went on Miss Beeks, "to induce merchants to raise wages. We hoped to find that other women working in occupations requiring approximately the same amount of intelligence received more than the department store girls, but our investigations seemed to show that however low were the wages paid by some department stores, they were still lower in other occupations."

Speaking of the undesirable features in department stores, Miss Beeks spoke of the long day and overtime at the Christmas season, the slow promotions, the fining and docking system, the lack of due notice of dismissal, poor or a complete lack of fire prevention, bad luncheon rooms and the absence of rest rooms. Her principal recommendation with regard to these grievances was the establishment of conciliation boards in the stores to which employes could take their grievances.

"Fear of almost certain dismissal," she said, "prevented saleswomen and men from complaining over their departmental heads. There should be a committee by which all grievances could be heard freely and without reserve."

For Benefit of Employes.

Miss Beeks mentioned some of the admirable features she had found in New York stores; a luncheon room which fed 2,000 employes at less than cost, a relief room for elevator men, a roof solarium and playground, distribution of cooled drinks twice a day in the hot weather, vacation benefits and homes, a circulating library and a drying room for wet clothes.

Preston P. Lynn, for the last twelve years manager of the New York store of John Wanamaker, took the stand. He said he employed 4,700 men and women of whom 60 per cent. were women. To all employes was guaranteed a certain weekly wage but they could add to it as the result of the commissions they were able to earn. The average pay of the saleswomen more than 18 years old was $9, he said, but there were thirty-one who received less than $8.

In the force of cashiers and tube girls there were some who received less than $8, but they were not full-fledged employes, and were not held responsible for any losses. The minimum wage for employes less than 16 was $4, and there were forty young girls receiving that amount. No fines were exacted for being late, and the only overtime was at Christmas, and for this there was compensation either by extra payment or by the grant of a vacation of one or two weeks, according to length of service.

Asked about the way in which employes were discharged, Mr. Lynn explained that there was an employment manager before whom such questions would come. When it was necessary to reduce the force, old employes received notice, or perhaps pay for one or two weeks, but no notice was given to those who had been taken on recently.

"What voice have the employes in settling their grievances?" Mr. Lynn was asked.

"None whatever," he replied. "I am judge of that, and I think it would cause all sorts of trouble if they had a voice."

The employes had a mutual benefit association to which the firm contributed by paying the cost of entertainments. They might belong to a union, Mr. Lynn said, but he would not "stand for" the walking delegate. If his people organized he would suppose they had need for it, but he would not permit them to organize in working hours.

"But suppose the union organized and raised the question of the terms of their employment?" asked Commissioner Garretson.

"I should be the best judge of those," said Mr. Lynn. "I should be very glad to meet all their demands, provided they had due regard for the needs of the business."

Treatment of Grievances.

Louis Stewart, President of James McCreery & Co. for fourteen years and general adviser of the Claflin stores, said that, considering commissions pretty nearly all his saleswomen got more than $9 a week, and he thought they averaged $15.50. Of the clerical force of ninety-six women more than 18 got more than $9, and fifty-three who did such work as sorting sales slips got less than $9. He thought that the least paid to a salesman was $12, and that of the fifteen messenger girls only five received less than $5.

In the McCreery store, Mr. Stewart said, there was no system of fines and there was little overtime. Asked about the question of grievances, he replied:

"The employes can go before the Superintendents, the General Superintendent, and then the Vice President, if they want to. There is naturally a little organization in the business itself. Of course, there is always some little dissatisfaction in a big concern."

"Who appoints these officials?" he was asked.

"They are appointed by the firm for their fitness. They are very capable men and very humane men. I do not believe it would be better if the employes had representation."

Mr. Stewart said that if there was talk of a union being organized outside among his people he would have no objection to that fact alone, but he would want to know what the grievances were.

Miss Dorothy G. Miller of 33 Debevoise Street, Brooklyn, told of some of her experiences as a department store worker. She said she had been in the Fourteenth Street Store, Henry Siegel & Co., and Rothenberg & Co. Her first wages were $5 as a cashier, but she afterward received $6 and $7. There were very few girls getting more than $7, she said. A very few received $9, but they either were working on the commission basis or were very old employes.

These figures, Miss Miller said, held good for the Brooklyn stores, but she did not know about McCreery's or Lord & Taylor's. Speaking of the Fourteenth Street store she said:

"The basement was very poor where the cashier worked. I have seen girls faint right away. Then there was the Mutual Benefit Association to which we were obliged to contribute 15 cents out of our $5 wages. We had to sign a paper promising to do so when we were engaged."

Miss Jeannette Smith told how she had been for nearly seventeen years with Wanamaker's and had worked up from $8 to $10. On Dec. 24 last, five minutes before closing time, she was asked by the aisle man to 'sign her slip' and she knew that she had been discharged. No fault had been found with her, she said, and they had been kind to her in letting her off to go to a hospital. When she had written to ask to appeal she had been told a place could not be made for her.

Benefits and Fines.

Hiram C. Bloomingdale, of Bloomingdale Brothers, described the conditions in his firm. No fine was imposed for lateness unless the accumulated tardiness in any week ran up to sixty minutes, and then 10 cents was withheld. The employes received a vacation with pay and a Summer cottage was maintained for them at Far Rockaway. The employes ran their own mutual benefit society and there were three funds contributed by his father, his uncle and his aunt for their aid.

Of the saleswomen 118 got $9 or more; 250 less than $9, and 208 less than $8. The minimum for girls was $4 and of the clerical force thirty received less than $9 and eight less than $8.

Jacob Gimbel of Gimbel Brothers, said the firm had 29 cash girls earning less than $9 and 21 less than $8, but it was an unwritten law that no women should be hired for less than $6, and the firm preferred to pay $7, $8 or $9. There were 237 saleswomen earning less than $9, and 150 less than $8.

If the question of a union came up, Mr. Gimbel said, the firm would consult with those of its employes on whom it could rely and would try to meet their wishes. Mr. Gimbel thought children should be sent to vocational schools, whereby they would be fitted for much better wages and have much brighter prospects.

Mrs. Mary Waxman, an investigator for the Council of Jewish Women, told how she was dismissed from Gimbel's store because she was late. She had received $7 and been advanced to $8, although she asked $10. She was an interpreter with a knowledge of seven languages, and had acted as such in the store, but when she was dismissed the 'resignation slip' was refused to her, and she was recorded as dismissed. Consequently, she said, employment in several other large stores had been refused her.

Mrs. Emily Goodell of 232 West 120th Street also had a tale of a sudden end to her connection with Gimbels. For more than two years she had been in charge of all the outgoing letters of the mail order department.

"On Jan. 31 last," she said, "half an hour before closing time, I was called into the department manager's office and was told that the management insisted that I be let out, as they wanted some one cheaper. I was getting $14. When I protested I was told the same thing was going on all over the city and in all the stores."

The investigation of department store conditions will continue today.

FLAMES RAINED ON THEM.

Mother and Child Burned When Lamp Exploded on Floor Above.

While Mrs. Edward Barney was heating a curling iron over an alcohol lamp near a window of her apartment on the third floor of 44 Pinehurst Avenue yesterday afternoon the lamp exploded. Some of the blazing alcohol fell from the window on Mrs. Mary Sturck and her four-months'-old daughter Dolores, who were on the second floor fire escape. The baby was so badly burned she will die, and her mother sustained serious burns. The child was taken to Washington Heights Hospital.

The window curtains of the Barney apartment were ignited and an alarm of fire was sent in. Before the firemen arrived, however, the blaze was extinguished by Edward Wood, telephone operator at the apartment.

Essex County Prosecutor Out.

Prosecutor Louis Hood of Essex County, N. J., will resign on July 1 to become general counsel for the Fidelity Trust Company of Newark. Mr. Hood will take the place of the late Samuel W. Beldon. Gov. Fielder has the names of several Essex County lawyers for Mr. Hood's place.

CARRIER PIGEONS IN HOTEL SERVICE

It Takes Less Than Three Hours to Get Answer from Philadelphia.

BOLDT RAISED THE BIRDS

Fly from Waldorf Roof to Bellevue-Stratford and Often Go Far Out to Sea.

Experiments with carrier pigeons have proved so successful, it was announced yesterday at the Waldorf, that a service has been established between that hotel and the Bellevue-Stratford, in Philadelphia. Assistant Manager Stewart said that he and Manager Frazer of the Bellevue-Stratford had been experimenting with pigeons raised on George C. Boldt's place, in the Thousand Islands, and that on Tuesday a demonstration had been made that showed their plan was entirely feasible.

"Numbers of persons starting for Europe have carried away one or more of our pigeons," said Mr. Stewart yesterday, "and have set them loose when their ship was 100 or 200 miles or even much further out, and the birds have always alighted on the roof of this hotel. That gave Mr. Frazer and myself the idea of establishing a service between this hotel and the Bellevue-Stratford. So we took half a dozen pigeons apiece and trained them to fly from one hotel to the other.

"Yesterday there was an important business matter which demanded Mr. Frazer's presence over here, and I decided to put our carrier service to a test. I looked up the subject of record flights for carriers, and came to the conclusion that I ought to send a message over to him and get an answer in three hours. I figured that the birds could do much better than that after a time, but was not sure. Anyhow, I thought I would see what they could do. I had a telegram ready to send if I did not hear from Philadelphia in the allotted time.

"I dispatched my pigeon at 10 o'clock sharp. By half past 12 I began to get a little anxious. Mr. Frazer might have been summoned out of his hotel on business, and might not have received the message in time. I came near calling him up on the long distance telephone, but in that event my experiment would have lost point. So I went up to the roof with a pair of field glasses. There are many pigeons that frequent the roofs of tall buildings in the neighborhood, and when I noticed them I wondered whether, if Frazer had started his bird, it might not alight among a flock of them. Then, of course, trying to find a particular pigeon in the strong sunlight you get in New York at a great altitude at midday is difficult. My glasses were useless.

"However, I located the direction of Philadelphia as best I could, and stood waiting in the deserted roof gardens, where I expected the pigeon to alight. All of a sudden something seemed to come down wheeling out of what seemed a clear sky. It landed at my feet. It was the pigeon I expected, I knew at a glance, because it had a quill tied to one leg. I unfastened it, and drew out a message from Frazer, saying he had received my note, and would be over on a late afternoon train. I glanced at my watch. It was just nine minutes to 1 o'clock."

"The time would have been a little better if I had been on the lookout myself," said Mr. Frazer. "However, I don't suppose ten minutes elapsed from the time Mr. Stewart's pigeon alighted on our roof until one of our pigeons was dispatched with the message. The experiment demonstrated to my mind that the carrier pigeon still has value. I was a little hesitant about going into it at the start, but now I recognize that Mr. Stewart, with his usual cleverness, had hit upon something that, in spite of the fact that it is old, gives the thrill of novelty in these jaded times. I do not know whether we shall attempt to establish a commercial service or not, but certainly for our private messages we propose to make good use of the carriers."

IS YOUR MORTGAGE DUE? CONSULT US

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital & Surplus $8,750,000
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
184 Montague Street, Brooklyn

The Protection of BORDEN service will be doubly important during summer months.

MILK is a delicate and highly perishable product. Winter or summer the task of getting it to you in the condition you should expect to have it is a task that requires willingness backed by intelligence, experience, and organized ability.

In the Summer time, however, the milkman's problems multiply tenfold. At this season nothing but the best efforts of the best equipped milkman can guarantee you protection against the evils of badly handled milk.

Borden Service offers you this protection. Will you let us demonstrate what it means?

BORDEN'S GRADE A MILK

PASTEURIZED

Pasteurized and Bottled in the Country. A Splendid Milk for Infants and Children. Sold at a price that MAKES IT AVAILABLE FOR THE WHOLE FAMILY.

BORDEN'S CONDENSED MILK CO.
108 HUDSON ST., N. Y. PHONE, FRANKLIN 5360

Greatest Hotel in the World not Large enough

Nothing succeeds like Success

THE Hotel McAlpin, already the greatest hotel in the world, finds it necessary to expand to meet the demands of its patrons.

An addition costing two million dollars is planned to be erected on the 34th Street side of the present structure.

Besides some 200 additional bedrooms and parlors, this addition will provide a magnificent new foyer, direct access to the hotel restaurants and public rooms, and a private entrance to the elevators.

The new bed-chambers will be unusually large and will be arranged en suite. The room tariffs, a principal factor in the wonderful success of the McAlpin, *are not to be changed.*

To meet the overwhelming demand for large and small rooms for banquets and private functions of various sorts, a number of rooms of suitable character will be included in the new structure.

Hotel McAlpin Service is of world-wide fame. This Service, a noteworthy cuisine, and a *moderate tariff* have all contributed toward making the new addition possible and will make it and the greater McAlpin a continuing success.

HOTEL McALPIN
34th and BROADWAY
Management of MERRY & BOOMER
Nearer *than* Anything *to* Everything

The McAlpin Roof Restaurant—breeze swept, cool and airy—will be opened on Monday, June 15 for luncheon.

This is important news

Today, Friday & Saturday

Men's $3, $3.50 & $4

Negligee Shirts

in the choicest Summer fabrics, designs and colorings,

at $2.10

They come to us by persuasion, having been alienated from the maker as a reciprocal favor for our regular business. They are beautiful shirts.

Made of fine silk-and-linens, rich Oxford silks, and imported Madras,

in scores of new patterns (including Russian cords), in blue, tan, gray, and helio shades, as well as pure white. Perfect merchandise, cut and tailored by a maker who has a microscopic eye for detail.

And don't forget that the first choice is usually the best one.

Men's Robes for beach or bedroom or both

New—just in—rich designs, exquisite colors—robes that are the acme of good taste at every price.

Handsome Terry Robes ..... $2.85 up
Mercerized Beach Robes ..... $2.85 up
Silk & Linen Beach Robes ..... $3.50 up
Pongee Bath Robes ..... $7.50 up
East Indian Silk Bath Robes ..... $10 each

Deserving of Special Attention

Saks Outing Garments

for discriminating men.

Clothes designed especially for the great out-doors—for golfing, tennis and motoring—for active participation in sport or for hanging around in the role of looker-on.

Mohair Coats & Trousers ..... $15 to $23
A large assortment of fabrics and models.

White Flannel Coats & Trousers ..... $20 & $22
Double, single, and Norfolk models.

Linen Coats & Trousers ..... $5 to $15
A variety of models, including Norfolks.

White & Striped Flannel Trousers ..... $3.75 & $5
The stripes in a variety of designs.

London-made White Trousers $9.00
Fine West of England flannel.

Blazer Coats, in various models $3.50
Both Norfolk and regulation models.

Silk Coats & Trousers ..... $17.50 & $20
The coats Norfolk or single breasted.

Norfolk Coats & Trousers ..... $17.50 to $25
Various fabrics and the coats in various models.

Practical Khaki Trousers ..... $1.50 & $2

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street.

DON'T BUY A PLAYER PIANO

until, at least, after writing us. Surprising information on request. Postal to Room 828, 505 Fifth Av., brings it.

REMEMBER THIS NAME
AND WHEN IN NEED OF HOSE THAT WILL WEAR LIKE THESE BE SURE TO GET THE
WONDERFUL WEAR-RESISTING
Interwoven TOE AND HEEL
UNCONDITIONALLY GUARANTEED
MANUFACTURED UNDER PATENTS
INTERWOVEN STOCKING CO.
NEW BRUNSWICK, N.J. U.S.A.
ALL WEIGHTS ALL COLORS
MADE IN LISLES SILKS & WOOLS
Interwoven TOE AND HEEL

The Ticket at the Top

It's your security against the countless *would-be* twin brothers your good friend the Interwoven Sock now has.

Don't buy silk socks without this ticket.

It identifies the genuine Interwoven, which is wearproofed at toe, heel, sole and ankle; has the tapering-in ankle; is without a seam.

All fashionable shades. Pure thread silk, 50c. Lisle, 25c, 35c, 50c.

Be sure they are marked *Interwoven.* The best wearing sock ever made.

INTER WOVEN

None genuine unless marked INTERWOVEN

Never sold under any other name

Something New

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Dental Cream

Prepared by a Doctor of Dental Surgery

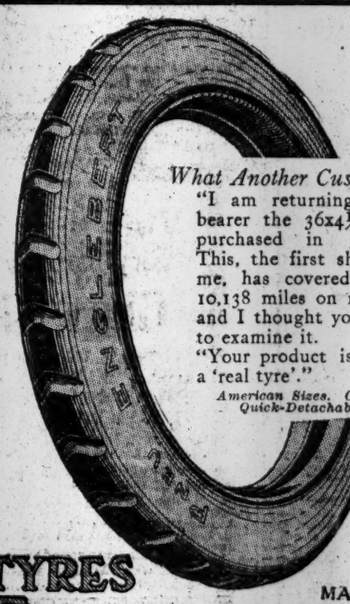
Has the same cleansing efficiency, antiseptic and antacid properties as Dr. Lyon's Perfect Tooth Powder—the *standard* dentifrice for half a century.

Dr. Lyon's Perfect Dental Cream is a decided advance in dental cream formulæ. Quickly soluble. Deposits no sticky masses between the teeth to encourage decay. Rinses thoroughly, leaving the mouth *completely* cleansed.

Write today sending 2 cents postage for free sample—week's supply—of either Dr. Lyon's Perfect Tooth Powder or Dr. Lyon's Perfect Dental Cream. I. W. Lyon & Sons, 520 W. 27th St., Dept. I, New York City.

Sold Everywhere

Look for the coupon in each package that entitles you to a tooth brush free.



What Another Customer Writes:

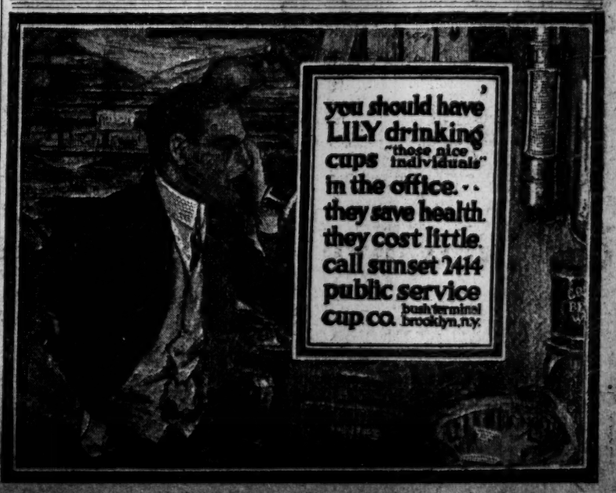
"I am returning to you by bearer the 36x4½ Englebert purchased in July, 1913. This, the first shoe you sold me, has covered a total of 10,138 miles on my Packard, and I thought you might like to examine it.

"Your product is what I call a 'real tyre'."

American Sizes, Clincher and Quick-Detachable Types.

TYRES ENGLEBERT MADE IN BELGIUM

ENGLEBERT TYRE CO., 1928 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.



Surety in Hosiery

means more than smart appearance. Comfort and wearing quality are essential. Twenty-nine years of experience means more in Stockings and Socks than in almost any other article of wearing apparel. We will be glad to help you be sure of just what you want at exactly what you want to pay.

PECK & PECK

588 Fifth Ave., at 48th St.
448 Fifth Ave., at 39th St.

She's Proud of her Dainty Feet

AND quite naturally, too. The difficulty is in getting a pair of shoes that will hold their stylish shape when they begin to grow old.

Come, let us fit you with Mayfairs, if you want to be more satisfied with style and fit than you ever were before.

Men's, women's and children's shoes. Educators, All Americas, Signets, Mayfairs.

SIGNET SHOE CO

Bronx Store: 3rd Ave. & 149th St.
Harlem: 112 W. 125th St.
Brooklyn: 557 Fulton St.

Tobey-Made Furniture

PERMISSION was recently granted us to reproduce a fine Heppelwhite sideboard, the property of an old Boston family. A side table, china cabinet, dining table and chairs to correspond were carefully worked out by our designers.

The suite is of black walnut, ornamented with panels of bird's eye walnut burl outlined by raised inlaid ebony reeds. The dignity and simplicity of the design, the Tobey hand workmanship, and the beauty of the wood and finish merit the attention of all connoisseurs.

The Tobey Furniture Company
Fifth Avenue at Fifty-third Street

Dobbs & Co Hatters
242 Fifth Ave.
between 27th & 28th Sts.
The distinction of Dobbs & Co's hats is in their quiet elegance of style.
Knapp-Felt Hats $4
Dobbs & Co's Fifth Av. Hats $5
Knapp-Felt DeLuxe Hats $6

OFFICE OAK PARTITIONS MAHOGANY

MADE BY THE MILE
SOLD BY THE FOOT

MOUNT & ROBERTSON
49 Broad St. Telephone 1957 Broad

OLD CROW RYE

"Reg. U. S. Pat. Off."
GUARANTEED TO BE
PURE RYE WHISKEY
UNBLENDED, UNADULTERATED.
SOLD EVERYWHERE

DESKS & OFFICE FURNITURE
Complete Assortment at Special Summer Prices.
QUICK & McKENNA, 9 Reade St.

8 DIE, SCORES HURT IN TENEMENT FIRE

Panic-Stricken Tenants Clog Fire Escapes on Rickety Building in Essex Street.

GIVES LIFE FOR SAVINGS

Aged Woman Returns for Money and Son Jumps to Death After Seeing Her Fate.

Eight lives were lost and many persons were injured in a fire which started shortly before 4 o'clock yesterday morning and swept in a few minutes through the interior of an old five-story brick tenement at 90 Essex Street.

There was one staircase in the narrow building, and the blaze, which it is thought originated in a pile of rubbish on the first floor, spread rapidly up the well and prevented the escape of the tenants through the interior of the building. Before most of those living in the house awoke it was filled with smoke, and flames were crackling in the hall outside their doors. They ran in their night clothing to the fire escapes in the front and rear, but not more than three or four persons could stand on the platforms of these at a time and the steepness of the ladders made the work of emptying the building very slow.

Most of the lives were lost in the rush for the fire escapes. The smoke and flames, which were carried up the stairwell, were checked by the roof and spread out through the fourth and fifth floors. It was on these floors that most of the bodies were found. After the alarm was sent in scores of the tenants were carried to safety down the ladders run up by the firemen and many were saved from the inside of the building. Here is a list of the dead:

BOYERKOSKY, JACOB, 20 years old.

GANER, Mrs. ANNA, 60 years old, died from burns about the body at Gouverneur Hospital.

GANER, ISADORE, 22 years old, son of Mrs. Anna Ganer, jumped from fifth story fire escape and died at Gouverneur Hospital.

KAPLAN, IDA, a garment worker, 30 years old, of Baltimore.

LEVINE, Mrs. ANNA, 30 years old, wife of Jacob Levine.

LIPSCHITZ, Mrs. MINNIE, 50 years old, mother of Mrs. Levine.

SCHLIASKA, Mrs. SARAH, 50 years old, died in Gouverneur Hospital of burns and injuries from fall.

SCHOEN, Mrs. ROSA, 45 years old.

This is a list of those who were the most seriously injured:

BARNET, HARRY, policeman of 136 Floyd Street; left arm sprained; treated at Gouverneur Hospital.

BRANDES, SAMUEL; dislocation of shoulder and severe bruises in fall from third story; taken to Gouverneur Hospital.

BRANDES, Mrs. REBECCA; burns about the body

DEVANNY, MICHAEL, battalion chief in Fire Department; both wrists sprained in fall from fourth to third floor when floor gave way.

FARKAS, ABRAHAM; burned about head and shoulders.

GREENBURG, CLARA; burns about the body.

GREENBURG, SARAH; hair singed and body slightly burned.

GREENBURG, SAMUEL; both legs broken.

LEVINE, ALBERT, 14 years old; burned about legs and body.

LEVINE, BENJAMIN, 8 years old; burned about body and will probably die.

LEVINE, DORA, 2 years old; painfully burned.

LEVINE, JACOB, father of three children named above; severely burned about hands and face.

The ground floor of the burned tenement was occupied by the grocery store of B. Shapiro and by the women's apparel store of Madorich Bros. It was in a pile of rubbish under the staircase between these two stores that the blaze started. The fire was discovered by Celia Shapiro, the 10-year-old daughter of the grocer, who lives with her parents in the rear of the ground floor. After calling the members of her family Miss Shapiro ran into the street, crying "Fire." Policeman Sturbitz of the Clinton Street Station heard her and ran to the house of Engine Company 17, where an alarm was turned in.

When the firemen arrived scores of panic-stricken tenants clogged the fire escapes. On each platform of the escapes persons had fallen or had been knocked down, and those pouring out of the windows trampled upon their bodies in their efforts to get to the ladders. While one of the first to descend by the fire escapes was struggling to drop the movable ladder from the lowest landing to the street the platform became jammed by those who had followed him. The man was trying to drop the ladder, but had no room to move. In the meantime the line continued to file down the escape, and frightened men and women threw themselves on the heads and shoulders of those who were huddled together on the first-story landing. Policemen Barnet, La Bataglia, Kuhn, Robertson, and Banrock, who were the first to arrive after the girl had given the alarm, ran to neighboring buildings and obtained ladders, which they put up to the platform of the escape.

Hook and Ladder Company 18 arrived from Orchard and Delancey Streets within two minutes after the alarm had been sounded, and ran up ladders to the second, third, and fourth floors in the front of the building. Under the orders of Capt. Duane and Lieut. Donovan they began carrying down women and children, while the men continued to make their way down the ladder of the escape, which was by this time exposed to the flames which leaped out from the windows of the second and third stories. About thirty persons were rescued in this way by Fireman McDermott, Casey, Karpf, Castka, Dow, Sullivan, Kilbride, Marics, Greenhagen, and Evans.

Under Capt. Simpson men of Hook and Ladder Company 6 made their way through a building at 117 Delancey Street to the rear of the burning tenement house. Throwing ladders across from one building to another they were able to rescue several persons.

Fireman John Gillen of Hook and Ladder Company 6, who had been helping tenants from the fourth floor to cross the ladder, saw a little boy, his nightgown afire, struggle to get out of the window, and then fall back inside the building. Gillen crossed on the ladder, entered the blazing room, and rescued the child.

Of the seven members of the household of Jacob Levine, who lived on the fourth floor, three lost their lives, another will probably die, and three are hurt painfully. Mrs. Anna Levine, wife of Jacob, was found near the rear window with her arms wrapped about her mother, Mrs. Minnie Lipschitz. Mrs. Lipschitz was dead. Mrs. Levine died a little later in the hospital. Mrs. Ida Kaplan of Baltimore, who was on a visit to her sister, Mrs. Levine, was also found dead on the fourth floor.

Mrs. Anna Ganer, who lived on the fifth floor, had got to the fire escape with her son, Isadore, and was descending when she cried out that she had left something behind. She fought off those who sought to detain her and made her way back into the building. A few minutes later her son climbed up the fire escape to the platform outside the fifth floor. By that time it was a furnace and flames were bursting out of the window. Whether driven to it by the flames or intending to commit suicide after seeing the fate of his mother, young Ganer jumped from the fire escape and landed mortally injured in the rear yard, five stories below.

After several streams of water had been shot into the fifth floor, firemen carried out the body of Mrs. Ganer, who was still breathing. At the Gouverneur Hospital $5,870 in bills were found sewed in a vest which she worn about her body.

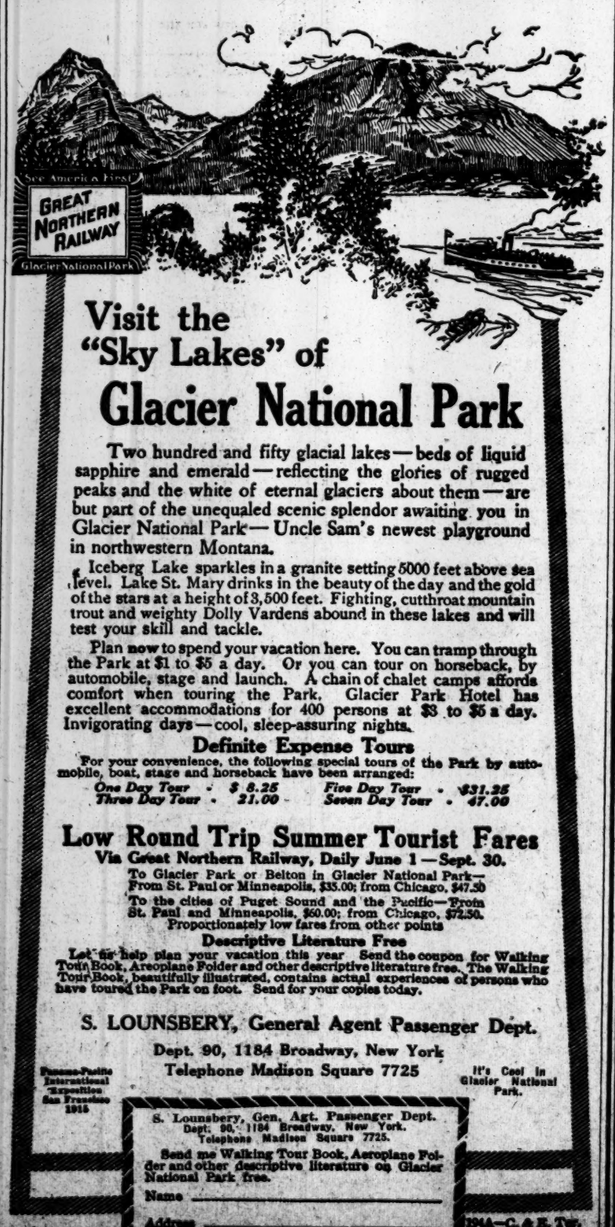
Sarah Schliaska was found unconscious in the rear yard with both legs and several ribs broken. She was taken to Gouverneur Hospital where she died later. The soles of her feet had been seared by the heated iron of the fire escapes and she had jumped when she could no longer stand this torture.

Samuel Brandes was swept by the panic-stricken crowd from the third platform of the rear fire escape when he attempted to help down his mother, Mrs. Rebecca Brandes, who had been slightly burned. Brandes escaped with a dislocated shoulder and severe bruises. Samuel Greenburg, who was cut off from the fire escape by the flames after he had helped his wife and daughter to the rear platform on the third floor, jumped from the third story window. Both of his legs were broken.

9s fast as the injured were found by the police and firemen they were carried to a space which had been cleared at Essex and Delancey Streets. With the police keeping back the huge crowd of tenants from the neighborhood, Drs. Burns, Cook, Patchin, Gamble, and Banks of Gouverneur Hospital applied the first aid to the sufferers and kept three ambulances, a taxicab, and the automobile truck of a meat concern busy carrying them to the hospital.

According to Chief Kenlo, who arrived on the second alarm, nearly all the injuries and the loss of life occurred before the first alarm was turned in. The six who were found dead on the fourth and fifth floors appeared to have been killed by breathing smoke and flames while they were running from their beds to the fire escapes.

"There is nothing extraordinary and nothing much to be said about this," said Chief Kenlon. "It is one of the disasters which are bound to occur constantly while we have these old tenements. In this case it is remarkable that there were so few lives lost."



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For your convenience, the following special tours of the Park by automobile, boat, stage and horseback have been arranged:

One Day Tour	*$ 8.25*	*Five Day Tour*	*$31.25*
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AN ANNOUNCEMENT OF MUCH IMPORTANCE

Arnold, Constable & Co.

will begin Today (Thursday) and Continue from day to day

AN UNPRECEDENTED CLEARANCE SALE

of a Stock of high grade and thoroughly dependable Merchandise, valued at about One Million One Hundred and Fifty-nine Thousand Dollars,

$1,159,000 00/100

At Most Unusual and decidedly drastic Price Reductions

The various stocks represented in this sale and the approximate value of each are about as follows:

CARPETS—	$250,000	LEATHER GOODS—	$ 2,000	UNDERWEAR—	$10,000	WAISTS—	$20,000
RUGS—	$250,000	HANDKERCHIEFS—	$ 5,000	SUITS—	$40,000	FURNISHINGS— (Women's)	$40,000
UPHOLSTERY—	$150,000	WASH GOODS—	$25,000	PARASOLS—	$ 2,000	FURNISHINGS— (Men's)	$50,000
SILKS—	$100,000	LACES—	$50,000	NECKWEAR—	$25,000	LINENS—	$75,000
DRESS GOODS—	$ 10,000	HOSIERY—	$40,000	DRESSES—	$ 5,000	GLOVES—	$10,000
Total.....	$760,000	Total.....	$122,000	Total.....	$82,000	Total.....	$195,000

Making a grand total of $1,159,000, and being positively the largest amount of merchandise ever offered at any one clearance sale.

NOTE—This enormous and most varied stock of merchandise represents purchases made by us on an entirely spot cash basis, the sources of which and the reason for the sale being

FIRST—A purchase for cash of the interest of a retiring partner.

SECOND—Large purchases for cash from manufacturers at enormous discounts owing to depressed business conditions.

THIRD—Purchases from Arnold, Constable & Co. (wholesale) at half price, preparatory to their stock inventory.

FOURTH—Our decision to absolutely rid our shelves of our own retail stock prior to the arrival of exceptionally large Fall and Winter purchases.

Owing to the extraordinary magnitude, the great importance and the remarkable value-giving of this sale—it will be impossible to advertise in detail the entire stock on sale at one time and give proper service and satisfaction to our customers or to ourselves in the limited space at our disposal. We have therefore decided to continue the sale during June and the entire month of July, specializing certain stocks from day to day.

Today (Thursday) and Friday the introductory sales will be as follows:

50,000 Yards
CHOICE DRESS SILKS
Averaging much less than ½ price.

In this offering is included an extensive variety of the highest grade novelties of various weaves and designs, the products of famous Foreign Manufacturers, ultra novelties that were confined exclusively to us.

COLORED CHIFFON TAFFETA— *Formerly $1.75 yard.*	Reduced to	1.15
PRINTED CREPE DE CHINES— *Formerly $2.00 to $2.50 yard.*	Reduced to	1.15
PRINTED SHANGHAI SILKS— *Formerly $2.50 yard.*	Reduced to	1.38
FANCY PONGEES— *Formerly $3.00 to $3.50 yard.*	Reduced to	1.38
PRINTED FLEUR DE SOIE— *Formerly $3.00 yard.*	Reduced to	1.38
FANCY SATIN CREPE METEORE— *Formerly $4.00 yard.*	Reduced to	1.75
PRINTED CREPE DE CHINE— *Formerly $4.50 to $5.50 yard.*	Reduced to	2.00
PRINTED FOULARDS— *Formerly $1.25 to $3.50 yard.*	Reduced to	58c to 1.85
BLACK CHIFFON TAFFETA— *Formerly $1.75 to $2.50 yard.*	Reduced to	1.15 to 1.68
DOUBLE BORDERED CHIFFON— *Formerly $5.00 to $7.50 yard.*	Reduced to	2.00 to 3.50

Also innumerable other weaves in plain and fancy effects, and all remnants and short lengths.

32,575 Yards
PLAIN AND NOVELTY DRESS GOODS
Reduced to ⅓ and ½ the Former Prices

Comprising wool and silk and wool fabrics of the best grades, the products of noted foreign and American manufacturers. Many are ultra styles and designs that were confined to us exclusively, comprising in part the following:

SILK AND WOOL FABRICS— *Formerly $2.25 to $3.00 yard.*	Reduced to	65c
SILK AND WOOL VOILES— *Formerly $2.00 to $2.50 yard.*	Reduced to	75c
SILK AND WOOL CREPES— *Formerly $2.50 to $3.00 yard.*	Reduced to	1.00
SILK AND WOOL CHARMEUSE— *Formerly $3.25 to $4.50 yard.*	Reduced to	1.50
CHECKED VOILES— *Formerly $1.50 yard.*	Reduced to	65c
WOOL VOILES— *Formerly $1.00 to $2.25 yard.*	Reduced to	45c to 65c
SILK AND WOOL POPLINS— *Formerly $1.75 to $3.00 yard.*	Reduced to	95c to 1.50
TAILOR SUITINGS— *Formerly $2.00 to $3.00 yard.*	Reduced to	75c to 1.25
CREAM MOHAIRS— *Formerly $1.10 to $1.35 yard.*	Reduced to	65c and 75c
FIGURED CHALLIES— *Formerly 55c to 65c yard.*	Reduced to	30c and 35c

Besides dozens of other weaves, makes and styles. Also all remnants and short lengths.

35,000 Yards
NOVELTY WASH FABRICS
Reduced to ⅓ and ½ Former Prices

Almost entirely the finest imported makes, of choicest weaves, designs and colors, most of the styles having been originally made for and confined to us. All are the high grade qualities for which we are pre-eminent.

SILK AND COTTON DUVETYN— *Formerly $3.75 yard.*	Reduced to	1.90
BROCADED DUVETYN— *Formerly $3.25 yard.*	Reduced to	1.75
NOVELTY RATINES— *Formerly $1.25 and $1.85 yard.*	Reduced to	75c
BOUTONNE CREPE— *Formerly $2.25 yard.*	Reduced to	1.00
SILK BROCADE RATINE— *Formerly $2.65 yard.*	Reduced to	1.25
BORDERED SCOTCH GINGHAMS— *Formerly 75c yard.*	Reduced to	25c
LINEN SUITINGS— *Formerly 85c to $1.15.*	Reduced to	45c and 60c
JAPANESE CREPES— *Formerly 35c and 50c yard.*	Reduced to	20c and 28c
COTTON CREPES— *Formerly 65c to $1.10 yard.*	Reduced to	35c and 58c
BORDERED DRESS PATTERNS— *Formerly $10.00 to $25.00 each*	Reduced to	5.00 and 12.50

All remnants, short lengths and other weaves also on sale.

28,500 yards
REAL AND IMITATION LACES
Reduced to ⅓ and ½ the Former Prices

The assortment includes a very wide range of styles, designs and widths. Most useful laces for underwear or the trimming of dresses and other purposes. All are the high grade qualities regularly carried by us.

VALENCIENNES LACES— *Formerly 8c to $1.10 yard.*	Reduced to	4c to 55c
NET TOP LACES— *Formerly $1.00 to $3.35 yard.*	Reduced to	33c to 1.68
LIERRE LACES— *Formerly $1.00 to $3.75 yard.*	Reduced to	33c to 1.15
VENISE LACES— *Formerly 30c to $4.50 yard.*	Reduced to	15c to 1.50
COLORED LACES— *Formerly $1.75 to $9.75 yard.*	Reduced to	48c to 2.25
REAL IRISH LACES— *Formerly 25c to $28.75 yard.*	Reduced to	12c to 14.38
BLACK LACES— *Formerly $1.00 to $5.00 yard.*	Reduced to	25c to 1.25
VALENCIENNES ALLOVERS— *Formerly $2.50 yard.*	Reduced to	1.25
BLACK CHIFFONS— *Formerly 68c yard.*	Reduced to	34c
BLACK MOUSSELINE DE SOIE— *Formerly 55c yard.*	Reduced to	28c

Besides numerous other makes and all remnants and short lengths.

Broadway & 19th Street

GIANTS VANQUISH THE CUBS---YANKEES WIN IN ST. LOUIS---TURF

OLD CUBS IN TOWN TAME AND HARMLESS

Giants' Erstwhile Great Rivals Seem Shot to Pieces by Ravages of Time.

The team which Henry O'Day has picked up from the remnants of the Chicago Cubs made the season's first visit at the Polo Grounds yesterday, where the Giants inflicted a 4 to 1 rebuke. You never can tell from one day to another whether O'Day is umpiring or managing. He was disguised in plain clothes on the Cub bench yesterday, so it is the general impression that he is piloting the club. O'Day took over the job to manage all the Cubs, but he is kept so busy managing Heinie Zimmerman that the others are managing themselves.

The great "Zim" had an off day. He wasn't even put out of the game. He didn't do a bit of hitting, but he unfolded some pretty slick third-basing. If the ball gets by Heinie, it has to be clothed in the garments of a hit. Wee Tommy Leach is out in centre field for the Cubs, still. Despite the protests of his grandchildren, Tommy insists on playing ball. Rube Marquard struck out Leach in the fifth inning so easily that he almost broke down laughing. Meyers dropped the third strike, but Tommy didn't even try to run. Meyers picked up the ball and handed it to Tommy as a souvenir.

Rube Marquard did considerable gilt-edged pitching. The only serious dent made in his service was a home-run smash by Red Corriden, who was pinch hitting for Larry Cheney in the eighth inning.

Rube was in quite a serious quandary in the third inning, when singles by Cheney, Leach, and "Vic" Saier choked up the bases. With this inviting set-up and with two down, Zimmerman appeared, waving his bat in a threatening manner. It would be just like this person to slap the ball into the grand stand on an occasion like this. He's not to be trusted with a bat anywhere, Zimmerman isn't.

The Rube wrapped all the "stuff" he had around the ball and sent it whistling past Zim's ear. Heinie caught hold of it with the ash and harpooned the ball to right field, and it looked as if it was headed for the wilds. Fred Snodgrass was on the move very promptly, and made a beautiful running catch which made the afternoon pleasant for Marquard.

When Hank O'Day is smiling he looks sad, but after that catch Henry looked as if some one had foreclosed the mortgage on his farm.

The game collected quite a crowd. There were about 8,000 looking on, including a pretty June bride. Almost everybody went in for wild dissipation with the ice-cream cones.

Roger Bresnahan, who was once Dook of St. Looey and got over it, has a steady job catching, now that Jimmy Archer is incapacitated. Tom Needham, the most unemployed catcher in baseball, continues to wear a Cub uniform.

The Giants hit Cheney with good judgment. With two guns in the first inning Grant singled and stole second, counting on Doyle's single to centre. In the second Stock walked and went to third on Meyers's single. Marquard hit a roller to Zimmerman, who made a high toss to Bresnahan, and Stock jumped in under the ball.

Stock fanned in the fifth, but was safe at first on Bresnahan's passed ball. Meyers sacrificed and the Rube struck out. Bob Bescher laced a triple to right centre, scoring Stock, and Bescher registered on Burns's single.

The Cubs' only run was perpetrated in the eighth, when Corriden, batting for Cheney, banged the ball high and dry among the sweltering 25-cent patrons in the left-field bleachers. The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Fisher, cf.	4	1	1	5	0
Burns, lf.	4	0	1	2	0
Grant, ss.	4	1	2	3	2
Doyle, 2b.	4	1	1	2	4
Devore, rf.	4	0	0	0	0
Wilson, rf.	4	0	0	3	0
Stock, 3b.	3	2	2	0	1
Meyers, c.	4	0	2	8	3
Marq'rd, p.	2	0	0	0	2
Total.	33	4	7	27	8

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leach, cf.	4	0	1	2	0
Good, rf.	4	0	1	0	0
Saier, 1b.	4	0	0	9	1
Zimman, 3b.	4	0	0	2	4
Sch'te, lf.	3	0	0	2	0
*Phelan	1	0	0	0	0
Saw'y, 2b.	4	0	0	3	4
K'ff'g, ss.	3	0	0	2	1
†J'ston	1	0	0	0	0
Br'han, c.	3	0	0	2	0
Cheney, p.	2	0	1	1	2
‡Cor'den	1	1	1	0	0
H'ph's, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	34	1	7	24	12

*Batted for Schulte in ninth inning.
†Batted for Keating in ninth inning.
‡Batted for Cheney in eighth inning.
Errors—Keating, Bresnahan, Humphries, Grant.

New York	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	—4
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

First base on errors—New York, 2; Chicago, 1. Two-base hits—Sweeney. Three-base hit—Bescher. Home run—Corriden. Sacrifice hit—Marquard. Stolen bases—Grant, Doyle, Burns. Left on bases—New York, 7; Chicago, 6. Bases on balls—Off Cheney, 3. Struck out—By Marquard, 6; by Cheney, 3. Passed ball—Bresnahan. Hits—Off Cheney, 7 in seven innings; off Humphries, none in one inning. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Hart.

Reds Get Eight Runs in 2 Innings.

PHILADELPHIA, June 10.—Batting rallies, aided by battery and fielding errors by the home team in the first and eighth innings, gave Cincinnati a victory here today, 8 to 5. Herzog made three singles and a double in five times at bat, and started three double plays which spoiled excellent chances for Philadelphia to secure runs. The score:

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moran, rf.	5	1	2	2	0
H'zog, ss.	5	1	4	3	5
E'gh'r, ss.	0	0	0	0	0
Groh, 2b.	3	1	1	2	3
Wheat, 3b.	3	2	0	2	2
H'ltz'l, 1b.	3	1	0	7	1
Miller, lf.	2	0	0	3	0
Thieg, lf.	1	1	0	1	0
Bates, cf.	4	1	2	1	0
Clark, c.	3	0	0	5	0
Gonz's, c.	0	0	0	0	0
Ames, p.	2	0	0	0	0
Doug's, p.	2	0	1	0	0
Total.	33	8	10	27	11

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Reed, 2b.	5	0	1	0	5
B'ker, lf.	5	0	2	3	0
Lob't, 3b.	4	0	0	2	3
Magee, ss.	3	1	1	2	3
C'v'th, rf.	3	0	0	7	0
Lud's, 1b.	3	0	1	14	0
Pask't, cf.	3	0	1	4	0
Kil'fer, c.	2	0	1	2	1
Burns, c.	0	0	1	0	0
Oesch'r, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Tincup, p.	3	0	0	0	3
*Irelan	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	32	2	7	27	15

*Batted for Oeschger in third inning.
Errors—Herzog (2,) Burns, Tincup.

Cincinnati	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0—8
Philadelphia	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0—2

Two-base hits—Herzog, Groh, Luderus, Killifer. Hits—Off Ames, 3 in 3 2-3 innings; off Douglas, 4 in 5 1-3 innings; off Oeschger, 4 in 3 innings; off Tincup, 6 in 6 innings. Sacrifice hits—Hoblitzel, Miller. Sacrifice flies—Hoblitzel, Miller, Clark. Stolen bases—Herzog, Groh, Moran, Burns, Becker (2.) Double plays—Herzog and Hoblitzel, 3; Niehoff, Hoblitzel, and Niehoff. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 7; Philadelphia, 11. Bases on balls—Off Ames, 5; off Douglas, 3; off Oeschger, 3; off Tincup, 1. First base on errors—Cincinnati, 2; Philadelphia, 2. Struck out—By Ames, 2; by Douglas, 3; by Oeschger, 1; by Tincup, 1. Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Eason and Quigley.

Easy Victory for Tailenders.

BOSTON, June 10.—Hits for extra bases at opportune moments gave Boston a victory over Pittsburgh today, 4 to 2. Maranville, who made four hits in as many times at bat, scored three of Boston's runs. Cooper, who started pitching for Pittsburgh, allowed Boston five runs in the fourth and fifth innings, and was relieved by O'Toole, but Boston continued its heavy hitting. Gilbert scored a home run on a hit inside the grounds, considered a remarkable feature. Score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Dugey, rf.	3	0	1	2	0
G'bert, rf.	2	1	1	1	0
Evers, 2b.	3	1	0	0	3
Murr'y, lf.	4	2	1	1	0
M'ville, ss.	4	3	4	1	5
Sch'dt, 1b.	4	1	2	16	0
Deal, 3b.	3	1	1	1	1
Mann, cf.	4	1	1	1	0
Gowdy, c.	2	1	0	2	0
Rud'ph, p.	1	0	0	0	5
Total.	30	11	11	27	10

PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A
J. Kelly, cf.	5	0	0	1	0
Carey, lf.	2	1	1	1	0
Mow'y, 3b.	4	1	2	1	2
Wagner, ss.	3	0	1	3	2
K'chy, 1b.	4	0	1	11	0
Vlox, 2b.	4	0	2	2	5
M'chel, rf.	4	0	1	2	0
Gibson, c.	3	2	0	3	0
C'man, c.	0	0	0	1	0
Kilh'fer, c.	1	0	0	0	0
Cooper, p.	2	0	1	0	1
O'Toole, p.	1	0	0	0	1
*Hyatt	1	0	0	0	0
†J. Kelly	1	0	1	0	0
Total.	34	2	9	24	16

*Batted for Gibson in sixth inning.
†Batted for O'Toole in ninth inning.
Errors—Wagner, Coleman.

Boston	0	1	0	4	1	0	1	4	—11
Pittsburgh	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—2

Two-base hits—Deal, Maranville, Carey, Mitchell, Wagner. Three-base hits—Schmidt. Home run—Gilbert. Hits—Off Cooper, 6 in 4 1-3 innings; off O'Toole, 5 in 3 2-3 innings. Sacrifice hits—Schmidt, Rudolph. Sacrifice flies—Wagner, Rudolph, Maranville. Stolen bases—Evers, Dugey. Double plays—Vlox, Wagner, and Konetchy; Evers, Maranville, and Schmidt. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 8; Boston, 7. Bases on balls—Off Cooper, 4; off O'Toole, 4; off Rudolph, 1. Struck out—B. Cooper, 1; by O'Toole, 1; by Rudolph, 1. Passed ball—Gibson. Time of game—Two hours and fifty minutes. Umpires—Rigler, Klem and Smith.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 4; Chicago, 1.
St. Louis, 6; Brooklyn, 4.
Boston, 11; Pittsburgh, 2.
Cincinnati, 8; Philadelphia, 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 5; St. Louis, 3.
Philadelphia, 8; Cleveland, 0.
Chicago, 2; Washington, 0.
Boston, 8; Detroit, 2.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn, 6; Chicago, 1.
Baltimore at Indianapolis—Rain.
St. Louis, 13; Pittsburgh, 8.
Buffalo, 4; Kansas City, 0.
(Twelve Innings.)

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Buffalo, 6; Montreal, 3.
Rochester, 6; Toronto, 3.
Providence, 3; Newark, 1.
Baltimore, 4; Jersey City, 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	29	15	.659
Cincinnati	29	19	.604
Pittsburgh	23	20	.535
St. Louis	24	26	.480
Chicago	23	25	.479
Brooklyn	20	22	.476
Philadelphia	20	22	.476
Boston	13	27	.325

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Philadelphia	28	17	.622
Washington	27	20	.574
Detroit	28	21	.560
St. Louis	25	21	.532
Boston	24	23	.522
Chicago	23	25	.479
New York	18	26	.409
Cleveland	14	33	.298

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Baltimore	24	16	.600
Chicago	26	20	.565
Buffalo	21	19	.523
Brooklyn	19	20	.487
St. Louis	23	25	.479
Pittsburgh	20	23	.465
Indianapolis	19	23	.452
Kansas City	21	27	.438

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Buffalo	30	13	.698
Baltimore	32	15	.681
Rochester	25	16	.610
Providence	21	22	.488
Newark	19	20	.487
Toronto	19	21	.475
Jersey City	13	31	.295
Montreal	12	33	.267

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago at New York.
St. Louis at Brooklyn.
Pittsburgh at Boston.
Cincinnati at Philadelphia.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.
Boston at Detroit.
Washington at Chicago.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Newark at Baltimore.
Jersey City at Providence.
Toronto at Montreal.
Buffalo at Rochester.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn at Chicago.
Buffalo at Kansas City.
Pittsburgh at St. Louis.
Baltimore at Indianapolis.
(Two Games.)

CATHER SPILLS DODGERS.

Base Hit in 11th with Two on Bases Turns Tie Into St. Louis Victory.

The Dodgers rather thought they were going to show the Giants how to beat those St. Louis Cardinals yesterday, but they got tired after struggling for eleven innings and let Miller Huggins and his fellows get away with the game by a score of 6 to 4. The Dodgers outhit their opponents and drove the much-praised "Hank" Robinson from the box in the first inning, but "Polly" Perritt, who succeeded Robinson, kept the hits well scattered while he occupied the box and the Flatbush sluggers couldn't hit 'em when there were men on the bases.

The Dodgers would probably have had the game packed safely away within the conventional nine innings if it were not for one Arthur Butler, whose chief claim to fame heretofore lay in the fact that he had played shortstop for the Cardinals since the opening of the season. Butler surprised himself and all those present by driving out a home run in the fourth inning. The home run made Butler quite chesty and he gave Umpire Al Orth some flippant talk in the ninth inning and was sent back to the bench to meditate upon his offense.

The four-base drive not only defeated the Dodgers, but probably kept them out of the first division, for Chicago was being beaten by the Giants.

The Cardinals started off strong by making four runs in the first inning. Manager Huggins got a base on balls, the first of four which he procured in the game. Magee then beat out an infield hit and Cather got on by the same method, filling the bases. Miller's single over second base scored Huggins and Magee and Cather scored on Butler's sacrifice fly to Riggert.

Brooklyn also got three runs in the first inning on singles by Dalton, Cutshaw, and Riggert, Butler's error, and "Red" Smith's triple. After Butler's home run put St. Louis in the lead, Brooklyn again tied the score in the seventh when Cutshaw walked, went to second on Riggert's sacrifice, and scored on McCarty's single.

Huggins got his fourth pass in the eleventh. Magee got to first on Allen's error, and both scored on Cather's single. Wheat was hit on the right arm in morning practice and his place was filled by Hummel. The score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'g's, 2b.	2	0	2	3	2
Magee, cf.	4	2	1	1	0
Cather, lf.	5	1	3	2	0
Miller, 1b.	5	0	2	13	0
Wilson, rf.	5	0	0	2	0
Butler, ss.	3	1	1	3	4
W'ted, 3b.	1	0	1	0	0
Snyder, c.	5	0	0	6	2
Beck, 3b.	1	0	0	0	1
ss.	4	0	1	3	3
R'son, p.	0	0	0	0	1
Per't, p.	4	0	0	0	2
Total.	37	6	9	33	15

BROOKLYN	AB	R	H	PO	A
Dalton, cf.	5	1	2	3	0
D'bert, 1b.	4	1	1	12	0
Smith, 3b.	5	1	2	2	0
Hum'l, lf.	5	0	2	1	0
C'sh'w, 2b.	4	1	1	4	3
Rig't, rf.	4	0	2	3	0
O'M'a, ss.	4	0	1	2	7
McC'y, c.	3	0	1	7	0
Allen, p.	3	1	0	0	0
*Erwin	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	40	4	12	33	16

*Batted for Allen in the eleventh inning.
Errors—Beck, Allen.

St. Louis	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2—6
Brooklyn	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0—4

Left on bases—St. Louis, 4; Brooklyn, 9. Two-base hits—Beck, McCarty. Three-base hit—Smith. Home run—Butler. Sacrifice fly—Butler. Sacrifice hits—Magee, Daubert, Riggert, O'Mara. First base on errors—St. Louis, 1; Brooklyn, 1. Stolen bases—Hummel, Cutshaw, Riggert. Double plays—Beck, unassisted; McCarty and O'Mara. Bases on balls—Off Perritt, 8; off Allen, 4. Struck out—By Perritt, 5; by Allen, 4. Hits—Off Robinson, 4 in one-third inning; off Perritt, 8 in ten and two-thirds innings. Time of game—Two hours and twenty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Orth and Byron.

Who Signed Schneider First?

CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 10.—President August Herrmann of the Cincinnati National League team today notified the Chicago Federal League Club that he had signed Pitcher Peter Schneider of the Seattle Club to a contract. The Chicago Federals notified Mr. Herrmann last week to keep "hands off" of Schneider inasmuch as they had signed him. Herrmann claims that Schneider says he has not signed a Federal League contract, but the local President further stated that in case the Chicago Federals can show a contract signed by Schneider as will remain legally binding, he will release the player without any controversy.

YANKEES DEFEAT ST. LOUIS BROWNS

Peckinpaugh's Batting and Fielding Chief Factors in New York Victory.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 10.—The Yankees opened their first 1914 series here by winning from the Browns, 5 to 3, today. Roger Peckinpaugh being the whole show for the Chancemen. The Yankee short stop made two singles and a triple, all of which counted in the scoring, killed three seemingly sure St. Louis hits by sensational fielding, and smothered a St. Louis rally in the ninth inning by going back of second base for Ernie Walker's speeding grounder, turning, and retiring Austin at second and doubling Walker at first base, thereby ending the game.

Manager Rickey used three pitchers. Taylor retired after the third inning, when New York had scored three runs. Leverenz was unsteady throughout, and was succeeded by James in the ninth.

Manager Chance used Harris at first base. He walked the first three times at bat, sacrificed the fourth up, and reached third on an error and was retired from the game to allow Warhop to run for him. Infield errors by the Browns figured largely in New York's scoring.

New York began scoring in the first. With two out, Peckinpaugh singled and stole. Hartzell walked. Cook's single scored Peckinpaugh, Hartzell going to third. Hartzell scored on a double steal, Crossin dropping the throw. Walsh retired the side, Austin to Leary.

Clarence Walker's triple and Leary's single gave the Browns one run in the second session. New York scored again in the third on Pratt's bad throw to get Truesdale at first, followed by Peckinpaugh's triple.

The Browns scored again in the fourth, when Pratt singled and went to second on Caldwell's wild throw to pick him off first base, and scored on C. Walker's single.

St. Louis tied it in the fifth. Leary singled to centre, Wares sacrificed, Crossin fanned, Leverenz hit to Maisel, who tried to get Leary, but in the chase Truesdale's wild throw let him score.

New York won in the eighth. Nunamaker singled. Harris sacrificed, but was safe on Leary's fumble. Caldwell sacrificed. Crossin's wild throw to first put Nunamaker across, Harris going to third. Warhop, running for Harris, scored on Boone's sacrifice fly to Shotton. The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Mais'l, 3b.	5	0	0	2	1
Tr'd'e, 2b.	2	1	0	3	4
*Holden	1	0	0	0	0
Boone, 2b.	0	0	0	0	1
P'k'gh, ss.	5	1	3	4	6
H'tzell, rf.	3	1	0	1	0
Cook, cf.	5	0	2	1	0
Walsh, lf.	5	0	0	2	0
Nu'ker, c.	4	1	1	3	5
Harris, 1b.	0	0	0	9	1
†Warhop	0	0	0	0	0
H.W's, 1b.	0	0	0	3	0
Caldw'l, p.	3	0	1	0	1
Total.	33	3	8	27	17

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shot'n, cf.	4	0	0	0	0
Austin, 3b.	3	0	0	1	4
Pratt, 2b.	4	1	1	2	2
E.W'k'r, rf.	4	0	0	2	0
C.W'k'r, lf.	3	1	2	3	0
Leary, 1b.	3	1	2	12	0
Wares, ss.	3	0	1	1	5
Crossin, c.	2	0	0	5	2
‡G. W'ms.	1	0	0	0	0
Agnew, c.	0	0	0	1	0
Taylor, p.	0	0	0	0	0
‖Miller	1	0	0	0	0
Lev'nz, p.	1	0	0	0	0
¶Howard	1	0	0	0	0
James, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	30	3	7	27	15

*Batted for Truesdale in the sixth inning.
†Ran for Harris in the eighth inning.
‡Batted for Taylor in third inning.
‖Batted for Crossin in the eighth inning.
¶Batted for Leverenz in the eighth inning.
Errors—Truesdale, Caldwell, Austin, Pratt, Leary.

New York	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0—5
St. Louis	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0—3

Three-base hits—C. Walker, Peckinpaugh. Hits—Off Taylor, 4 in three innings; off Leverenz, 4 in five innings; off James, none in one inning. Sacrifice hits—Hartzell, Harris, Caldwell. Sacrifice fly—Boone. Stolen bases—Peckinpaugh, Cook, Maisel. Double plays—Peckinpaugh and H. Williams. Left on bases—New York, 10; St. Louis, 2. Bases on balls—Off Taylor, 2; off Leverenz, 3; off Caldwell, 2. Struck out—By Taylor, 2; by Leverenz, 2; by James, 1; by Caldwell, 3. Time of game—Two hours and fifteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Hildebrand.

Red Sox Wield Bats Heavily.

DETROIT, Mich., June 10.—Boston hit Main hard and won the first game of the series from Detroit, 8 to 2, today. Collins pitched a good game, but was responsible for both Detroit's runs scored in the fifth inning. Crawford and Scott were the hitting stars, and Cobb and Speaker made great running catches. The score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper, rf.	4	0	1	0	0
Scott, ss.	4	1	3	1	4
Speaker, cf.	5	1	1	3	1
Lewis, lf.	3	2	1	0	0
Jan'vin, 1b.	4	0	1	9	0
Gard'r, 3b.	5	1	1	1	5
Engle, 2b.	3	1	1	1	4
Car'gan, c.	3	0	1	2	2
Collins, p.	3	0	1	0	2
Total.	34	8	11	27	18

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bush, ss.	4	0	1	3	4
M'rity, 3b.	4	0	0	0	1
Cobb, cf.	4	0	1	4	0
Veach, rf.	3	0	0	2	0
Vcach, lf.	3	0	0	3	0
Kav'gh, 2b.	3	1	1	2	3
Burns, 1b.	3	1	1	12	0
Stanage, c.	2	1	0	7	0
Main, p.	2	0	0	0	2
Hall, p.	0	0	0	0	2
*Dubuc	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	30	2	7	27	14

*Batted for Main in eighth inning.
Errors—Collins, Crawford, Stanage (2,) Main.

Boston	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	4	0—8
Detroit	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0—2

Two-base hits—Lewis, Scott, Bush. Three-base hit—Crawford. Home run—Scott. Hits—Off Main, 11 in 8 innings; off Hall, none in 1 inning. Sacrifice hits—Kavanaugh, Burns, Collins, Janvrin. Sacrifice flies—Stanage, Scott. Stolen bases—Speaker, Lewis. Double plays—Speaker, Scott, Carrigan. Engle, Gardner, and Carrigan, (one play;) Bush, Kavanaugh, and Burns. Left on bases—Boston, 7; Detroit, 7. Bases on balls—Off Main, 3; off Collins, 1. Struck out—By Collins, 1. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Dineen.

Athletics Win in One Inning.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 10.—Eight runs in the fifth inning, made on seven hits, a base on balls, and an error, gave the Athletics an easy victory over Cleveland to-day, 8 to 0. After getting their big lead the Athletics made little effort to add to their collection of runs. Dunlap, transferred from the Cleveland Association team this morning, played shortstop for Cleveland. The score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'phy, rf.	4	1	2	1	0
Old'g, cf.	4	0	1	2	0
Coll's, 2b.	4	1	2	2	5
Baker, 3b.	4	1	0	2	2
M'in's, 1b.	5	1	2	13	0
Strunk, lf.	5	1	2	1	0
Barry, ss.	3	1	2	1	3
Lapp, c.	3	0	1	5	1
Bush, p.	3	1	0	0	5
Total.	36	8	12	27	14

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Graney, lf.	2	0	0	1	0
O'ner, 3b.	4	0	1	2	1
Jack'n, cf.	4	0	1	3	2
Leli't, rf.	4	0	2	1	0
Wood, lb.	4	0	0	12	0
Olson, 2b.	4	0	1	1	4
D'lap, ss.	3	0	0	0	1
O'Neill, c.	4	0	2	8	2
Mitch'l, p.	1	0	0	0	0
B'man, p.	1	0	0	0	0
†Leibold	1	0	0	0	0
‡Bassler	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	32	0	7	27	10

*Batted for Mitchell in fifth inning.
†Batted for Bowman in ninth inning.
Errors—Mitchell, Collins, Lapp, Bush.

Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	0—8
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Hits—Off Mitchell, 10 in 5 innings; off Bowman, 2 in 4 innings. Two-base hits—Barry, Lelivelt. Three-base hit—McInnis. Sacrifice hits—Turner, Bush. Stolen bases—Collins, Bassler, 2; Graney. First base on balls—Off Bush, 5; off Mitchell, 1; off Bowman, 4. Left on bases—Cleveland, 11; Philadelphia, 7. Struck out—By Mitchell, 1; by Bush, 5; by Bowman, 1. Double play—McInnis, (unassisted.) Time of game—Two hours and five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Chill and Sheridan.

Benz Outpitches Walter Johnson.

CHICAGO, June 10.—Joe Benz outpitched Walter Johnson today, holding Washington to one scratch hit, and not walking a single batter. Chicago shut out the visitors, 2 to 0. This was Chicago's fifth straight victory, and Washington's fourth consecutive defeat.

The lone hit of the visitors was made by Ainsmith in the ninth inning. The Washington catcher knocked a swift grounder toward Weaver, but Alcock stepped in front of him, and then juggled the ball momentarily. The official scorer ruled that it was too hot for Alcock to handle, and it went for a hit, depriving Benz of a no-hit game. A week ago he let Cleveland down without a hit; Chicago hit Johnson rather freely. In the opening inning, with two out, Dommitt tripled, and scored on Collins's single. Alcock's single and Weaver's double in the seventh netted the locals another run. Weaver, Blackburn, Schalk, and Chase contributed fielding features. The score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
W'ver, ss.	4	0	2	4	4
B'kb'n, 2b.	4	0	1	0	4
Dem't, lf.	3	1	2	1	0
Coll's, rf.	4	0	1	1	0
Chase, 1b.	4	0	1	14	2
Bodie, cf.	4	0	0	0	0
Schalk, c.	2	0	1	5	1
Alcock, 3b.	2	1	1	2	1
Benz, p.	3	0	0	0	4
Total.	30	2	9	27	16

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moel'r, rf.	4	0	0	0	0
F'ler, 3b.	2	0	0	1	2
Milan, cf.	3	0	0	2	0
Gandil, 1b.	3	0	0	8	1
Shanks, lf.	3	0	0	4	0
M'gan, 2b.	3	0	0	1	2
J'Ains'h, ss.	3	0	1	6	2
John'n, p.	3	0	0	0	1
Total.	27	0	1	24	9

Errors—Blackburn, (2,) Benz.

Chicago	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—2
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Two-base hit—Weaver. Three-base hit—Demmitt. Sacrifice hits—Alcock, Foster. Stolen base—Weaver. Double plays—Benz, Chase, and Weaver; Chase and Weaver. Left on bases—Washington, 1; Chicago, 7. Base on balls—Off Johnson, 2. Struck out—By Benz, 4; by Johnson, 4. Wild pitch—Johnson. Time of game—One hour and twenty-eight minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Egan.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

CHICAGO, June 10.—Lafitte was wild today, but was strong in the pinches, and Brooklyn defeated Chicago, 6 to 1. Myers of Brooklyn walked three times, got one hit, and scored four of Brooklyn's runs. Acting Manager Hoffman of Brooklyn and Beck of Chicago were put out of the game for arguing with Umpire Van Sicklen. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Brookly

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"Big Four" Engage in Last Practice in Preparatio nfor Saturday's Game.

CAPT. CHEAPE A SPECTATOR

Injured Englishman Expects to Play in Part of Today's Practice Game —Milburn in Fine Fettle.

The American polo team had its final workout at Meadow Brook yesterday, defeating the Reds by a score of 11 to 4. The Reds were made up of three players of the Cooperstown team, with C. C. Phipps at No. 1, C. C. Rumsey held the world's record less than half an hour ,however, as it was then taken from him by Carmen's wonderful exhibition in the following heat. The third heat, also won by Carmen, who thus won two out of three heats and the grand series, was also ten seconds faster than Colwell's old mark. Leon Didier, the French champion, had trouble with his motor in all three heats and made a very poor showing.

The summaries:

Two-Thirds Mile, Novice Bicycle Race.—Won by C. Bronson, Brooklyn; E. Bockfeil, Newark, second. Time—1:30.

One-Mile Open Amateur Bicycle.—Won by Gus Wohlrab, Jersey City; Thomas Smith, Newark, second; Adam Syverman, Mohawk A. C., third. Time—2:15 2-5.

Two-Mile Lap Race.—Won by Thomas Smith, Newark; Alfred Lake, N. Y. A. C., second; Gus Wholrab, Jersey City, third. Time—4:12 2-5.

Brighton Sweepstakes, Ten-Mile Motor-Paced Race, Best Two Out of Three Heats.—First Heat—Won by Percy Lawrence, San Francisco; Clarence Carmen, Jamaica, L. I., second; Norman Hansen, Denmark, third. Time—12:47.

Second Heat—Won by Clarence Carmen; Percy Lawrence, second; Norman Hansen, third. Time—12:29 1-5. (World's record.)

Third Heat—Won by Clarence Carmen; Percy Lawrence, second; Norman Hansen, third. Time—12:39.

Clark Wins Match Cycle Race.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., June 10.—Jackie Clark of Australia defeated Alf. Goullett in straight heats in a one-mile match race at the Velodrome tonight. Clark won the first heat with ease, but the second heat was so close the decision was hissed. Iver Lawson of Salt Lake City, the winner of the world's championship in London in 1904, was the victor in the one-mile invitation professional race. Lawson also won his heat of the James J. Corbett Stakes, but was disqualified for foul riding. The feature race, a one-mile professional, was won by Walter Rutt, of Germany, the champion of the world. Rutt put up a wonderful sprint, which brought him up from last position in the final eighth of a mile. Alf. Grenda of Australia was second and Frank Kramer, the American champion, was third. Amateur champion Donald McDougall of the New York Athletic Club was put out of the final of the half-mile handicap, which was won by John Kaufman of Newark from the 75-yard mark.

WORLD'S CYCLE RECORD.

Clarence Carmen Does Ten Miles Behind Motor Pace in 12:29 1-5.

The world's record for ten miles was bettered in all three heats of the Brighton Sweepstakes motor-paced bicycle race at the Brighton Beach Motordrome last night. The race was won by Clarence Carmen of Jamaica, L. I., who became the title holder of the new world's record by his performance.

In the second heat, which he finished in the fast time of 12:29 1-5, nearly 20 seconds faster than the old record of 12:49, which has been held for several years by Larry Colwell.

The first heat was won by Percy Lawrence of San Francisco, who clipped two seconds off the old record. Lawrence held the world's record less than half an hour ,however, as it was then taken from him by Carmen's wonderful exhibition in the following heat. The third heat, also won by Carmen, who thus won two out of three heats and the grand series, was also ten seconds faster than Colwell's old mark. Leon Didier, the French champion, had trouble with his motor in all three heats and made a very poor showing.

The summaries:

Two-Thirds Mile, Novice Bicycle Race.—Won by C. Bronson, Brooklyn; E. Bockfeil, Newark, second. Time—1:30.

One-Mile Open Amateur Bicycle.—Won by Gus Wohlrab, Jersey City; Thomas Smith, Newark, second; Adam Syverman, Mohawk A. C., third. Time—2:15 2-5.

Two-Mile Lap Race.—Won by Thomas Smith, Newark; Alfred Lake, N. Y. A. C., second; Gus Wholrab, Jersey City, third. Time—4:12 2-5.

Brighton Sweepstakes, Ten-Mile Motor-Paced Race, Best Two Out of Three Heats.—First Heat—Won by Percy Lawrence, San Francisco; Clarence Carmen, Jamaica, L. I., second; Norman Hansen, Denmark, third. Time—12:47.

Second Heat—Won by Clarence Carmen; Percy Lawrence, second; Norman Hansen, third. Time—12:29 1-5. (World's record.)

Third Heat—Won by Clarence Carmen; Percy Lawrence, second; Norman Hansen, third. Time—12:39.

Clark Wins Match Cycle Race.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., June 10.—Jackie Clark of Australia defeated Alf. Goullett in straight heats in a one-mile match race at the Velodrome tonight. Clark won the first heat with ease, but the second heat was so close the decision was hissed. Iver Lawson of Salt Lake City, the winner of the world's championship in London in 1904, was the victor in the one-mile invitation professional race. Lawson also won his heat of the James J. Corbett Stakes, but was disqualified for foul riding. The feature race, a one-mile professional, was won by Walter Rutt, of Germany, the champion of the world. Rutt put up a wonderful sprint, which brought him up from last position in the final eighth of a mile. Alf. Grenda of Australia was second and Frank Kramer, the American champion, was third. Amateur champion Donald McDougall of the New York Athletic Club was put out of the final of the half-mile handicap, which was won by John Kaufman of Newark from the 75-yard mark.

TO SWIM CHANNEL.

Several Americans Going Abroad to Try for Alexander Trophy.

The Alexander Trophy, a fifteen-hundred-dollar silver cup offered by a London promoter of water sports for the swimmer who first succeeds in crossing the English Channel, thus equaling the feat accomplished by Capt. Webb and William Burgess, has served as an added incentive to American exponents of aquatic endurance and several intend to attempt the grueling journey during the coming season.

Alfred Brown of New York has made arrangements to go abroad in August and will be handled in his trial by John Wieland of Dover, who has piloted many of the best candidates for the big swim, and who is said to know more about the Channel current than any one else. Henry F. Sullivan of Lowell, Samuel Richards of Boston, and Gustave Schlomberg of New York have also signified intention of going after the valuable prize, and there is talk of Samuel Finkelman of New York and Miss Rose Ptonoff of Boston having laid plans to tackle the great water trip in September.

Experts on this side believe that Brown and Richards have an excellent chance to succeed, and concede a good fighting chance to the others, provided favorable weather conditions are encountered, but from a letter recently received from Wieland it would appear that our leading authorities are inclined to underestimate the difficulties ahead of our ambitious natators.

Fast Men in "Met Champs."

Each day's entries to the various events to be contested in the field and track competitions of the metropolitan championships at Travers Island on Saturday, June 20, show additional strength and class. A list for the 100 and 220 yard runs includes Holland of the Xaviers, an Olympic man at Stockholm; A. Van Winkle, New York A. C., who scored points for Cornell in the intercollegiate championships; Joe Snyder of the St. George Club, Meslon of the St. Bartholomew Club, J. Onken, Irish-American A. C., and his teammate, D. J. Ferrels; E. Jones, Smart Set A. C.; H. Buhler, Bronx Church House; B. Shapiro and S. Weinstein, Y. M. H. A.; W. E. Story, H. Hocking, and R. E. Daily of the New York A. C., and C. Coleman of the Wallkill A. C., Middletown, N. Y. Among the entries for the half-mile and the mile runs, which are feature events, these sterling distance men are entered: W. Gordon, Yonkers A. C., who on Memorial Day did the mile in 4:24 2-5; J. O'Neill, New York A. C., who took the mile event at Travers Island last Saturday; F. Jenkins, Smart Set A. C.; M. Taub, Glencoe A. C., former Y. M. H. A. champion; B. Beardsley, Central Congregational A. A., Sunday School Athletic League champion; J. B. Feeso, New York A. C.; M. J. Hayes, Irish-American A. C.; W. J. Kelly, Newark; E. P. Gillmore, Dominican Lyceum; J. Daly, Bronx Church House, and S. Jackson and J. E. McDermott, Irish-American A. C.

FINE ROADS LEAD TO POLO.

Queens Boulevard a Splendid Thoroughfare for Autos.

Motorists bound for the international polo matches at the Meadow Brook Hunt Club will find excellent roads to their destination, some of which have just been resurfaced. The Bureau of Tours of the Automobile Club of America has sent one of its pathfinding cars out to Meadow Brook to investigate conditions for Saturday's game, with the result that some information supplementing the routes already given was obtained. It was found that Queens Boulevard was in fine condition from the Queensboro Bridge to Jamaica. This road was formerly called Thompson Avenue from the bridge to the railroad crossing at Winfield, and Hoffman Boulevard from there to Hillside Avenue in Jamaica, but it has been rechristened since its improvement under the Queens Highway Department.

Near the Peace Monument on Hillside Avenue a short piece of road is being repaired, but the work is being done on one side at a time and does not interfere with traffic. Good conditions exist on the Rocky Hill Road, Jericho Turnpike, and other roads to Mineola, for which running directions were given in THE TIMES of Sunday. After reaching the Old Country Road in Mineola a stretch with a fine new macadam surface will be found, leading to Merrick Avenue, whence a right turn of about one mile leads to the entrance of the Meadow Brook Club. This road has just been completed and was opened to traffic on Sunday.

POLO AT VAN CORTLANDT.

Squadron A Whites Defeat Reds in Dashing Practice Game.

After a session of general practice by the Squadron A polo men at Van Cortlandt Park yesterday afternoon teams of three men each were selected and played through six periods of seven and one-half minutes each. The Whites won, 4 to 2. The Reds—made up of Smith, Colby, and Ely—scored in the first period, a goal being shot by Smith.

In the second period the Whites, with Boulton, Elon, and Runkle in the line-up, played all around their adversaries, driving the ball accurately and scoring three goals, one for each of the three riders. Their riding was fast and almost without a flaw, and their carrying of the ball so rapid that the Reds were distinctly outplayed. The rapid work, however, told on both men and ponies, so the Reds were enabled in the succeeding period to play a far stronger game, both on the defensive and offensive.

One goal was added by the Whites in the third session, that being scored by Eton after an exciting struggle during which both teams displayed fine ability. With the result of 6 to 1 in favor of the Whites, the Reds made redoubled efforts in the fourth and fifth portions. Neither side scored in the fourth, but in the fifth Colby cleverly outrods the others and followed a placed drive by shooting the ball for a clean goal. Neither side scored in the sixth period.

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NEGRO BOY RUNS TWO RECORD RACES

Frank Jenkins of Jamaica Wins Mile and Half-Mile School Championships.

Two record-breaking performances by Frank Jenkins, the negro Public Schools Athletic League cross country title holder, yesterday featured the annual high schools track and field championship meet on the Public School Athletic Field in Brooklyn. Getting off poorly in the mile run, the fast Far Rockaway runner stepped the distance in 4 minutes 35 4-5 seconds, winning easily by fifteen yards and eclipsing the old record of 4:40:03 established by Young of Manual Training High in 1907. Following this splendid piece of running, the negro lad came back in the half mile, and in an exhibition of grit and pluck, fairly lurched over the finish line, his last ounce of strength spent, in 2:03 1-5 seconds, obliterating the mark set by Abel Kiviat, the Irish-American A. C. runner when he competed for Curtis High School in 1909, of 2:04 4-5.

One other record was broken and two were equaled in a meet which for all around excellence has not been participated in by schoolboys in this city in years.

Stuyvesant High School, with several fine performers, carried off the team honors with thirty-six points, De Witt Clinton, and last year's champions, Commerce, were tied for second with twenty-four credit marks each.

D. Brown, the sensational jumper from Jamaica High School, may lose a new mark because the officials failed to provide a steel tape. The Long Island boy leaped 21 feet 6 inches in the running broad jump, beating by four inches H. Ludlow's standing figures made in 1906. His jump was measured with a linen tape.

Floyd Egan, a 17-year-old boy, representing the Manual Training School, cleared 5 feet 9 inches in the high jump, equalling the best previous performance made by H. Rosenberg of Morris in 1905.

By far the best event was the half-mile run, won by Jenkins. Outpaced almost the entire distance by E. Ballestier of Morris School, Jenkins appeared to be defeated 100 yards from the tape. His speed seemed to be missing, but when Ballestier hung out his first distress signal the colored boy pulled himself together and by a game effort passed his rival 25 yards from the tape. He won easily, for the Morris runner fairly dropped in his tracks, so terrific had been the pace. Ballestier had previously ran a corking race in the quarter mile, coming within two-fifths of a second of topping Arthur Cozzen's mark of 0:52¾ for the "440." The summary:

440-Yard Run.—Won by E. Balestier, Morris; W. Finley, Morris, second; P. Reilly, Manual, third; E. Fitzpatrick, De Witt Clinton, fourth. Time—0:52 4-5.

100-Yard Dash, Junior.—Won by H. Green, Stuyvesant; H. Wood, De Witt Clinton, second; H. Rabinewitz, Morris, third; E. Buckley, Evander-Childs, fourth. Time—0:11.

100-Yard Dash, Senior.—Won by F. Koch, Stuyvesant; H. Katz, De Witt Clinton, second; Raimonde, De Witt Clinton, third; M. Finn, Commerce, fourth. Time—0:10 2-5.

One-Mile Run.—Won by Frank Jenkins, Far Rockaway; W. Robertson, Evander-Childs, second; E. Volcan, De Witt Clinton, third; S. Haines, Jamaica, fourth. Time—4:35 4-5. New record.

880-yard Run.—Won by Frank Jenkins, Far Rockaway; E. Balestier, Morris, second; H. Nagel, Commerce, third; Roy Stanfield, Bryant, fourth. Time—2:08 1-5. New record.

120-yard High Hurdles.—Won by H. Ritter, Stuyvesant; J. Berthold, Manual Training, second; H. Spiro, De Witt Clinton, third; no fourth. Time—0:17 4-5.

220-yard Low Hurdles.—Won by A. Hammarschlag, Stuyvesant; H. Spiro, De Witt Clinton, second; J. Fitzsibbon, Commercial, third; I. Beadle, Richmond Hill, fourth. Time—0:25 1-5.

220-yard Dash, Junior.—Won by G. Rabino, Morris; Fisher, De Witt Clinton, second; J. Roff, Commerce, third; E. Hollander, Richmond Hill, fourth. Time—0:23.

220-yard Dash, Senior.—Won by W. A. Sprecht, Stuyvesant; L. L. Ballestier, Boys' High, second; H. Katz, De Witt Clinton, third; M. Finn, Commerce, fourth. Time—0:24 4-5.

Putting the 12-Pound Shot.—Won by H. Cann, Commerce, with put of 48 feet 3 inches; D. Rosenbergar, Commerce, second, with 44 feet 7¾ inches; W. Sinclair, Stuyvesant, third, with 40 feet 7¾ inches; Parisette, Manual Training, fourth, with 39 feet 3 inches.

Running Broad Jump.—Won by D. Brown, Jamaica, with 21 feet 6 inches; C. Lehman, Curtis, second, with 19 feet 11 inches; J. Hegarty, De Witt Clinton, third, with 19 feet 9½ inches; M. Rosenberger, Morris, fourth, with 19 feet 7 inches. Not scored.

Throwing the Discus, Greek Style.—Won by J. Sinclair, Stuyvesant, with 114 feet 8 inches; H. Cann, Commerce, second, with 110 feet 7 inches; Rutledge, Far Rockaway, third, with 106 feet 8 inches; H. Spiro, De Witt Clinton, fourth, with 104 feet 9½ inches.

Running High Jump.—Won by Floyd Egan, Manual Training, with 5 feet 9 inches; H. Ritter, Stuyvesant, second, with 5 feet 8 inches; A. Campbell, Manual Training, third, with 5 feet 7 inches; M. Banks, Stuyvesant, fourth, with 5 feet 6 inches.

Pole Vault.—Won by A. Gini, Commercial, with 10 feet 6 inches; J. McKenna, Far Rockaway, second, with 10 feet; R. Rutledge, Far Rockaway, third, with 10 feet; Powell, Curtis, fourth, with 9 feet 6 inches.

100-pound 440-yard Relay.—Won by Commerce, (J. Goldstein, R. Brown, C. Rigby, and M. Friedland;) Morris, (Withus, Cayan, Weiner, and Schoenholtz,) second; De Witt Clinton, (Lusher, Hirsch, Solomon, and Braveman,) third. Time—0:52.

120-Pound 880-Yard Relay.—Won by Curtis, (Earth, Daley, Rowan, Diamond;) Morris, (Rosenberger, Irsens, Petrodinal, and Ruben,) second; Far Rockaway, (Mergenthaim, Montgomery, Jones, and Gaffney,) third. Time—1:42 2-5.

One-Mile Relay, Unlimited Weight Class.—Won by Morris, (Lavine, Baldwin, Taub, and Wells;) De Witt Clinton, (Frahinsky, Brain, Bosch, and Laffler,) second; Stuyvesant, (Gingemeyer, Gillespie, Reicher, and Wilson,) third. Time—3:43 1-5.

Point score: Stuyvesant, 36; De Witt Clinton, 24; Commerce, 24; Morris, 19; Rockaway, 17; Manual Training, 13; Jamaica, 6; Curtis, 4; Evander-Childs, 4; Boys' High, 3; Richmond Hill, 2; Bryant, 1.

DEFINES AN AMATEUR.

International Federation Puts Severe Restrictions on Athletes.

LYONS, France, June 10.—All the countries represented at the congress of the International Amateur Athletic Federation agreed today to adopt the strictest definition of an amateur and passed unanimously the special committee's report as previously outlined, with certain additional stipulations. Among these are the provision that an amateur cannot sign a contract agreeing to take a professional position in athletics or to take part in athletic sport for money at a later date, proposed by Americs; that an amateur cannot promote or have any interest in the promotion of any field or track athletic competition, nor shall he allow his name to be used to advertise or recommend the goods of any firm or manufacturer, proposed, respectively, by Canada and Germany.

It was decided unanimously by the congress that the following list of special recommendations for the Olympic games shall be handed to the President of the Olympic Congress by James E. Sullivan, Chairman of the Rules Committee:

1—Each country shall enter a maximum of twelve for individual events, six to start; in team events, one team.

2—The minimum age of competitors shall be 17 years, subject to exceptions.

3—Athletic contests shall be confined exclusively to men.

4—An international jury of five shall settle all questions not settled by the rules.

5—In all field events six men shall be allowed in the final, and in all track contests up to and including the 400 meters, the first two shall be allowed to compete in the next round, and in longer races at least two shall be allowed to compete.

6—In scoring in all track and field events the first six shall be counted, the winner scoring 7, second man 5, and the others 4, 3, 2, and 1, respectively.

7—The winning nation in each group of sports, athletic, swimming, fencing, &c., shall be awarded a trophy.

The Congress in adopting the findings of the Records Committee added to the metric system list of records, making the number of world's records equal for this system and the Anglo-American system.

It is expected that the congress will conclude its labors tomorrow.

Official recognition of the athletic games to be held at the Panama-Pacific Exposition at San Francisco was voted at today's meeting. The resolution was proposed by James E. Sullivan, President of the American Olympic Committee, and carried unanimously. Representatives of all the nations present undertook to do their utmost to encourage the sending of teams to the games.

The first meeting of the full Congress was held in the Stock Exchange Hall. Thirty-three delegates were present, representing the United States, France, England, Germany, Hungary, Sweden, Finland, South Africa, Canada, Norway, Denmark, Belgium, Austria, and Switzerland.

Sulard Stankovits of Hungary took the chair.

The discussion centred on a resolution advocating that at future Olympic games all questions of rules regarding track and field athletics should be referred to the International Amateur Athletic Federation. The resolution is to be handed to Baron Pierre de Coubertin, as President of the International Olympic Congress, for presentation to the meeting at Paris.

The Australian delegation proposed to add to the resolution before final decision," the question thus being whether the Olympic Committee or the International Amateur Athletic Federation should practically control the games.

The resolution as originally worded was adopted, but England, Africa, Australia, and Canada voted against it.

Franz Reichel, the French delegate, said he understood Baron de Coubertin was prepared to accept such a resolution.

J. O'Brien Heads Athletic League.

John J. O'Brien of the Department of Street Cleaning has been chosen temporary President of the newly formed Municipal Athletic League. The affairs of this organization have taken on a likely aspect since Police Commissioner Woods interested himself in its doings. Permanent officers will be elected shortly, but it can be said on good authority that the temporary officers selected will remain after the election. While the main purpose in forming the new league, which incidentally has taken considerable time, was to promote a success the games for the Honor Legion Fund, there will also be other big meets held under its auspices. It is now planned to hold a set of games on Memorial Day, and action is expected any day now on that proposition.

Through the assistance of the Registration Committee of the Metropolitan A. A. U. the supporters of the Municipal League did splendid work in the last few days toward organizing, and it will be only a few days now before everything will be running smoothly within the organization.

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PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't. B. C. Franck, Sec'y. Address all communications THE NEW YORK TIMES. TELEPHONE 1000 BRYANT.

Publication Office.....Times Square
Times Annex...43d St., west of Broadway
Downtown.....15 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem.....263 West 125th Street
Bronx.....149th St. and Bergen Av.
Brooklyn.....304 Washington Street
Staten Island.....Perry House, St. George
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Entered as second-class mail matter.

Readers of The New York Times may have the Daily and Sunday Editions mailed to any part of the Country at the rate of 70c. per month. Daily Edition, 50c. per month. Orders may be sent through newsdealers, directly to the Publication Office, or telephone Bryant 1000.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JUNE 11, 1914.

FEDERAL RESERVE ORGANIZING.

Until the contrary appears it is better to assume that the organization of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York will be harmonious. Absolute unanimity is not to be expected in human affairs of this sort and size, and is not desirable. It is better that the majority should be under observation, and that the minority should have no cause for complaint that it is under the dictation of anybody. If the smaller banks are controlled by the intellectual ability of the men of larger affairs and capital proportionate to the interests represented, they can hardly contend that this is wrong in itself, nor will they be heard to complain until they can show misconduct by the majority. The suggestion that anything other than the general good is designed by those promoting the selection of Directors by agreement instead of by dissension and antagonism is officious, and may be the planting of trouble rather than the prevention of it.

The object of the new system is to prevent panics of the sort we have hitherto experienced, but we shall have crises nevertheless. To avert them, and to deal with them, requires experience and ability different from those to be found in small, interior banks. The regional bank of New York is the chief instrument of the national organization, and it is important that its activities shall not be crippled by jealousies or inexperience. It is necessary that the banks doing a rural and local business shall be represented, and shall have confidence in their representative. It is necessary in higher degree that the larger interests shall not be hampered by either local, personal, or official interests or ambitions. It is not necessary to sacrifice either to the other in ordinary times, and if a choice between them must be made in times of crisis it will be made without difficulty hereafter as heretofore. In times of danger there is not the same indulgence in small manoeuvres as those which now occupy somewhat too much attention.

As Mr. HEPBURN said, the bankers will work together because they are men of business and not politicians. The law puts the Government Directors in a minority, and the Government should be content with what it took by its own statute. The Government would do well to let the banks organize in their own way, with at least no particular attention to New York. The Government Directors will have enough to do to fulfill their functions as representatives of the Government. Their capacity as such is distinctive, and survives the organization of the system. This is not so in the case of the Directors chosen by the banks. They are representative of their respective interests only for the purposes of the election and before organization. After organization the directorate is a unit, and represents the bank itself, rather than its component parts. This is the Government's interpretation of the law, and it is not consistent with the Government's active intervention in the affairs of New York. That this intervention is unfortunate appears from the fact that there have been created in New York conditions which have not appeared in other districts where the bankers have been left to themselves.

INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS DISPUTES.

The business men of thirty-seven nations have met in Paris, representing 369 associations, ninety-one of them in the United States. The congress is considering the plan presented by CHARLES L. BERNHEIMER, Chairman of the committee of New York's Chamber of Commerce appointed to settle business disputes. The plan would apply the principle of speedy adjustment out of court of disputes arising between business men of different countries.

Under it a Londoner makes a contract with a New Yorker which contains a standard clause referring differences about interpreting its terms or performance to the nearest commercial body of which one of the contractors is a member. The London Board of Trade and the New York Chamber of Commerce undertake to be sponsors for the parties. The contract determines in advance which of the commercial tribunals shall dispose of the dispute without the expense and intolerable delay incident to going to law about it.

The award of such a tribunal may not always have the legal effect of a judgment in a court of law. But the award will be enforceable morally, because the mere publication of noncompliance with it by one or the other party will cause him to lose caste with his Chamber of Commerce or Board of Trade. The strong compulsion that communities impose upon their respectable members, called Sittlichkeit by the Germans, would make the procedure adequate. Leading Chambers of Commerce throughout the world have already signified their approval of the principle laid down. Their formal agreement upon the plan to be applied would be a notable aid to international business.

THE FREE-SPEECHERS.

JANE EST, who disturbed the peace meeting in Madison Square yesterday, has gone to the Workhouse for three months. Her month's punishment for invading a church on Easter Sunday did not suffice for her. The month that BOUCK WHITE has served, in the opinion of the forgiving Rev. Dr. WOELFKIN, is sufficient punishment. Magistrate CAMPBELL sees otherwise, and he refuses to abate his six months' sentence of WHITE.

"Free speech" may mean anything nowadays. In England it is emphasized by threats of murder hurled at Cabinet Ministers and punctuated with slashings and choppings at masterpieces of art. The "silent mourning" and invasion of sacred places in this country are the reflection of English militant tactics in Great Britain. American Magistrates and Judges have resolved to enforce the principle of law and order, and they have the situation well in hand. The least foolish exhibition of leniency on their part might lead to all the lengths of hysteria with which the cities of England are afflicted.

HOBSON'S BILL.

Prohibition of the sale, manufacture for sale, transportation for sale, and importation for sale of intoxicating liquors as beverages is the plan which Congressman RICHMOND PEARSON HOBSON would have three-fourths of the Legislatures embody in the Federal Constitution. There is prospect that the House of Representatives will soon vote on the Hobson bill.

It should be killed in Congress. The Representatives and Senators would properly record the will of the people in this matter. The fact that fourteen States have repealed laws passed to prohibit the manufacture and sale of alcoholic liquors, and that several of the nine States now under prohibitory laws expressly permit individuals to import as much liquor as they and their families can consume, shows the insincerity of the propaganda. More than half the population of the United States is comprised within twelve States that license the sale of liquors, while their consumption is the custom everywhere. The Prohibitionists would concentrate their efforts upon the Legislatures of the sparsely settled and less responsible States to achieve a three-fourths majority representing a small minority of the entire population.

Those who have voted for prohibition have cast their ballots with the consciousness that contiguous territory was "wet." While the liquor dealers saw their breweries and distilleries destroyed in certain States, the consumption per individual has steadily risen. The people go on drinking under the hypocritical laws, which tend to bring all law into disrespect. If the Congressmen do their duty now, a great deal of mischief will be prevented.

DISCORD AT ARMAGEDDON.

Col. ROOSEVELT will not read GEORGE W. PERKINS out of the Progressive Party at the demand of AMOS PINCHOT. One of the Colonel's admirable traits is that of standing by his friends. Even if he had not that trait, it would be poor politics to begin a Congressional campaign by publicly admitting that he had been mistaken in choosing PERKINS as one whom he delighted to honor. Mr. PINCHOT knows all this, of course, and cannot expect any result from his onslaught except to make trouble for his party at the outset of the campaign. Why he should do this is a mystery only to those who do not know Mr. PINCHOT.

The Progressive Party, like all others, is made up of men of varying shades of opinion. It contains moderate Progressives, radical Progressives, and a third variety which can be summarized in Col. ROOSEVELT's own remark, made in another connection, that every reform movement has attached to it a "lunatic fringe." AMOS PINCHOT was an original La Follette man, who was enticed with difficulty into the Bull Moose movement and has shown an inclination to kick over the traces at every stage of the proceedings ever since. Without specifying to which of the three divisions of the Progressive Party he belongs, it will classify him sufficiently to say that he is one of the partisans of the Rev. BOUCK WHITE.

Col. ROOSEVELT is to open the Progressive campaign on June 20 with a speech at Pittsburgh for the election of Mr. PINCHOT's brother GIFFORD to the Senate. Brother AMOS's action in starting a bonfire under the Progressive Party three weeks in advance of that event is not likely to help Brother GIFFORD much, but considerations of that kind never weigh very heavily with Brother AMOS, whose political strategy is that of Donnybrook Fair. While AMOS PINCHOT is not important in himself, he may give the Bull Moose considerable trouble, for his attack on PERKINS will bring to a head a feeling which has hitherto been repressed among the more radical spirits of the party. They have chafed a good deal under PERKINS's prominence in their ranks, and now their chafing will find expression. To throw him to the wolves would be unjust, for not only has he given of his money to the cause, but he is, we believe, thoroughly sincere in his advocacy of their principles and earnest in his desire to bring about what he considers reforms. To drop him at the cry of the wild and restless spirits in the movement would be to serve notice that devotion to the cause is of no value unless it is leavened with insanity. Of that there is no danger; but Col. ROOSEVELT's refusal to do it, which we confidently predict, will create ill-feeling and discontent among his more radical followers and make the Progressive Party's path and that of Brother GIFFORD no smoother.

It would be interesting to know what Brother GIFFORD thinks of it, but on that point Brother AMOS, voluble concerning his indorsement by STUBBS and WILLIAM ALLEN WHITE, has nothing to say.

SILVER THREADS AMID THE GOLD.

The crops are pure gold. There is no explaining them away, nor depreciating them. The week's addition to the idle freight cars, and the unemployment which politicians of a certain sort so emphasize, are blessings more disguised, silver threads amid the gold, so to speak. If the cars were not unemployed we should be pleading for relief against a prosperity too great to be endured. If there were no idle hands the harvest would be a greater and perhaps insoluble problem.

There is no excuse for unemployment with the West sounding hurry calls for scores of thousands of men. The railways will have no excuse for neglecting other business in order to get the grain to market. It is cause for no idle congratulation that there is some quietness of trade when the soil is producing millions of tons which must be moved, or burned, or exposed to destruction from natural causes, since there are no preparations for warehousing such unprecedented abundance. We have had experience of good trade and good crops together, and we have learned that they are better when they come in series, rather than simultaneously. We have learned that congestion of the crops signifies congestion of credit, and a sequel of distress from an embarrassment of riches. With all reverence it may be said that Providence is good to us in checking commercial activity as a preparation for the stimulus which was to come from crops beyond even avaricious dreams.

So great is the margin above necessity that the discovery of bugs of various sorts, and areas of heat and drought, and all the other devices of the crop killers, may be awaited with unusual assurance. They must be beyond all experience to make a dent upon this year's bulging bins. There are blemishes upon the situation, no doubt, but the mainspring of prosperity is wound so tight this year that the machine cannot be stopped by a little grit in the works, or by any troubles not as real as the crops.

NOT THE RIGHT MAN.

District Superintendent DAVIS is not the man to fill the $6,000 place created by the Hoff law, passed at the last session for the expending of $225,000 yearly on work to prevent pupils in the schools from playing truant. Supt. DAVIS's record as Supervisor of Truancy has been bad—the worst of all. The Committee on School Inquiry, in its special report by Dr. JESSE D. BURKS, finds out of 395 random cases of absence without legal excuse that only one-quarter of those in Supt. DAVIS's district were reported to the attendance officer before they had been absent six days, while 77 per cent. was achieved under another Superintendent. Supt. DAVIS footed the list of records made under six Superintendents.

Considering the same number of cases reported back by the attendance officers, Mr. DAVIS's record was 20 per cent. within six days, as compared with 98.2 per cent. under another Superintendent. Final disposition of the cases within the same period revealed DAVIS lowest again, with 31 per cent., while another Superintendent found 69 per cent. practicable. Three other tables treating 1,315 cases of absence show Mr. DAVIS uniformly in the worst rank.

Why came his name to be proposed to the Board of Education? The new Bureau of Compulsory Education, School Census, and Child Welfare was not created to make places for undeservers. How can truancy be prevented if the laggards are not looked after?

THE HUMAN TIDE.

The rise and fall of our immigration is as mysterious as the "tides" in some landlocked lake, which seem to have neither inlet nor outlet, but yet have high and low water over a fixed sequence of intervals. Not long ago we were wondering why so many immigrants were leaving us. It seemed later that they had accurate foreknowledge of the quietness of trade which then was hidden from those learned in economic fundamentals. The thousands departing were so scattered in their places and trades that they had a totality of information hidden from individuals and not yet in the statistics. Now we are experiencing a reversal of this experience. This year's immigration is at a rate surpassing all records. More than 1,000,000 have already reached our shores in ten months of the fiscal year. Unless the movement is checked the arrivals will exceed 1,300,000 for the first year in history. It is all the more mysterious because the eastward passenger movement on the ocean steamers also shows an increase, so that the net of arrivals is subject to some deduction which cannot be accurately stated.

The arrivals are of the classes which in later years have come to be considered undesirable citizens. Italians from both north and south lead the list, Russian and Polish immigrants rank second, with Germans, English, and Scandinavians poor leaders of the ruck in the field. Our intelligent lawmakers have legislated against the immigration of skilled labor in deference to the prejudices of trades unions against an excess of competition in their line. Therefore the labor among the immigrants is mostly unorganized and unskilled, but necessary nevertheless. It is hard to see or say how our subways would be dug, or our railways be built, without the coarse labor which Americans despise, but demand to be done.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Another Blow at Saloons.

When the new workman's compensation law goes into force, in only two ways can those whom its provisions cover forfeit their claim upon the employers, and, of these two, one is almost negligible, for rare, indeed, will be the cases when the injury suffered is due to willful intention. The single real exception is that which bars from compensation the man whose injury results solely from his intoxication.

The results from this refusal to give the drunkard and his family the protection accorded to other workers cannot yet be generally realized, but they will be highly important. They will extend over many trades the same stern exclusion of drinkers that already prevails in a few great industries where the safety of many lives depends to a large extent on the constant possession of all his wits by every employé.

At first thought it might seem that the only effect of the exception would fall upon the man hurt while intoxicated, but the "incidence" is, in fact, far wider. Every employer knows how difficult it usually is, particularly after some time has passed, to prove that the victim of an accident or the maker of a mistake was at the moment under the influence of alcohol to a degree sufficient to justify calling him "drunk." Opinions on that point, both in and out of court, differ widely. But many besides the new psychologists have learned nowadays that even a single drink, even of the lighter liquors, measurably decreases for a considerable number of hours both efficiency and discretion.

It can confidently be expected, therefore, that a good many employers will at once, and that a good many more will soon, guard themselves against the difficulty of proving technical intoxication by refusing to take the risk of employing men who cannot give convincing assurance of complete and constant sobriety—in other words, that they are total abstainers. Such a discrimination would be fully justified on strictly practical grounds, and that the new law will render the making of it general is certain. So the law is a cruel blow at the saloons. Isn't it too bad?

Ready for Every Emergency.

Cynics and humorists are both likely to be reminded by the lecture on Spanish history and heroes delivered by the Colonel so soon after his arrival in Madrid of the fact that no sooner had he emerged from the Brazilian wilderness than he rushed to a bookstore and bought fifty volumes as something to read on the way home.

So the dispatches reported, and more than plausibly, but those of us who have investigated the West Indian depositories of literature, even in such well-equipped little cities as the capitals of Trinidad and Barbados, have more than doubts as to whether all or even many of the fifty books there obtained would be much help for one desirous of impressing the Spaniards with one's knowledge of their ancient glories and worthies. What can be found there are mostly reprints of novels made especially for colonial edification, and fine, indeed, would it be if we could get our novels paper-covered and, therefore, as cheap as the colonials do.

But the Colonel long since qualified himself for showing familiarity, on occasion, with almost every subject there is, and really it isn't very funny to charge him with "reading up" for any other reason than to satisfy a constitutional hunger for all sorts of information. It wasn't this year or last that he began to dig into the annals of Spain, for they are of a sort particularly to interest a reader with his love for high adventure and mighty exploits under the sky.

He let his enthusiasm rather run away with him if, as reported, he prophesied the use of Spanish as a world language, but he could hardly have said too much for it as an instrument for the expression of human emotions. Mule driver or statesman, poet or soldier—it serves them all magnificently.

More Than Suffrage Will Pass.

Denmark seems to be on the point of accomplishing without any excitement or danger a constitutional change that in not a few countries would involve a lot of disturbance, if not bloody revolution. For the proposal and obvious intention of the Danes is to abolish all property qualifications for membership in the upper house of its National Legislature.

This means that the Senate hereafter is to represent the Danish people as a whole, and not, as hitherto, the wealthy class alone. The determination to make the change, curiously enough, seems to have been brought about, or at least brought to final action, by the refusal of the Conservative Senators to provide a quorum for consideration of a woman suffrage bill already passed in the lower house with a close approach to unanimity. The device is, of course, a counsel of desperation and a confession of invincible defeat.

BICHLORIDE POISONING.

First Three Months of New Ordinance Show Encouraging Decrease.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The new ordinance restricting the retail sale of bichloride of mercury tablets in Greater New York went into effect on March 1, 1914, and the records which I have collected from the Coroners' offices of the five boroughs for the first three months' working of the new regulation are extremely satisfactory. From March 1 to June 1 there were ten deaths in New York City due to mercury poisoning. Six of them were suicides and four were accidental. Four of the suicides were in Manhattan, one in Brooklyn, and one in Queens. Of the accidental deaths, three were in Manhattan and one in Brooklyn.

I expect the number to be lower in the next quarter because when the regulation took effect many persons had a stock of bichloride in their homes, and when this supply is exhausted the danger will be lessened because it cannot be obtained easily under the new law. The regulation provides that bichloride of mercury tablets cannot be sold at retail without a physician's prescription and that the tablets must be made in a distinctive shape and color. Tablets of one-tenth of a grain or less need not be made in a distinctive shape or color, as they are usually prescribed for internal administration. The restrictions do not apply to wholesalers, and therefore impose no hardships on the druggists or manufacturers. The satisfactory result of this ordinance in New York City will prompt many other cities to take action, especially Chicago, where Dr. G. B. Young, Commissioner of Health, informs me the City Council has had the matter of a bichloride ordinance under consideration for some time.

CHARLES F. PABST.

Brooklyn, N. Y., June 10, 1914.

Swimming Lessons in Schools.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The story of the eight-year-old girl who saved her life on the Empress of Ireland by her knowledge of swimming has induced me to ask the Mayor to use his influence with the Board of Education to have every child in the public schools taught to swim. The Mayor has replied saying he will take up the matter with the President of the Board of Education.

How many of the children on the Slocum could have been saved had they known how to swim? If all citizens who favor this object will write to the Board of Education there is little doubt that swimming will in future be taught in the public and other schools.

ROBERT FLAHERTY.

New York, June 9, 1914.

Physical Culture Films.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The suggestion of William Harmon Beers in his letter to THE TIMES that motion pictures be used to illustrate the correct method of playing golf, tennis, and other games is an excellent one. The scheme is in line with a pet project of my own, which is to enlist the "movies" in the spread of physical culture exercises and methods. Perhaps the great majority of people haven't the time nor the opportunity to gain instruction in scientific exercise and body training, which they stand so much in need of. Many efforts have been made to teach gymnastic work by correspondence, or by means of articles in magazines and newspapers, but they have not been entirely successful. Such instruction is usually so confusing that the student soon gives up in disgust or forms erroneous habits of exercise that may do more harm than good.

Where personal instruction cannot be had, the "movies" could do a great work by offering films picturing dumbbell exercises, medicine ball, bag punching, and other forms of exercise. Such pictures would be entertaining and amusing as well as instructive, and would almost certainly arouse the enthusiasm of young people. MAC LEVY.

Babylon, N. Y., June 6, 1914.

The Brompton Oratory.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

This is to thank you for your sensible and—let us hope—useful editorial published today under the heading, "British Female Rioters," and at the same time to correct a mistake of historical fact about the Brompton Oratory.

This Oratory was not founded by Newman, but by F. W. Faber, another son of St. Philip, not less distinguished in his earlier day than the great controversialist. Father Faber was the author of the hymn, "Hark, hark, my soul," which at one time bade fair to attain as wide popularity as Newman's "Lead, kindly light." The Brompton Oratory was originally established in William Street, London, a more central site than that which it afterward occupied, and where it has now become the object of attacks from the Female Howlers.

Until about 1884 the church of the Brompton Oratory was a far less magnificent and imposing structure than what now covers the same site. The present building was erected around and over the earlier one, the debris of which was then carried out through the barely finished doorways of its successor.

EWAN MACPHERSON.

Grantwood, N. J., June 9, 1914.

"A Fathers' Day" Suggested.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Ever since the beginning of the Mother's Day movement I have felt that an injustice has been done—unintentionally, of course—to our fathers. There are many fathers who are worthy of honor as well as mothers. Therefore, we should celebrate a day for Father's Day.

Think of the many brave soldiers who are fighting the battle of life day after day, year after year, that their loved ones may have every comfort possible; that their wives may dress as well as other women, and that their children may be educated to become useful citizens. I would like to suggest a nation-wide observance of Sept. 20 for Father's Day. Instead of the carnation pink, so appropriate for motherhood, I would suggest the wearing of a small bow of red, white, and blue ribbon. JUSTICE.

Bayonne, N. J., June 6, 1914.

Wire Mesh Nose Bags.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I would suggest a strong mesh bag for feeding horses, the mesh just close enough to keep the oats from falling out. It should be firmly woven about three or four inches from the bottom of the bag, giving full breathing air from above. Many horses after their meal is eaten stand a long time with the bags hanging over their noses, with small ventilation, which is cruel. Many horses have attracted my attention from their restlessness, and from pity I have removed the bag from their nose, leaving the bag standing near the wagon.

M. MEIGS DOUGLAS.

New York, June 9, 1914.

The Loss of the Sirio.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is surprising to note that none of your correspondents called your attention to an important marine disaster omitted in all the statistics published in newspapers recently. The disaster in question is that of the steamer Sirio of the Italian Lines, (Navigazione Generale Italiana,) floundered off Palos, Spain, in 1904 or 1905, with a loss of about 300 lives. The steamer Sirio sailed from Genoa bound to South American ports two days before the catastrophe occurred with a considerable number of emigrants aboard.

RENATO CRISI.

New York, June 8, 1914.

THE TOILERS.

Each day is but a fight for roof and bread,
Behind relentless walls, 'mid noise and heat—
Till evening tames a million twirling wheels,
And weary crowds surge home on shuffling feet.

But soothing hands are laid upon this world
When slumb'rous Night floats down the mist-hung streams,
Then, for a space, we bear no crushing load,
We wander, freed, in fields a-bloom with dreams!

LOUISE VON WETTER.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION.

II.

Procedure in Bringing Claims for Death and Injury—How Compensation Awards Are Made.

The procedure to be followed by employer and employe, as well as the functions of the Workmen's Compensation Commission, in connection with accidents, fatal or merely disabling, coming within the scope of the statute, are set forth at considerable length in Article 2 of the Workmen's Compensation act.

The law requires notice to be given, either by the employe or by some person representing him, or in the case of a fatal accident by the dependents of the injured employe, or some person representing them, both to the employer and the Compensation Commission.

In the case of an accident which merely results in disability the notice must be given within ten days after the accident has occurred. In the case of fatal accidents both the employer and the Compensation Commission should be notified within thirty days after the injured employe's death.

The law also imposes on the employer the duty of notifying the Compensation Commission of any accidents occurring in his establishment in which death or injury is inflicted on any of his employes to which the benefits of the Compensation act extend. The employer, in fact, is compelled to keep a complete record of accidents, which at all times must be open to inspection by agents of the Compensation Commission.

The notices must be in writing and contain the name, address, and occupation of the employe, together with the time, place, nature and cause of the injury, and must be signed either by him or some person representing him, or, in the case of fatal injury, by one or more of his dependents or some person representing them.

The notice to the commission must be transmitted by registered mail to its main office. The notice to the employer may be delivered to him personally or be sent by registered mail to his last-known place of residence. If the employer is a partnership concern the notice may be sent to either of the partners, if a corporation to the secretary or treasurer or any officer or agent on whom legal process may be served.

Failure to comply with these requirements on the part of employes or their dependents—unless it can be shown to the satisfaction of the Compensation Commission that for sufficient reason notice could not be given and that the interests of the employer or the insurance carrier have not been prejudiced by the omission—will bar the injured employe or his dependents, in the case of death, from claiming compensation under the new act. Exception is made, however, for persons mentally incompetent, and for minor dependents for whom there has not been appointed a committee, guardian, or "next friend."

A claim for compensation for an injury, notice of which has been duly given as set forth above, may be filed after the expiration of the first fourteen days after an injury, during which period the employer is not required to make any payments, or at any time after the death of a fatally injured employe.

The Compensation Commission, after a claim has been filed, is required to make an investigation in the course of which the employe, should the commission so determine, may be required to submit to medical examination. Such examinatiton can be had only on the demand of the commission, but the employer or the insurance carrier is entitled to have one or more physicians of his own selection present to participate in it. Any employe who refuses to submit to medical examination, under the law, forfeits any right to prosecute his claim or to receive any compensation for the period during which he has ignored the commission's order, regardless of whether, after subsequent medical examination, he shall have established his claim.

Before making an award the commission, on the application of either party, must order a hearing at which both sides have the right of being represented by counsel and may present evidence. The award must be made by the commission within thirty days after a claim has been filed, or, if there is a hearing, thirty days after the hearing closes. Before making an award the commission may require the claimant to appear before an arbitration committee appointed by the commission and consisting of one representative of the employer, one representative of the employes, and either a Commissioner or a person deputized by the commission who shall act as Chairman of the committee. All the evidence on the claim must be submitted to this committee.

In the prosecution of claims the burden of proof will be almost entirely on the employer. The law provides that in the absence of any substantial evidence to the contrary the claim shall be presumed to come within the provisions of the Compensation act, that sufficient notice had been given of the injury or death involved, and that the accident resulting in such injury or death was not due either to willful intention or intoxication while on duty on the part of the employe. These are the only grounds on which an employer can escape payment of claims under this act growing out of the death or injury to employes.

After an award is made, the commission must place on file its decision, together with a statement of its conclusions of fact and rulings of law, and must send a copy of its decision to both parties in the contest. On all questions of fact the findings of the commission are final. On questions of law an appeal may be taken by either party in a contested claim to the Appellate Division of the Third Department, sitting in Albany, and from this tribunal to the Court of Appeals if the questions at issue are such as would come within the jurisdiction of the highest court under the general law. The Workmen's Compensation act provides that in the Appellate Division all appeals taken from decisions made by the commission shall have precedence over all civil cases. Upon the final determination of such appeals the commission is required to make an award or decision in accordance with the court's decree.

The Compensation Commission, either on its own initiative or upon request of an interested party, may at any time review an award, and may end, increase, or reduce compensation previously awarded. The commission, however, cannot order an increase which would bring the amount above the maximum amount fixed in the law for the class of compensation involved in any particular award under reconsideration, nor order reductions bringing the compensation below the minimum amounts fixed in the act for such payments. No such modifications will in any way affect payments already made under a former award.

All payments of compensation for injury or death benefits are payable through the commission. Those who framed the law were moved to a great extent by the prejudice manifested by the representatives of labor against casualty companies when they made the law preclude any direct dealings between the employes or their dependents entitled to compensation or death benefits and companies insuring liabilities under this act.

In providing against direct dealings between employer and employe in the matter of such payments, the framers of the law sought to render impossible any secret waiver on the part of injured workmen of any part of their claim, which it is thought they might be induced to make under coercion or fear of blacklisting unless the commission itself was made the medium of all payments. In this respect the law was modified just before its final passage when a plan was provided by which officers of corporations, liable under the law, in the discretion of the commission may be deputized to make payments direct to injured employes or the dependents of workmen who have met accidental death.

Compensation must be paid periodically in accordance with the method of payment of wages to an employe at the time of his injury or death, unless the Compensation Commission shall direct payments in any instance to be made monthly or at longer intervals, if this should seem advisable. The commission, also, when circumstances require it and when it can be done without prejudice to the interest of either party, is empowered to commute periodical payments to a lump sum to be paid immediately.

This method in all probability will be invoked frequently and almost exclusively in the case of dependents of alien employes who desire to return to their native lands to live. In such cases, except where the alien is a native or resident of Canada, the commission in its own option or on application from the insurance carrier must commute future compensation payments and discharge all obligations by payment of one-half of the amount of the commuted future installments. This is on the theory that living expenses in a European country to the dependents would be only about one-half of what they would be in the United States.

Employes or their dependents are forever barred from claiming compensation unless the claims are filed within one year from the time an injury was sustained or death occurred.

MAY OUST HOSPITAL BOARD.

Protected Officials in Recent Inquiry, Glynn and Carmody Believe.

ALBANY, June 10.—Indications point to the removal of members of the State Hospital Commission unless they hand in their resignations. Reports are current here that Gov. Glynn and Attorney General Carmody are displeased with the manner in which the commission has conducted its investigations into the conditions of the hospitals for the insane, especially the food supply.

Three hospitals—Utica, Central Islip, and Kings Park—have been investigated by the commission. The State authorities believe there has been a tendency on the part of the commission to exonerate the Superintendents and attaches of the hospitals and to discredit the testimony given by the two Federal inspectors employed to make the investigation.

It was pointed out today that at Central Islip last week the commission permitted counsel appearing for the hospital to threaten these inspectors with criminal proceedings, and at Long Island State Hospital to threaten them with personal violence. August Merrill, Deputy Attorney General appearing as counsel for the commission, protested against an alleged attempt to intimidate one of the Federal inspectors while testifying at Central Islip, but was shut off by A. D. Morgan, Chairman of the commission.

ARTS ACADEMY CHARTERED.

Membership Never to Exceed 50—William Dean Howells President.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 10.—The American Academy of Arts and Letters was incorporated to-day. Its principal office is to be in Manhattan. The purpose is to afford recognition to distinguished achievement in literature and the fine arts. The members shall consist of the present members of the unincorporated association of the same title, but at no time shall exceed fifty. Foreign or domestic associate and honorary associate members are not included in this limit.

The affairs of the Academy are to be conducted by seven Directors, those named in the certificate being William Dean Howells, President; William Milligan Sloane, Chancellor and Treasurer; Robert Underwood Johnson, Permanent Secretary; W. Crary Brownell, Edwin H. Blashford, Thomas Hastings, and William Sutherford Mead, all of New York City.

NOT ANTI-CATHOLIC, SAYS SIGNOR NATHAN

Ex-Mayor of Rome Explains He Is Opposed to Clerical Party, Not to Religion.

SAW NO SIGN OF BOYCOTT

Is Coming Back to Superintend Installation of Italy's Exhibit at Panama Exposition.

Ernesto Nathan, ex-Mayor of Rome and Italian Commissioner General to the Panama-Pacific Exposition, arrived at the Waldorf yesterday morning from San Francisco, where he conferred with the Directors of the Exposition and made arrangements for the Italian exhibit. Signor Nathan said last night he was puzzled at the attitude of those Roman Catholic societies which have announced during the last few days that they would boycott the exposition because of the fact that he was connected with it in a high official capacity.

In statements made concerning the action of the Catholic Laymen's League for Retreats and Social Studies, which passed a boycott resolution, it was charged that ex-Mayor Nathan had insulted the Pope and the Catholic Church; that he was aggressively anti-Catholic, and had often manifested his hostility. Signor Nathan asserted that these statements were untrue, and intimated that they were made by persons who got politics and religion mixed.

"I cannot understand these resolutions," he said. "Those gentlemen, or some of them, I understand, are supposed to be speaking in the name of 3,000,000 Italian Catholics in this country. All I can say is, that I have not been receiving any evidences of hostility from those Italian Catholics since I have been here. Certainly it was not made manifest at San Francisco. I have met with nothing but the most hospitable treatment from everybody with whom I have been brought into contact, beginning with your most worthy President. It may be that their exceptional warmth was due to knowledge that my actions and attitude had been misrepresented.

"As a matter of fact, the charges are absolutely untrue. They want to set me up as an enemy of the Catholic religion. There is no man who is more respectful toward any religious faith, whether it be Catholic or Protestant or Jewish or Mohammedan, or what not, than I am.

"But I say, with all the assurance I can muster, that I am an enemy, and have always been, of political parties that are based on religion; that is to say, I am an enemy of a party wherein religion is used as an instrument.

"In Italy we have a great many Catholics. The majority of the Italians are of that faith, in fact, and their faith is respected, publicly and privately. But there we have also what is called the Clerical Party, that is to say, a party that is opposed to the actual Government and the actual state of things because it wishes to re-establish the former political Government. Against this party I have waged war—not against the Catholic Church.

"But a confusion seems to have arisen in the minds of some persons, who fail to distinguish between religion and politics. They confuse the purposes of those who have religious faith and those who have political intentions. Against such politicians, who wish to restore the past, and to overthrow the established order in my country, I do all I can."

A dispatch in an afternoon paper describing riots in Rome and picturing a terrible condition of affairs was read to Signor Nathan. He laughed at it. "Those two railway stations that are reported burned are very small," he said. "The fact is, Tarriano is so insignificant I could not tell you where it is. You will notice it is said that the railway employes generally have not heeded the summons to strike. As for two or three or even five hundred persons burning down little railway stations, of course that is a stupid thing, and probably attributable to anarchists, as those occurrences usually are. I am glad to learn that instead of two Americans being killed, as I read this morning, they are now only said to have been seriously injured at Milan."

"Do you know, I would not be surprised if this dispatch originated with the Swiss hotel keepers. You will notice it speaks of Americans flocking to Lucerne. That may sound odd, but let me tell you what occurred during the Summer of 1911.

"At that time we were having in Rome an exhibition of the Fine Arts, which was drawing a great many people. The Swiss hotel keepers became thoroughly alarmed. Something must be done to check the rush of Americans to Italy, which was decreasing their own receipts.

"Well, just then a lot of workmen were employed in putting up the monument to Victor Emmanuel in Rome. At midday these men used to lie about after their lunch for a nap. Now what did these enterprising Swiss innkeepers do but have photographs made of these workmen while sleeping, and send them all over the civilized world labeled 'Victims of the Cholera in Rome,' and use them as confirmation of the reports they spread that we had the cholera and that people were dying so fast we could not remove their corpses.

"Of that strike you will find nothing left tomorrow or the day after. If there were a general railway strike perhaps there would be momentary inconvenience. Several trains would have to be taken off. But as that is not a fact, the strike thing is of no importance whatever, except that it is always a bore to have to resort to severe measures or to send out troops.

"I am highly satisfied with what I saw in San Francisco," Signor Nathan said, reverting to the purpose of his visit. "I shall now return to get the Italian exhibits ready. I found that not only was the exposition well organized, but that I was able to make very satisfactory arrangements in regard to our small exhibit. Italy's building, I may say, I do not think will be the least attractive out there. With regard to our exhibit, Italy is going merely to attempt this: To be represented by those products, industrial, artistic, and of a public service nature, that will give a true idea of what she is today.

"If things go smoothly, as I suppose they ought, and also if I go smoothly over the vale of increasing years, I shall be back toward the end of the year or at the beginning of next year to superintend the organization and installation of the Italian exhibit and to be present at the inauguration, which I understand will take place on Feb. 20."

Signor Nathan expects to leave for Italy on Saturday on the steamship America.

REPORT SEA SAFETY TREATY

Committeemen, However, Add Proviso Urged by Seamen's Union.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—With a proviso which leaves the way open for the enforcement of marine legislation of the character included in the La Follette Seamen's bill, the Convention on Safety at Sea negotiated in London on Jan. 20, 1914, was today favorably reported to the Senate by the Committee on Foreign Relations. The La Follette resolution was drafted in accordance with the views of Andrew J. Furuseth of the International Seamen's Union, who was a dissenting member of the London Conference.

The adoption of the proviso, which is far from an unconditional acceptance of the terms of the London Convention, was opposed by Senator Burton, Republican, of Ohio, who was named as a delegate to the London Conference, but who was unable to attend. The committee was constrained to agree to the amendment partly because of the support which some of the members were ready to give to legislation similar to the La Follette Seamen's bill, and partly because the members were convinced that the convention without such a proviso would not be ratified by the Senate.

The reservation imposed by the committee would preserve the right of the United States to impose on vessels in its own waters such higher standards for safety and such provisions for the health and comfort of passengers and immigrants as this Government may enact for vessels of the United States. Mr. Furuseth had pointed out to the committee that if the convention were approved by the United States unamended the hands of Congress would be tied for five years and the remedial legislation for which the union had been striving for twenty years would be inoperative if passed.

Life-Saving Medal to Seaman.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—To John M. Dunn, a seaman on board the Amphitrite, has been awarded a silver life-saving medal by the Treasury Department for gallant conduct in rescuing a seaman from drowning at the Mare Island Navy Yard in California on

FUN AND GLITTER IN 'PASSING SHOW'

Summer Burlesque of Plays at Winter Garden a Lavish, Tuneful Entertainment.

CHORUS IN AN AIRSHIP

Hits by T. Roy Barnes, Bernard Granville, George Monroe, and Jose Collins—Scenic Splendors.

"THE PASSING SHOW OF 1914," Dialogue and lyrics by Harold Atteridge. Music by Sigmund Romberg and Harry Carroll. At the Winter Garden.

Deuce Baggot.....John Freeman
Mary Packard.....Muriel Window
A camera man.....William Dunham
Miss High Jinks.....Ethel Amorita Kelly
The midnight girl.....Frances Demarest
Rip Van Winkle Roosevelt, Robert Emmett Keane
Little Buttercup.....George W. Monroe
Huerta.....Lew Brice
Sari.....Elsie Pilcer
A gypsy fiddler.....Ivan Bankoff
Lady Windermere.....Bessie Crawford
The misleading nut.....T. Roy Barnes
First attendant.....Joseph P. Galton
Second attendant.....Parker Lesard
Jarrold McGee.....Bernard Granville
Panthea.....Frances Demarest
Kitty MacKay.....Jose Collins
Baron Criquet.....Harry Fisher
Billie Burke.....Muriel Window
Leonora.....Frances Demarest
Mr. Varenka.....Harry Fisher
Mr. Manhattan.....Robert Emmett Keane
Pierrot.....Stafford Pemberton
Primella.....Ethel Amorita Kelly
Omar Khayyam.....Bernard Granville
Shireen.....Jose Collins
Imam Allafake.....Robert Emmett Keane
Zarah.....Frances Demarest
Turkey trot.....Ivan Bankoff
Tango.....Winifred Gilrain
Maxixe.....Elsie Pilcer
Nizam.....John Freeman
A priest.....Lew Brice
A priest.....William Dunham
The crinoline girl.....T. Roy Barnes
An aviator.....Jack Evans
Joe Oswald.....Lew Brice
William Bulldoon.....Robert Emmett Keane
Mr. Gymnast.....Nat Nazarro
Mr. Handspring.....J. Edward Nazarro
Miss Flip.....Erman Nazarro
Mr. Hoops.....Frank L. Gregory
Mr. Roller.....Thomas Allen
Miss Twist.....Nellie Gilman
Mr. Circle.....Julian Gilman
Mr. Bar.....Frank Wayne
Mr. Pulley.....William Green
Miss Trapeze.....Rupert Gregory
Conductor.....Jack Evans
Miss Jerry.....Marilynn Miller
Salvation Nell.....Muriel Window
Miss Glasgow.....Winona Wilkins
Miss Leeds.....June Elvidge
Miss Edinburgh.....Thelma Hoeffle
Miss Henrietta.....Florence Averell

"The Passing Show of 1914," which opened at the Winter Garden last night, simply out-summers and out-shows any thing in its line seen in a New York theatre, and sets considerable of a mark for Winter entertainments as well.

Local theatregoers are accustomed to seeing things done on a big scale, but even the massive productions at the Hippodrome must take a back seat when compared to the entertainment which began at 8 o'clock last night and ran along merrily until after midnight. Of course, some of it will have to be cut out. Four hours of almost continual laughter is too much for the tired business man, but just what to cut is something which will prove puzzling to the Shuberts. Perhaps they will chop off an hour and a half and use that part in another theatre.

"The Passing Show of 1914" is really so big that it is hard to find out just where to start in telling about it. Most of the plays which scored here last Winter are burlesqued during the course of the evening, and each burlesque is exceedingly clever. The lines are funny, something unusual for a Summer show, and the music is catchy and bright. There is one song, "Omar Khayyam," which comes early in the action of the entertainment and then keeps recurring all during the evening. After the show is over the audience goes out whistling it. It is the prettiest piece in the show, which has a large collection of delightful songs.

And the players. T. Roy Barnes, a recruit from vaudeville, who was seen in an unfortunate musical comedy, so called, a short time ago, comes into his own in the rôle of The Misleading Nut, a burlesque of the insane Napoleon of "The Leading Lady." He wanders on and off, but never stays so long that his peculiar style of humor becomes tiresome. George Monore appears as Little Buttercup, the Queen of the Movies, and Harry Fisher is a whole lot of things, his funniest characterization being that of the Russian white slave in a scene from "The Yellow Ticket," in which Monroe is the wicked head of the secret police. Bernard Granville, who heretofore has been unable to make audiences take him at his own valuation, comes very close to that mark this time in a rôle which is Guy Bates Post as "Omar, the Tentmaker," and Henry Dixey in "A Thousand Years Ago" rolled into one.

Robert Emmett Keane scores one of the hits of the evening by appearing for just a moment or two as Rip Van Winkle Roosevelt and singing "Shall We Gather at the River." Then he goes to sleep, leaving a call "for 1916."

Of the women in the cast first honors, always excepting the chorus, which is one of the great features of the show—the word "show" here being used advisedly—go to Jose Collins. Miss Collins looks very pretty, sings sweetly, and in some of her burlesque gets an opportunity to act, which she does very well. Frances Demarest, Ethel Kelly, and Muriel Window, a newcomer, also score, and Marilynn Miller gives an imitation of Julian Eltinge, among others, which is clever.

And there are some mechanical effects and scenic splendors well worth while. The end of the first act shows an airship, full of girls, floating around the stage in a most realistic manner. The Sloping Path, another novelty, is not quite so complex an affair as advance reports indicated, but it shows a large number, a very large number, to be sure, of chorus girls dancing from the stage away up into the fly galleries. Which brings one back to the chorus. Where they all came from is a mystery. All of the old Broadway favorites were there and a lot of new ones, and they wore some of the prettiest and most striking costumes seen in many a day. There will be a protest, no doubt, from the Amalgamated Order of Tights Makers which the newly formed Theatrical Managers' Protective Association will have to consider as a result of this new show. Bernard Granville, José Collins, and one or two others among the principals did wear tights, but the chorus contented itself with very short socks and very short trunks, and the effect, especially when the young women marched and remarched down the runway through the centre of the audience, was, to say the least, a bit startling.

All in all, "The Passing Show of 1914" is a remarkable entertainment and one which will fill the Winter Garden for many hot nights, and many cold ones, to come.

MISS SEYMOUR ENGAGED.

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Seymour to Wed B. B. Burton.

Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Seymour of New York announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Emeroy Vilas Seymour, to Benjamin Brown Burton of this city.

Miss Seymour was educated at the Misses Masters' school at Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., and is a devotee of outdoor sports, being a member of the West Side Tennis Club.

Mr. Burton is the only son of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin P. Burton, who formerly resided at Waterford, N. Y. He was graduated from Williams College, class of '12, and is a member of the Sigma Phi Fraternity, City, and Williams College Clubs. He is in the real estate business.

Miss Seymour's father is a banker in Wall Street and is Treasurer of the Camp Fire Club of America and the Explorers' Club, Champlain Association of the Long Island Sound.

No date has been set for the wedding.

MISS MARION FASH WEDS.

The Bride of J. M. Clawson—Her Sisters and Cousins Bridesmaids.

The wedding of Jay Mills Clawson and Miss Marion Kortright Fash, a daughter of Mrs. Helen Kortright Fash, was celebrated at 8:30 last evening at the residence of the bride's uncle, Percy Gardner, 316 West 102d Street, the Rev. James Lewis Lasher of Brewster, N. Y., officiating. The ceremony took place in the drawing room in a bower of white and pink roses, and the decorations throughout were of white roses and pink roses and peonies.

The bride's uncle, F. Brewster Highet of Greenwich, Conn., gave her in marriage. She wore a trailing gown of white satin, the skirt in draped pannier effect, and the corsage of satin and rose point lace. Rose point also ran down the sides of the gown and was caught with sprays of orange blossoms. Her tulle veil was held by a filet of point lace and orange blossoms and her bouquet was lilies of the valley. She wore a diamond pendant, the gift of Mr. Clawson.

The maid of honor was Miss Christine Montfort, a senior of Mount Holyoke, who wore a trailing frock of green crepe embroidered in green and having lavender draped over the corsage and the paniers. She carried white roses.

The bridesmaids were the Misses Edith Chesterman Fash and Elizabeth Carson Fash, sisters of the bride, and the Misses Isabelle Boudinot Gardner and Helen Kortright Gardner, cousins of the bride. They were gowned in rose-pink chiffon and white Chantilly lace, the lace forming the corsages and the tunics. They carried bouquets of pink roses. All wore wide scarfs of white tulle and were gloveless. Miss Alice Postley, the daughter of Alexander C. Postley, was the flower girl. She wore a white lingerie and lace frock with pink ribbons, and carried a basket of pink roses. The bride and her bridesmaids all descended from John Pintard of Revolutionary fame.

Richard Lee Phillips was the best man, and the ushers were Adolph Johnson, Charles Bowes, Howard Metz, and Howard Wood. The ceremony was followed by a reception. There were about 200 guests. An orchestra played, and there was dancing.

MISS DICKINSON A BRIDE.

Twin Sister Her Maid of Honor at Marriage to F. H. McCoun, Jr.

The wedding of Miss Celia Goss Dickinson, youngest daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Gordon Kimball Dickinson of Jersey City, and Frederic Hewlett McCoun, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Frederic Hewlett McCoun of this city, was celebrated last evening in the First Dutch Reformed Church of Van Vorst, Jersey City, the Rev. Dr. Cornelius Brett officiating.

The bride wore a gown of ivory satin and grenadine draped with real lace and chiffon, with a duchess lace collar which had been in the bridegroom's family for many years and was worn by his grandmother at her wedding. The veil of lace fell from a lace cap effect to the long pointed train. Her only ornament was a brooch of rubies, diamonds and pearls, the gift of the bridegroom. She carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley and white orchids.

Miss Marie Mazie Dickinson, the bride's twin sister, was her maid of honor. She was in shell pink crepe meteor. The bridesmaids were the Misses Louise Waterman, and Claire and Ruth Dickinson, sisters of the bride. They wore gowns of pink crepe meteor with silk net and Persian lace, and caps of pink silk net with halos of pink rosebuds.

Gerald Mygatt was best man. Lucius H. Bigelow, William A. Kimball, John I. Merritt, Penton Sanders, Harold Taylor, Rudolph L. von Burnuth, Weymour H. Waitt, and Dr. Walter M. Kraus, were the ushers.

A small reception followed at the home of the bride's parents, 280 Montgomery Street. Mr. and Mrs. McCoun will sail this morning for the Mediterranean on the Saxonia.

PITTSFIELD PASTOR MARRIES.

The Rev. Edgar Gregg Weds Miss Elizabeth L. Hinsdale.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., June 10.—Miss Elizabeth Livingston Hinsdale, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. James H. Hinsdale, and the Rev. Edgar Gregg, pastor of the First Church, were married at 5 o'clock tonight in the bridegroom's church. The decorations were roses. The Rev. James B. Gregg of Brookline, the bridegroom's father, read the service.

The bride's brother, F. Gilbert Hinsdale of New York, gave her in marriage. She had no attendants. She wore white satin and carried lilies of the valley.

The ushers were the Rev. William Merriam Crane of Richmond, the Rev. Warren S. Archibald and George C. Harding of Pittsfield. Prof. Henry Barrett Chamberlain of Providence, R. I., was best man. Because of the bride being in mourning there was a small reception at her home, 54 Wendell Avenue.

WEDDED IN COUNTRY CLUB.

Dr. Sidney H. Adler and Miss Elsie Tobias Married at Cedarhurst.

Dr. Sidney H. Adler and Miss Elsie Tobias, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Tobias of Ocean Avenue, Far Rockaway, were married last evening at the Cedarhurst Country Club Cedarhurst, L. I., at 6 o'clock. The Rev. Dr. William Rosenau of Baltimore, Md., officiated.

Miss Eileen F. Adler, a sister of the bridegroom, was maid of honor, and the young Misses Vera Alma and Ruth Frankel were the flower girls. Richard E. Tobias was best man for his brother.

Dr. Adler and his bride will spend their honeymoon in Canada, and on their return will reside at Far Rockaway during the remainder of the Summer.

Streeter-Rudolph Wedding.

Miss Gladys Marie Rudolph, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Rudolph of 399 Hancock Street, Brooklyn, and Daniel Denison Streeter, son of Mr. and Mrs. Milford B. Streeter, were married last evening at the home of the bride's parents by the Rev. Dr. S. C. Welskotten, pastor of the English Lutheran Church of the Redeemer.

Miss Natalie Alma Rudolph, a sister of the bride, was maid of honor and the bridesmaids included the Misses Caroline M. Behre, Grace Miriam Bruning, Evelyn Sarah Payne, and Helen Katherine Wissner.

The best man was Milford B. Streeter, Jr., and the ushers were William E. Rudolph, James D. Lester, Harold A. Jackson, Arthur P. Matthews, Edwin H. Updike, Christopher B. Miller, Benjamin Willis, and Dr. E. Stagg Whitin.

EGAN—RUSSELL.

Miss Mabel Russell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Russell of 284 Barclay Street, Flushing, L. I., and Maurice Egan, of Mount Kisco, N. Y., were married yesterday morning at St. Michael's Roman Catholic Church, Flushing, by the Rev. Mgr. Eugene J. Donnelly, the pastor. More than 500 relatives and friends attended the ceremony.

Miss Elizabeth Russell was her sister's maid of honor. The bridesmaids were Miss Agnes Ryan of Brooklyn, Miss Susan Smith of Islip, L. I., Miss Willetta Brennan of Flushing, classmates of the bride at the Academy of St. Joseph-in-the-Pines, Brentwood, L. I. William Egan, brother of the bridegroom, was best man, and Frederick Russell, Raymond Russell of Flushing, brothers of the bride; Jack Russell of Great Neck, and Frank Larkin of Flushing, cousins of the bride, were ushers.

After the ceremony the wedding party went to the home of the bride's uncle, Capt. Frederic Russell, Russell Harbor, at Great Neck, where a wedding breakfast was served.

The bride was salutatorian of the class of 1900 of St. Joseph's Academy. Mrs. Egan is a graduate of Dartmouth College, class of 1904.

KENNEDY—LAWTON.

John M. Kennedy, Jr., of Philadelphia, has announced the engagement of his daughter, Miss Josephine Loper Kennedy, to Francis Lawton, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Francis Lawton of this city. Miss Kennedy is spending the Summer at her father's country place at Fort Washington, Penn. The wedding will probably take place in the Autumn.

WM. HAMMERSTEIN DIES IN SANITARIUM

Manager of the Victoria Theatre Was Second Son of Oscar Hammerstein.

A ROOF GARDEN PIONEER

Induced His Father to Turn the Victoria Into Vaudeville Theatre, and Made the Place Famous.

William Hammerstein, second son of Oscar Hammerstein, and manager of the Victoria Theatre and Roof Garden, died last night at 9 o'clock at Miss Perrago's Sanitarium of Bright's disease, from which he had been a sufferer for many years. He was taken to the hospital last week, but it was not realized that his condition was serious until last Tuesday. Mr. Hammerstein was unconscious all day yesterday and was in that condition when the end came.

William Hammerstein, who was 40 years of age, was one of the best-known vaudeville managers in the country, but little known by the public. He had never posed for a photograph and he always instructed his press agents not to put his name in the newspapers. When Oscar Hammerstein opened the Victoria Theatre fifteen years ago, playing legitimate attractions, it was his son William who induced him to make the place a vaudeville theatre, and it was he who undertook the management of it and made it famous.

The dead manager began his theatrical career as an advance agent. Later he built a small vaudeville resort in 110th Street, known as Little Coney Island. He also managed burlesque shows in his early days. Two years ago he quarreled with his father and gave up the management of the Victoria, but two months later found him again in charge. That was the only time in twenty years that he had taken a vacation.

As a leader in obtaining novel attractions, Mr. Hammerstein was successful. It was he who first induced Evelyn Nesbit Thaw to appear on a vaudeville stage. Gertrude Hoffmann never danced on a vaudeville stage until Mr. Hammerstein engaged her for the Victoria. Lady Constance Stewart Richardson, the English dancer, was another introduced in America by Mr. Hammerstein. Mme. Polaire and Sober Sue, known as the girl who never laughed, were also first known as Hammerstein actors. In addition to these things it was Mr. Hammerstein who devised the first theatrical roof garden on Broadway.

William Hammerstein was married twenty-one years ago to Miss Helen Nimmo, and had two sons, Oscar, who is now 20, and Reginald, who is 18 years of age. About three years ago his wife died and later he married her sister, Miss Annie Nimmo, who survives him. His wife, his sons, and his brothers, Harry and Arthur Hammerstein, were at his bedside when he died last night. His father had left him just a few minutes before.

William Hammerstein lived at 315 Central Park West with his wife and sons.

ANDERSON-HALL WEDDING.

Daughter of ex-Justice Ernest Hall Married to H. H. Anderson.

The wedding of Herbert Hampton Anderson and Miss Edna Brown Hall, a daughter of Ernest Hall, ex-Justice of the Supreme Court, took place yesterday morning at 11 o'clock in the Church of the Holy Faith, 166th Street and Trinity Avenue. The Rev. Clifford Gregg, rector of the church, officiated. The church was decorated in white peonies and other June flowers, with palms.

The bride, who walked with her father, wore a gown of white satin with a court train of satin brocade. It was trimmed with duchesse lace, and she wore a lace veil with orange blossoms, and carried orchids and lilies of the valley. The bride's only attendant was her sister, Mrs. Ainslee Goodall, who was the matron of honor. She wore a pale green charmeuse frock draped with white lace, a white hat, and carried a shepherd's crook and large basket of pink roses.

Mr. Anderson's best man was his brother, Dr. Victor Anderson, and the ushers were Dr. Bibby, Fitz John Porter, and the Messrs. Ahern and Geer.

A reception for about 200 guests followed at the home of the bride's father, 1,087 Boston Road, which was decorated in white and green. On their return from their bridal trip Mr. and Mrs. Anderson will live with Mr. Hall.

WED IN ST. JOHN'S, BROOKLYN.

Miss Marguerite Limond Married to the Rev. H. A. L. Sadtler.

Miss Marguerite Limond, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Stewart Limond, was married to the Rev. H. A. Linwood Sadtler, rector of St. Paul's Church, Rahway, N. J., yesterday afternoon in St. John's Episcopal Church, Brooklyn. It was a full choral service, at which Bishop Cortland Whitehead of Pittsburgh officiated, assisted by the rector of the church, the Rev. T. Bond Holland, and the Rev. Herbert W. Bruenninghusen of Keyport, N. J. Marguerites and pink roses were used in decorating the church and the home of Mr. and Mrs. Limond, 759 Carroll Street, where the reception was held after the ceremony.

The bride was attended by a maid of honor, Miss Helen Gladys Swan, and six bridesmaids—the Misses Marion Fitch, Adele Marckwald, Natalie Stewart, Helen Grace Butts, Sarah Dean Towl, and Louise Higgins.

Mr. Sadtler, who is the son of Mrs. Harry B. Sadtler of Baltimore, had as best man the Rev. William Yarrow Edwards of Philadelphia. The ushers were Charles Camp of New York, Frederick Nelson Hetfield, Arthur Maurice of Rahway, Thayer Bohner, Maurice Bohner of Princeton, Alexander Bayard Clark of Elizabeth, Stewart L. Stephens and William Stewart Limond, Jr., of Brooklyn.

Mr. Sadtler and his bride sail today for a honeymoon abroad.

Lehman-Harlem Wedding June 18.

The wedding of Miss Edith F. Harlem, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. I. Wallace Harlem, to Emil Lehman, will take place on Thursday, June 18, at noon in the Manhattan Square Hotel, 50 West Seventy-seventh Street. The Rev. Dr. Lissman is to officiate. The ceremony will be followed by a reception for the relatives.

Froehlich-Marqusee Wedding.

Miss Belle Marqusee, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Julius Marqusee of 1,307 Madison Avenue and Monroe Froehlich are to be married this evening at the St. Regis. A reception will follow.

CHARITIES.

SOMETHING ELSE FOR YOU TO THINK ABOUT

Every mail is bringing requests for fresh air relief in behalf of the dwellers of the crowded tenement districts who cannot help themselves.

Physicians, hospitals and dispensaries are interceding for the dependent sick.

School teachers, settlements and churches are pleading the cause of rundown school children, overworked shop girls and "little mothers."

Nurses and those fighting infant mortality are appealing for the "little bundles of human misery," as one characterized the puny baby in her charge.

THE A. I. C. P. MEETS REAL NEEDS, NOT MERE DESIRES,

and will, therefore, invest your fresh air contribution where it will do the most good.

Send contributions to Robert Shaw Minturn, Treasurer, Room 210, 105 East 22d Street.

NEW YORK ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING THE CONDITION OF THE POOR.
CORNELIUS N. BLISS, Jr., President.
R. FULTON CUTTING, Chairman, Finance Committee.

"MOVIES" PEOPLE ON ROOF.

Exposition Members Entertained at the Jardin de Danse.

The moving picture people of the country who are here holding a convention this week at the Grand Central Palace, where the Second Annual Motion Picture Exposition is in progress, attended a special performance in their honor at the Jardin de Danse on the roof of the New York Theatre last night. A number of feature motion pictures and vaudeville acts under the direction of Jesse Lasky, together with the usual attractions of the roof garden, were shown.

The arrival of the Vitagraph's Texas Company from Galveston was the principal feautre of yesterday's novelties at Grand Central Palace. Under the direction of Capt. Harry J. Lambard "The Tangle," a military drama by Col. Jasper Ewing Brady, has just been finished showing, thousands of United States troops, camped at Galveston, who were used as a background by permission of the Secretary of War. "The Tangle" is the first of six plays in a series known as "The Regular Army Man" and will be exhibited for the first time in the exposition studio today.

A number of well-known theatrical people will hold a reception in the Lasky booth this afternoon and evening, among them David Belasco, Billie Burke, Frances Starr, David Warfield, Edmund Breese, Edward Abeles, and H. B. Warner.

At the clam bake in the Brighton Beach Hotel Helen Martin won the first prize, a handsome cup, as the best moving-picture tango dancer. Anita Stewart won the second prize.

At the morning session of the convention yesterday Sam Bullock of Cleveland offered an amendment to the resolution passed Tuesday, which practically settles the censorship matter for the small exhibitor. Briefly, the amendment means that every exhibitor of moving pictures will become an associate member of the National Board of Censorship by paying $5 annual dues, in return for which he will receive all of the literature and bulletins issued by the National Board, and will thus be enabled to eliminate from the films manufactured any features which the board agrees are objectionable.

In the afternoon session considerable enthusiasm was aroused in the convention by the adoption of a resolution which would indicate that the big star feature films are not as popular as they have been. The resolution will practically compel the manufacturers of feature films to supply them or the multiple reel films for the same price for which they are paying for the one and two reel pictures which were really the backbone of the motion-picture trade when it first attained its popularity.

SINGER TELLS OF MILLION.

Confirms Every Word of Press Agent About Her Inheritance.

Viva Ethelia Rousseau, who has been known to the patrons of the New York Roof Jardin de Danse and to broader fame in the West as Viva Ethelia, coloratura soprano, desires to be known hereafter as an heiress—in fact, a millionairess. The press agent explained last night that she had received a telegraph night letter yesterday morning telling her that the estate of her foster-father, Peter Weinbrenner of Goshen, Ind., had just been settled and she was to get about $1,000,000 out of it.

To a reporter who talked with her she enthusiastically confirmed all that the press agent had said, telling what a surprise the news of the inheritance had been to her, because she had only expected to get something like $50,000. She said she would go out at once to get the money. She did not show the telegram.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Alfred I. White and Miss Ella F. Cusack of 53 East Fifty-fourth Street are at Briarcliff Lodge for a visit.

Lieut. John Strong Abbott, U. S. N., and his bride, who was Miss Ernestine Van Wyck Rhein, are at the Edgewood, Greenwich, Conn. They were married here on Tuesday. Later they will go to Newport if Lieut. Abbott, who is attached to the Dixie, is not called to Mexican waters.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Francklyn Paris will spend the Summer at the Meadows, Halifax, Mass., the estate of J. Levering Jones, father of Mrs. Paris.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin B. Sheldon, who have been at the St. Regis since last December, left yesterday for Longwood, their place at Delhi, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. F. V. Jordan of Boston arrived here in motor yesterday and are staying at the Knickerbocker.

The wedding of Miss Helen Cecil Page, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Parker W. Page of Summit, N. J., and Ruthven A. Wodell, son of Mr. and Mrs. Silas Wodell of this city, will take place today at Summit in Calvary Church.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Stevens Ulman and their three sons will open their cottage at Southampton, near the Meadow Club, tomorrow. Mr. Ulman returned last week from abroad.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel H. Valentine of East Sixty-seventh Street have opened Valmar, their Summer home, at Narragansett Pier. Mrs. Valentine's sister, Miss Porter, has sailed to spend the Summer abroad.

Miss Jeannette Rose Rascovar, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Rascovar of this city, and Earle H. Raudnitz, instructor in finance at the University of Pennsylvania, will be married today at Delmonico's. The Rev. John Elliott of the Ethical Culture Society is to officiate. A reception will follow.

Olga Nethersole Sails.

Olga Nethersole, the English actress, who had been on a vaudeville tour through the country, sailed yesterday for London on the Cunarder Aquitania. She said that on her return in the Fall there was a possibility of her entering the motion-picture field with Thomas A. Edison, acting in plays that will help to educate children. During a long interview with the inventor in his home at Orange on the advantages for child education through the use of moving pictures Miss Nethersole said that Mr. Edison had encouraged her in the idea.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Janet Dunbar is to create the leading role in "The Salamander."

The first presentation of the picturised version of Manon Lescaut" will take place on Saturday afternoon at the Republic Theatre with Lina Cavalieri as the heroine of Abbe Prevost's love story and Lucien Muratore as the Des Grieux. The photo play is in six acts and 300 scenes.

The Ebbets-McKeever Exhibition Company has entered ten years' lease with Marcus Loew to give Summer evening entertainments at Ebbets Field in Brooklyn consisting of vaudeville, fireworks, moving pictures, and an orchestra.

The Howard Kyle Players have been engaged by the New York State Bankers' Association, in convention at New London, Conn., to present "As You Like It" at the Hotel Griswold tomorrow night. Mr. Kyle plays Jacques, Miss Kyle plays Rosalind, and others in the cast are Albert S. Howson, Malcolm Bradley, Eleanor Flowers, Robert Hamilton, and Walter Connolly.

Balaban, a female impersonator from Europe, a discovery of Edward E. Rice, the theatrical manager who brought out Julian Eltinge in 1904, will make his first American appearance next week at Hammerstein's Roof Garden and Victoria Theatre.

Hassard Short, who recently closed with "Peg o' My Heart," sailed for London yesterday on the Aquitania. While abroad Mr. Short will produce "The Rainbow Cocktail" and "The Dance Dream" for Joseph Hart, who controls the rights for both attractions.

Two hundred members of the International Association of Photo Engravers made up a theatre party yesterday afternoon at the Casino to see "Hip Jinks" playing. This organization is holding a convention at the Waldorf-Astoria.

"The Great Divide," the former dramatic success of Henry Miller and Margaret Anglin, will soon be seen in motion pictures.

Rol Cooper Magrus, author of "Under Cover," which will be produced at the Cort Theatre early next season, sailed for England yesterday on the Aquitania to arrange for a London production. H. Woods, who is interested with Selwyn & Co. in the presentation of the play here, will have control of the London production.

William Steiner, President of the Photo Drama Motion Picture Company, has contracted with Herbert Kelcey and Effie Shannon to appear in a motion-picture play, "After the Ball," based on Charles K. Harris' song.

Hal Frazee has engaged Joseph Kilgour for the Chicago company of "A Fair of Sirens," which will open on Aug. 9. Mr. Kilgour will appear in the role of Vandersnob, the lawyer, which is being played in the London theatre by Alfred Wilson.

LIVED AS RECLUSE, WORTH MILLIONS

Dying, Francis A. Ogden Left No Will to Dispose of Large Properties.

SPENT ONLY 44 CENTS A DAY

Deeds Found Between the Leaves of Books and Many Had Never Been Recorded.

HOUSTON, Texas, June 10.—Deeds to real estate worth hundreds of thousands of dollars, but not a line indicating that he disposed of his large holdings by will, or that he had any relatives to inherit his fortune, have been found by the temporary administrators of the estate of Francis A. Ogden, who died here suddenly several days ago, aged 84. Several of the deeds never had been recorded, and were found in trunks or between leaves of books. Properties in more than a dozen States were represented by these papers.

Ogden's effects also disclosed that he was both "philosopher and poet." He was little known here, and his great wealth was not suspected. He was a recluse, and lived simply.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., June 10.—C. W. Ogden of Albuquerque, nephew of Francis A. Ogden, left here to-day for Houston to attend a conference of the heirs. Mr. Ogden said he believed his uncle's estate was worth $12,000,000.

CHICAGO, July 10.—Francis A. Ogden was a nephew of William B. Ogden, first Mayor of Chicago. He laid the foundation of his wealth by leasing and buying Chicago property immediately after the great fire of 1871. He never married.

"My brothers and sisters invested in families and children. I invested in farms and real estate," was one of his favorite remarks.

Mr. Ogden maintained quarters in a hotel he owned in Madison, Wis., where he lived until a quarrel over litigation led him to abandon the city. His room reflected his eccentricity. The walls were covered with advertising chromos, clippings from newspapers, and calendars. For many years he lived on a self-prescribed schedule of abstemiousness. He allowed himself 9 cents for breakfast, 20 cents for luncheon, and 15 cents for dinner.

Relatives living in Madison have started for Houston to take charge of his effects.

OFF FOR EUROPE TODAY.

Some of the Passengers Sailing on Three Liners—The Arrivals.

Transatlantic liners sailing today and some of those booked to leave on them are:

ADRIATIC (Liverpool)—Miss F. L. Adams, Albert Asher, C. E. Barkin, A. J. Bach, G. B. Bolton, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Boyd, Mr. and Mrs. John Wesley Brown, Col. and Mrs. J. A. G. Campbell, Cecil Clay, Mr. and Mrs. W. Dalton, Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Dana, Miss L. Dana, Mr. and Mrs. A. Dike, Mrs. L. R. Ehrich., Mrs. J. F. Fargo, Mrs. J. Gould, F. C. Gunning, W. T. Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Henderson, Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Ireland, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. King, W. T. Lawley, Miss Lila McAleenan, Mrs. J. Bruce Miller, Mr. and Mrs. William Minton, the Rev. F. E. Mortimer, Mrs. S. M. Nicholson, Miss C. S. Playter, J. E. Rhodes, Miss Frances Savage, Mrs. B. K. Stevens, Lord Trimbelstorm, Miss G. Waterbury, Miss Wheelwright, and Mrs. C. M. Williamson.

HELLIG OLAV (Copenhagen)—Mrs. C. Adler, Miss G. C. Bender, Judge and Mrs. C. H. Beckett, Mrs. B. F. Dwyer, Mr. and Mrs. A. Comins, Mrs. A. M. Chamberlain, Prof. A. C. Goodwin, Judge and Mrs. S. D. Hastings, Mrs. V. S. Howard, Mrs. E. Pearson, Prof. and Mrs. J. W. Richards, Dr. and Mrs. C. C. Vondon, and Mrs. J. S. Wilson.

PRETORIA (Hamburg)—Mrs. T. H. Briggs, Mr. and Mrs. H. V. Britton, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Bryan, the Rev. Paul B. Clark, the Rev. C. T. Caldwell, Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Carpenter, Dr. and Mrs. J. S. Dill, Miss R. Locke, and Mrs. T. C. Parker.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

OCEANIC, (Southampton.)—Miss R. A. Adams, J. S. Allen, B. F. Asbury, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Bacon, Rev. P. Blakeway, Major H. C. Brodie, Lord Brooke, Miss J. Bruce, Miss and Mrs. T. Cadell, Miss C. Cooper, J. Dinham, Major Maxwell Earle, Miss E. L. Eaton, Mr. and Mrs. N. M. Harris, W. G. Jamison, the Duke of Leeds, J. J. Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. A. Page, Mr. and Mrs. Pitt, Capt. R. B. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Wells.

PRESIDENT GRANT, (Hamburg.)—L. G. Benedict, Miss H. C. Collier, Mrs. E. Frank, Dudley Hall, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Jeffery, Dr. and Mrs. W. Patton, P. Peters, Mrs. F. E. Smith, Mrs. Laura H. Stevenson.

SUMMER WITH THE CROWS.

Dr. Lowie to Study Indian Life for National History Museum.

Bound for the reservation of the Crow Indians in Montana, with a view to studying their ceremonials and customs, Dr. Robert H. Lowie, Associate Curator of the Department of Anthropology at the American Museum of Natural History, left yesterday for the West, and will stay in the field all Summer. He will arrive among the Crows in time to witness their annual celebration of the invitation ceremony of the Tobacco Society, a secret Indian organization, which observes this ceremonial on July 4, before the returns Dr. Lowie will visit some of the tribes of the plateau area, in Nevada and Utah. The explorer will be accompanied by an Indian guide and interpreter.

Indians Honor Gen. Scott.

Gen. Hugh L. Scott, Assistant Chief of General Staff of the United States Army, has received a letter from Hiram Impson, Chief of the Oklushe Degataga, informing him that he has been made an honorary member of that society because of distinguished service rendered the Indians. Oklushe Degataga, meaning "the tribes standing together," is an Indian student organization of the University of Oklahoma, at Norman, Okla.

Operation Benefits Miss Wilson.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—According to information received from the White House this evening Miss Margaret Wilson has been benefited by the slight operation performed on her throat early in the week in Philadelphia and will pass the next few days with friends in Princeton. It is expected Miss Wilson will remain in Princeton until after the visit of the President, who is expected at the university for the reunion of the class of '79 on Sunday.

Will Celebrate Golden Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Lester of 197 Bay Twenty-eighth Street, Bensonhurst, Brooklyn, will celebrate their golden wedding anniversary on June 21. Mr. Lester came to this country from Bromberg, Germany, in 1861, and shortly afterward enlisted in the Union army. He was wounded and left on the battlefield in the battle of Cross Keyes, Va., and taken by the Confederates to Libby Prison, where he was kept a prisoner four months. He married Miss Josephine N. Boorn in 1864, when she was only sixteen years old, and they went to housekeeping at 62 Duane Street, this city. Their son, Joseph M. Lester, served in the Spanish-American war and also in the Philippines. Their youngest son, Percy O. Lester, belongs to the Fourteenth Regiment, N. G. N. Y.

Miss Stern Weds Alfred Stark.

Miss Minette K. Stern, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Stern of this city, and Alfred Stark of New York and Albany, were married last evening at the Hotel Ben Ray, 1,295 Madison Avenue. The Rev. Greenfield officiated. The bride wore a gown of white charmeuse with tulle and lace. Her sister, Miss Ruth Stern, was her only attendant. Howard Stark was best man for his brother. The bride and bridegroom have gone South on their honeymoon.

FLYING BOATS RACE JULY 4.

Committee Arranges Aviation Feature for the Celebration.

The Executive Committee of the Fourth of July Committee appointed by Mayor Mitchel met yesterday in the offices of Martin W. Littleton and made arrangements for the celebration. An Aviation Committee was appointed consisting of Victor Ridder, John M. Shaw, Courtland Nicoll, and Mr. Littleton to arrange a flying boat race around New York.

The Aviation Committee met at the Aero Club later. It was announced that there would be at fewest ten entries for the race. The course as outlined calls for a start on the Hudson above the city, thence down the lower bay as far as Coney Island, and back up the East River, finishing in the Bronx. The aviators were to start at intervals of five minutes.

The Executive Committee announced that Gov. Glynn, Speaker Champ Clark, and Mayor Mitchel would deliver addresses, City Hall Park and a part of Central Park would be illuminated, and Dr. Edward W. Stitt would distribute 100,000 patriotic pictures among schoolchildren.

GEN. W. E. BIRKHIMER DIES.

Military Author Who Won Medal for Bravery in Philippines.

Brig. Gen. William Edward Birkhimer, U. S. A., retired, died yesterday at his home in Washington. He was born in Somerset, Ohio, in 1848. Later his parents moved to Iowa, and at the age of 16 he enlisted in the Fourth Iowa Cavalry and served through the last year of the civil war. After the war he was appointed to West Point, from which he was graduated in 1870, and entered the artillery. From 1874 to 1876 he was Assistant Professor of Philosophy at West Point, and from 1886 to 1890 Judge Advocate of the Military Department of the Columbia.

He was Captain in the Third Artillery when the Spanish war began, and was detailed for service in the Philippines. Here he won a medal for bravery in the battle of San Miguel de Mayumo, Luzon, on May 13, 1899. In the following Summer he was commissioned Colonel of the Twenty-eighth United States Volunteer Infantry on special recommendation of Gen. Lawton. Later in the year he was appointed Associate Justice of the Supreme Court which sat in Manila under the Military

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Dull—Some Aspects of the Steel Trade—Gold Taken for London.

The sharp contrast between existing conditions in the business world, and what are regarded as the reasonable prospects for the relatively near future, was clearly brought out yesterday in respect to the steel trade, and what is true there is typical of the situation as a whole. The monthly tonnage statement of the United States Steel Corporation showed a falling off during May of 278,000 tons. The Iron Age, on the other hand, recorded the belief now being expressed in the steel trade that the expected turn has come, and that June will see an increase in unfilled orders. Notwithstanding anything that may fairly be said regarding the effect of adverse political activities there is bound to remain a very close relationship between the production of wealth from the soil and the state of the country's trade, and there is surely no lack of encouragement from that quarter this year. The news which is now coming to hand regarding Winter wheat is the news of harvesting, and regarding other crops there is no suggestion of an impairment from the unusually favorable forecast contained in the latest Government report. This is one of the things which support the hope now expressed in the steel trade.

The decrease in the Steel Corporation's unfilled orders carried that index of the steel trade position under 4,000,000 tons for the first time since October, 1911. By the end of 1912 the tonnage on the Steel Corporation's books rose very close to 8,000,000 tons. Within a year and five months the corporation's unfilled orders have been reduced 50 per cent. It is interesting to note that this is a little more than the percentage decline in those orders during a similar seventeen months' period, from the close of 1909 to the end of May, 1911. It is at least interesting also to consider these figures in connection with the present belief of the steel trade that the corner is about to be turned. The month of June, 1911, showed an increase of about 250,000 tons in this unfilled order statement and thereafter with few exceptions the monthly statement showed large increases until the maximum of 7,582,000 tons was reached in December, 1912. It is indicated by the expressions of opinion now coming from the steel trade that the beginning of another movement somewhat similar to this is expected by many engaged in that industry.

Additional gold engagements announced yesterday brought the total movement for the year to date up to above $50,000,000, but the day's engagements were chiefly noteworthy in that they included the first taking of gold for London. The shipment to that market was made possible by another batch of gold bars becoming available for export. As high as exchange is, and it touched a new high level for the year yesterday, a still further advance would be necessary to permit free shipments of gold coin to London so long as the Bank of England makes no special bid for that form of gold. On Tuesday slightly increased firmness was shown in the call money market, but the rate fell back again yesterday, renewals being made at 1¾ per cent. This is a pretty clear indication that the gold exports have as yet made no such inroads upon this market's cash as to cause any lessening of the freedom with which funds have been placed at the disposal of the call money market. Nothing occurred yesterday to indicate that the gold demand was yet slackening, but the belief still prevails that with the passing of this month the European gold demand, so far as it affects this market, will have come to an end. That, however, clearly depends upon a variety of influences, some of which cannot yet be accurately gauged.

Greatly increased dullness made yesterday's session on the Stock Exchange still less interesting than those of recent days. The average of quotations moved very little but here and there in the list special influences found reflection in individual securities. Apart from the crop news and the gold movement the matter most frequently mentioned yesterday was the report from Washington that it was proposed with the sanction of the Administration to increase the powers of the contemplated trade commission giving it powers said to be as bread as those now possessed by the Interstate Commerce Commission in respect to the affairs of the railroads. It is hardly necessary to record the drift of the financial community's comments on this report.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ren'l
On call	2	1¾	1¾	1¾
A year ago	2½	2	2	2
Since Jan. 1	10	1¼	..	..
Same period 1913.	7	2	..	..

	60 Days.	4 Mos.	6 Mos.
On time	2@2¼	2¾@3	3@3¼
Commercial paper—	3@4	Mos.	6 Mos.
Highest grade names	3¼@3½	3¼@3¾	
Other well-known names	3½@3¾	3¾@4	

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Clearings	$288,766,940	$21,507,621
Sub-Treasury credit balance	1,519,951	
Banks lose since Friday	$3,087,000.	

Rates Abroad.

	Discount.	Money.	Check on London.
London	2 11-16@2¾	2@2¼	..
Paris	2¾	..	25f 18
Berlin	2¾	1¼@2	20m49½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

The range for demand sterling was:

	High.	Low.	Last.
Yesterday	$4.8890	$4.8880	$4.8885
A year ago	4.8675	4.8665	4.8665
Since Jan. 1	4.8895	4.8885	..
Same period 1913.	4.8790	4.8570	..

Foreign exchange closing rates were:

	Demand.	Cable.
London	$4.8885	$4.8930
Paris	5.15—1-32	5.14¾—3-64
Berlin	95 7-16—1-64	95 7-16+1-64
Switzerland	5.15¼—1-32	5.15—1-32
Holland	40.27	40.32
Belgium	5.1875	5.18+1-64

Bankers' Time Bills.

	60 Days.	90 Days.
London	$4.8885	$4.8930
Paris	5.17¼	5.16¾
Berlin	94¾-1-32	94¾

Bankers' Commercial Bills.

	60 Days.	90 Days.
London	$4.86	$4.85
Paris	5.18¼	5.18—1-32
Berlin	94¾—1-32	94¾—1-32
Amsterdam	40.05	39.95

Domestic Rates.

Rates on New York were:

	Prem.		Prem.
St. Louis	*5c	Montreal	*15¾
Chicago	20c	San Francisco	50c
Boston	Par	St. Paul	50c

*Discount.

BAR SILVER QUOTATIONS.

London, 26¼d per ounce, up 3-16d.; New York, 56⅝, up ⅜c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Receipts and expenditures.

	June 9.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$302,756	$7,014,894	$275,979,556
Int. rev. ord.	863,828	7,250,194	297,841,019
Corp. tax and int.	..	..	..
Total	$1,166,584	$14,265,088	$573,820,575
Ordinary	$2,165,449	$24,207,047	$318,744,869
Panama Canal	1,316,213	13,116,018	13,116,018
Public debt	2,611,222	11,475,222	232,815,212
Total	$6,092,884	$48,798,287	$564,676,099
Net balance	$4,926,300	$34,533,199	$9,144,476

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Good Little Bond Market.

Yesterday saw an improvement in the bond market on the New York Stock Exchange that was unexpected and unexplained. The day's total transactions were not on a large scale, measured by record days, but they were considerably in excess of the average for recent months, and the traders were pleased that the demand was divided up among a large number of issues. The total sales were $2,363,000, relatively about twice the business done in stocks yesterday. Most of the issues were strong, some of the speculative bonds especially so. In the latter class were the Distillers Securities 5s, which advanced from 58½ to 62¼.

***

Talking Inter.-Met. Dividends.

Once more word has gone out that Directors of the Interborough-Metropolitan are ready to resume dividends on that company's preferred stock. It may be that they are, for the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, on which the holding company depends for its income, yesterday declared an extra 5 per cent. dividend, making 15 per cent. for the year on the stock of the company operating the Subway and elevated. Nevertheless, the financial district, having been deceived in the past by similar stories, was willing to let Inter.-Met. preferred close a half point under Tuesday's last price. No one denied that there was a big possibility of a dividend being declared on the holding company's preferred stock in the next few days, but brokers seem unwilling to advise customers to buy the stock until the declaration has been made. In the last eight years Inter.-Met. preferred has paid just four quarterly dividends, aggregating 5 per cent. With the receipt of the extra 5 per cent. on its Interborough stock it will have a surplus again, and if arrangements can be made to pay off the short-term notes, which must be taken care of before dividends can be resumed, the long-awaited preferred dividend may materialize.

***

Reasons for U. P.'s Extra Dividends.

In a long telegram sent by Chairman R. S. Lovett to business men in Salt Lake City, who were protesting against an organized effort to prevent the Union Pacific from paying its extra dividend, the company's view of the proposed distribution of B. & O. stock and cash is summarized as follows:

"The distribution is entirely out of surplus accumulated during the existence of the company, including undistributed income from investments, as well as earnings, over $58,000,000 of which was profit on Northern Pacific purchases, and not a dollar is chargeable against capital. Since 1907 the company could have paid 8 per cent. a year out of income from investments, without using a dollar of earnings from the railroad. Having the surplus, the question seemed to be whether we should hold it when we do not need it, and continue control of the B. & O., which we do not want; sell, which doubtless would have provoked criticism, and reinvest in something else; or distribute among our own stockholders a portion of the surplus which belong to them, and let them do with it as they liked. We did not consider an effort to buy our own bonds at a premium, because it would have been indefensible and unjust to stockholders, and we did not consider a reduction in capital stock because with a very large undistributed surplus it would have been absurd from a business standpoint, if not impossible legally, to reduce the capital and leave untouched such a surplus."

***

Supply of "Baby" Bonds Increased

The supply of available "baby" bonds in the market has been substantially increased through a decision reached by the Directors of the Montana Power Company in regard to $10,000,000 first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds of the company which were formally listed yesterday on the Stock Exchange. When application was made to list the issue on March 16, the mortgage provided that 8,800,000 be in the conventional $1,000 denomination, with the remainder split up into $500 and $100 bonds. The company's intention was to make the bonds interchangeable in so far as the exchange of the small sizes for the large was concerned, but the little bonds which were swapped for the big ones were to be canceled. This would limit the number of small bonds available to investors, and there was a possibility that they gradually would be retired. Requests were made of the company after the listing papers were filed with the Exchange to make the large and small bonds freely interchangeable, and as a result the Directors sought to modify the terms of listing. The Listing Committee agreed to the alteration, and the bonds were admitted to trading under conditions that, while not new, were unusual enough to attract the favorable comment of the Street.

***

Investors Hold Little Bonds Closely.

Bond men reiterated every little while the statement made with emphasis when the security markets were dull last Summer that purchases of small bonds are steadily increasing. Some municipal issues, including those of New York, and of a number of industrial concerns include lesser denominations than $1,000, but the demand has exceeded the supply. Frequently bids are in the market for a particular $500 bonds for days without bringing out an offering. One of the reasons given for this deadlock is that when the baby securities are taken by investors they are usually held closely.

***

Lake Copper Costs High.

The cost of producing copper by the Calumet & Hecla Company last year, it appears from the annual report, was 14.25 cents a pound, as compared with 9.58 cents a pound in the preceding year. This higher cost was due to the long strike. The increase of nearly 5¼ cents was largely represented by the maintenance of overhead charges of mine and smelting plant at a high rate when comparatively little ore was being raised and treated. Overhead costs do not decline in a direct ratio to the falling off of business, when adverse influences are at work. To further the unfavorable results of the fiscal period the company had to sell copper in a market which admitted of an average price of 15.77 cents, as against 16.65 cents in 1912.

***

No Action on Bond Complaint.

Governors of the Stock Exchange decided yesterday that it was not within their province to exclude from the trading list bond issues of Southern States which have outstanding securities that have been repudiated. A request that action be taken against certain issues was made several weeks ago by E. L. Andrews, the attorney in this country of the Foreign Bondholders' Committee.

MISCELLANEOUS EARNINGS.

KEYSTONE TELEPHONE FOR MAY.

	1914.	1913.	1912.
Gross	$110,000	$100,000	$100,000
Net after taxes	..	..	..
Interest	..	..	..
Balance	..	..	..
Dividends	..	..	..
Surplus	..	..	..

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Market Very Quiet, with Small Price Changes Except in a Few Oil Stocks.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 55,815 shares of stock and $120,000 of bonds. The sales of stock were divided as follows: Industrials, 8,803; oils, 1,077, and mining, 49,435. The range of prices in all issues in which transactions were reported was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
300..	I. R. T. ctfs.	7¼	7¼	7¼	7⅜
10..	Kelly S. Tire	63	63	63	63
2,300..	Man. Trac'st.	⅜	15-16	⅜	15-16
300..	Marc. of Am.	3½	3½	3½	3½
500..	Max. Motors	14½	14¾	14½	14¾
258..	M. M. 1st pf.	44½	45	44	44
25..	M. M. 2d pf.	18¾	19	18¾	19
190..	P. S. & Rfg.	2¼	2¼	2	2¼
210..	R. & Heg.	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼
310..	Ster. G., W. I. of Am.	6¾	7	6¾	6¾
200..	Tob. Prod. pf.	84½	84¾	84	84
100..	Un. C. & C. Co. of Am.	87¾	87¾	87¾	87¾
400..	Un. P. S. C.	5½	5½	5½	5½

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
400..	Anglo-Am. Oil	17¾	17¾	17¾	+ ⅛
27..	Buckeye P. L.	142	142	142	— 1
2..	Crescent P. L.	50	50	50	— 1
14..	Cumberl'd P. L.	57	56	57	..
14..	Eureka P. L.	261	260	260	..
14..	Galena-Sig. Oil	174	174	174	— 2
15..	Ind. Pipe Line	134	134	134	— ½
10..	Nat. Transit	33	33	30	..
120..	Ohio Oil	182	182	181	..
75..	Pierce Oil	81	80½	81	+ 1
20..	Prairie O. & G.	498	498	498	+ 8
97..	South Penn. Oil	297	292	294	— 3
20..	Southern P. L.	222	222	222	— 1
10..	S. W. Penn. P. L.	150	150	150	— 1
75..	Std. Oil, (Cal.)	330	325	325	— 2
11..	Std. Oil, (Ind.)	498	502	495	+10
1..	Std. Oil, (Kan.)	480	480	480	— 5
35..	Std. Oil, (N.J.)	412	412	412	— 1
116..	Std. Oil, (N.Y.)	213	217½	217½	— ½
11..	Std. Oil (Ohio)	415	412	414	+ 4

MISCELLANEOUS RIGHTS.

		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,500..	Con. Gas rts.	8¾	8¾	8 13-16	8¾

MINING STOCKS.

5,000..	*Atlanta	15	16	15	16
600..	*Beaver Con.	30	30	30	30
300..	Boston Mon.	9¼	9¾	9¼	9¾
250..	Braden Cop.	7	8	7	8
300..	Br. Col. Cop.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
300..	Buffalo Mines	1½	1½	1½	1½
300..	C. C. Cp. w. i.	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾
6,500..	*Can. Gold M.	8	8	8	8
200..	Caribou Con.	70	70	69	70
1,200..	Con. Ar. Sm.	9-16	9-16	⅛	⅛
5,000..	*C. O. D. Con.	3¼	3¼	3¼	3½
3,800..	Cr. Res.	1 3-16	1 3-16	1	1 1-16
1,500..	*Dfield B. B.	2¼	2¼	2¼	2½
700..	Gold Hill	9-16	9-16	⅜	9-16
1,100..	Goldf'd Cons.	1 7-16	1½	1⅜	1 7-16
5..	Green-Can	35	35	35	35
300..	In. M. D. Co.	38	50	38	50
400..	La Rose Cons.	1 7-16	1 7-16	1⅜	1⅜
1,400..	*McKinley-D.	83	88	80	81
20..	Mason Valley	3	3	3	3
200..	Mother's Lode	25	25	25	25
800..	Nevada Hills	33	35	33	35
50..	Nipiss'g Mines	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
2,000..	*North Star	32	32	30	30
1,500..	*Oro	11	11	11	11
1,000..	*S. Kendal	11	11	11	11
1,000..	*Silver Pick	9	9	9	9
400..	*S. S.-L.	1 13-16	1 13-16	1 11-16	1 13-16
3,000..	*Temiskam'g	16	16	16	16
100..	Tenopah Ext.	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾
200..	Ton. Jim Butl.	1.03	1.03	1.03	1.03
6,000..	*Ton. Merger	48	48	46	47
100..	Ton. Mining	6¾	6 15-16	6¾	6¾
1,000..	*Ton. Midway	25½	25½	25½	25½
300..	*Ton. Mizpah	30	30	30	30
500..	Ton. of Nev.	6¾	6 15-16	6¾	6 15-16
1,300..	W. End Con.	88	88	87	87
3,000..	*W. End Ext.	4	4	4	4
100..	Yukon G. M.	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾

BONDS.

$2,000..	C. P. 6% ntes.	103¾	103¾	103¾	103¾
108,000..	C. G. ov. 6s.	115¾	115¾	115¾	115¾
10,000..	Ch. 6s.	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼

*Sell cents per share. †Odd lot. ‡Ex div. Note.—Tuesday 270 Consolidated Gas rights sold at 3 15-16.

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Light & Traction	336	341
Am. Light & Traction pf	108	110
Am. Power & Electric	6¼	6¼
First preferred	73	75
Participating pf	21	23
Adirondack Electric Power	12¼	14
Adirondack Electric Power pf	43	45
*Am. Gas & Electric	38½	..
*Am. Gas & Electric pf	47	49
Am. Power & Light	61	62
Am. Power & Light. pf	82½	84
Am. Public Utilities	48	49
Am. Public Utilities pf	71	73
Arizona Power Co	10	10
Arizona Power Co pf	52	40
Arizona Power Co. 1st 6s, '33	81	87
Appalachian Power Co	4	20
Appalachian Power Co. pf	15	20
Cities Service	83	87
Cities Service pf	72	74
Commonwealth P. R. & L.	80	81
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf	81	82
Colorado Power Co	15	17
Colorado Power Co. pf	85	90
Denver Gas & Elec. Gen. 5s	90	93
Electric Bond Deposit pf	67	70
Empire District Elec.	..	78
Empire District Electric pf	74	78
Federal Light & Traction	25	26
Federal Light & Traction pf	72½	74
Electric Bond & Share Co. pf	98½	100
Federal Light & Traction pf	73½	74
Gas & Electric Securities	105	115
Gas & Electric Securities pf	79	82
General Gas & Electric	3	8
General Gas & Electric pf	50	65
General Western P. 1st 5s, '46	79	82
Lincoln Gas & Electric	26	30
Mobile Electric 1st 5s, '46	87	90
Northern Ontario L. & P.	10	18
Northern Ontario L. & P. pf	60	63
Northern States Power	19	21
Northern States Power pf	73	80
Ozark Power & Water	30	35
Pacific Gas & Electric	43½	44½
Pacific Gas & Electric pf	81	82
Republic Ry. & Light Co	20½	22
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf	75	..
Southern California Edison	80	82
Southern California Edison pf	94	97
*Standard Gas & Electric	6¼	7½
*Standard Gas & Electric pf	22½	24½
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power	12	14
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power pf	67	69
United Light & Rys.	71	72
United Light & Rys. 1st pf	74	76
United Light & Rys. 2d pf	68	70
United Utilities Co	20	22
United Utilities Co. pf	78½	101
Utah Securities	19	20
Western Power	15¼	19½
Western Power pf	67	69

*Par value $50.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	17½	18	17½	18
Atlantic Refining	608	612	610	620
Borne-Scrymser	290	295	295	300
Buckeye P. L.	140	145	140	145
Chesebrough Mfg.	658	665	655	665
Colonial Oil	110	116	100	110
Continental Oil	227	232	225	230
Crescent Pipe Line	49	51	48	52
Cumberland Pipe Line	55	58	53	55
Eureka Pipe Line	257	262	258	262
Galena-Signal Oil	173	176	170	177
Galena-Signal Oil pf	148	155	150	155
Indiana Pipe Line	182	185	183	186
National Transit	38	40	38	40
New York Transit	276	280	277	282
Northern Pipe Line	110	114	110	113
Ohio Oil	180	182	181	183
Prairie Oil & Gas	462	467	465	475
Solar Refining	300	305	300	310
Southern Pipe Line	220	225	223	225
South Penn. Oil	290	295	295	300
South Penn. Pf	148	152	149	152
Standard Oil (Cal.)	328	330	328	330
Standard Oil (Ind.)	492	496	498	502
Standard Oil (Kan.)	435	440	430	440
Standard Oil (Kty.)	278	280	278	282
Standard Oil (N.J.)	385	387	385	390
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	410	412	410	412
Standard Oil (Neb.)	218	217	217	220
Standard Oil (Ohio)	410	412	410	420
Swan & Finch	190	200	190	200
Union Tank Line	86	88	86	88
Vacuum Oil	320	325	317	320
Washington Oil	62	67	62	63
Wstern-Pierce Oil	3200	..	3200	..

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s, March, 1964	101⅛	102⅛	101⅛	102⅛
4½s, March, 1963	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛
4½s, May, 1957	101¼	101¼	101	101¼
4½s, May, 1957	107	107¼	107	107¼
4½s, May, 1917	101⅛	101⅛	101¼	101⅛
4½s, May, 1917	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
4½s, Nov., 1957	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
4½s, Mar., 1960-66	102	102¼	102	102¼
4½s, Sept., 1960	101⅞	102	101⅞	102
4s, May, 1957	97½	97¾	97½	97¾
4s, May, 1958	97½	97¾	97½	97¾
4s, Nov., 1957	97½	97¾	97½	97¾
4s, Nov., 1958	97½	97¾	97½	97¾
4s, 1913-1913	99½	99¾	99½	99¾
4s, Nov., 1959	97½	97¾	97½	97¾
4s, May, 1954	97½	97¾	97½	97¾
4s, 1950-1954	97½	97¾	97½	97¾

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	June 10 Bid.	Asked.	June 9 Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	120	130	120	130
American Cigar pf	100	103	98	100
Am. Mach. & Fdy	82	90	85	90
British-Am. new	23	25½	22	25½
Conley Foil	250	260	250	260
Johnson Tin & M.	170	178	170	178
S. Young	132	135	135	135
Mack. & Forbes	190	200	195	200
Mack. & Forbes pf	140	145	140	145
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	53	58	53	58
P. B. Am. Tob. certs	140	145	140	145
Reid Tob.	100	105	100	105
Reid Tob. pf	100	105	100	105
Tobacco Products	90	95	90	95
Tobacco Products pf	80	85	80	85
Weyman-Bruton	30	35	30	35
Weyman-Bruton pf	70	75	70	75

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
38..	Bank of Commerce	24½	24½	24½
7..	Con. Power	107	106	106
188..	Elkhorn Fuel	22	21¾	22
11..	Northern Central	126	126	126
40..	Penn. Water & P.	74	74	74
800..	United Rys. & Elec.	28	28	28

BONDS.

$3,000..	Anacostia & Pot. 5s	100	100	100
6,000..	Bal. C. St. Ry. 5s	104¼	104	104¼
2,000..	Balt. Elec. 5s, ctfs.	86½	86½	86½
1,000..	Chi. Rys. 1st 5s	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞
8,100..	City Balt. 3½s	90	91	91
2,000..	City R. 4s, '34	98¼	98¼	98¼
2,000..	City R. 5s, '16, W. L.	101¼	101¼	101¼
2,000..	Detroit Un. 4½s	70¾	70¾	70¾
8,000..	Elkhorn Fuel 6s	95½	95½	95½
8,000..	Ga. So. & Fla. 6s	103	103	103
1,000..	U. Rys. & E. 1st 4s	83¾	83¾	83¾
1,000..	U. Rys. & E. inc. 4s	62	62	62
1,300..	U. Rys. & E. fdg. 5s	97¾	97¾	97¾
200..	Un. Rys. & E. notes	100	100	100

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10..	Alloucz	40½	40½	40½
200..	American Zinc	16½	16½	16½
185..	Butte & Superior	40¾	39¾	39¾
50..	Butte & Bal.	2¾	2¾	2¾
202..	Calumet & Arizona	65¾	64½	65
7..	Calumet & Hecla	415	410	410
5..	Copper Range	37	37	37
310..	Granby	32½	32¼	32¼
20..	Island Creek	56¼	56	56¼
5..	Keweenaw	3½	3½	3½
20..	Lake	6¼	6¼	6¼
20..	La Salle	4½	4½	4½
5..	Mohawk	45¼	45¼	45¼
435..	North Butte	26	25½	26
15..	Osceola	77	76	76
25..	Pond Creek	18	18	18
16..	Quincy	57½	57½	57½
75..	Shannon	5¼	5¼	5¼
5..	Shattuck	24½	24½	24½
15..	St. Mary's Land	85	85	85
250..	Superior & Boston	2	2	2
100..	U. S. Smelting	34½	34½	34½
40..	U. S. Smelting pf	46¾	46¾	46¾
810..	Utah Apex	1¾	1¾	1¾
20..	Wolverine	41	41	41

RAILROADS.

7..	Boston & Albany	178	177½	178
200..	Boston Elevated	88	87½	87½
1..	Boston & Lowell	156	156	156
158..	Boston & Maine	96	95	95
31..	Boston & Prov.	225	225	225
9..	Fitchburg pf	79	78	79
20..	Mass. Electric	13	13	13
10..	Mass. Electric pf	33½	33½	33½
49..	West End St. Ry.	67¼	67¼	67½

MISCELLANEOUS.

105..	Am. Agr. Chem.	55½	55	55
60..	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	97	96¾	96¾
10..	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	97	96¾	96¾
10..	Am. Pneu. Service	3	3	3
30..	Am. Pneu. Ser. pf.	20¼	20¼	20¼
26..	Int. Buttonhole	6¾	6¾	6¾
100..	Mass. Gas	85¾	85¾	85¾
234..	Mass. Gas pf	90	89½	90
67..	New England Tel.	133	133	133
10..	Reece Buttonhole	20	20	20
71..	*Swift & Co.	105¾	105½	105½
5..	Torrington	30¼	30	30¼
50..	Torrington pf	39	39	39
512..	United Fruit	153	151¼	151¼
115..	United Shoe Mach.	58¾	58½	58¾
97..	United Shoe M. pf.	29¼	28¾	29¼

BONDS.

$1,000..	A., G. & W. I. 5s	64¾	64¾	64¾
5,000..	Mass. Gas 4½s	85	85	85
6,000..	N. E. Tel. 5s	101¼	101	101¼
4,000..	Pond Creek 6s	104	104	104
3,000..	Western Tel. 5s	98¾	98¾	98¾

*Ex dividend.

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Last. |
|

MAGNOLIA PETROLEUM COMPANY

First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds.

Dated January 1, 1912.
Due January 1, 1937.

Interest Payable January 1st and July 1st, in New York City, Without Deduction for Federal Income Tax.

PRICE: 98 and accrued interest
YIELD: 6 1-8%

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Private telephone to Boston and Philadelphia.

Standard Oil Securities
Bought—Sold—Quoted
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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 10, 1914.

Stocks, (Shares.)

Total sales, June 10, 1914	106,549
Same day last year	568,723
Total year to date	35,383,441
Same period last year	41,289,229
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	69.38 —.09
Same day last year	63.68 —.32

	High.		Low.	
This year's range	73.30	Jan. 31	65.24	Apr. 25
Same period last year	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
27⅝	27⅝	200	Alaska Gold Mines	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	— ⅛
42⅞	43⅛	200	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝	...
71⅝	72	5,525	Amalgamated Cop	72⅝	72½	71⅝	71⅝	— ¼
55	56	100	Am. Agricul. Chem	55	55	55	55	+ ⅛
27⅞	28¼	2,330	Am. Beet Sugar	28⅝	28⅞	27¾	27⅞	— ⅛
29	29¼	2,900	Am. Can	29¼	29⅝	29	29	...
93⅜	94	100	Am. Can pf	94	94	94	94	+ ⅛
51⅞	52	400	Am. Car & Fdry	52¼	52¼	52	52	— ⅛
116¼	119	100	Am. Car & Fdy pf	117¼	117¼	117¼	117¼	— ⅛
66⅞	67⅛	115	Am. Cities pf	67	67	67	67	...
41¼	42½	200	Am. Cotton Oil	42¼	42½	42¼	42½	— ⅛
4⅝	4⅝	1,000	Am. H. & Leather	4	4⅝	4	4¼	+ ¼
22½	23	1,000	Am. H. & Leath. pf	21½	23¼	21½	22½	+1½
31⅛	31½	400	Am. Ice Securities	31½	31½	31½	31½	+ ⅝
32	32⅛	100	Am. Locomotive	32	32	32	32	— ⅛
64⅛	64⅝	2,060	Am. Smelt. & Ref	64¼	64⅝	64⅛	64⅝	+ ⅝
108	108½	700	Am. Sugar Refin	108	108	108	108	— ⅝
123⅜	123½	500	Am. Teleph. & Tel	125½	123½	123⅜	123½	+ ⅛
108½	108½	100	Am. Tob. pf., new	100	100	100	100	...
31⅞	32	900	Anaconda Cop. Co	31⅞	31⅞	31⅝	31⅞	— ⅛
99	99¼	500	Atch., Top. & S. F	99¼	99½	99	99	...
100⅜	100⅝	50	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	100⅜	100⅝	100⅜	100⅜	...
123	124	100	Atlantic Coast Line	123½	123½	123¼	123½	— ½
91½	91⅝	1,000	Baltimore & Ohio	91⅞	91⅞	91⅝	91⅝	— ¼
...	...	1	Bank of Commerce	171	171	171	171	...
42¼	43¼	300	Bethlehem Steel	43	43	42¾	42¾	— ⅜
91⅞	92¼	2,150	Brklyn Rapid Tran	92⅜	92½	92	92	— ½
195⅜	195⅝	2,200	Canadian Pacific	195½	196	195½	195⅝	— ⅛
85	89	100	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	87	87	87	87	+ ¾
35¾	36	4,900	Central Leather Co	35⅞	36½	35⅝	35⅝	...
52¼	52⅝	250	Chesapeake & Ohio	52⅜	52⅝	52⅜	52⅜	...
14	14⅛	800	Chi. Gt. Western	14⅜	14⅜	14¼	14¼	+ ⅛
37	37⅜	1,900	Chi. Gt. Western pf	37¼	37½	37	37¼	+ ½
100½	101	800	Chi., Mil. & St. P	101⅛	101¼	101	101¼	...
134	136	390	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	135	135	135	135	— ½
131	131⅝	400	Chi. & Northwest	132	132	131½	131½	— ½
41¼	41½	300	Chino Copper	41⅜	41⅝	41¼	41¼	— ¼
22	30	100	C., C., C. & St. L	30	30	30	30	...
...	50	100	C., C., C. & St. L.pf	50	50	50	50	—1
27¼	27½	300	Col. Fuel & Iron	27½	27½	27¼	27½	...
129¼	130	300	Consolidated Gas	129⅝	130	129½	129⅝	+ ¼
9⅛	9½	500	Corn Products Ref	9¼	9⅜	9⅛	9⅜	+ ⅛
94	94⅝	100	Deere & Co. pf	94½	94½	94½	94½	+ ⅝
19½	21	200	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	20	20	20	20	— ½
17	17¼	3,600	Distillers' Securities	15⅞	17⅛	15⅞	17	+1½
29¼	29⅝	700	Erie	29⅝	29⅝	29½	29¼	— ⅛
148	149	100	General Electric	148½	148½	148½	148½	— ⅝
93	94	25	General Motors	93	93	93	93	...
24⅜	25	200	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	24⅞	25	24⅞	25	+ ¼
124½	125	100	Great Northern pf	125	125	124½	124⅝	...
31¾	32	100	G. N. certs. for prop.	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	+ ⅛
54	54¼	700	Guggenheim Explor	54⅛	54⅜	53⅞	54⅛	+ ⅛
117	119	154	Homestake Mining	118½	118½	118½	118½	+ ⅛
114	115	300	Illinois Central	113½	114⅞	113¾	114⅜	+ ⅝
16⅞	17	300	Inspiration Copper	17⅛	17⅛	17	17	...
15	15¼	1,870	Inter.-Met. v. t. cfs.	15¼	15⅜	15	15	— ¼
64⅜	64½	6,600	Inter.-Met. pf	63¼	65⅜	64⅛	64½	— ⅛
107½	108	50	Int. Harvester, N. J.	108	108	108	108	...
117	...	25	Int. Harv., N. J., pf.	117	117	117	117	...
103	106	50	Int. Harvester Corp.	105⅞	106⅞	105⅞	106⅞	...
113	...	25	Int. Harv. Corp. pf.	114½	114½	114½	114½	...
27⅜	...	300	Kan. City Southern	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜	+ ¼
98	98¼	400	Kansas & Tex. Co	98	98½	98	98½	+ ⅛
136⅜	136½	1,100	Lehigh Valley	136½	136½	136	136	—1
117	117½	100	Liggett & Myers pf	117½	117½	117½	117½	...
32	33	100	Loose-Wiles Bis	32	32	32	32	+ ½
103	105¼	100	Loose-W. B. 1st pf	105	105	105	105	+ ½
131	131⅜	25	Manhattan Elev	131½	131½	131½	131½	...
62	63	200	Mexican Petroleum	62½	62½	62½	62½	...
22½	23¼	100	Mining, Copper	22½	22½	22½	22½	— ½
137¼	140⅝	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	137¼	137½	137½	137½	—5½
18⅞	18⅝	1,000	Mo. Kan. & Texas	18⅛	18½	18⅛	18⅛	+ ¼
18	18⅛	5,100	Missouri Pacific	18⅝	18⅝	17⅞	18	— ⅝
51	51½	700	Montana Power	51⅜	51⅜	51⅜	51⅛	— ⅝
103	103¼	200	Montana Power pf	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼	...
123	127	100	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf	125⅞	125⅞	125⅞	125⅞	+ ⅜
14¼	14⅜	100	Nevada Con. Cop	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼	...
92½	93	1,500	N. Y. Central	93	93	92½	92½	— ⅛
66½	66⅞	500	N. Y., N. H. & H	66⅞	66⅞	66½	66½	— ¼
105	105¼	100	Norfolk & Western	105¼	105¼	105¼	105¼	— ¼
111⅝	111⅞	700	Northern Pacific	111⅝	111⅞	111⅝	111⅝	...
25½	26½	400	Pacific Tel. & Tel	27	27	26	26	—1
111¼	111½	700	Penn. R. R.	111½	111½	111⅛	111⅜	...
121	122	100	People's Gas, Chi	121½	121½	121½	121½	+ ⅛
20	20¼	700	Pitts. Coal	20¼	20⅞	20¼	20⅞	+ ⅞
89	89½	500	Pitts. Coal pf	89	89⅝	89	89⅝	+1⅜
44	44½	200	Pressed Steel Car	44½	44½	44¼	44¼	— ¼
102¼	103	10	Pressed Steel C. pf	102¼	102¼	102¼	102¼	...
21¼	21¾	300	Ray Con. Copper	21½	21¾	21½	21½	...
165½	165⅝	7,800	Reading	165¼	165⅝	165	165⅝	...
88	88½	125	Rep. Iron & St. pf	88	88	88	88	...
2⅞	3⅛	200	Rock Island Co.	3	3	3	3	...
4	4½	500	Rock Island Co. pf	4½	4¼	4	4	— ½
29	29½	100	Rumely,(M.) Co. pf	29½	29½	29½	29½	— ⅞
54½	55	200	Seab. Air Line pf	55¼	55¼	55	55	...
94	94½	2,700	Southern Pacific	94	94½	93⅞	94	...
25	...	100	So. Pacific t. r.	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛	+ ¼
25¼	25¾	800	So. Railway ext	25¼	25¼	24⅞	24⅞	+ ⅛
33½	34	300	Studebaker Co	33⅛	33½	33⅛	33½	+ ⅛
34	34¼	100	Tennessee Cop. x d	34	34	34	34	— ⅛
42⅜	43	1,150	Third Avenue	43¼	43⅜	42⅜	42⅜	— ⅛
156½	156¾	7,310	Union Pacific	156⅜	156⅜	155⅞	156¼	+ ½
83½	84	150	Union Pacific pf	83⅞	83⅞	83⅞	83⅞	— ⅛
12½	13	100	Un. Rys. Invest	13	13	13	13	...
37	37¼	300	Un. Rys. Inv. pf	37¼	37¼	37¼	37¼	...
36	40½	200	U.S.C. I. & C. pf.	37⅜	37⅜	37	37	— ½
59	59⅞	162	U. S. Rubber	59½	59½	59½	59½	...
103	104	312	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	102⅞	103	102⅞	103	+ ⅛
62¼	62¼	13,100	U. S. Steel	62½	62⅝	62	62¼	— ⅜
109⅝	109⅞	310	U. S. Steel pf	109⅞	109⅞	109⅞	109⅞	...
56½	56⅝	2,200	Utah Copper	56⅞	56⅞	56½	56⅝	— ⅛
30½	30⅝	100	Va.-Car. Chemical	30⅜	30⅜	30⅜	30⅜	— ⅛
101	101⅛	300	Wells-Fargo & Exp	101	101½	101	101¼	+ ⅛
18⅝	19¼	400	Western Maryland	18⅝	19	18⅜	18⅝	...
61⅜	61⅞	500	Western Union Tel	61⅜	61⅜	61⅛	61⅜	...
76⅝	76⅞	400	Westingh. E. & M	77	77	76⅜	76⅜	— ⅝
96½	97¼	100	Woolw., (F.W.) Co	96½	96½	96½	96½	...
114¼	115½	25	Woolw. pf. x d	115½	115½	115½	115½	...

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	99⅝	99⅞	Pan 2s, r	97½	98
2s, c, 1930	97	98	Pan 3s, r, 1938	..	..
3s, r, 1918	101¼	102	Pan 3s, r, 1961	100	102
3s, c, 1918	101¼	102	Pan 3s, c, 1961	100	102
4s, r, 1925	106½	110½	Pan 2s, r, 1936	97	..
4s, c, 1925	110	111½			

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	98	102	Hav E Ry.		
Allis-Ch. ...	10⅝	11⅝	L & P.	..	79
Am Ag Ch pf.	96½	97½	Do pf.	..	95
A B S pf.	75½	77	Helme (G W) Co.	150	170
A B S & F	89	90½	Do pf.	110	117
Do pf.	137	140	Inger-R ...	110	..
Am Coal.	90	100	Do pf.	92	..
Am C Pr.	85	85¾	Int Agric.	8¼	9¼
Do pf.	105	106	Do pf.	21	25
Am Cot Oil pf.	93½	95	Int Paper.	8½	9½
Am. Exp.	104	108	Do pf.	34	35
Am Lin.	9¾	10	Int St. P.	7	7
Do pf.	26	30	Do pf.	10	19
Am L pf.	98	102	Iowa Cent.	6½	7
Am Malt.	7	8	Do pf.	13	19
Do pf.	42	45	K C So.	7	..
A S pf.	83	84	& M pf.	..	73½
A S & R pf.	..	..	Kan C So pf.	61¼	61½
Am Snuff.	101½	102	Kayser (J & S)	..	91
Am Snuff.	168	170	Do 1st pf	..	95
Do pf.	104½	109	Do 1st pf	111	..
Am St Fd.	32	33	K & D M.	4	8
A S R pf.	113	114	Do pf.	38	..
A T & C.	57½	..	Krueger (G) Co pf.	102¾	..
Am Tob.	228	230	Lack Steel.	36	38
Am Wool.	15	18¾	Lacl Gas.	96	98
Do pf.	75	76¾	L E & W.	5½	8
Am Wr Pa pf.	..	..	Do pf.	15	19
Assets, R.	11½	13	Ligg & M.	214	218
Assets, R.	14½	15¼	Long Isl'd.	28	34
Bald Loc.	46½	47⅝	L-W B 2d pf	..	..
Do pf.	109	110	Do pf.	92	95
B & O pf.	80⅞	81½	Lorill Co.	175	180
Batop M.	⅞	¾	Do pf.	114	..
Beth S pf.	85½	86	Louis & N.	138½	139½
Br Shoe.	36	42	M'kay Cos.	81	81¾
Do pf.	90	96	Do pf, ex div	67½	68½
B Un G.	127¾	128½	Do pf, ex div	67½	68½
Bruns Ter.	6	7½	Do pf.	28	32
B, R & P.	100	113½	M Dep Sts.	59	60½
Do pf.	116¾	135	M. K. & T. pf.	90	100⅜
Butte & P.	2	3	Mer Mar.	21¾	22
Calif Pet.	20¾	21	Do pf.	53¾	54¾
Do pf.	58	59¼	Mex C.	8¾	10
Canada So.	57½	..	Mex P pf.	..	85
Cent L pf.	90	..	Mich Cent.	119	120
Cent. Liv.	100	102¾	Mid S. L.	13	18½
C R R of N J.	300	323	Do pf.	28	32
C & S A pf.	..	..	M, St P & S S M.	123½	125½
C, I & L.	106	107½	Do pf.	78	82¼
Chi & Alt.	8	9½	M, K & T pf.	40	42
Do pf.	13	25	M P 1st pf.	102¼	..
C, I & L pf.	50	80	M'd pf.	108	116
C & N W pf.	175	185	N C & St L.	135	140½
Chi, St P, M & Om.	127	135	Nat Biss.	131	132½
Do pf.	135	145	Nat Enam.	10¾	11½
Cluett-P	66	67½	Do pf, ex div	..	86
Do pf.	101½	103	Nat Lead.	47¼	48¾
Col F & I pf.	..	..	Do pf.	106½	107½
Col & So.	22	22¾	Nat Rys of M 1st pf 2d	30	35
Do 1st pf	40	42	Do 2d pf.	11¾	12½
Do 2d pf	32	40	N O, M & C pf.	..	25
Corn Pr R pf.	..	..	N Y Air B.	66	67½
Crex Carp.	70	80	N Y, C & St L.	36	40
Cub-Am S.	..	30	Do 1st pf	92	100
Do pf.	..	84	Do 1st pf	80	90
Del & Hud.	145½	146	N Y Dock.	5	20
D, L & W.	400	406	Do pf.	..	26
D & R G.	11½	12½	N Y, O & W.	..	..
D M & Pt pf.	..	..	West.	25½	28
Do pf.	3½	..	Nor Sec.	26¾	30
Det Ed.	113	113¾	N & W pf.	89	91
Det & M.	85	..	North Am.	76¾	77½
Do pf.	80	..	N Y T & Light	58	66
Det T R.	..	71	Ont Min.	2½	3
D, S S & A.	4	5	Pabst B pf	95	102
Do pf.	8	11	Pac Coast.	75	90
Du P de N pf.	90	95	Do 1st pf	80	95
Erie 1st pf	44¼	44¾	Do 2d pf.	75	90
Do 2d pf.	37	38½	Pac Mail.	23½	24½
F M S.	8	15	P & Tel pf.	..	..
Do pf.	32	36	Penn Coal.	30	90¼
Gen Ch.	162	170	Pett-Mall.	20	27
Do pf.	109½	116	Do 1st pf	90	95
Gen El N pf.	93½	95½	Philips-D.	210	215
G'drich (B F) Co pf.	85	90	Pitts. pf. pf.	90½	92
H) Co pf.	88	90	Public Service	118	..

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Phila Co.	78	82	Tex Co.	146½	147½
Do 6 p c pf.	84	90	Tex Pac.	15	16¼
P, C, C & St L.	80½	89	T P L Tr.	98	105
Do pf.	93	100	T, St L & West.	7	10
P'man Co.	154⅞	156	Do pf.	12½	15¼
Quicksilver	1	2	T C R T.	105½	106⅜
Do pf.	1½	2½	Do pf.	125¼	..
R R Sec I	..	..	Und Type.	75	83
C stk c.	78	80	Do pf.	107½	113½
Ry St Spr.	28⅜	29	U B & P.	5	5½
Do pf.	88½	98	Do pf.	20	22½
Rdg 1st pf	88	90	Un Cig M.	47	48
Do 2d pf.	88	89½	Do pf.	99½	100½
R I & S.	23¼	23⅝	Un Dr G.	83	85
Rumely(M) Co.	11	11½	Do pf.	100	101
St L & S Fran.	..	3⅜	U S C I P.	9	10¼
Do 1st pf	10	14½	U S Exp.	76⅞	78
Do 2d pf.	5	6	U S I A.	15	30
St L & S F, 2d E I cfs.	3	10	Do pf.	84	90
Do pf cts	20	25	U S Rub.	58½	60½
St L S W.	19	22⅝	U S R 2d pf.	70	87
Do pf.	50¼	58	Vand R R.	..	..
Seab A L.	3¼	4	Va-Car Ch.	⅝	⅞
Sears-R.	188	189	Do pf.	103	103¾
Do pf.	124½	125	Va I, C & Coke.	40	50
S-S S & I.	26	30	Va R & P.	48¾	50
Do pf.	87¼	97	Wabash.	99¾	..
So P R S.	80	100	Vul Detin.	6	11
So Pr pf.	80	81	Do pf.	22	35
So R M & O cfs.	72	85	W Md pf.	3½	4½
St'd M. ex div	36	37	W E & M 1st pf.	124	126
Do pf.	64	66	Weym-B.	115	120
Studeb Co pf.	87½	88¾	W & L E.	4	5
			Do 1st pf	15	17
			Do 2d pf.	6	7
			Wis Cent.	40	41

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

The general list sagged on the Consolidated Exchange, but the undertone could still be called fairly firm. There had been a little advance in the early trading, which was not maintained. Transactions took place in Lehigh Valley a long time before a market for that stock was recorded elsewhere in Wall Street. In all, 620 shares of the stock changed hands, representing about one-third of its total turnover in Wall Street for the day. It was about the weakest issue in the closing trading.

Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,410	Amal. Cop.	72½	72⅝	71¾	72
210	Am. Beet Su.	28⅛	28⅜	27⅞	28⅛
120	Amer. Can.	29¾	29¾	29	29
170	Am. Smelting.	64⅞	64⅞	64¼	64½
10	Anac. Copper.	31⅞	31⅞	31¾	31⅞
20	At., T. & S.F.	99	99	99	99
20	Brklyn. R. T.	92⅜	92⅜	92⅜	92⅜
80	Can. Pacific.	196¼	196¼	196¼	196¼
310	Cen. Leather.	35⅞	36¼	35¾	36
60	Ches. & Ohio.	52½	52½	52⅜	52¾
40	Chi. Gt. West.	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼
60	Ch. Gt. W. pf.	37¼	37⅜	37	37
30	C., M. & St. P.	101	101	100⅞	100⅞
80	Dist. Secur.	17¼	17¼	17	17¼
60	Erie	29½	29½	29¼	29¼
60	Gt. Nor. pf.	125	125	124½	124⅞
30	Inter. Met.	15	15	15	15
620	Inter. Met. pf.	65⅝	65¾	64½	64⅝
620	Lehigh Val.	137	137	136	136⅛
480	Mo. Pacific.	18⅝	18⅞	17⅞	18⅛
140	N. Y. Cent.	93¼	93¼	92¾	92¾
120	N.Y.,N.H.&H.	66⅝	66¾	66⅜	66⅜
40	Pennsy.	111⅞	111⅞	111⅜	111⅜
20	Ray Copper.	21	21¼	21	21¼
2,140	Reading	163⅜	163⅝	162⅝	163⅝
20	Rock Island.	3	3	3	3
20	Southern Pac.	94	94	94	94
30	Southern Ry.	25¼	25¼	25¼	25¼
120	Third Ave.	43¼	43¼	43¼	43¼
1,620	Union Pacific.	156⅛	156⅝	155⅞	156½
20	U. S. Rubber.	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝
2,930	U. S. Steel.	62⅜	62⅝	62	62¼
40	Utah Copper.	56⅝	56⅝	56½	56½
20	Va. Car. Ch.	30⅝	30⅝	30⅜	30⅜

11,750

MINING STOCKS.

1,000	Atlanta	.15	.16	.15	.16
200	Belmont	7.35	7.35	7.35	7.35
50	Gold'fld Con.	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45
300	Jim Butler	1.05	1.07½	1.05	1.07½
400	Jumbo Ext.	24½	24½	24½	24½
800	Mexican	.48	.48	.48	.48
500	Tonopah Min.	.50	.50	.50	.50
500	Vernal	.07	.07	.07	.07
800	West End	.87	.87	.87	.87

8,000

WOOL MARKET ACTIVE.

Also Marked Improvement in the Cotton Goods Trade.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 10.—The American Wool and Cotton Reporter will say tomorrow:

"The sale of wool in the Boston market shows a considerable increase over last week, amounting to 7,380,000 pounds. The market has been extremely active, particularly in foreign crossbreds. Manufacturers have become fully convinced that there is no prospect of a recession from present prices, while in view of the large estimated shortage in the world's supply it is extremely probable that prices will tend upward rather than seek a lower level.

"Prices in the West are still ruling extremely high. Reports received recently are to the effect that several growers have received an equivalent of sixty certificates per clean pound for their clips—a higher figure than has been paid for several years past. The new wools are coming forward in fair volume, but the demand up to the present time has practically kept pace with the supplies, so that no stocks have as yet accumulated in dealers' hands.

"The prevalent rumors as to the necessity of curtailment in the cotton goods industry have received a quietus, a marked improvement in conditions becoming more and more evident. During the recent past several mills have been operating possibly 10 per cent. less than their total capacity, but orders now in hand will require the operation of their entire equipment, if they are able to secure sufficient labor to permit of so doing. In many mill centres the labor shortage is now becoming acute, it being a question of securing help in many instances, rather than of obtaining sufficient business.

"The worsted and woolen yarn markets show a noticeable improvement. There is an increased inquiry, and many spinners are still operating at capacity on contracts for the heavy-weight season."

TO STUDY ANTI-PANIC PLAN.

Gold Supervision Referred Meanwhile to Next Commercial Congress.

PARIS, June 10.—Ferdinand Faithfull Begg, President of the London Chamber of Commerce, spoke before the International Congress of Chambers of Commerce today in support of his proposition that stocks of gold in Great Britain, the United States, Germany, France, and Austria ought to be under the general supervision of an international commission with the object of preventing panics in any one of the countries mentioned owing to the shrinkage of gold stocks.

Mr. Begg affirmed that the panic in the United States in 1907 wac caused solely by the sending of gold to the Bank of France upon buying by London. He thought that the Federal Reserve act of the United States offered a suggestion of what might be done in this regard.

Johannes Kaempf, Speaker of the German Imperial Parliament and President of the Berlin Chamber of Commerce, argued that the credit and stability of each country must be safeguarded by that country in the first instance. He believed also that Italy ought to be admitted to such an international scheme because of her economic expansion.

The congress decided to place the subject on the programme for the next congress so as to allow the committee to study it in the meantime.

The congress adopted unanimously a motion advocating the advancement of the time for beginning and closing work by one hour during the period from May 1 to Oct. 1 in order to economize light and increase the opportunities for recreation of the workmen.

LONDON GETS GOLD HERE.

Europe Has Taken $15,750,000 in 3 Days, $50,750,000 Since Jan. 1.

For the first time in four years London drew gold direct from this market yesterday. The National City Bank engaged $250,000 in bars at the Assay Office for London early in the day. All the bar gold available at the Assay Office was cleaned up in the purchase. The last previous shipment to London was in the Spring of 1910. In that year $32,165,000 was taken for London account.

The financial district had been waiting for news of shipments to London for several days, although it was believed that the rate for sight bills in the foreign exchange market would have to rise considerably first. As a result of the

BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday...3½@4 per cent. for the best names
Tuesday....3½ @4 per cent. for the best names
The quotation is for six months' paper.

***

Vegetable Growing in the Bahamas.

Renewed interest is being shown in the Bahamas in growing early vegetables. Consul W. F. Doty, who is stationed at Nassau, reports in The Daily Consular and Trade Report that 30,000 cases of tomatoes were recently shipped to New York from the islands. Mr. Doty adds that steamers plying between Florida and Nassau will transport the surplus Bahama vegetables left by the regular vessels to this city.

***

Fair Business in Crepes.

A fair amount of business is being done in the silk trade on crêpes for the undergarment and costume manufacturers. Fancy weaves have the call, but it may be said that on the whole the demand is of a general nature. For Fall the tendency seems to be toward lighter fabrics than usual, and soft finished goods should prove popular from present indications. With increasing operations in the coat and suit and clothing trade as the season advances the silk trade will experience greater activity.

***

Clothiers' Expectations.

With business conditions in general showing a slight change for the better, which no doubt will become more marked as time goes on, the manufacturing clothiers expect that initial Fall orders received will have to be supplemented later on with more substantial ones. It is the general sentiment in the clothing trade that retailers will wait until the last minute, and then crowd manufacturers with orders for merchandise needed at once. Just at present, however, business is very quiet with the manufacturers.

***

Imitation Ivory Notions Good.

An excellent business is being taken here by fancy goods and notions houses on celluloid and imitation ivory goods for Fall delivery. These goods, which embrace picture frames, clocks, hair receivers, and a variety of other things, will be offered by the retailers for the holiday trade. Party cases and girdles continue to lead the immediate demand, which is none too heavy. Beads are beginning to show a falling off. Business for this period is up to last year with the bigger houses, but complaint is made that there is no snap to the demand.

***

Between Seasons in Dress Goods.

Little activity marks the dress goods business at the present time. This is not unusual, however, since it is more or less between seasons. The spot demand is concerned chiefly with shepherd checks and variations of this style. Repeat orders from the cutting-up trade are not up to normal just now and reports from the road indicate a lack of snap in general conditions. Serges are not moving as well as they might for Fall, but the broadcloth outlook continues very favorable. There is noted a slight waning of interest in Roman stripes, and on the other hand some revival in plaids.

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Gray Goods Continue Firm.

Despite the slowness which has featured trading in the local gray goods market in the last day or two, prices continue firm, and there is a growing disposition on the part of the mills to refuse contracts for long deliveries at present figures. High-count sateens were in good demand yesterday, and a scarcity of these goods for nearby delivery was reported. Sheetings were in good demand also, and were firmly held on the basis of 5¼ cents for 36 inch, 48 square, four yard, goods. Some good sales were reported on 36 inch, 48-52, 4.70 yard sheetings at 4¾ cents. Printcloths were doing generally, but hardly more than fairly active. Some fair sales were put through on 38½ inch 64-60s at 5 1-16 cents, while 60-52s and 60-48s in the same width were moved at 4 9-16 and 4 7-16 cents, respectively.

***

Petticoats to Come Back Strong.

According to one of the largest makers of these goods in the market, petticoats are going to come back strong for Fall under the influence of the pleated outer skirt. At present the best business on silk goods for Fall is expected on messalines, but taffetas may come back, it is said, if soft finished silks can not hold the pleated skirt out properly. Labrador, a plum shade; forest green, and nigger brown are expected to be the leading colors for the new petticoats, as high color effects will be taboo with the better class of trade. All through the line there is a noticeable tendency on the part of buyers and consumers to take better qualities than has been the case heretofore. This is as true of cotton petticoats as of silks. Bloomers, which have been moving in a fair way in jersey cloths, silk crêpes and sateens, are not expected to do so well for Fall.

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Silk Men on Special Legislation.

The Board of Managers of the Silk Association of America yesterday approved of the ten recommendations made by the special committee of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States of America relative to proposals for legislation regulating business practices. These recommendations of the committee are embodied in referendum No. 8 on trust legislation. The board also recommended that no legislation be passed by Congress limiting the power of the courts to issue injunctions or otherwise enforce its decrees, and that no legislation be passed giving to any special class of citizens any privileges or powers not enjoyed by all. It approved, after consideration, the by-laws of the Commission Throwsters' Division E of the Silk Association of America. The following were elected new members: Joseph P. Silk Company, Kahn & Feldman, P. Colombo & Co., and the S. A. Salvage Company.

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F. H. Leggett & Co. Move.

Francis H. Leggett & Co., importers, manufacturers, and distributors of foodstuffs, have left their old quarters in Franklin Street and moved uptown to the Terminal Building, which is located on the shore of the Hudson River, running from Twenty-seventh to Twenty-eighth Streets. One factor which compelled the concentration of the various departments of the firm was the widening of Varick Street, on the southerly extension of Seventh Avenue, which made necessary the condemnation by the city of part of the old Leggett Building at Franklin and Varick Streets and West Broadway. The new quarters of the firm occupy the western building at the Terminal Stores, and contain more than 300,000 square feet of floor space. All of the modern conveniences for handling its business have been supplied, and in the new location the firm will operate its own cold storage plant.

***

How Dresses Are Bought.

The members of the cutting-up trade are not greatly to be envied if what a TIMES reporter saw happen in a prominent dress house yesterday is a sample of the way buyers are doing business these days. The buyer in question had come into the showroom of the manufacturer with the idea of getting some garments at a fixed price. Seeing a certain line of goods he made his offer, which the manufacturer was unable to accept. After considerable argument the manufacturer offered to show the buyer the cost calculation sheets of the goods in an endeavor to prove his contention that he could not possibly take the buyer's order at the price he specified. To this offer the buyer replied, "I don't care if they cost you $25 a piece to make up. The thing that governs me is how much can I get for them and how much can I make on them. I have a price, and if you don't want to take it I will go somewhere else."

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Spring Knit Goods Offered.

General lines of underwear and hosiery for the Spring season, 1915, are now being shown to the jobbing trade. Despite the reports that prices had not been made on many lines, the statement was made by one of the biggest local buyers yesterday that quotations for the new season's goods are for the most part on a par with those which obtained at the opening a year ago. In some cases, especially so on underwear, it was said that the new prices were lower than the 1913 levels. Notwithstanding the present high speculative price of cotton and the unsatisfactory reports of the crop, merchandise prices are not expected by wholesale buyers to advance as the season goes on. On the other hand, it is said that some experienced buyers are looking for a break both in the price of cotton and cotton yarns, with a consequent bearing of prices on the finished product. It is said that orders received by the manufacturers have so far been limited both in number and size, due partly to the fact that many of the road men have only recently reached their territories, but more so to the fact that the jobbers are less able than usual to tell at this early date the size of their future requirements.

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About Spring, 1915, Dress Goods.

It is said to be a long time since the manufacturers of novelty dress goods have been so far at sea concerning the trend of the style demand in their line as they are for the Spring season of 1915. Trips of the prominent stylers to the other side are said to have been productive of little in the way of really new ideas. Those stylers who did pick up anything are keeping it pretty well to themselves. About the most definite line on the new season that has yet come to light was given to a TIMES reporter yesterday by one of the largest operators in the city. This merchant was firm in the assertion that the leading novelty for next Spring will be a fabric that has not yet been seen in this market. He contended that it would be a high-lustre cloth, and intimated that there is a possibility of a considerable use of artificial silk in connection with it. His idea is based partly on the ground that shiny-faced silks are spoken very well of for the coming Fall season, and partly on the fact that the woolen trade is trying very hard to get away from the things it is showing at the present time. A prediction made in another quarter that the demand would revert to plain goods for Spring following the present run on Roman stripes, plaids, and similar novelties, was ridiculed.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

WHEAT.

Throughout the day wheat was under pressure from the Southwest, and prices reached new low levels, showing ⅝c net decline at the bottom of the day. There was a gradual rally in the late afternoon following the strength of corn, which left the market fairly steady at the close and only ¼c to ⅜c net lower.

No. 2 hard Winter here was quoted at $1.01¾, cost, insurance, and freight. New York: new No. 2 red, 93¾c, July shipment, cost, insurance, and freight; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.03½, free on board afloat; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.05½, free on board afloat.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	95⅝	95¼	95½	95⅝	99 11-16
September	93	92⅝	92¾	93	98⅜
December	..	..	..	94	94¼ ..

CHICAGO PRICES.

July	85⅜	85¼	85¾	85½	92⅛
September	84	83½	83⅝	83⅞	91⅝
December	86¼	85¾	86	86⅛	93⅞

CORN.

On heavy covering prices for later deliveries advanced 1½c per bushel, closing practically at the top, against ⅞c net advance in July.

Locally No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at 83¾c, cost, insurance, freight, prompt.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	71⅞	71⅜	71⅝	71¼	59⅞
September	69¼	68¾	69	68⅛	60¾
December	60⅝	59⅝	60⅛	59½	58⅜

OATS.

The oats market was well supported, closing ⅝ to ⅞c net higher. There was still no change in the local spot market, which closed as follows: Standard white, 46½ to 47c; No. 2 standard white, 47 to 47½c; No. 3 standard white, 46 to 46½c; No. 4 standard white, 45½ to 46c; ordinary clipped white, 46 to 48c; fancy clipped white, 47½ to 49½c, all elevator.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	40⅝	40¼	40⅝	40¼	39½
September	39¼	38⅝	39⅛	38¾	39
December	..	..	..	..	40

PROVISIONS.

With a moderate speculative trade, provisions ruled higher yesterday and closed at the top.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
July	10.12	10.07	10.12	10.07	11.00
September	10.30	10.22	10.27	10.25	11.10
Ribs—					
July	11.42	11.32	11.40	11.35	11.80
September	11.47	11.40	11.47	11.40	11.47
Pork—					
July	20.80	20.70	20.80	20.75	20.67
September	20.10	19.95	20.10	19.92	20.10

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market closed quite steady, at about 1 point net advance.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	7.33@7.40	7.33
June	..	..	7.34@7.38	7.33
July	7.39	7.37	7.37@7.39	7.36
August	7.50	7.48	7.49@7.50	7.48
September	7.59	7.58	7.58@7.60	7.57
October	..	..	7.46@7.48	7.46
November	..	..	7.07@7.11	7.05
December	7.05	7.05	7.06@7.10	7.05
January	7.07	7.05	7.06@7.07	7.05

COTTON.

Unfavorable crop advices from the Eastern belt failed to inspire any general or aggressive buying movement in the cotton market yesterday, but prices worked higher on a moderate demand from trade sources. The close was very steady at a net advance of 26@10 points.

Southern spot markets as officially reported were unchanged. The local market for spot cotton was quiet and unchanged at 13.65c for middling upland; sales, 84 bales.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June	..	..	13.20@13.25	13.18
July	13.25	13.13	13.23@13.24	13.20
August	13.16	13.04	13.13@13.14	13.08
September	12.83	12.83	12.90@12.93	12.83
October	12.81	12.67	12.80@12.81	12.72
November	..	..	12.65@12.68	12.55
December	12.82	12.67	12.81@12.82	12.71
January	12.08	12.53	12.67@12.68	12.59
March	12.74	12.50	12.73@12.74	12.64
April	12.79	12.78	12.88@12.90	12.80
May	12.91	12.79	12.90@12.91	12.82

COFFEE.

Coffee declined, closing at a net loss of 9 to 12 points. Havre closed at a slight rally from the lowest, but showed a final loss of ¼ to ½ franc, while Hamburg was ½ to ¾ pfennig lower.

The local spot market was quiet and unchanged, at 9½c for Rio 7s and 12¼@12¾c for Santos 4s.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June	..	..	8.87@8.88	8.97
July	8.95	8.94	8.94@8.95	9.14
August	..	..	9.04@9.05	9.14
September	9.16	9.13	9.15@9.16	9.24
October	..	..	9.22@9.23	9.34
November	..	..	9.31@9.32	9.43
December	9.42	9.38	9.40@9.41	9.51
January	..	..	9.42@9.43	9.53
February	..	..	9.44@9.45	9.54
March	9.48	9.44	9.46@9.47	9.55
April	..	..	9.46@9.47	9.57
May	9.47	9.45	9.47@9.48	9.58

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 16,700 packages. A little stronger market for high grade fresh creamery, with prices a quarter cent higher. Creamery, extras, 26½@27c; firsts, 25@26c; seconds, 23@25c; thirds, 21¼@22½c; State dairy, finest, 25@25½c; good to prime, 23@24c; common to fair, 19@22c; process, extras, 21½@21¾c; firsts, 19½@20½c; lower grades, 17@18½c; ladles, current make, firsts, 19@19½c; seconds, 18@18½c; lower grades, 16@17¼c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 17@17½c; lower grades, 15@16½c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 30,429 cases. The market is irregular owing to the poor average quality of receipts. Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 23@24c; regular packed, extra firsts, 21¾@22½c; regular packed, firsts, 20¾@21½c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery whites, 24½@25c; gathered whites, fine to finest, 22@23½c; whites, fair to good, 20½@21¼c; Western, gathered whites, 20¾@21½c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery browns, 23@24c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 19½@22c; duck eggs, State, and near by, Indian runner, 25@26c; checks, 20@21c; Western, gathered, 19@21c; Tennessee and other Southern, 18@20c; European eggs, fresh, 120 cases, fair to good.

SIDEWALK ENCROACHMENTS

Authorities Urged to Make Concessions in the Matter.

The New York Board of Trade and Transportation adopted a resolution yesterday urging the city authorities to exercise the greatest consideration in respect to the facilities necessary for handling goods across sidewalks to and from stores. This resolution was offered by H. Henry Deeves.

It recited that, while the board commends the action of the authorities in requiring the removal of encroachments upon the highway which serve no practical purpose other than ornamentation, it is believed that the interests of the city as a whole require that concessions be made to enable the business of commerce and manufacturing to be carried on successfully. The Committee on City Affairs was authorized to make an investigation and submit the views of the board to the city authorities.

A long letter to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment dealing with the proposed improvements in the navigable waters about New York was submitted by a special committee, approved by the board, and ordered forwarded to the city board. The board adjourned to Oct. 14, at which meeting the annual election of officers will be held.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

ENTERPRISE GARMENT COMPANY.—Charles Katz and Morris Crupain, doing business as the Enterprise Garment Company, manufacturers of dresses, wrappers, and kimonos, at 95 and 97 Greene Street, have made an assignment to Simon Daniels. A petition was also filed against them by these creditors: Shapiro Co., $102; Jacob Rubin, $435, on an assigned claim from Shapiro & Co., and the Sanitary Soap and Towel Supply Company, $1. Liabilities, $10,000; assets, $2,000.

I. & A. ZADEK.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Isidore G. and Alfred Zadek, who compose the firm of I. & A. Zadek, manufacturers of women's hats, at 679 Broadway, by these creditors: Maurice Weir, $424; Sobel Brothers, $238, and Joseph Brandt & Brother, $283. Liabilities, $14,000; assets, $3,000.

ROSENER & ROSENBERG.—A petition has been filed against Samuel M. Rosener and A. Rosenberg, who compose the firm of Rosener & Rosenberg, dealers in hardware at Kingston, by these creditors: Peck, Slow & Wilcox Co., $206; H. J. Frost & Co., $199, and Barrett Manufacturing Co., $109. They consented to be adjudicated bankrupts.

SOLOMON BLINDER.—A petition has been filed against Solomon Blinder, liquor dealer, of 205 Eldridge Street, by these creditors: Hirshfeld & Beck, $382; Jacob Goldman, $45, and Jacob Feder, $100. He made an assignment on May 25.

MARTIN BRAID CO. of 120 Wooster Street has filed schedules in bankruptcy which show liabilities of $11,416 and assets of $6,335.

CHARLES BAYER COMPANY, architectural iron works, at 408 East 125th Street, has filed schedules which show liabilities of $16,797 and assets of $16,823.

CARLTON SHOPS, INC., have filed schedules showing liabilities of $2,670 and assets of $7,998.

ABRAHAM HILLMAN—Judge Hand has appointed Arthur W. Clements receiver for Abraham Hillman, poultry dealer, of 508 East Seventy-first Street, under a bond of $500.

MORRIS VIRSHUP, grocer, at 1,661 Southern Boulevard, has made an assignment to Alexander Virshup.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

WARREN, R. I.—A. Silverman, voluntary petition in bankruptcy filed; liabilities, $3,500; assets none.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES

Further information may be obtained from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Washington, D. C., and at the branch office, 315 Customhouse, by giving the number of the item referred to.

13,191. FIELD TELEPHONES FOR ARMY.—A Gov. contractor desires to represent Am. mfrs. in competing for a contract to be placed by the War Dept. of a foreign Gov. for supplying the army with field telephones. As the time for receiving bids is very limited, firms interested should correspond with the contractor at the earliest possible date.

13,192. BUILDING CONSTRUCTION.—The Department of Public Works at Ottawa has advertised for tenders, to be received until June 23, for additions to public buildings at Joliette, Quebec. Bids will also be received until June 25 for the construction of a drill hall at Vancouver, B. C. Plans, specifications, and forms of tender can be obtained at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa, Canada.

13,193. BUILDING MATERIALS AND HOUSE FURNISHING SUPPLIES.—A building boom is in progress in the Far East. A local company, of which an American citizen is the active manager, has under construction at present about forty houses for foreigners. It seems desirable in extending the sale of American building materials and house-furnishing supplies that mfrs. should forward advertising matter, giving prices, etc.

13,194. CHEMICAL PRODUCTS, COLORS, AND DYES.—A business firm in France, dealing in chemical products, colors, and dyes, employing several traveling salesmen who visit the entire trade throughout the country, as well as public officials and industrial establishments using these products, would like to be placed in direct communication with mfrs. of these goods.

13,195. INCUBATORS.—A trade publication in the United Kingdom has received inquiries for the names of Am. mfrs. of incubators.

13,196. SULPHATE OF AMMONIA.—A business firm in the Far East has a customer who is handling 125 tons of sulphate of ammonia, of the grade known as "Commercial gray" with a guaranteed content of 26 per cent. ammonia. At present this is purchased through an English company. The firm expects to place orders for about 200 tons and would like to do business with some Am. company if the company can quote prices that will compare favorably with the terms of the British companies. Correspondence may be in English.

13,197. TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES.—A stationery concern in Europe desires to secure the exclusive representation in a certain territory of Am. mfrs. of typewriters and typewriter supplies. This firm would be willing to guarantee a minimum annual sale, but not for the first year.

13,198. COTTON GINS AND MACHINERY FOR WORKING RAW COTTON.—An importer in the Near East who is doing a considerable business in the importation of Am. agricultural machinery is anxious to receive catalogues of cotton gins and other machinery for working raw cotton.

13,199. IRON AND COPPER WIRE.—A large mfr. of wire fencing in a European country would like to be placed in direct communication with Am. mfrs. of iron and copper wire (gauge Paris 1857) of all sizes.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Forecast:

N. Car.—Unsettled Thurs., probably thunder showers in w. Fri. showers; gentle winds, mostly s. w.

S. Car.—Showers Thurs. and probably Fri.; gentle winds, mostly s.

Ga.—Thunder showers Thurs. and probably Fri.; gentle shifting winds.

Fla., Ala., and La.—Thunder showers Thurs. and Fri., gentle shifting winds.

Miss.—Fair in n., thunder showers in s. Thurs. and probably Fri.; gentle shifting winds.

E. Tex.—Fair in s., thunder showers in n. Thurs. and probably Fri.; gentle to mod. s. winds.

W. Tex.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.; warmer Thurs. in extreme w.

Ten.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.

Okla.—Fair, continued warm Thurs. and probably Fri.

Ark., Tenn., and Ky.—Fair, continued warm Thurs. and probably Fri.

Ohio—Fair in n., thunder showers in s. Thurs. Fri. showers; gentle to mod. shifting winds.

Ind.—Thunder showers Thurs. Fri. unsettled; gentle shifting winds.

Ill.—Unsettled in n. and cen. Thurs., probably thunder showers; fair in s. Fri. probably fair; gentle to mod. shifting winds.

L. Mich.—Unsettled Thurs., probably showers by night. Fri. unsettled, gentle shifting winds.

U. Mich.—Unsettled Thurs., probably showers in w. Fri. fair, gentle to moderate shifting winds.

Wis.—Thunder showers Thurs. in n. and w. and Thurs. or Thurs. night in s. e. Fri. probably fair, gentle to mod. shifting winds.

Minn.—Thunder showers Thurs.; somewhat cooler in n. Fri., probably fair; gentle to mod. shifting winds.

Iowa—Thunder showers Thurs.; slightly cooler in s. Fri., probably fair.

Mo.—Fair in s. and cen.; thunder showers in n. Thurs.; continued warm. Fri., probably fair.

N. Dak.—Showers Thurs.; cooler in extreme e. Fri., fair.

S. Dak.—Fair in w., showers in e. Thurs. Fri., probably fair.

Neb.—Showers Thurs. in e. and cen., fair in w.; somewhat cooler in s. and w. Fri., probably fair.

Kan.—Fair in s., thunder showers and somewhat cooler in n. Thurs. or Thurs. night. Fri., fair.

FOR SALE.

Army-Navy Auction Bargains
Tents, $6.95 up; Mess Kits, $.45 up; Shoes, per pr., $1.98; Trousers, per pr., $1.98; Flannel Shirts, $1.98; Canteens, $.98; Haversacks, $.19; Army Breech Loading Rifles, $3.98; Army Tents to Hire; Free Circular. Francis Bannerman, 501 B'dway, N.Y.

CUSTOMS MAN SUSPENDED.

Protective Tariff League Protests Against Rates Fixed by Hollings.

J. L. Hollings, an examiner of cotton goods, has been suspended by Jonn K. Sague, Appraiser of the Port, pending a hearing before the Appraiser on the charge of making incorrect returns on imported goods. The suspension, it was said yesterday, followed an investigation made by Special Agents of the Treasury Department.

Mr. Hollins was one of the customs employes at this port who appeared before the Ways and Means Committee when the new tariff was being framed. The Government investigators seem to have found his judgment on imported merchandise faulty in regard to value and classification. It was said that the American Protective Tariff League called the attention of the Treasury Department to Mr. Hollings's alleged errors in prices and classification.

Friends of Mr. Hollings said he had been handicapped by the fact that he had been assigned to examine many novelties which it was difficult to classify properly, while the fluctuations in prices abroad changed the rates here frequently. Supporters of Mr. Hollings expressed the opinion that the examiner would be able to justify his returns at the hearing, to be held next week.

Oklahoma Oil Leases Non-Taxable.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., June 10.—Leases on oil and gas lands, as such, are not subject to taxation in Oklahoma, according to a decision handed down by Chief Justice Matthew J. Kane in the State Supreme Court. Several million dollars in current and back taxes could have been collected had the decision been otherwise.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments were filed yesterday in New York County, the first name being that of the debtor:

Autler, Charlotte G.—Mullen & Buckley, Inc., $505.
Baker, John J.—Ramapo Foundry and Wheel Works, $135.
Barrett, Wm. R.—Asbestos and Rubber Works of New York, $491.
Blum, Sidney—A. Samuels, $113.
Beers, Wm. H.—Florida Publishing Co., $121.
Bachman, Alberto—Pan Press Co., $203.
Bjurstrom, Ivar—L. Barth et al., $342.
Buckholz, Gustavus W.—Lord & Taylor, $283.
Baldwin, Reuben S.—Lord & Taylor, $106.
Beard, Frederick H.—S. J. Bloomingdale et al., $181.
Cohen, Joseph, Isidore Yankelowitz, and Sam Rokowitz—S. Fischer, $158.
Canepa, Louis—D. B. Aquaro, coats, $148.
Cash, Jacob—J. L. Taylor & Co., $283.
De Laux, James—N. J. Yager, $100.
Durant, Lawrence T.—H. T. Durant, $218.
Ehrlich, William—People, &c., $100.
Freeman, Michael—Layties Bros., $263.
Fillmore, Burtiss F.—U. S. Rubber Co., $163.
Fordon, Alfred C.—G. E. Corey, $117.
Finkelstein, Paul, and Jacob—S. Weininger et al., $643.
Friedman, Joseph—A. Greenspan, $106.
Fitzsimmons, Patrick M.—George Angler & Co., $149.
Goldenthal, Wolf—A. Mandel, $214.
Goldenthal, Wolf, and Leon—Same, $163.
Godwin, Raynor—F. Griffith, $1,222.
Gilbert, Joseph M.—A. L. Hillyard, $2,094.
Gallagher, Bernard—David Shannon Co., $458.
Goldfarb, Isidor—N. Krept, et al., $117.
Geener, Josephine M.—A. Hess, $570.
Hutcheson, Ralph E.—W. R. Phelps et al., $461.
Hough, Edward H.—Lord & Taylor, $149.
Jakob, Joseph R.—L. J. Staack, $478.
Lederer, Hugo L.—James McCreery & Co., $103.
Lauria, James—Landis Machine Co., $132.
Lipman, Pessie—I Goldstein, $721.
Lash, Charles—F. Schiffmayer, $113.
Lazarowitz, Sam—L. Dankowitz, $341.
Muller, Roman—J. Oppenheimer et al., $109.
Meyer, Simon—Herskovits, $110.
Morse, Jerome E.—Keystone View Co., Inc., $252.
McIntyre, John—R. S. Lloyd, $1,081.
Martin, Clinton S.—Montana Realty Co., $670.
McElroy, Hugh F.—"Jane," $144.
Magraw, Flora H.—H. Karger, $194.
Maguire, Samuel W.—B. E. Nahe, $3,135.
Mischler, Margaret—Brown Bros., Inc., $112.
Moriarty, John, and William Horan—W. F. Murphy, $2,689.
Moriarty, John, and William Horan—T. Sullivan, $1,533.
Meanman, Joseph—N. T. Phillips et al., $138.
Napolitan, Felix J.—Hoster Columbia Associated Breweries Co., $133.
Patterson, Joseph—C. F. Keyes, $114.
Prestmund, Bertha—L. Bonat et al., $438.
Rosenthal, Marcus—S. Greenwald, $105.
Rider, H. De Kay—Sinclair & Valentine Co., $310.
Specht, Ely B.—Burns Bros., $220.
Severance, Wm. A.—M. Severance, $859.
Salaway, Samuel—Mfrs. National Bank of Waterbury, Conn., $8,435.
Spielberg, Harold—H. Dux, $239.
Steinhardt, Samuel T.—German Exchange Bank, $625.
Solomon, Joseph—James McCreery & Co., $147.
Shaw, Easton—J. Goldman, $222.
Soher, Tobias, and Barnett Kurland—I. Paley et al., $274.
Silverman, Moses—Woodhaven Bank, $521.
Sachers, Ralph J.—I. Brakaw et al., $113.
Vorzimer, Samuel, and George Syivice—J. F. Reichard, $163.
Wall, Edw. F.—J. Burns, $113.
Williams, Eleanor M.—G. Mahler, $240.
Same—Same, $240.
Same—Same, $214.
Ward, Julia—C. B. Lawson, $1,360.
Wightman, Simon G., and Wm. G. Root—C. P. Koch, $5,347.
Weil, Madeline, or Madeline Bozia—L. Loeb, $105.
Allied Motor Accessories Co., Inc.—N. Y. Telephone Co., $15.
Aster Place Corp.—A. T. Stewart Realty Co., $4,224.
Cockerill & Little Co.—Geo. C. Lavery & Co., $1,937.
Concrete Finishing Co.—E. A. Bromund Co., $737.
City of N. Y.—Alcatraz Asphalt Co. et al., costs, $116.
Farbers Stores, Inc.—H. Weill, $105.
Jamaica Guard's Breweries—L. Higgins, $943.
Leasing & Construction Co.—Westchester & Bronx Title & Mortgage Guaranty Co., $244.
Merrick Fireproofing Company—L. Tutoit, $114.
Manilla Anchor Brewing Company—L. M. Campbell, $563.
Manhattan Realty Appraisers, Inc.—A. Barthel, $115.
N. Y. Railways Company—K. C. Woodward, $596.
Patrick Reddy Contracting Company, Inc., and Patrick Reddy—Crulkshank Co., $1,596.
Utility Car Company—R. W. Distler, $331.
Von Erlanbell Co., Inc.—J. Hargrave, $227.

In Bronx County.

Buckman, Nathan, and Joseph Lichtenberg—H. Mindlin, $399.
Calcaterra, Maria—M. Alfani, $1,441.
Charles Klepper Cut Stone Co.—American Surety Co., $461.
Fitzgerald, Maurice—N. S. F. Smarglia, $462.
Greenbaum, George, and Tuscan Construction Co.—E. D. Loughman, $216.
Same—Same, $195.
Goldenthal, Jacob—William J. Howe Co., $175.
Kramer Contracting Co., Inc.—New York Telephone Co., $107.
Naumann, Henry C., and Martin E. Naumann—M. J. Hughes, $337.
Radin, Mathias—J. Lichtenberg, $104.
Stover, Conrad—M. Winter et al., $141.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed:

Adler, Sigismund L.—Peoples' Bank at Pinckard, Ala., Dec. 5, 1911, $141.
Same—Same, June 19, 1912, $106.
Same—Same, March 13, 1914, $128.
Same—Newton Loan and Banking Co., Newton, Ala., Dec. 5, 1911, $138.
Bliss, Louis E.—L. Neuberger, Dec. 27, 1913, $289.
Ely, Richard F.—F. F. Ely, April 17, 1912, $10,861.
Gallagher, Eugene A.—Steinhardt Bros., April 30, 1914, $114.
Jacobs, Robert—C. Hansen, Oct. 30, 1913, $2,009.
Kell, Richard, and Frederick G. Wolf—H. P. Hansen, Dec. 29, 1909, $1,301.
Motzinger, Marie M.—Durham Realty Corp., March 20, 1913, $258.
Pearlstein, Meyer—C. E. Barker et al., Feb. 13, 1914, $351.
Pickens, Sale A.—A. Filer, May 12, 1910, $391.
Portello, William Z.—D. L. Ostrow, Nov. 3, 1913, $832.
Riley, Edgar R.—Twenty-third Ward Bank, Nov. 12, 1913, $121.
Wilde, John and Herbert W.—E. B. Harris, June 19, 1906, $119.
Same—F. C. Huntington, June 19, 1906, $21,184.
Powell, Harry W.—L. Terwilliger et al., Jan. 6, 1900, (calceled,) $373.

In Bronx County.

Jad Construction Co.—North American Wall Paper Co., April 11, 1914, $205.

CLOSING OUT
5,000 DRESSES
From $1.50 to $6 Each.
500 DOZ. WAISTS
From $6.75 to $15 per Doz.
All latest styles and materials. Fine opportunity for early buyers. JOE WIEN, 129 W. 27th St. Phone M. S. 5032.

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Manufacturers' Agent and Importer.
JOHN DERSCHUG, 209 Broadway.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Ten-Cent Lavalliores Officially Designated as Jewewlry.

It was decided yesterday by the Board of United States General Appraisers that bronze bulls imported by Brown & Roese for the actual owner must stand duty at 45 per cent. ad valorem under the provision in the old law for manufactures of metal. The importers claimed a rate of 15 per cent. as sculptures, or classification as cast hollow-ware. In overruling the contention, Judge Waite said that while some testimony was taken, it does not in the opinion of the board throw any light upon the character of the bronzes in question.

The board, in a decision by Judge Sullivan, overruled claims filed by the American Bead Company, regarding the classification of brass necklace clasps used in the making of lavalliores, which sell at retail for 10 cents. The Collector returned the goods at 60 per cent. as jewelry under the old act, whereas the importer claimed 45 per cent. as manufactures of metal.

M. J. Corbett & Co., succeeded in a protest dealing with the classification of ramie yarn in the gray. The merchandise is over 8 and under 80 less. The appraiser reported that the yarn was bleached. Return for duty was made at 45 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 358 of the Act of 1909. The protestants claimed the goods dutiable as single yarn in the gray made of ramie, the rate of 40 per cent. or 15 per cent. under Paragraph 341. Judge Cooper sustained the claim for 40 per cent. duty. The same firm was upheld in a protest relating to ramie roving.

The board overruled M. Mishel & Co., who asked a rate of 10 per cent. ad valorem on merchandise claimed under the old law to be waste not specially provided for. The customs officials returned the importation as tow of flax, and took duty at $20 per ton. Witnesses at the hearing tried to prove that the merchandise is flax waste in contradistinction to tow of flax. The board held the testimony was insufficient to upset the Collector's return.

Arrival of Buyers.
Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

AKRON—M. O'Neil Co.; F. B. Goodman, jewelry, gloves, umbrellas, leather goods; 37 W. 26th.
ATHENS—Morris & Son; C. Morris, carpets; Sherman Square.
ATLANTIC CITY—Herman Abrams, Fall woolen dresses; Room 706, 1,182 Broadway.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; W. B. Stanton, housefurn. goods; 214 Church; Prince George.
BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; H. J. Rohr, millinery; 220 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; G. Etynge, ribbons; 354 4th Av.
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CLEVELA

FINDS BUSINESS BAD IN THE ARGENTINE

Kansas City Man Says It Is a Hostile Land for Americans.

SKILLED LABOR SUFFERS

Must Compete with the Native Laborer and Work for the Same Wages as He Receives.

Truman P. May, who used to be business manager of The Kansas City Times, went down to Buenos Aires last November with a view to making a considerable sum by introducing American novelties into the Argentine Republic and Uruguay. Mr. May left New York for Kansas City last night proclaiming that Argentina is no place for argonauts.

"It would be a real service to humanity in this part of the world," remarked Mr. May, as he sat on a sofa in the Wolcott lobby yesterday, "if somebody would put up a sign 100 feet long and 25 feet wide warning Americans of moderate means that the Argentine Republic is no place for them. It isn't. I am not the only American who has come to that conclusion. Many a steamship that has come back from there of late has brought men whose experience had been similar to mine.

"They, like myself, had been lured by the brilliant attractions of the country as pictured in the literature sent out by the steamship agents. There are lots of Americans who have gone down there thinking that the country was full of big opportunities, and who have found that, so far as Americans are concerned, Argentina is practically a hostile land.

"I don't mean to say that certain American lines have not done well. Standard American machinery and labor saving devices, when backed by big capital, and represented by competent men, have done well. But the man who has only a few thousand dollars to put into a commercial venture, no matter what line of goods he has to sell, had better stay in the United States.

"And it is the same way with skilled American labor. Lots of skilled American mechanics have gone down there tempted by the promise of high wages, only to find that they came into competition with the peon, and were expected to work for the same sum he gets. Sometimes an American who works for American employes finds that he can demand no higher rate of wages than the native laborer, no matter how much more skilful he may be. I know an expert mechanic who used to make his $6 and $8 a day in this country, who having been persuaded that there was big opportunity for men of his trade in Buenos Aires, went down there some time ago. He is working for an American concern, but he gets only 5 pesos a day—$2.20—and with the cost of living what it is, it will be a long time before he can scrape up the passage money back home that is now the goal of his ambition.

"The main trouble down there is that the Argentinians and the Uruguayans hate the Americans," said Mr. May, who carried with him a letter from Secretary Bryan, an old friend, commending him to the diplomatic and consular officers of the United States in South America. "No matter what you hear at this distance, the people down there don't like us at all. I was in Montevideo on the day the news arrived of the taking of Vera Cruz, when a mob burned an American flag. You have evidences of this dislike on every side, and it is a severe handicap.

"And, of course, the American who goes down there without a thorough knowledge of Spanish suffers another handicap. Although the English have more capital invested in Argentina than any other country has, the foreigners who are most popular in Buenos Aires are the Germans. We come a long way after all the others.

"Of course, business generally has been bad down there for a long time, and nobody sees any prospect for its improvement.

"Coming up home I traveled part of the way in the steerage, as I was interested in studying the immigration question. It was not until we reached Barbados that I changed to first cabin. I had no idea so many natives from Southern Europe come to the United States by way of Buenos Aires, and I want to tell you that we had in that steerage about the biggest lot of undesirables I have ever seen in one collection. I wondered whether the immigration authorities exercise over the steerage passengers of steamers from South America as careful supervision as they do over those coming direct from Europe. From my observations of that lot, morally and physically, I do not see how many of them could have been allowed to land."

Asks $25,000 for Bow Bridge.

Park Commissioner Ward asked the Board of Estimate yesterday for $25,000 for the reconstruction of the historic Bow Bridge, which spans Central Park Lake from the south end of the Ramble to the lawns between Terrace Bridge and the Webster Monument. It is in a dangerous condition. The board appropriated $25,000 for reconstruction in 1910, but the Municipal Art Commission objected to a bridge reconstructed of cement, and the authorization was rescinded.

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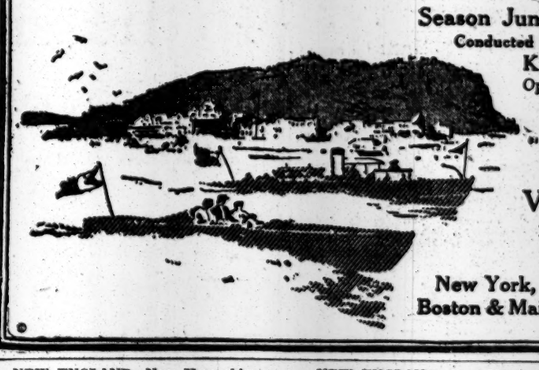

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Steamers of the Hudson River Day Line make direct connection at Kingston Point with afternoon trains for all points in the mountains.

The Summer time schedule for season of 1914 will go in effect Sunday, June 28th.

The annual illustrated book with revised map of the Catskill Mountain section, also map showing the great Ashokan Reservoir, and containing corrected list of over 1,000 hotels and boarding houses, will be sent free on receipt of 6 cents postage.

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PENNSYLVANIA.—Mount Pocono.

MOUNT PLEASANT HOUSE
MOUNT POCONO, PENNA.
Enlarged, modernized. Private baths, baths, gas, orchestra, dancing. FREE GARAGE. OPENS JUNE 20TH. Booklets. For road maps and rates address W. T. & H. M. LEECH.

PENNSYLVANIA—Delaware Water Gap.

THE MOUNTAIN PARADISE.
WATER GAP HOUSE
The leading hotel of Delaware Water Gap, Pa. Now open. Booklet mailed. John Purdy Cope.

PENNSYLVANIA—Canadensis.

NEW SPRUCE CABIN INN. Where you can catch trout. Greatly enlarged; rooms en suite with bath. Garage, saddle horses. All amusements. Now open. Booklet. Cresco station. Lack. R. R. W. J. & M. D. PRICE.

SUMMER CAMPS.

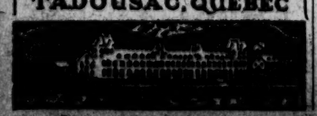
Camp Red Cloud
SILVER LAKE, SUSQUEHANNA CO., PA.
A Summer camp for boys, in a magnificent 800 acre tract, including a beautiful lake surrounded by vast primeval forests. Altitude, 1,800 feet. Chief Councilors: Mr. Henry A. Marting, Yale, 1914; Mr. Oliver J. Hart, Hobart, 1913. Consulting Councilor: The Rev. J. Townsend Russell. Address Camp Red Cloud, Silver Lake, Susquehanna Co., Pa.

CAMP CHAMPLAIN.
An Ideal Summer Camp for Boys on Lake Champlain. 21st Year. Every convenience for safety and comfort. Waterproof tents with floors. All land and water sports. Leaders carefully chosen college men. Best of food. Camp-physician. No mosquitoes or malaria. Long distance phone. Number limited. References required. J. CLARK READ, A.M., Berkeley School, 72d St., N. Y.

KYLE CAMP FOR BOYS,
Near Rip Van Winkle's Rock, Catskills. All sleep in Model Bungalows; no tents. KYLE SCHOOL FOR BOYS, Flushing, L. I.

CANADA.

MANOIR RICHELIEU
MURRAY BAY, QUEBEC
On the lower St. Lawrence River, and Hotel Tadousac at the mouth of the Saguenay, are the most exclusive
SUMMER HOTELS IN CANADA
Average Summer Temperature, 70 degrees.
Ideal climate. Hay fever and malaria are unknown. Open air and indoor recreations. Every comfort. Unexcelled service.
Large, private, salt-water swimming pool. Fine fishing camp, 6 private lakes. Servants, boats, etc., at the Manoir. the Tadousac.
For particulars, address, Hotel Managers
HOTEL TADOUSAC
TADOUSAC, QUEBEC



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NEW YORK.
The Finest Resort in the Catskills.
Invigorating mountain air, free from fogs and malaria. Sparkling spring water. Electric lighting. Complete sewer system. Five churches. Excellent stores. On State road. Country Club, Golf. Sports and all amusements. Address any of following houses for terms and full information:—

Houses.	Guests.	Houses.	Guests.
Churchill Hall	300	The Elmwood.	30
Rexmere	150	Simpson Ter...	30
Kendall Place.	80	Brooklyn Hall.	30
New Grant....	80	Maple Rest....	30
Greycourt Inn	70	Craft Farm....	20
The Hamilton.	50	Far View.....	20
The Madison..	50	Ivanhurst.....	20
Ingleside	50	Greenhurst ...	20
Cold Spring...	50	Terry Homes'd	20
Cedarhurst ...	40	Maple Av. F'm	20
The Atchinson	35	Hillcrest	15

For Furnished Cottages and Sites for sale and rent apply Dr. S. E. Churchill or W. S. McAlpin at Stamford, N. Y. Full particulars hotels, cottages, &c., at 1,180 Broadway, New York. L. E. Trimm, Rep. 'Phone, 4748—Madison.

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LONG BEACH INN-
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FAMILY RESORT
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"The World-Famed View"
CATSKILL MOUNTAIN HOUSE
OPENS JUNE 27. ALTITUDE 2,250 FT.
Electric lights, steam heat, pure spring water. Modern plumbing. Lavatories with hot and cold running water. Canoeing, Tennis, Garage. Orchestra. Dancing. Magnificent Ball Room, oak floor, 65x40 feet. Afternoon Teas.
Special weekly or season rates for guests arriving before July 4.
GEORGE H. BEACH, Manager, CATSKILL, N. Y.

FISHERS ISLAND,
Near New London, Conn.
A large Summer mansion for rent, 4½ acres; bath houses, dock, tennis. All improvements. Apply to W. F. Ingold, Hotel Arlington, New York City.

NEW YORK—Adirondacks

Mansion House
Fisher's Island, N. Y.
off New London, Conn.
Now Open Always Cool
Seashore and Country
Sound & Ocean Boating Bathing
Beautiful Ballroom, Large Orchestra.
Many new suites with bath. A most desirable place to spend the Summer.
Diet Kitchen for young children. Certified Milk.
WM. F. INGOLD, Manager, 18 West 25th St. Phone 2006 Mad. Sq.

FISHER'S ISLAND, N. Y.
THE MUNNAWTAWKET.
A new hotel, affording best accommodations; suites with bath; every modern convenience. Patronage select. Orchestral music and dancing a feature. Rates reasonable. Opens June 15. FISHER'S ISLAND, five miles from New London, Conn., is an ideal combination of seashore and country, where cool breezes always blow. Boating, bathing and fishing in Sound or Ocean. Golf, tennis, good roads. Four hours from New York City.
S. LUND, Proprietor.
Also owner and proprietor of the Hotel Huntington, St. Petersburg, Florida. New York City office of The Munnawtawket, Room 210, 1,123 Broadway, J. B. Martin, representative.

"New" GRAND HOTEL
CATSKILL MOUNTAINS, Altitude 2,500 ft.
Opens June 25. New Management.
15 to 20 degrees cooler than N. Y. City. Scenery unequalled. Hay fever and mosquitoes unknown. Perfect sanitary and hygienic conditions. Cuisine and service the standard of excellence. Superior grill and rathskeller. Reasonable prices. Magnificent Ball Room; perfect dancing floor. Symphony orchestra; dancing afternoon and evening; lady and gentlemen instructors. Free daily tea dansants; prizes awarded. Golf, tennis, billiard, pool, bowling tournaments. Special rates for families. Transients $4 a day and up.
HARRISON S. DOWNS, Prop., Tel. Col. 3280. At Hotel Ansonia, Broadway & 73d St., N. Y. "Most Modern Equipped Hotel in the Catskills."

NEW YORK—Stamford.

PROSPECT HOUSE
Shelter Island Heights, L. I., N. Y.
Opens June 27th. Golf, Tennis, Yachting. Bathing. Garage. Delightful Climate. Country and shore combined. N. Y. Office, care of Hotel McAlpin, 34th St. and Broadway. Booklet B.

Arverne, 101 Storm Av.—Furnished, 11-rooms cottage for rent; overlooking ocean; seen on premises. Katz, 688 Broadway, city.

NEW YORK—Westchester County.

THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE
VALHALLA, WESTCHESTER CO., N. Y.
9th season; 45 min. of 42d St. on Harlem R. R.; 70 acres; park and lawns; 500 ft. elevation; 10 min. from station; capacity 150. Own dairy and vegetable garden; all outdoor and indoor sports; swimming pool; Spring rates $3 and up; reservations rapidly being made for Summer. Also furnished tents and cottages for rent. Phone 1118 White Plains. Booklet.

THE REXMERE
Stamford-in-the-Catskills
Open June 25. Finest Hotel in the Catskills. Golf, Tennis, Boating. New Swimming Pool. Garage, 100 Rooms; 40 Bathroom Suites. Booking Office, 1,180 Broadway. Tel. 4748 Mad. Sq. C. W. PECK, Proprietor.

NEW YORK—Sharon Springs.

Hotel Grenoble
Sharon Springs, N. Y.
Opens June 25th.
Modern Hotel with Sulphur Baths
Golf, Tennis, Dancing, Orchestra
Write for Booklet.

NEW YORK—Saratoga Springs.

HOTEL CHAMPION
SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y.
Opens June 15th.
Under the Management of
THE BRIGHTON HOTEL CO.
Booklet on request.

NEW YORK—Saratoga Springs.

HOTEL SARATOGA
SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y.
Opens June 15th.
Under the Management of
THE BRIGHTON HOTEL CO.
Booklet on request.

NEW YORK—Saratoga Springs.

HOTEL WOLCOTT
SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y.
Opens June 15th.
Under the Management of
THE BRIGHTON HOTEL CO.
Booklet on request.

NEW YORK—Stamford.

Hotel Stamford
Stamford, N. Y.
Opens June 15th.
Under the Management of
THE BRIGHTON HOTEL CO.
Booklet on request.

NEW YORK—Sharon Springs.

HOTEL BRIGHTON
SHARON SPRINGS, N. Y.
Opens June 15th.
Under the Management of
THE BRIGHTON HOTEL CO.
Booklet on request.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Warmer weather continued Wednesday over the plains States, the central valleys, and extended into the Atlantic States. From the upper lake region westward temperatures were more moderate and they remained so in the Far West.

Barometric conditions have become more settled over the interior and the South, but there were scattered thunder showers in the South, the Northwest, and the Ohio Valley.

From the lake region eastward and in the Far West the weather was fair.

Unsettled weather will continue Thursday in the central valleys and the South, with thunder showers that will probably extend into the south portion of the Middle Atlantic States.

Elsewhere the weather will be generally fair Thursday, but on Friday thunder showers are indicated for Eastern and Southern sections, but over the remainder of the country the weather will be mostly fair.

Temperature changes will not be of great importance.

Winds for Thursday and Friday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate southwest and west; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate and mostly west; South Atlantic Coast, gentle to moderate, mostly south and southwest.

FORECASTS TODAY AN DFRIDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair Thursday. Friday fair in north, unsettled south portion, probably thunder showers; moderate west winds, becoming variable.

Southern New England—Fair Thursday. Friday unsettled, little change in temperature; moderate southwest and west winds.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Unsettled Thursday, probably thunder showers south portion and by night in north portion. Friday unsettled, no decided temperature change.

Western New York—Fair Thursday. Friday unsettled, probable showers; moderate westerly winds, becoming variable.

Northern New England—Fair Thursday, slightly cooler except warmer evtreme Eastern Maine. Friday fair; gentle to moderate west winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1913.	1914.		1913.	1914.
3 A. M.	50	56	4 P. M. 63	80
6 A. M.	51	56	6 P. M. 65	81
9 A. M.	58	61	9 P. M. 59	79
12 M.	63	70	11 P. M. 57	78

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 66; for the corresponding date last year it was 60; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 67.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 59, at 8 P. M. it was 80. Maximum temperature 81 degrees at 6 P. M., minimum 55 degrees at 5 A. M. Humidity 89 per cent. at 8 A. M., 68 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.04 inches, at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.83 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A.M. Loss.

12:25—567 W. 118 St.; Douglas Arculius. Slight

1:45—208 Centre St.; Nathan Klein..Slight
2:30—342 W. 141 St.; Dept. S. C.....Slight
3:00—488 Pearl St.; Belling, King & Co.$200
4:05—90 Essex St.; Mrs. Newman..Not given
7:25—1,168 Union Av.; Max Stein....Slight
8:20—506-508 W. 45 St.; Commercial Delivery Co.....$25

11:40—105 St. Mark's Pl.; Meyer Jacobs..$100

P.M.

12:15—215 E. 112 St.; Lillian Wellington. Slight

12:45—1,573 1 Av.; Jacob Orback.....$250
12:55—1,068 Bathgate Av.; Emil Pollock. Slight

1:10—44 Pinehurst Av.; Mr. Barney...Slight
3:00—197 Pearl St.; W. T. Hungerford.Slight
6:00—529 W. 125 St.; Frudis & Co....Slight
6:05—561 W. 42 St.; John Meyer....Slight
6:10—490 8 Av.; Jacob Moran.....$700
6:40—22 St. and 6 Av.; B'klyn Auto Supply Co.....$10

7:45—129 W. 133 St.; Henry Brown...Slight
8:30—49 Rutgers St.; H. Rosen....Slight
8:50—100 E. 118 St.; Tony Puscano...Slight
9:20—289 E. 7 St.; Jacob Sennett.....$50

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army Orders.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—1st Lt. W. D. Herbert, M. C., as a member of the board appointed June 1 vice Capt. W. D. Denton, M. C., relieved.

1st Lt. B. F. Castle, int., July 1 to West Point Acad. for duty.

At board—Col. D. L. Brainard, Capt. H. F. Dalton, and T. A. Baldwin, Jr., all Q. M. C.—to meet in this city to appraise one horse with a view to the sale of the animal to the Gov.

Capt. D. Cullen, 2 Cav., to Hot Springs Army Gen Hosp., sick.

Ft. Riley, Kan., is designated as the station of Maj. G. H. Crabtree, M. C.

1st Lt. R. M. Le Comte, M. R. C., from duty at Army Med. School, this city, to home and report to Adjt. Gen.

Special orders May 26 directing 2d Lt. A. M. Burdette, 17 Inf., to Asheville, N. C., July 1, for duty at the students' military inst. camp is amended to direct Lt. Burdette to report there June 14.

Leaves—Maj. H. L. Gilchrist, M. C., 1 mo. and 10 days; 1st Lt. T. H. Bane, O. D., 1 mo.; Capt. G. H. White, inf., from about June 15 to Aug. 1; 1st Lt. L. W. McIntosh, O. D., 1 mo.

Navy Orders.

Jr. Lt. H. T. Dyer, the Flusser, to the Kansas.

Med. Dir. A. R. Wentworth, navy recruiting sta., N. Y., to com. navy. hosp., Puget Sound.

Surg. E. M. Shipp, navy yard, Puget Sound, to Bur. of Medicine.

P. A. Surg. G. B. Whitmore, nav. hosp., Puget Sound, to the Pac. fleet.

P. A. Surg. M. E. Rose to navy recruiting sta., N. Y.

Mate W. Mackay, the Constellation to the Boxer.

Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Prairie at Philadelphia; Raleigh at La Paz; Albany at Acapulco; Cleveland at Salina Cruz; Glacier at Manzanillo; Annapolis at Santa Rosalia; Lawrence at Topolobampo; Cummings at Vera Cruz; Potomac at New York Yard; Worden at Norfolk Yard.

Sailed—Rocket, Norfolk for Indian Head and Washington; New Orleans, off Topolobampo for Guaymas; Stewart, Mazatlan for Guaymas; Albany, Saliha Cruz for Acapulco; Chattanooga, Las Penos for Manzanillo; Mars, Lobos Island for Puerto Mexico; Paxtuxent, Key West for Vera Cruz, and the Wilmington, Shanghai for Hong Kong.

Lamson, now at the N. Y. Yard, ordered to the Charleston Yard, to arrive by the 15th.

Prairie, now at Phila. Yard, has been ordered to Vera Cruz.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The report of Mr. Rafferty relative to his investigations of candidates on the lists of stationary engineer and patrolman accepted.

The name of Peter A. Dwyer, has been restored to the list of clerk, second grade, for temporary work, at his request. He declined temporary work when certified.

The name of George Washington has, at his request, been restored to the list of mechanical draughtsman, heating, and ventilating. Certification has been withheld at his request.

United States.

A competitive examination will be held on June 29 for specialist in the office of markets, Dept. of Agriculture, at $2,760 a year. The duties will be to investigate the methods now used by co-operative assns. of dairy producers in organizing and in marketing their products and to devise methods of improvement. Competitors will not be assembled for examination, but will be rated on education, practical experience and fitness, publications, and thesis. Applicants must have reached their twenty-fifth but not their fiftieth birthday on the date of examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

CARR, WALTER J., (May 6;) more than $10,000 personalty; $25,000 to Herbert J. Carr, brother; $500 each to Willard H. Carr, nephew, and Edythe A. Carr, niece; $500 to Machpelah Cemetery; uncomputed amounts to Augusta Carr, mother, Elsa L. Oppenheimer, sister, and Margaret A. Oppenheimer, niece.

GREAGAN, JULIA E., (May 16;) more than $5,000 each of realty and personalty; $5,000 to Edward J. McDonald; $1,700 to Sister Mary Vincent; $750 each to Sadie G. Shea and Agnes C. Raymond, sisters; $250 each to Maggie and Hattie McDonough; $100 to Sigrid Peterson; uncomputed amount to Jeremiah J. Geagan, husband.

LOOMIS, REBECCA, (April 19;) about $400 personalty to Estelle Loomis, daughter.

POOR, SARAH J., (June 7;) $2,500 personalty to Josephine J. Grovesteen, sister.

ROLKER, LEONTINE, (June 4;) more than $1,000 personalty to Frederic Rolker, husband.

SPENCER, CHARLES D., (June 1;) about $100,000 personalty; $2,000 to the Am. Baptist Foreign Mission Society; $1,000 each to the Am. Baptist Home Mission Society, and Horace and Catharine Spencer, and Agnes and James Hinchman, grandchildren; 145 shares Accident Insurance Co. preferred stock each to Charles H. Spencer and Agnes L. Hinchman, children; life estate in residue to Agnes M. Spencer, wife; remainder interest to son and daughter.

SPIESS, MAX, (April 7;) $300 personalty to Rosa Spiess, wife.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises..4:28|Sun sets..7:30|Moon rises..10:53

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	10:12	10:18	3:57	4:05
Governors Island	10:38	10:43	4:32	4:43
Hell Gate	12:28	12:33	6:12	6:22

Arrived—Wednesday, June 10.

SS Oceanic, Southampton, June 3.
SS Princess Irene, Madeira, June 3.
SS Pres. Grant, Hamburg, May 30.
SS Lutetian, Rouen, May 27.
SS Manchioneal, Jamaica, June 5.
SS Saratoga, Havana, June 7.
SS Herm, Seville, May 19.
SS Taormina, Philadelphia, June 9.
SS El Norte, Galveston, June 4.
SS Comanche, Nassau, June 6.
SS Banan, Port Limon, June 6.
SS Bolton Castle, Clyde, May 20.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Yumuri	Manzanillo	May 31
Antonio Lopez	Cadiz	May 30
Sant' Anna	Naples	May 29
Marengo	Hull	May 28
Caribbean	Bermuda	June 9
Metapan	Kingston	June 6
Caracas	La Guayra	May 30
Antilles	New Orleans	June 6
El Sol	Galveston	June 5

DUE TOMORROW.

Mauretania	Liverpool	June 6
Vaterland	Hamburg	June 6
Cedric	Liverpool	June 4
City of St. Louis	Savannah	June 9
Arapahoe	Jacksonville	June 9
El Valle	Galveston	June 6

DUE SATURDAY.

Provence	Havre	June 6
New York	Southampton	June 6
Michigan	Antwerp	May 30
Mayaro	Grenada	June 6
Pannonia	Gibraltar	June 3
Nickerie	Paramaribo	June 3

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Saxonia, Madeira	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saramacca, Belize	2:30 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Graecia, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Pretoria, Hamburg		3:00 P.M.
Adriatic, Liverpool		12:00 M.
Hellig Olav, Christiansand		2:00 P.M.
Apache, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
Manchioneal, Jamaica		10:00 A.M.
Santurce, Arroya		12:00 M.
City of Columbus, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
El Rio, Galveston		12:00 M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

St. Paul, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Prinz Frederik Hendrik, Haiti	1:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Herminius, Montevideo	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Segurança, Nassau	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

Oceanic, Southampton	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Florizel, St. John's	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Caribbean, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Brazos, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Kotoma, Vera Cruz	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Calamares, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Tarima, St. Thomas	10:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Byron, Bahia	10:00 A.M.	1:30 P.M.
Prinz Eitel Friedrich, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Iroquois, Santo Domingo	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
*George Washington, Bremen		1:00 A.M.
Niagara, Havre		3:00 P.M.
Kursk, Libau		2:00 P.M.
Columbia, Glasgow		12:00 M.
America, Naples		11:00 A.M.
Finland, Antwerp		10:00 A.M.
Minnehaha, London		10:30 A.M.
San Guglielmo, Naples		11:00 A.M.
Nueces, Tampa		1:00 P.M.
Huron, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
Comanche, Galveston		1:00 P.M.
Creole, New Orleans		12:00 M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
El Siglo, Galveston		12:00 M.

*Mails close 9 P. M. Friday.

SAIL MONDAY.

Panama, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., JUNE 10.

SS Sant' Anna, Marseilles to New York, was 360 miles E. at noon; due 11th, afternoon. Fabre Line.

SS Michigan, Antwerp to New York, was 770 miles E. at noon. Phoenix Line.

SS Mauretania, Liverpool to New York, was 726 miles E. at 7 P. M.; due 12th, forenoon. Cunard Line.

FASTNET, IRELAND.

SS Carmania, New York for Liverpool, was 150 miles W. at 8 P. M.; due Queenstown 11th, forenoon. Cunard Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Caribbean, Bermuda to New York, was 324 miles S. E. of Ambrose Lightship at noon.

SS Arapahoe, Jacksonville to New York, was 510 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Seminole, Turks Island to New York, was 288 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS El Valle, Galveston to New York, was 237 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.

SS City of St. Louis, Savannah to New York, was 455 miles S. at noon.

SS Nickerie, Port of Spain to New York, was 1,021 miles S. at 8 P. M. 9th.

SS Mayaro, Port of Spain to New York, was 1,043 miles S. at noon 9th.

SS Momus, New Orleans to New York, crossed South Pass Bar at 4:20 P. M.

SS Illinois, Port Arthur to New York, was 129 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS El Sol, Galveston to New York, was 165 miles S. at 6 P. M.

SS El Oriente, Galveston to New York, was 260 miles E. of Galveston Bar at noon.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Canada, at Algiers, June 9.
SS Regina d'Italia, at Genoa, June 4.
SS Belvedere, at Trieste, June 5.
SS Kaiser Franz Josef I., at Trieste, June 6.
SS Germania, at Marseilles, June 8.
SS Carpathia, at Fiume, June 10.
SS Lowther Range, at Newcastle, N. S. W., June 7.
SS Wotan, at Hamburg, June 9.
SS Santa Rosalia, at Punta Arenas, June 4.
SS Dryden, at Liverpool, June 10.
SS Chaicas, at Punta Arenas, June 7.
SS Duala, at Las Palmas, June 9.
SS Nassovia, at Rio Grande, June 4.
SS Nicaria, at Bahia, June 5.

Sailed.

SS Olympic, from Southampton, June 10.
SS Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, from Bremen, June 10.
SS Korona, from St. Thomas, June 10.
SS Patria, from Marseilles, June 9.
SS Ioannina, from Piraeus, June 1.
SS Oceania, from Algiers, June 5.
SS Cacique, from Valparaiso, June 6.
SS Isle of Gull, from Lisbon, June 6.
SS Positlipo, from Naples, June 6.
SS Adamsturm, from Colombo, June 8.
SS Virginia, from Vigo, June 8.
SS Narragansett, from London, June 10.
SS Cabotia, from St. Lucia, June 8.
SS Portuguese Prince, from Rio Janeiro, June 8.
SS Beahy, from Rio Janeiro, June 9.
SS Asuncion de Larrinaga, from Buenos Aires, June 9.
SS Corcovado, from Barcelona, June 6.

Passed.

SS Venezia, for New York from Marseilles, passed Gibraltar.
SS Helios, New York for —, passed Lizard.
SS Lorraine, New York for Havre, passed Lizard.
SS Americaine, New York for Antwerp, passed Lizard.
SS Rhode Island, New York for Marseilles, passed Gibraltar.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 5 P. M. June 11, per SS St. Paul, Germany—Close at 6 P. M. June 12, per SS George Washington, and at 6 P. M. June 15, per SS Kronprinzessin Cecilie. France—Close at 5 P. M. June 11, per SS St. Paul. Austria—Close at 9:30 A. M. June 11, per SS Saxonia, and at 11:30 A. M. June 17, per SS Martha Washington. Belgium—Close at 5 P. M. June 12, per SS Finland. Greece—Close at 1 P. M. June 11, per SS Athinai; at 12 M. June 15, per SS Patras, and at 5 P. M. June 15, per SS Barcelona. Hungary—Close at 9:30 A. M. June 11, per SS Saxonia. Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. Jun 15, per SS Noordam. Sweden and Denmark—Close at 11:30 A. M. June 11, per SS Hellg Olav. Norway—Close at 11:30 A. M. June 11, per SS Hellg Olav, and at 12:30 P. M. June 12, per SS Kristianiafjord. Italy—Close at 5 P. M. June 12, per SS Americas, and at 5 P. M. June 16, per SS Prinsess Irene.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Matsonia	June 12
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, and China (via San Francisco)—Korea	June 15
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Chryo Maru	June 18
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed only) (via Seattle)—Tacoma Maru	June 18
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Sierra	June 18
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via San Francisco)—Willoobo	June 19
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of India	June 20

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.

Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

CAHILL, KATIE F., (Nov. 9, 1919;) net estate, $3,605; bank, $4,170.

DONAHUE, JOHN JOSEPH, (Mar. 28, 1910;) net estate, $1,146; bank, $1,802.

DRAKE, LAWRENCE, (Sept. 17, 1913;) net estate, $658,291; $10,000 to St. Paul's Episcopal Church, East Chester, N. Y.; 466½ Pearl St., $18,000; 468-468½ Pearl St., $32,000; 301 Wash. Pl., $89,000; 99 Murray St., $88,000; 482 Water St., $30,000; equity of $2,966 in 11 Catharine Slip; 390 Water St., $5,500; 49 Hamilton St., $10,500; 57 Market St., $25,000; 289 Division St., $8,000; 107 Varick St., $15,000; 330 W. 57 St., $88,000; property at 218th St. and Hudson River, $15,000; 110½ Cherry St., $6,000 lots at New Dorp, S. I., $150; total realty, $279,110; bank, $17,468; personal, $4,853; mtges, $170,-221; stocks and bonds, $177,633; int. in estate of Charles Drake, $41,740; bonds, $20,000 U. S. Steel, $5,000 U. S. Leather, $2,000 Norfolk & Western Ry.; stock, 205 shares Norfolk & Western Ry., 100 Cons Gas Co., 100 Internat'l Steam Pump Co., 800 N. Y. Central, 1,000 Cent. Leather Co., 300 Colorado Fuel & Iron Co.

FAIST, KATHERINE, (Jan. 21, 1914;) net estate, $16,494; equity of $5,000 in 322 E. 83 St., valued at $15,000; bank, $2,564; mtge, $10,250; personal, $800.

HOFFMAN, PAUL, (Aug. 25, 1913;) net estate, $297,891.10 Goerck St., $21,000; 12 Goerck St., $30,000; 107 Attorney St., $11,-000; 160-162 Waverley Pl., $60,000; 253 W. 11 St., $28,000; 287-289-291 W. 4 St., $34,500; 459 Convent Av., $14,500; 312 W. 104 St., $26,000; 804 Flatbush Av., B'klyn, $11,000; 53 Havemeyer St., B'klyn, $5,500; total realty, $169,714; stocks and bonds, insurance and personalty, $123,177; bonds, $25,000 Hudson Consumers' Brewing Co.; stocks, 50 shares Hudson Consumers' Brewing Co., 410 Nat'l Sugar Ref. Co., 200 Anaconda Copper Co., 300 N. Y., Ontario & Western R. R., 200 Denver & Rio Grande pf., 10 U. S. Steel pf., 100 C. & O., 300 Corn Products Co.

HUYLER, JOHN S., JR., (Dec. 20, 1912;) net estate, $187,850; one-fourth int. in realty, $61,220; bank, $698; notes, $45,850; int. in estate of John S. Huyler, $68,400; income due, $720; due from guardian, $2,566; personal, $306.

KERN, JACOB, (Mar. 4, 1911;) net estate, $20,083; net trust estate, $144,976; $500 to the Educational Alliance; bank, $2,889; mtge, $3,631; claim, $2,000; notes, $12,285; 5 S Av. Traction Co. certificates, $3,000; jewelry and clothing, $100; carriages, $25; property in trust fund consists of one-half int. in 786 B'way, $87,500; 198 Henry St., $31,000; 208 Rivington St., $19,000; 36 E. 19 St., $25,000; 304 W. 28 St., $32,000; leasehold at 349-353 3 Av., $300,000; 31 Crosby St., $32,500; cash, $3,188; note, $5,500; balance of loan, $17,500; deposit, $100.

LYMAN, JOSEPH, (Mar. 5, 1913;) net estate, $186,531; $5,000 to the Englewood Hospital; bank, $5,337; personal, $1,062; stocks and bonds, $137,740; stocks, 50 shares D. & H., 35 W. U. Tel. Co., 100 Northwestern Tel. Co., 55 Am. Tel. & Tel. Co., 50 Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co. pf., 100 Gt. Nor. Ry. pf., 100 U. Pac. pf., 81 Gen'l Elec. Co., 100 Man. Ry. Co., 46 Georgia R R & Banking Co.

McGINN, JOHN G, (Jan. 28, 1912;) net estate, $1,837; equity of $4,308 in 363-365 48 St., B'klyn; bank, $109.

POLICE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

Transfers: Sergts. John Orpheus, 21 to 274; J. E. Kelleher, 274 to 21; Patrol. William Millspaugh, 166 to 153; Charles Comolli, 4 Insp. Dist. to 35 Prect.; T. E. Russell, 148 to 39.

Assignment: Patrol. William Millspaugh, 153, as station house attendant.

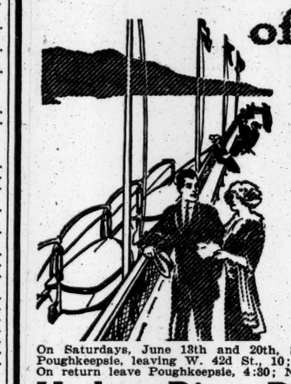
Temporary assignments: Sergt. H. E. Bruckman, 42, to Det. Div. for 10 days; Patrol. T. E. Roden, 5 to Comr's office for 10 days; Harry Jacobson and W. R. Wittenberg, 15, to 6 Insp. Dist. for 10 days; G. W. Moran, 43, to Det. Div. for 3 days; E. J. McNamee, 145, to Det. Div. for 10 days; J. J. Quinn, 149, and W. S. Donnelly, 150, to Det. Div. for 5 days; to 15 Insp. Dist. from prects. indicated for 10 days, J. T. Brady, 1; D. J. Daly, 168; F. E. Gilmartin, 169; E. A. Waltwood, 170; P. A. Brown, 149; T. J. Burns, 169; O. H. Bohmke, 169; R. E. Morris, 171; F. G. Lisa and T. C. Dowd, 39, to 3 Dist. for 10 days; Act. Det. Sergts. J. L. Cunningham, 149; T. J. McManus, 167, and T. J. Fowling, 14, to Manhattan Headquarters for 10 days.

Leaves with full pay: Prob. Patrol. W. A. Geyer, Jr., School for Recruits, for 3 days, per Circular 25, June 18. Without pay, Patrol. F. J. Gehrling, 23, 3 days; W. H. Fielding, 42, 1 day; James Greene, 42, 1 day; J. L. T. Miles, 42, 1 day; S. J. Anderson, 278, 1 day; J. A. Knapp, 292, 1 day; R. J. Marshall, 292, 1 day.

Sick leaves: Patrol. J. F. O'Meara, 68, 90 days; J. M. Garvey, 275, 90 days; M. M. Byron, 278, 60 days.

Granted full pay while on sick report: Patrol. Michael Slattery, 17, from June 3, during disability; James Byrne, 146, from May 30 to June 4; Edward Winter, 172, from May 31, during disability; Edward Dunne, 276, from May 29 to June 9; A. G. Herter, 283, from May 28, during disability; A. J. Coleman, Traf. Div. B, from June 2 to June 6; E. F. W. Seyler, 2 Insp. Dist., from June 5, during disability.

In the Highlands of the Hudson



June calls you to the open—the Day Line takes you there. Don't miss the most wonderful one day's outing in the world.

ALBANY DAY LINE STEAMERS DAILY, except Sunday, leave Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 9:45 A. M., landing at West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. Direct rail connections. Music, Restaurant. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted.

Str. Mary Powell

Afternoon boat for West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston and way landings, leaves Desbrosses St., 1:45 P. M.; W. 42d St., 2 P. M.; W. 129th St., 2:20 P. M., daily except Sunday. Ideal outing to West Point, returning by boat or by rail, $110.

On Saturdays, June 13th and 20th, Str. Albany to West Point, Newburgh and Poughkeepsie, leaving W. 42d St., 10; W. 129th St., 10:20; Yonkers, 10:50 A. M. On return leave Poughkeepsie, 4:30; Newburgh, 5:25, and West Point, 6:10 P. M.

Hudson River Day Line DESBROSSES ST. PIER NEW YORK

SUNDAY TRIP DE LUXE

Thru the Highlands--Up the Hudson

"BERKSHIRE"

Largest and Most Luxurious River Steamship in the World

will make a special trip, leaving Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal Street, 10:00 A. M.; West 132d Street Pier, 10:45 A. M., returning at 6:30 P. M.

Dining service a la carte.

Round trip fare.....$1.00

'Phone—day or night—9400 Spring.

Orchestral Concerts

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO.

Iron Steamboat Co

CONEY ISLAND

Schedule for THURSDAY, JUNE 11TH.

LEAVE WEST 129TH STREET,

9:40, 10:30, 11:30 A. M.; 12:30, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:15, 6:30, 7:30, 8:40 P. M.

LEAVE PIER 1, NORTH RIVER,

10:20, 11:15 A. M.; 12:15, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:00, 6:00, 7:15, 8:15, 9:30 P. M.

LEAVE STEEPLECHASE PARK,

11:25 A. M.; 12:25, 1:25, 2:25, 3:10, 3:55, 4:55, 5:25, 6:10, 7:10, 8:25, 9:25, 10:40 P. M.

Deep Sea Fishing Str. "Taurus"

Daily at 8 A. M. from Pier 1, N. R., ONLY. Weekdays, 75 cents. Sundays & Holidays, $1.00.

Str. GRAND REPUBLIC

SPECIAL TRIP SUNDAY, JUNE 14.

To NEWBURGH and RETURN

Stopping at HIGHLAND FALLS Both Ways

FARE ROUND TRIP **50 CTS.**

Leave Pier 1, N. R., 9:30; West 129th St., 10:30; Yonkers, 11:00 A. M.

Licensed capacity, 5,590. Tickets limited to 2,500. Restaurant and bar under Co.'s management. Telephone 872 Rector.

FALL RIVER LINE TO BOSTON $4.00

LV. PIER 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., N. Y. Daily at 5:30 P. M. Strs. COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.

New London (Norwich) Line via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, 5:30 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 6:00 P. M.

New Haven Line. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. Catharine St., week days, 3:45 P. M.; Pier 70, ft. E. 22d St., 3:00 P. M.

Bridgeport Line. Week days. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. of Catharine St., 11 A. M.

Tickets, etc., at 171 Broadway, Transfer Tourist Offices, and at Piers. Phone Cortlandt 5131.

The New England Steamship Co.

UP THE HUDSON SUNDAY

Delightful sail to Poughkeepsie and return, $1.00.

Str. "Benj. B. Odell"

Good restaurant, music. Franklin St., 9 A. M.; West 129th St., 9:30 A. M.

Central Hudson Line

BAY STATE LINE $2.50 BOSTON $2.50

Worcester, $2.50; Providence direct, $1.50. STATEROOMS $1.00, $1.50 & $2.00. Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M., from Pier 19, E. R. Phone 2700 Beekman. City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway; Uptown Ticket Office, Broadway and 23d St., N. Y.

SIGHT SEEING YACHT CLIFTON

Around Manhattan Isle; the Trip of a Lifetime. Lv. H. R. Day Line Pier, Ft. W. 42d St., Weekdays and Suns., 10:30 and 2:30. 40 Miles; 3 Hours; Lecturer; Music. Special rates parties. Phone 5441 Gramercy.

HARTFORD LINE

From New Pier 20, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily except Sunday at 5 P. M. for Connecticut River landings. Write for Summer folder.

"The Public Be Pleased."

COLONIAL LINE

BOSTON Via Boat and Rail $2.75

PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $1.75

First Class Service

Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St. Berths free. All outside Rooms, $1.00 to $8.00. Wireless Equipment. Uptown Office, B'way & 23d St. Tel. Spring 9401.

"Hudson River by Searchlight."

MANHATTAN LINE $1.00 To ALBANY

THROUGH TICKETS AND BAGGAGE CHECKED TO ALL POINTS.

Dining Service a la Carte.

Steamers leave daily, Pier 38, North River, foot West Houston St., 5:30 P. M.; West 129th St., 6 P. M. Tel. 9226 Spring.

DAILY TRIPS, BEGINNING JUNE 14, TO

Inter-State Park Landings

(ALONG THE HUDSON RIVER)

Enjoy a Pleasant Day Under the Palisades. Str. Bay Ridge lvs. West 129th St. Pier at 10:30 A. M., 2:00, 5:00 P. M. FARE 35 CTS. ROUND TRIP. Children Free. McAllister Sib't Co.

Yachts' Trial Races

Steamer Tourist, lvs. Battery Pier, 9 A. M. Sharp. Str. Halcyon lvs. Battery, 1:30 P. M. to see finish. Around New York, 10:30 A. M. Tel. Broad 3373.

CATSKILL EVENING LINES

Leave Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St., daily, except Sundays, 6:30 P. M. Phone 1626 Spring.

4TH JULY TOURS

To All Prominent Resorts.

FRANK TOURIST CO.

Tel. 4330 Franklin. 396 Broadway, N. Y.

FRENCH LINE

Compagnie Générale Transatlantique

Direct Line to Havre-Paris (France)

Sailings from New York Every Wednesday at 10 A. M.

NEXT SAILING ***La Provence Wed., June 17**

†FRANCE (New) .....June 24 | †FRANCE (New) .....July 15
*LA SAVOIE.....July 1 | *LA PROVENCE .....July 22
*LA LORRAINE.....July 8 | *LA SAVOIE.....July 29

†Twin-screw steamer. ‡Quadruple-screw steamer.

SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILINGS FROM NEW YORK 3 P. M.

ONE CABIN (II.) AND THIRD CLASS Passengers Only.

*NIAGARA.....June 13 | †ROCHAMBEAU.....June 20

General Agency, 19 State St., N. Y. Pier 57, North River, ft. of West 15th St.

WHITE STAR "OLYMPIC" PIERS 59 & 60, N.R.

FOR LONDON JUNE 20
PARIS 9 A. M.

JULY 11—AUG. 8—AUG. 29—SEPT. 19

Via Plymouth, Cherbourg and Southampton.

OTHER SAILINGS.

Oceanic..June 13, noon | Oceanic.....July 4
*Philippic..Jun.26, 10AM | *New York.....July 17
*American Line Steamer, Pier 62.

New York—Queenstown—Liverpool (near)

ADRIATIC ...June 11 | CELTIC.....June 25
CEDRIC.....June 18 | BALTIC.....July 2

Boston—Mediterranean—Italy.

CRETIC.....June 27, 11 A.M.; Aug. 1
CANOPIC.....July 11, 11 A.M.; Aug. 29

American Pier 62, N. R., 10 A.M. 23d Street

Plymouth, Cherbourg, Southampton.

ONE CLASS CABIN (II.) SERVICE. $55 UP.

ST. PAUL ....June 12 | PHILA'PHIA..June 26
NEW YORK...June 19 | ST. LOUIS.....July 3

Atlantic Transport

New York—London Direct, Pr. 58, N. R., 16th St.

Minne'ha..June 13, 10:30AM | Minneapolis, June 27
Minnetonka...June 20, 8 AM | Minnewaska. July 4

Red Star Pier 61, N. R., 10 A.M. 21st Street

N. Y.—London—Paris via Dover—Antwerp.

FINLAND....June 13 | ZEELAND.....June 27
LAPLAND.....June 20 | KROONLAND...July 4

WHITE STAR — DOMINION

Montreal—Quebec—Liverpool

ONLY FOUR DAYS AT SEA BY THE Largest Steamers from Montreal.

CANADA.....June 13 | TEUTONIC....June 27
LAURENTIC....June 20 | MEGANTIC....July 4

Send for folders of beautiful St. Lawrence route to Europe.

PASSENGER OFFICE, 9 B'WAY, N. Y.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD

London—Paris—Bremen

*George Washington.....June 13
*Kronprinzessin Cecilie..June 16
*†Kaiser Wilhelm der G.June 23
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm..June 27
*Kaiser Wilhelm II.....June 30
‡@Barbarossa.....July 2
*Sails at 3 A. M.—‡Via Plymouth and Boulogne S/M—†Carries no (I¼) or (II.) cabin—@Carries (II.) and (III.) cabin.

Baltimore-Bremen direct. One cabin (II.) Wednesdays.

THE MEDITERRANEAN

Prinzess Irene .....June 17
Koenig Albert.....July 4

The North German Lloyd landed more passengers First Cabin, Second Cabin and Steerage in the port of New York during 1913 than any other line, repeating its marvellous record of 1912.

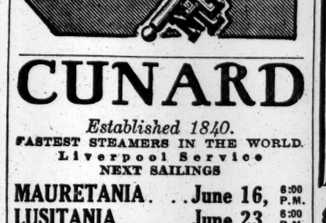
Through rates from Egypt, India New York to FAR EAST and South America Via Europe.

NORWAY-FOLAR CRUISES July 4-18-24, Aug. 11.

Independent Trips. First class throughout. **Around the World $620.65 & Up**

Travelers' Checks Good All Over the World.

OELRICHS & CO., Gen. Agts., 5 Broadway, N. Y.



CUNARD

Established 1840.

FASTEST STEAMERS IN THE WORLD.

Liverpool Service

NEXT SAILINGS

MAURETANIA...June 16, 8:00 P.M.
LUSITANIA.....June 23 6:00 P.M.
AQUITANIA.....July 1, 10:00

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.

(c) Tells character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Grubb, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on—USA Cooper. No day calendar.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Criminal Calendar—Veeder, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
USA Guertuect, (2 cases)

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DAY CALENDAR.
Kelsey Nursery Fox.
Beauchamp Excel Brick.
Audley Jester.
Wynkoop Ludlow Valve.
Cohalan NY Press.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION — Ingraham, P.J.; McLaughlin, Scott, Dowling, and Hotchkiss, JJ.—At 2 P. M.—Enumerated motions.

Ketellas Int RT.
In re Frank.
Bishof Lewis.
Glendenning West'n Un Tel.
Gamble Inv Co 28 & 7 Av.
Rfd Dutch Church Madison Av Bldg.
Guy C Hecla Co.
McCormick Tyler.
St'd Steam Specialty Corn Exc B'k.
Hers Goodman.
Bear Hobbs.
Loine Leary.
Ehrlet Simonson & Son Co.
North'n Counties Inv Street.
Hughes Brown & Weiss Realties.
In re Mott.
Watts Doull-Miller Co
Ehrlich Lockhart, Jr.
Pardi Tile Goldstein.
Hill Guaranty Trust.
Espert Perry.
Niagara Radiator Holding Co.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Grady CNY.
Mag same.
Carne Reich.
Goelts Goeltz.
Travis Knox Terpezane.
Baehr Smith.
Maynard Garey.
Copeland Rodel.
Harper Delaney.
Tressouthie Dwyer.
Troost Morse.
In re Szaller.
Chandler Chandler.
Same same.
Roth Gen Pk, &c, RR.
Same same.
Comathier Bun.
Stephens Bassett.
Burnham Cohn.
Van Rhee Underhill.
Ehrlich Miller.
Strube Nat'l Coke, Oregon Times Sq Imp
Siegel Siegel.
Beckett Blum.
Roth, Jr Cent Pk, &c, RR.
Roth, Jr same.
In re Wagner Castle Hay.)
Furnald O'Donahue.
Bond McClark.
Levin Pannell.
Bolze Kane.
Groff G A & P Tea.
Vanderbeck Ward.
Briggs Gourand.
Butts Butts.
J J Felin & Co Blumenthal.
Conlan Clausen Flanagan Brew.
Met Sav B'k Gelbwasser.
Hermanson Hamb-Am Line.
Block same.
Milbrook Pfeiffer.
Berger Berger.
Gordon Gordon.
Butler Morrison.
Richberg Herman.
Drake Fiuri (Chelsea Rlty.)

PART II.—Philbin, J.—Ex parte business—At 10:30 A. M.

PART III.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:15 A. M. Motions;
In re W 161st St.
In re same.
Miller Miller.
Levey Levey.
Abramowitz Sterngold
Nickles Nickles.
Curtis Curtis.
Adamson G'wood Cem.
Schuhriemen Schuhriemen.
Bracken Bracken.
Ivas Watkins.
Preferred causes.
Metz Co Heinze.
Geist Greene.
McClure Conklin.
McNamee Chenowith.
Same Same.
McCarel Lenetzka.
Wartels Augenblick.
General calendar:
Snell Cohnreke.
Tilton Gans.
Newhouse Nints.
Isaacs Jonas.
Wolf Posen.
Jaskow Jaskow.
Goldstein Greenbaum.
Witmark Atteridge.
McAllister McAllister.
Grossman, Grossman.
Pulitzer Browning.
Haberman Romagna.
Sulm Sulm.
Harlem Saver Co Chelsea Ex Bk.
Day Day.
Wagner Wagner.
May May.
Schley Andrews.
Case on.

PART IV.—Lehman, J., case on; Part V., Pendleton, J., case on; Part VII., Erlanger, J., case on.

TRIAL TERM.

PART II.—Newburger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Burak Korn.
Gould Heinze.
Same Same.
Young Same.
Turner Bridge Cons N Y City Car Adv Morris Park Estates
Starratt White.
Barry Godley & Hayes.
Kobre Koch.
Kraus & Co Burch.
Simpson Lipschitz.
Piquet CNY.
Mandell Same.
Sendleston Winkle.
Miles Stalo.
Hoat Boynton.
Nat State Bk Howard.
Meenan Frost.
Talcott Slater Bros, &c.
Marine Metal, &c Hart
A Spear & Co Cantrell
Burns Int, &c Powers.
Baker Wolff.
Quint Kaufman.
Simpson Stallo.
Dickinson Meadows.

PART III.—Whitaker, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Webb Hemperly.
Tracey Oliver & Burr
Schnell R E T.
Tomse Hallahan.
Murphy Hafner.
Bowser Pitts Cont.
Dayers Wilson Trady
Kahn Packard Motor.
M Kahn same.
Bryan Schwartz.
Eastern Adv Morris Park Est.
Wright Fur Co Isaacs.
Dittrich Grosner.
Guise Guise.
Chelsky Schultz.
James Fanshawe.
Content Oliver.
Berman Miller.
Schwarz Danziger.
Wadsworth Redfield Bros.
Limon Jacobs.
Lexas Co Pickenpolk.
Assets Real Co Heinze.
Peters Wernach.
Mayer Brew G Di Napoli.
Same M Di Napoli.
Alsen's Am Part Wks Degnon Con.
Silsbeger & Sons Brundage.
Fisk Rubber Co Boyl Bros & Pate.
Hershfield Darshinsky Case on.

PART IV.—Adjourned until June 15.

PART V.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Degrastreich Carpenter Vehicle Co.
Harris Reed.
Colston Forbes Paper.

PART VI.—Dugro, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Levine Miller.
David Simonson.
Flynn Rodgers & H. Gagliano CNY.
Lewkowitz Ratner.
Waldt Goodwin Mfg. Case on.

PART VII.—Adjourned for the term.

PART VIII.—Delaney, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Carroll Con Gas.
Gips Simon.
Schembs John Hankin & Bros.
Rubin Oceanic Line.
Lunn Carved Mldg.
Haakenson Goelet.
Flynn Linch.
Chalmers N Cash R.
Ozelowitch Mayo Warehouse.
Bernstein Wendel. Case on.

PART IX.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Wine Bear Lithia.
Maher New Eng Nav.
T Wishnevsky C In T.
T Wishnevsky same.
A Giardino Hartman.
F Giardino same.
McVicker Joline.
Harnett Regan.
McBride M Lowenthal Trading.
Silverstein O'Beirne.
Robbins R T.
Plebani same.
Meyer French Line.
J. Sills Hotel Rector.
W. Sills same.
Guinen Crum.
Case on.

PART X.—Ford, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Cantwell CNYC RR.
Hauptman NY Edison
O'Meara Naughton.
Nicholson Phillips.
Hoergel Linch.
Same same.
Gilson Arthur McMullen.
Bryan Stanley Hoisting.
Mulvey 5th Av Coach Case on.

PART XI.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Jakal Whitt Firepf.
Rogers Hod R Day L.
Tucht CNY Rwys.
Bystron Rity Am Pipe
Wybrecht Scock.
Nason Glenz.
Case on.

PART XII.—Goff, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Cohen C R R of N J.
C Cavallone De Mena.
A Cavallone same.
Frank Duval.
Black Ringling Bros.
Sidbury Bradley Con.
D Goodwin Cornish Con.
W Goodwin same.
Lefkowitz Greenfield.
Pincus Schlechter.
Case on.

TRIAL TERM—Part XIII.—Adjourned for the term.

PART XIV.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Dowse NY Yacht, &c
Shober Royal Ins.
Somerville Read.
Collins CNY.
Levison Ill Surety.
Mine & Smelter Sup Herman.
Rapp Rapp.
Wulff Roseville Trust, Newark.
Wachsler Rity Am Bonding Co of Balt.
NY Co N Bk Davidow (9 cases.)
Cant Un Gas Brown's
Potter Ch P Wright & Co.
Quiggle Quiggle.
Pollock Kazam. Case on.

PART XV.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Case on—Poss Poss.
No day calendar.

PART XVI.—Weeks, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Elliott Prine.
Rafter Piser.
Redcliffe Fowler.
Coe Katz.
Caspary Hatch, Jr.
Gallagher & Shearn Barton.
Rawitch Fleischmann Bros Co.
Beck Echo Amus Co.
Mitchell Mainland.
Forter same.
Hogan Hayes.
Ryer Billington.
Finkelstein Iroquois Door.
Springs McMillan.
Keddie Provident Ln.
Renick O'Connell.
Knight R of Review.
Van Wagoner Con Gallagher.
Paulson J V Palmer.
Noah Bowery Sav Bk.
Same Bk for Savings.
Bridger Bridger.
Silberstein Anable.
Goldstein N Y Life. Case on.

PART XVII.—Adjourned until June 15.

PART XVIII.—Guy, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Case on—Jones Wood-in.
No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.
Wills for probate:
James Carroll.
Klara Kysela.
Annie L. Doyle.
Elizabeth Goebbels.
Emet Gruening.

TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.—Will for probate—Case on.
Sarah A Knight.
No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM.—Part I.—La Fetra, J.—Litigated motions.—At 10 A. M.
Cohen Valley Str Rty
Oertel Jackson.
Simons Est Elt Rlty.
Hickson Frankenberg.
Holme Guar Tr.
Paterson Cont Gas.
Lemoncheck Cohen.
Cent Synd Bldg Hyman.
Inselberg Marsh.
Shortman Ebbitt.
Glassgal Stick.
Murray Purdy.
Luscher Wolf.
Wasserstein Uvalde Asphalt Pav.
Bittner Palmer & Co.
Smith A S P C A.
Adler Meyers.
Marino Runkel Bros.
Sandt Sanford.
Roth Sepler.
Leonardo Stevens Con
Cunard Rty Est Mtge Sec.
Kinney Bergoffen.
Nassau Finance Sullen.
Reilly 18 St Garage.
Gillette Brokaw.
N Y Edison Co U S Leasing, &c.
Goldberger Bidtner.
Martin Brown.
Greenwood Carlisle.
Luclow Lechki.
Mechlowitz Frost.
Same same.
Allgemeine Dep B'k Blow & Wiener.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Green, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Herrman Leland.
Loco Co of Am Nicholls.
Fricke Jacob.
Payn N Y Mail.
O'Donnell Mulc & G.
Walsh W G Cornell.
Rosenzweig N Y Rys.
Lester N Y Rys.
Italo-Am Fed, &c Fulgione.
Levine Teitelbaum.
Malcolm Norton.
Lawlor Mulligan.
Lawlor Mulligan.
Foster Oldont.
Horgan I R T.
Weschler Worthy.
Berkowitz Kenny.
Same same.
Washam Post.
Love Westcott Expr.
Spillon Guttridge.
Neuman Streeter.
Spitzer NY Rwys.
Rena Linch.
Brodine Marcus.
Wanamaker Powers.
Fasano NY Rwys.
Singstad Queens Land, &c.
Lahelson NY Rwys.
Epstein Hiller.
Thurna John Parke.
Waxberg Stappler.
Grannis Campbell.
Marr Co-op Business, &c. Assn.
O J Stevens Payton.
Wheatcroft Waddell & Mahon.
Case on.

PART II.—Keity, J.—At 10 A. M.
Buhler NY Dock Co.
Auer Hab Bldg.
Roller Roller.
Rollins Hopcroft.
Hill Curtis.
Morowitz Garelik.
Bitelli Rizzo.
Highest number reached, 1063.
Lamano Lamano.
Lafayette Trust I Leon Caplan.
Yukelson Yukelson.
Lacker Lacker.
Cash Borough Bank.
Carmen CNY.

TRIAL TERM—Jaycox, J.—At 10 A. M.
Maddox, Manning, Blackmar, Jr.
In re Bridget Harty, (alleged incompetent)
Casey Gannon et al.
Johnson CNY et al.
Johnson-Olsen Nat Br & an (2 acts.)
Donovan Meyer.
Warner Star Co.
Daly Horton's I Cm.
Hirsch Zenn et al.
Koellner B U El RR.
Rodzborski Am S Ref.
Zeldin Am Ice.
Hill B H RR (2 acts)
Wilcox Stanley et al.
Furlong Roberts & an.
Klusick So Pacific.
Barbacovo Bono (2 acts)
The balance of the day calendar stands over until June 12.
Highest number reached, 3892.
Van Sicien, Kapper.
Schmidt Cen C Co.
Underwood New Neth Bank.
Bush Cohen.
Gertner Gertner.
Law Scenic Studios Inman.
Bernstein Fulson Rlty
Gold Greenman.
Knauth Friedman.
Mink Hauptman.
Andurs Kaminsky.
Ramsey Play Frazee.
Guiterman Dixon.
Burns Spiegel.
Cohen Sokloff.
Alsen Rty Exch Coolidge.
St Ry Adv Morris Pk Est.
Same same.
Woodman Western T.
Ettlinger Brownstone.
Smith Starkman.
Miller Goldberg.
Schlessel Feld.
Rothstein Carswell.
Karpman Seley.

PART III., Lynch, J., case on; IV., O'Dwyer, J., clear; V., Smith, J., case on; VI., Finelite, J., case on; VII., Ransom, J., case on; VIII., Delaney, J., case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Philbin, J. Stern Ohlrogge—J. Howard Auchincloss. Fagin Brown-Weiss Realties—Frederick C. Leubuscher. In re Turnbull—Wilbur Larremore.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Philbin, J. Stephen H. Jackson Basonio Construction Co.—Henry R. Beekman.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Jenks, Carr, Rich, Stapleton, Putnam, Jr.—Enumerated day calendar—At 1 P. M.
Smith Smith.
Kinsila Shubert.
Klechin Nas R.
Sullivan Connolly.
Mechanics' B'k CNY.
Tisdale Lumber Piquet.
Sullivan Schmul.
McNulty Offerman.
Frear Lewis.
In re Carrington.
Butler Transit.
Hitchings Man Beach Ry.
Hanson Waldo.
Udell Co Perkins.
Van Ness Ransom.
Holland Gragnano.
Peoples Bk Manneschmidt.
Fresusk Pittsburgh Co
Zwarich Bkl Coop'age

SPECIAL TERM.—Part I.—Aspinall, J.—Litigated motions.
Equit Tr Watson.
Ellwitz Ellwitz.
In re unsafe bldg, 208 4th Av.
Sweeney Couch.
O'Gara Nass El RR.
Russakoff same.
Wrege C I & B RR.
Murphy NY Cons RR
Norris BE RR.
Montana same.
McEldowney same.
Russo same.
Chwasaszynski same.
Napolen same
Haviland Nebeling.
In re Morson.
Koch McLaughlin.
In re Carroll St, (McGarvey.)
In re Peoples Trust, (Case.)
Field Flatbush Gas.
Sullivan Interni Cork.
Bonanzi Scran & L C
In re Wadsworth Av.
In re Ginsburg & an.
In re Ingraham St, (Trottar.)
Hinse Hinze.
McLane et al Heidenheim et al.
Dembroskie Watts & an.
Stapf Stapf.
In re Newport Av, (Mechanics Bank.)
Wellbrock Kohlmann et al.
Miller Mooney.
Partenfelder People et al
Reider Weinberg.
Idaho-Md Dev Un Bk, Brooklyn.
Spitzer Kuntz.
Ludiam Mathews et al
Cronin N Am Brewg.
In re Vols, (Brogan.)
York Long.
Ragona State Bk et al
Judson Edwards et al
Equit Co-op Bldg & L Anderson.
5th Av Savgs & L
McGoran et al.
Irwin DePaoli & an.
Sullivan Interni Cork.
Sager Sager.
Baker Weinstock.
Smith Rich L & RR.
In re Chest St-Bristol St, (Nass El RR.)

PART II.—Crane, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

PART III.—Keity, J.—At 10 A. M.—Continued.
Reth Dahlgren.
Colvin Euring.
Morton Bockhaus.
Lorenz Lorenz.
In re Carrozza.
Karker Spallone.
Hinterhoff Connor.
In re the Ebling Br.
Gerard Santangelo.
Jaffe Steinfeld.

SPECIAL TERM—Trials—Brady, J.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Brady, J.
Case on—Dobler Conron Bros.
No day calendar.
Case on—Flynn Bradley Con.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CHAMBERS.—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM.—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J.—Brook Securities and Brokerage Co. Thomas P. Kelly—William J. McKeown. Charles H. Lowerre Max Reese et al.—Percival Wilds. Daily Realty Co., Inc. Rebecca Goldberg et al. —William F. A. Kurz.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

DAY CALENDAR—Tompkins, Keogh, JJ.—At 9:45 A. M.
Conway Naylor Bros.
Johnson West St Ry.
Edwards NY C RR.
Bennett Husted.
McLevy NY C RR.
Maloney Rodriquez.
Eddery Int RT.
These causes may either be marked ready or marked over to another day:
Falso NY, NH RR.
Whalen NY C RR.
Kidd Whitridge.
Mayer Cedar.
Wright Dravo Con.
Narcus Powers MPlct.
O'Grady Rinehart & Dennis.
Randall Beach.
Dunn NY C RR.
Buchanan Redding.
Hudson Lent.
Steviin City & C Con.
Croft Peekskill Light.
Thompson Herman.
Welsh Mayer Brew.
Riggio NY Rys.
Reilly NY, NH RR.
Rensa Bd of Ed of Cortlandt.
Berry NY C RR.
Murray West St Ry.
Primrose Burke.
Tarnoska Sikarzycki.
Highest number reached, 365.
Slodsinski Dunwoodie Country Club.
Cholousk Fed S Ref.
Millette NY, W & ERR
Marlotta McMullen.
Schorck N Rochelle.
Tedford Klaw Steel.
Garrety Union Ry of NY.
Grim Lehigh Y Coal.
Blamm Purroy.
Kelly Kerbaugh Con.
Rosenberg NY Mutual Gas.
Parsons Nichols.
Weis Clark.
See Ocean SS Co.
Maher Gents.
Coe Harris.
Samela NY & S Ry.
Linehan Silver.
Tackman Liebold Con.
Gardella Pitts Con.
Gardner NY, NH RR.
Nugent Wilder.
Goulant Int RT.
Conklin Birdsall.
Ranft Nicole.
Goodhart Hasbrouck.
Hogan NY C RR.

County Court.

DAY CALENDAR—Platt, J.
McCartney West St Ry.
Potter W Plains.
Lynch Dow.
Lawley Starr.
Ellis NY & Stam Ry.
Gleason Dourvie.
Marx Pirone.
Clark Bombaci.
Consolazio Obermeyer & Liebman.
These causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day:
Rizzi Moisello.
Parker Cotter.
Kossakowski Yonkers Brewery.
Geig Bauerberg.
Obermeyer & Liebman Consolazio.
Rizzi Martone.
Conklin Sansone.
Lounsbury & Son Gleason.
Krida Goldfin.
Forbes Hills.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Scudder, Garretson, JJ.—At 10 A. M.
Cowen Kilgallon.
Murphy, an infant N Y & Q Co Ry.
Adamee Hueg.
O'Leary Hueg.
Schantz Newtown Gas
Highest number reached, 525.
Zimmer NY & Q Co Ry.
Reilly NY & Q C Ry.
Kossmann Merkt & an
Stubbings N Y Rys.

PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHERS.

Transfers, Appointments, and Promotions by the Board.

These transfers of assistant high-school teachers, effective Sept. 1, were made yesterday by the Board of Education:

E. F. Van Buskirk, biology, Commercial to De W. Clinton; A. G. Belding, com'l br., Far Rock. to J. Rick.; F. P. Baltz, cm'l br., East. Dist. to E. Side; C. E. Young, com'l br., H. S. of Com. to E. Childs; Mark Waldman, German, Bryant to E. Childs; C. R. Stapleton, Eng., Stuyvesant to E. Childs; W. A. Bruce, Eden, and t., East. Dist. to E. Childs; B. F. Lowe, Eng., Wash. Irv. to Morris; B. B. Lepere, French, Girls to Morris; Julius Strauss phys. trng., De W. Clinton to Morris; Violette E. Scharff, French, Morris Bay Ridge; M. A. Compentier, French, De W. Clinton to Boys'; M. M. Chrystall, clerical, Stuyvesant to Bushwick; E. W. Mills, Eng., Wash. Irving to Bushwick; Irving Goldenberg, German, East. Dist. to Bushwick; M. Garlock, phys. trng., Wash. Irving to Bushwick; C. W. Townsend, com'l br., Bushwick to Commercial; J. L. Tobin, hist., De W. Clinton to Commercial; Cora Trench, Eng., Bay Ridge to Erasmus Hall; M. E. Austin, phys. trng., Curtis to Erasmus Hall; O. M. Lupton, Eng., Julia Rich. to Girls'; A. L. Hardy, Latin, De W. Clinton to Girls'; Meta Rothholz, math., Bryant to Girls'; N. M. Boothby, sten. and t., Wash. Irving to Girls'; M. E. Tuthill, drawing, Wash. Irving to Man'l Trng.; J. C. Tressler, Eng., Boys' to Newtown; Gratia Goller, com'l br., Julia Rich. to Richmond Hill; A. M. Talbot, math., Erasmus Hall to Richmond Hill.

Appointments.

HIGH SCHOOL ASSISTANTS.

DE WITT CLINTON — Henrietta Sperry, Eng.; A. M. Fagnani, French; G. M. Baker, German; G. G. Sanborne, Latin; E. H. Hastings, Jr., physical trng.

COMMERCE—B. K. Candee, comml. br.; M. A. Beer, Eng.; David Meyers, Eng.; Ben Horowitz, laboratory; R. Robinson, math.; J. Jablonower, math.

JULIA RICHMAN—J. H. Iskowitz, Coml.; M. S. Lobenthal, Coml.; Elizabeth Donaldson, Eng.; S. S. Center, Eng.; Margery Gordon, Eng.; M. B. King, Eng.; N. F. Hamburger, Eng.; M. J. Boyd, French; Rose Litsky, German; Katharine Cunniffe, hist.; Florence Dickinson, hist.; H. M. Egan, math.; J. B. E. Jonas, modern lang.; E. L. Bennett, music, and F. R. Gould, music.

STUYVESANT—Joseph Jacobs, clerical; Arthur Sullivan, clerical; E. S. Dore, Eng.; Sam. Schuman, Eng.; Nathan Peyser, Eng.; G. W. Edwards, hist.; F. A. De Craff, math.; Arthur Glugoski, math., and Carl Danielson, music.

WADLEIGH—M. G. Mussaeus, French; M. F. Law, German; L. C. Jennings, Library, and Florence Patrick, sewing.

WASHINGTON IRVING.—Louis Buchholts, comm'l; I. I. Barnett, comm'l; I. E. Nightingale, elocution; K. C. Johnston, Eng.; M. A. Gaynor, French; O. N. Bjerring, German; Libby Neuman, German; Theresa Cassel, German; Agnes Cowing, library; E. C. Caron, music.

EVANDER CHILDS.—H. R. Pyne, classical lang.; H. F. Hamilton, English.

MORRIS.—Gertrude Bloomingdale, biology; J. A. Hess, biology; Alice Hartley, elocution; J. M. Rosenberg, Eng.; F. G. Trapp, Eng.; Frances Paget, French; Harriet D. Proctor, German; M. M. Hunt, German; Simon Birnbaum, laboratory; D. B. Sabin, library; J. P. McCormack, math.; W. M. Gaylor, math.

BAY RIDGE—Maude M. Isles, drawing; Edith M. Murphy, Eng.; Florence S. Murphy, Eng.; R. L. Weaver, math.; M. M. Dickhaut, math.; Marian Hackerdorn, modern lang.

BOYS' HIGH—G. C. Hanson, Eng.; Jacob Mann, Latin; S. J. Wilson, math.

BUSHWICK—J. M. Brundin, biology; William Weinberger, commercial br.; J. A. Goldensohn, commercial br.; M. J. Landsman, commercial br.; Julius Kaplan, commercial br.; Leonarda Goss, English; E. C. Putnam, English; Ruth Wilson, French; Alice Hill, German; F. C. Arnold, joinery; F. M. Clement, stenography.

COMMERCIAL—J. F. Todd, clerical; S. C. Schoenlank, commercial br.; C. B. Adkins, commercial br.; Charles Rosenbaum, commercial br.; Max J. Eisenmann, commercial br.; Livingston Corson, Eng.; Herman Hoexter, music; Isidor D. Lehrer, physical training.

EASTERN DISTRICT—Adolph Bergstein, coml.; S. J. Feuerlicht, coml.; V. C. White, Eng.; L. E. Weymann, German; Lillian Rosanoff, math.; Ruth Serota, sten.

ERASMUS HALL—F. A. Smith, hist.; Stephen Emery, math.

GIRLS'—T. H. Haskins, elocution; G. L. Mangam, Eng.; E. A. Mangam, Eng.; R. M. Stagen, Eng.; H. M. Victory, German; E. B. McKnight, library.

MANUAL TRAINING—Julius Frank, math.

BRYANT—G. E. Saul, German; E. L. Osgood, hist.; B. Hirsch, math.

FAR ROCKAWAY—F. G. Kiser, coml. br.

NEWTOWN—W. C. Wallace, coml. br.; W. K. Crouthamel, coml.; M. C. Bennett, hist.

RICHMOND HILL—Morris Gottlieb, com'l; E. E. Brown, German; C. A. Lindner, German; M. L. Dann, hist.; M. E. Read, sten. & type.

CURTIS—Feltz Ullman, com'l; Lester Canold, sten.

Promoted

TO HIGH SCHOOL TEACHERS.

J. R. Carter, H. S. of Com., fine arts; H. F. Frits, Stuyvesant, fine arts; H. L. Cohen, Wash. Irving, Eng.

Robert S. Stantial was appointed as an elementary school principal, with proposed assignmen: to Public School 8 to fill a vacancy.

Lena Dubin was transferred from Public School 61 to 175.

G. B. Cortelyou Buys Summer Home

George B. Cortelyou, President of the Consolidated Gas Company, has just purchased a handsome place, with six acres of land, at Bay Crest, Halesite, Long Island, for a Summer home. He has been living in a rented house at Bay Crest, the fashionable Summer section of Halesite, for several years. The new house commands a fine view of Huntington Bay. Mr. Cortelyou is said to have paid between $75,000 and $100,000 for the property, which was formerly the home of George Taylor, who was drowned a year ago.

Before going on your vacation instruct your newsdealer to send you THE NEW YORK TIMES, or telephone Bryant 1,000. Daily and Sunday, 15c. per month. Daily alone, 10c. per month.—Adv.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

McAlpin Estate Buys Thirty-fourth Street Plot to Enlarge Hotel—St. Bartholomew's Now owns Park Avenue Site—Hearst to Build Taxpayer at Columbus Circle — Good Bronx Investments.

The McAlpin estate, being the Trustees under the will of the late D. H. McAlpin, have acquired the two parcels at 46 and 48 West Thirty-fourth Street, adjoining the McAlpin Hotel on the east. The property, for which negotiations had been in progress for several weeks, has been purchased from the Floyd estate, represented by William Cruikshank Sons, who were the brokers in the transaction. The two parcels have a frontage of 50 feet, and it was announced yesterday by the McAlpin estate, the owners of the hotel property, that the plot will be immediately improved with an addition equal in height to the present hotel structure, twenty-four stories.

The property was recently under a long lease, but this lease was surrendered several months ago, and the few tenants there have been on monthly leases. With this addition the frontage of the completed hotel will be 200 feet on Thirty-fourth Street, making a straight rear line with the 148.5 frontage on Thirty-third Street, the lesser frontage there being due to the curve in the Broadway frontage at that point. The property just acquired is assessed on land valuation for $650,000.

St. Bartholomew's Now Owns New Site.

Contracts were signed yesterday for the purchase by St. Bartholomew's Church from the F. & M. Schaefer Brewing Company of the plot on the east side of Park Avenue, between Fiftieth and Fifty-first Streets, for about $1,500,000. The option taken by the church a short time ago expired yesterday. Possession will be obtained in eighteen months when the new plant of the brewing company on the East River front, between Fiftieth and Fifty-first Streets, will be finished.

Deal in Division Street.

Negotiations are about closed, it was learned yesterday, for the purchase by Isidor Feilen of the five-story building at 10 to 16 Division Street, adjoining the northeast corner of the Bowery. The plot is 50 by 69.8, near Chatham Square. Max Ottinger and others are the owners of record. Mr. Feilen, the prospective buyer, is President of the Modern Cloak and Suit Company, one of the tenants in the building.

The Private Dwelling Market.

Theodore S. Tenney has sold for Herman Kolodizky the four-story and basement residence, 1,998 Madison Avenue, near 125th Street, for cash, the consideration being about $14,000. The same broker also sold for Helen Vetter, Inc., her four-story and basement private residence, 315 Convent Avenue, on a lot 20 by 100, facing 143d Street.

An investor has purchased from Harriett B. Leaming 874 West End Avenue, a three-story and basement dwelling on a lot 20 by 80 feet.

Slawson & Hobbs sold for Eugenia M. Bunn the three and a half story dwelling 346 West Eighty-eighth Street, on a lot 19 by 100.8 feet, between West End Avenue and Riverside Drive, to a client for occupancy.

Sarah E. Tennant has purchased for occupancy from Lillie L. Herne 158 West Seventy-seventh Street, a four-story dwelling on a lot 19 by 102.2 feet. The property was held at $30,000. Frederick Zittel & Sons negotiated the sale.

Hearst to Build Taxpayer at Circle.

The block bounded by Columbus Circle, Broadway, Central Park West and Sixty-first Street, purchased over a year ago by William Randolph Hearst, will be improved within a short time by a two-story building, containing twenty-two stores, with offices above. A connection with the Subway station will be made in the basement. James O. Green is the architect, and it is expected that the new structure will be ready for use in the Fall. It will be built by the Veronica Realty Corporation, recently formed to act as a holding company for the Hearst properties.

An additional mortgage of $330,000 was recorded yesterday on this block and the Fifty-eighth and Fifty-ninth Street plot, west of Eighth Avenue, given by the Veronica Realty Corporation to Angie M. Booth of Great Neck. Huberth & Huberth will be the agents of the new building.

Bronx Investment Deals.

Another big investment deal in the Bronx was closed yesterday in the sale of six new-law apartments by the Winnie Construction Company. Maurice Muller, President, to an investor, whose name was not disclosed. The property sold includes the four four-story houses at 952 to 964 Kelly Street, each on a plot 88 by 100 feet, and the two abutting five-story houses at 965 and 969 Tiffany Street, each covering a plot 40 by 100. They are near the Intervale Avenue Subway station. The consideration is about $225,000.

Kurs & Uren have sold for John M. Henshaw the vacant plot on the south side of East 188th Street, 21 feet east of the Grand Boulevard and Concourse, 68 by 96 feet, to an investor.

Bronx Two-Family Houses Traded.

E. Freitag purchased from the Brown-Weiss Company 2,261, 2,263, 2,265 and 2,267 Creston Avenue, four three-story two-family houses, each on a lot 20 by 128 feet, located between 182d and 183d Streets. In exchange the buyer gave 11 and 13 Park Avenue, Mount Vernon, a four-story apartment house, on a plot 50 by 100 feet.

Brooklyn.

Samuel Galitzka has sold for the John E. Sullivan Company to John H. Bahrenburg the northeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Seventy-third Street, a four-story double brick apartment house, with stores, on a plot 20 by 100.

Long Island.

Theodore S. Tenney has sold for Mrs. Carolina de Vito her two-story residence, on a plot 50 by 100, located on Malba Drive, overlooking Long Island Sound, at Malba, L. I.

New Apthorp Hotel Leased.

Louis Markel has leased from Harry Schiff the new twelve-story apartment hotel, known as The Apthorp, on the northeast corner of Broadway and Ninety-fourth Street.

The lease is for a period of twenty-one years at a net annual rental of $30,000. The hotel covers a plot 83.6 by 142.7.

$120,000 Lease in Silk Centre.

Frederick Fox & Co. have leased for the Susquehanna Silk Mills, Incorporated, the ninth and tenth lofts, containing about 30,000 square feet of space, in the Susquehanna Building, 18 to 22 West Eighteenth Street, running through to 23 to 27 West Seventeenth Street. The lessee is the Morris Bernhard Company, a prominent manufacturer of upholstery goods. The lease is for a term of ten years at an aggregate rental of about $120,000.

Leases.

The M. Morgenthau Jr. Company has concluded a series of leases on Sixth Avenue in the building of the Sixth Avenue-Twenty-third Street Corporation, formerly occupied by Ehrich Brothers, on the west side of the avenue, between Twenty-second and Twenty-third Streets. It has rented to Edward Gropper a store in the centre of the block for the sale of leather goods. The adjoining store has been rented to A. L. Dana, ladies' waists and underwear. Samuel Goldstein has rented a store, and Brier & Schill, who have been occupying the corner store, 28 by 54 feet, at Twenty-second Street, have made a permanent lease.

The Cross & Brown Company has leased for Frank Dobson to David Shuldiner, Incorporated, the store at 319 and 321 East Fifty-third Street.

The Duross Company has leased the store and basement 671 to 677 Hudson Street to Horace E. Demorest and the store 22 Eleventh Avenue to Ray Lichtenfeld.

N. Brigham Hall & William D. Bloodgood have leased for the estate of Theophilus E. Roessle the parlor floor store at 467 and 469 Fifth Avenue to Worch of Paris, dealer in Chinese antiques. This completes the renting of the building.

Private Dwellings Leased.

William B. May & Co. have leased for the estate of Andrew Shiland, 109 East Fifty-seventh Street, a modern five-story American basement residence, to Milton S. Barger, for a term of years; also for Mrs. Elizabeth B. T. Martin, 114 East Thirty-sixth Street, to William H. Post, and for Mrs. Ella A. Cooper, 64 East Sixty-sixth Street, to George H. walbridge.

Slawson & Hobbs have leased for Mrs. E. H. Paddock the private residence 147 West Seventy-second Street, to R. W. Chase.

The Houghton Company has leased for Dr. William C. Deane the three-story and basement dwelling, 126 West Ninety-seventh Street, to Charles B. Hoadley, for a term of years.

Country Dwellings Leased.

William B. May & Co. have leased for Isaac Wheaton the Bush Estate property at Locust Valley, Long Island, to Henry Sanderson. The property consists of about 40 acres of land, on which there is a spacious house, garage, &c.

Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company has leased for Du Bois Smith the Mott Estate, situated on the Nissequogue River, St. James, L. I., to Mrs. Frederick Southack of New York, for the season.

Kenneth Ives & Co. have rented "Conehurst," the home of Mrs. A. C. Fields, at Dobbs Ferry, to Edwin W. Orvis, for the Summer months.

Pease & Elliman have leased for Alfred L. Ferguson his country place, containing about twelve acres, in Edgewood Park, Greenwich, Conn., to Dauncey Marshall, and have also let for Myron J. Brown his property in Lafayette Place, Greenwich, to a client for the season.

New Apartments Planned.

Gronenberg & Leuchtag have completed plans for a six-story apartment house to be erected on a plot 80 by 100 on the north side of 141st Street, 67 feet east of St. Nicholas Avenue, by the Williams Construction Company, at a cost of $40,000. The same firm has also completed plans for a six-story and cellar apartment house to be erected on the west side of Bathgate Avenue, 103.4 feet south of 175th Street, Bronx, for the Silshire Construction Company, on a plot 54 by 114.5. The building has been designed to accommodate thirty-three families, front to be constructed of tapestry brick and limestone, and will cost $65,000.

Small Decrease in May Building.

Reports to Bradstreet's Journal from 137 cities of the United States show total building expenditures of $76,338,749 for the month of May, as compared with $74,748,875 during April and $80,776,267 in May a year ago.

There is here indicated an increase of 2.1 per cent. over April, but a decrease of 5.4 per cent. from May, 1913, with seventy-seven cities showing decreases and sixty showing increases as compared with the latter month.

New York City shows something like a turn in the tide, reporting, as it does, the first increase in expenditure over the same month a year ago reported for fifteen months past.

In this city (four out of five boroughs reporting) the expenditures in May were $15,809,427, or about one-fifth of the entire country's total, a gain over April of 9.2 per cent. and an increase over May last year of 15.4 per cent.

Real Estate Note.

Charles F. Noyes Company were the brokers in the recent sale of 39 White Street, a five-story loft building covering lot 24.7 by 100 to the Cropella Realty Company. The same brokers secured a loan of $28,

prior mtg $30,000, due as per bond; attorney, Edward J. McGuire, 51 Chambers St.....$5,000

107TH AV, w s, 123.5 ft s of 38th St, runs n 20.6 x w 75 x 50.6 x w 25 x s 20 x e 100; Karl Siebert to Joseph Wenner, 312 W. 37th St, June 1, prior mtg $6,000, due as per bond; address, 310 W. 37th St.....$11,000

107TH ST, s s, 375 ft e of 9th Av, 150x100.5, and 58th St, n s, 220.6 ft w of 8th Av, 340.2x100.5, prior mtg $486,200; Broadway Grand Circle, Central Park West and 61st St, the block, prior mtg $1,980,000; 8th Av, n e corner of 58th St, 40.8x75.3, prior mtg $450,000; Veronica Realty Corporation to Angie M. Booth, Great Neck, L. I., May 29, due Dec. 1, 1919, 5½ pc.; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance Company, 160 Broadway $830,000

117TH ST, n s, 150 ft e of Park Av, 25x202.2; James King and another to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company, 160 Broadway, June 9, 5 pc.....$11,000

80TH ST, s s, 125 ft e of 5th Av, 20x102.2; Charles E. F. McCann to Otto E. Dryfoos, 782 5th Av, June 10, 5 years, 4½ pc.; attorneys, Heyman & W., 35 Nassau St.—

80TH ST, s s, 145 ft e of 5th Av, 20x102.2; Charles E. F. McCann to Pauline Gutman, 18 E. 80th St, June 10, due July 1, 1919; attorney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway $50,000

R E —

115TH ST, n s, 150 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.11; Clemente De Luisi to Daniel Woodcock, 1,130 Bergen St, Brooklyn, June 1, due Nov. 1, 1915, 6 pc.; attorneys, Menken Bros., 87 Nassau St.....$1,000

Bronx.

ARTHUR AV, s w corner of 187th St, 40.8 x51.2; Russo Iodice Realty Co. to Edward A. Ridley, Fanwood, N. J., June 9, 5 years, 6½ pc.; attorneys, Bowers & S., 46 Cedar St $20,000

BATHGATE AV, s e s, 50 ft n e of 183d St, 50x100; Mary G. Gehlen to New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway, June 10, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$3,500

BRONX BOULEVARD, n w side, being Lot 624 of map of Washingtonville, 50x100; Michael Brennan, Inc., to Mary Rafferty, 537 S. 6th Av., Mt. Vernon, N. Y., June 1, 3 years; attorney, F. A. Bennett, 16 E. 1st St, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.....$3,000

CHARLOTTE ST, n w corner of 170th St, 37.6x100; Michel Ticzky to Henry Hornstein, 784 Kelly St, June 4, installments, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lewkowitz & S., 299 Broadway $2,000

CRESTON AV, n e s, at n w s of Fordham Road, 68.3x irregular; Winnie Realty and Constr. Co. to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery, June 9, due Nov. 1, 1916, 6 p. c.; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $80,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to American Real Estate Co., 527 5th Av, prior mtg $80,000, May 26, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $52,000

CROTONA AV, w s, 64 ft n of Jefferson St, 25x100; William Kartzer to Chris D. Rohm, 419 East 24th St., and others, trustees, prior mtg $4,800, Feb. 17, 3 years; attorney, F. C. Steffen, 363 Manhattan Av.$1,000

CROTONA AV, e s, 119.11 ft s of 183d St, 24.2x42; Margaretha Gleason and another to same, May 28, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, W. B. Jones, 317 East 181st St.....$2,000

CROTONA PARKWAY, e s, at n e side of 178th St, 148.4x36.4x145.2x32x4.6; Malvina Friedman to Fannie Kluger, 755 Jennings St, May 23, prior mtg $5,000, installments 6 pc.; attorney, Fannie Kluger, 755 Jennings St.....$3,180

GARFIELD ST, n e s, 225 ft s e of Morris Park Av, 25x100; Pauline Goemann to George W. Wager, 463 Classon Av, Brooklyn, May 23, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, E. A. Acker, 776 Forest Av.....$900

HERMANY AV, s s, 100 ft e of Olmstead Av, 50x156.9; George A. Hefter to Margaretha Olsson, 2,233 Story Av, June 10, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $4,500

JENNINGS ST, n w corner of Briston St, 87.2x25; Value Realty Co. to Edward Roesler and another, trustees, Great Neck, L. I., June 9, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, $9,000

KINGSBRIDGE TERRACE, e s, 200 ft s of land of Fairchild, 75x100; also land in Yonkers, Av. Y; Arlington Construction Co. to Yonkers National Bank, at Yonkers, N. Y., April 30, due as per note; attorney, H. M. Baird, Jr., 18 South Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y.....$6,000

LAFONTAINE AV, w s, 150 ft n of 178th St, 87.6x100; Matilda Amsler to Elizabeth Amsler, 3,263 Hull Av, June 10, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Hirleman & V., 391 East 149th St.....$2,500

LORING PLACE, w s, 80.1 ft n of 183d St, 21x102.8; T. Gilbert Ferrson to Arthur Balthasar, (admr.,) 468 Riverside Drive, prior mtg $8,500, June 10, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1,500

LOTS 34 and 35, map of 107 lots sold by Day Terrace Construction Co. to Montrose Realty Co., 135 Broadway, June 10, due June 10, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$30,000

OGDEN AV, e s, 50 ft s of 170th St, 54x irregular; Phyfe Bldg. Co. to City Mtg. Co., 16 Wall St.; 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St.....$55,000

TIFFANY ST, 905-909, w s, 80x100; also Kelly St, 952-964, e s, 125 ft n of 163d St, 182x100; John B. Haskin Estates, Inc., to New York Mortgage and Security Co., 135 Broadway, (prior mtg $148,000,) May 25, due Nov. 1, 1916, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$120,000

182D ST, n s, at n e corner of Lot 177, same map of Lot 177, being part of Lot 177, same map, 47.1x86; Ellen Realty and Construction Co. to Ellen Mulhare, 404 East 141st St, prior mtg $19,500, May 28, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, William B. Jones, 317 East 181st St.....$4,000

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

19T AV, 1,891, store and front basement; Seal Realty Co. of Alexander McCosh, 172 East 117th St, 3 years and 6 months from May 1, 1915; attorney, E. M. Burghard, 111 Broadway $720

2D AV, 824, store, floor and basement; John A. Schappert to Patrick Hanlon, 310 East 94th St, 2 years and 11 months from June 1, 1914; attorney, W. H. Stewart, 1,639 3d Av.....$200

58TH ST, s s, 200 ft w of 11th Av, 50x100.5, the land; Edgar S. Appleby and another to William D. Magovern, Englewood, N. J., 5 years and 8 months from May 1, 1914; attorney, Frank Mosher, 29 Broadway $840

98TH ST, s w corner of Park Av, corner store and basement; Nathan Lamport to Charles P. McGovern, 5 years from May 1, 1914; attorneys, A. E. F. Brewing Co., 128th St. and Amsterdam Av.....$840

117TH AV, s w corner of 58th St, 8 lots; Edgar S. Appleby and another to William D. Magovern, Englewood, N. J., 4 years and 6 months from Jan. 1, 1910, five-year renewal; attorney, Frank Keck, 29 Broadway..$3,200

Bronx.

BELMONT AV, 2,301 and 2,303; also 183d St, 651 East; Wolf Burland to Harry Blau, 551 Wendover Av, 3 years from June 1; attorney Harry Blau, 551 Wendover Av..$6,000

CROTONA PARK EAST, 1,432 to 1,436, all; Wolf Burland to Harry Blau, 551 Wendover Av, 4 years from June 1; attorney, Harry Blau, 551 Wendover Av.....$6,400

WENDOVER AV, 551, all; Wolf Burland to Harry Blau, on premises, 3 years from June 1; attorney, Harry Blau, 551 Wendover Av $3,600

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 2,708; Max Zudek against Harry Lowendeld, owner; Nathan Zwerling, contractor $375

Bronx.

PALMER AV., w s, 356.6 ft s of Bussing Av., 50x100; A. M. Oesterheld against Gaetano Amigroni, owner; Vincent Palmeri, contractor $120

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

11TH AV, 628 to 644; J. L. Keating & Co. against D. Auerbach & Sons and others, Feb. 3, 1914, (by bond).....$5,250

11TH AV, 644; Empire Carting Co. against same, Feb. 2, 1914, (by bond).....$1,250

107TH ST, 150 East; Isidore Levitt against Mary Lyons and others, Oct. 16, 1913....$42

Bronx.

HOE AV, 945-949; John Bergfalk against Ensign Improvement Co. and others, Feb. 26, 1914.....$129

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

BROOME ST, 315; Albert E. Valentine against Rose Sonneberg and others, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Cary & Carroll.

MINETTA ST, 16 to 22 and Minetta Lane, 27; Central Trust Company of New York against Thomas Rosson and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Joline, Larkin & Rathbone.

PLOT 21, Map of property of Fort Washington and Buena Vista Syndicates; William H. Jeffers against Fort View Construction Company and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Rose & Paskus.

WALKER ST, 89; Houston St, n w corner of Thompson St, 25x100; 14th St, 207 East; 88th St, 310 East; Hamilton Terrace, w s, 616.6 ft n of 141st St, 20x100; 28th St, 230 West; also 85th St, 234 and 236 East; Susan A. Links against Adele M. Comyns and others, (partition;) attorney, M. S. Hart.

16TH ST, 441 and 443 West; Emilie Hoffman against James S. Hannan and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Stern, Barr & Tyler.

17TH ST, 121 to 125 West; Alfred M. Heinsheimer and others against Domestic Realty Company and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Stroock & Stroock.

109D ST, s s, 75.6 ft e of Lexington Av, 26x100.11; Jacob L. Rich against Abraham I. Bielstift and others, (action to set aside conveyance;) attorney, J. S. Bofer.

181ST ST, 272 West; 8th Av, s e corner of 181st St, 24.11x76.5, also 8th Av, 2,496; Agnes E. Dunlop against Granacy Bakery, Inc., and others, (action to set aside conveyances;) attorney, G. R. Hawes.

183D ST, n s, 300 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 132.3x300x irregular; St. Nicholas Av, n w corner of 183d St, 32.9x25.11x irregular; 183d St, n s, 402.3 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 62.6x irregular; Genevieve V. Sheridan against M. R. L. E. Building Co. and others, (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorney, J. S. Rosalsky.

Bronx.

LONGWOOD AV, s w corner of Garrison Av, 25.2x42.1; Garrison Av, w s, 43.1 ft s of Longwood Av, 25x25; Blackwood Realty Co. against Blackwood Realty Co. and others, (partition suit;) attorney, F. R. Swartwout.

PROSPECT AV, 1,989; James T. Barry against Louis Ruchti and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, R. Loewenthal.

HARISON AV, 2105; John T. Normile and others against Richard Sullivan and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Wendt.

160TH ST, n w corner of Courtlandt Av, 88x51.6; Marie Wilhelm against John Welser and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. H. Sherman.

EDUCATION NOTES.

Dist. Supts. John Dwyer and H. W. Jameson were yesterday elected to succeed themselves, each for a term of six years at $5,000 a year.

Permission was granted to the Principal of P. S. 188 to place a bust of John Burroughs in that building.

John Kenny, ins. of masonry in the Bureau of Buildings, who was charged with neglect of duty, resigned yesterday. His resignation was accepted.

W. M. Kenny, ins. of masonry in the same bureau, pleaded guilty to charges of misconduct and neglect of duty and was dismissed.

Pay increase of S. A. Thomas, chief of the electrical div. in the Bureau of Buildings, $3,000 to $3,500.

The Board of Trustees of Hunter College will confer the degree of Bachelor of Arts upon 170 students who have satisfactorily completed the courses.

Transferred—J. L. Tildsley from the principalship of the De Witt Clinton H. S. to that of the H. S. of Commerce.

The Board of Education will ask the Board of Aldermen to authorize the issue of $6,000 of spl. revenue bonds to meet the cost of erecting an auto repair shop on land to be leased adjacent to the Vocational School for Boys.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, District of Massachusetts.—In Equity.—No. 472.—RENSSELAER L. CURTIS vs. WALPOLE TIRE & RUBBER COMPANY.—Order of Notice.—June 4, 1914.

DODGE, J.—Whereas the receivers of the Walpole Tire & Rubber Company on May 1, 1914, filed their third supplemental report on claims of creditors of said company as filed since their second supplemental report, together with said receivers' recommendations as to the allowance or disallowance thereof,

It is ordered that the receivers notify all creditors of said corporation whose claims are reported on in said report to appear at the District Court of the United States for the District of Massachusetts, at Boston, on Monday, the fifteenth day of June, 1914, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, that they may be heard thereon, and that service of this order shall be made by publishing a copy hereof once in the "Boston Evening Transcript" and once in the "New York Times," and by mailing a copy to each of the above-described creditors of the Walpole Tire & Rubber Company at their addresses as shown on the receivers' books or on their claims as filed, and by mailing a copy hereof to all counsel of record in the proceedings.

And it is hereby further ordered that the receivers mail with the copy of this order to each creditor whose claim is not recommended for allowance in the amount as proved by him a statement showing what action is recommended by receivers in regard to his claim.

By the Court.

CHARLES K. DARLING, Clerk.

[Seal.] A true copy:

Attest: JOHN E. GILMAN, Jr., Deputy Clerk.

SUMMONSES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY of New York.—RENSSELAER L. CURTIS, as Receiver of the Atlantic National Bank, Plaintiff, against HENRY E. DE KAY, Defendant.—Summons.

To the above-named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated May 8th, 1914.

BARBER, WATSON & GIBBONEY, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Office and Post Office Address, No. 105 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To Henry E. De Kay:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Honorable Eugene A. Philbin, Justice of the Supreme Court, County of New York, dated the 1st day of June, 1914, and filed with the complaint herein in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at New York, on June 2d, 1914.

BARBER, WATSON & GIBBONEY, Attorneys for Plaintiff, No. 165 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of CORGIL REALTY COMPANY, INC., Bankrupt.—No. 19,391.—Notice of Sale at Auction.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt: Notice is hereby given that real property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt will be sold under the direction of Albert Falck, the Trustee herein, at public auction, under the rules and practice of this court, by L. J. Phillips & Company, Auctioneers, at the Exchange Sales Rooms, Nos 3,208-3,210 Third Avenue, County of Bronx, City of New York, on the 11th day of June, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon.

The property to be sold is as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of the Bronx, City of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the westerly side of Bassford Avenue as legally opened, distant measured along the same ninety-five and fifty-two hundredths (95.52) feet northeasterly from the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of East 182d Street, or Fletcher Street, as legally opened, with said westerly side of Bassford Avenue, running thence northeasterly along said westerly side of Bassford Avenue, fifty-six and seventy hundredths (56.70) feet; thence westerly parallel with said northerly side of East 182d Street, or Fletcher Street, seventy-one and eighty-eight hundredths (71.88) feet; thence southerly parallel with the easterly side of Washington Avenue as it formerly existed fifty-five and eighty hundredths (55.80) feet; thence easterly parallel with said northerly side of East 182d or Fletcher Street, sixty-one and seventy-three hundredths (61.73) feet, more or less, to the point or place of beginning.

The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw the said property from sale, unless it shall bring at least 75 per centum of its appraised value. JOHN J. TOWNSEND,

Referee in Bankruptcy, 45 Cedar Street, N. Y. City.

New York, May 28, 1914.

JACOB F. HOHENSTEIN, Attorney for Trustee, 115 Broadway, N. Y. City.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of WILCOX-CHANDLER COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Pursuant to authority of the United States District Court, the assets of the above named bankrupt, consisting of 21 inch drill press, lathes, emery grinder, electric motor, various vises, Underwood typewriter, safe, automobile parts, desks, benches and tools suitable for automobile repair shop, will be sold at public auction by A. L. Blau, City Marshal, by virtue of a levy heretofore made by said City Marshal, at 225 West 58th Street, Manhattan, on June 16, 1914, at 10:30 A. M.

Dated, June 11, 1914.

STERN, BARR & TYLER, Attorneys for Creditors, 299 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of ZIMMERMAN & YELIN, Bankrupts.—Henry Klinger, auctioneer, sells this day, 3 P. M., at 2 and 4 Hudson St., Yonkers, N. Y., the outstanding accounts of the above.

By order of JACOB WOLFF, Receiver.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.

Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Peremptory Auction Sale

Next Saturday, June 13

AT 2 P. M., ON THE PREMISES, RAIN OR SHINE,

"Rippowam Farm" & Buildings,

Located on Bedford Road and Stillwater Av.; about two miles from railroad station.

Stamford, Conn.

Comprising

237 ACRES (To be offered in 5 separate parcels and then as entirety.)

Comprises upland, meadow and wood. Over 25 buildings, all in excellent condition, including Colonial Cottages, help's quarters, horse and cow stables, &c.

Write for Booklet. Joseph P. Day Auctioneer. 31 Nassau St., N. Y. City.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

SHORE ACRES

You can come by boat—by auto—by rail to Shore Acres. Come by water by way of Long Island Sound to the beautiful Shore Acres Clubhouse, or by auto by way of the famous Boston Post Road to the entrance gates of Shore Acres, or by rail to Mamaroneck Station, a short distance from the property. And whichever route you take, Shore Acres is well worth the journey!

Every Lot a Water View

Magnificent imported trees and shrubs line its mile-long parkway. Just 40 minutes from Grand Central, will have 165 trains a day. Has macadamized streets, sidewalks, gas, water, electricity; every modern improvement that conduces to comfort. Bought by us at a sacrifice, we can afford to pass Shore Acres on to you at lower prices than waterfront plots were ever before sold in New York. Put us to a test on this. Let us take you out to Shore Acres and prove to you how little money it takes for an investment in the most beautiful home site in Westchester County.

Clifford B. Harmon & Co.

42nd and Madison Ave.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Last Auction Sale

EDGEMERE

184 Choice Lots

5 Beautiful Cottages

SATURDAY, JUNE 20,

On the Premises, 2 P. M., Rain or Shine.

BRYAN L. KENNELLY, Auct'r,

156 Broadway, New York.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BACK RENTS Collected

No Charge Unless Successful

STANDARD ADJUSTMENT CO.

Flatiron Building Tel. 5534 Gramercy

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Old English Attached and semi-detached, 7 rooms & bath, high-class one-family brick houses; $4,500 to $6,250; at station of new Sea Beach Subway, 4 tracks; Coney Island to 59th St., Manhattan, for a nickel; trains running Jan. 1, 1915; $1,000 saved on each purchase, as that will be the advance price on completion of subway. We sell you house and lot for less money than you can buy a lot in the Bronx, near the Subway, and twice the distance to business centre in Manhattan, and the terms within reach of all. $100 to $500 down. Come down and look it over, or write. OTTO SINGER, 248 Kings Highway, Brooklyn. During subway construction take West End L, change to Sea Beach at 62d St.

New 1 & 2 Family, Stone & Brick

hardwood; $4,675 to $6,500; no assessments; will take single lot free and clear part payment. 876 Enfield St., Brooklyn. Rent 1-fam., $35; 2-fam., $22-$24. Fleer Bros. Write.

$4,250—Bungalows—$4,250

New one-family bungalow, 7 rooms and bath, parquet floors, electric light, garage privilege, excellent transit. J. D. Ranck, 110 Avenue I, Brooklyn. Phone Midwood 6652.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A SELECT HOME

with all rights and privileges to private beach, yacht club, and dock; tennis court, &c.; restricted neighborhood; this locality is the show place of the north shore of L. I.; suitable for all-year home; every improvement; elegant drives; macadam roads; sidewalks, curbs, sewer; beautiful shade trees; 2 minutes' walk from depot; 35 minutes from Penn station, N. Y.; this home can be bought at a sacrifice; $500 cash required; title guaranteed. Jones, 243 West 34th St., N. Y.

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Furnished and Unfurnished.

Homes in the Pelhams

Modern Houses. Large Plots.

McCLELLAN & CO.

Opposite New Haven Station, Pelham, N. Y.

PELHAM HEIGHTS

Attractive stucco dwelling, eleven rooms, two baths, hot water heat, electricity, open fireplaces, hardwood floors, large plot. Good value, $15,500. Terms arranged. McClellan & Co., opp. New Haven Sta., Pelham, N. Y.

AT NEW ROCHELLE

Will sacrifice my all-year-round home, in the best residential park, 10 rooms, baths; all improvements; large piazza; stable and garage; acre of ground; beautiful shade and ornamental trees; abundant shrubbery. Owner, 143 Times.

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PARTICULARLY BRONXVILLE, SCARSDALE, BRIARCLIFF, RYE, etc.

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REAL ESTATE WANTED.

FIRE ESCAPES

FACTORY, LABOR, TENEMENT HOUSE. Orders attended to by experts, who will save you money; estimates FREE. EAGLE IRON WORKS, Tel. Harlem 810, 401 to 405 East 117th Street.

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In the Heart of WESTBURY

$10 Cash Buys full size building lots; 5 minutes' walk from station and trolley; balance $5 monthly. Total price of fully improved lots, with all city conveniences, for short time only, **$200**

Westbury is the ideal all-the-year suburb; only 5 miles from the New York city line.

TITLES GUARANTEED FREE.

Call or write for Map and Free Tickets.

WM. L. SLANDORFF,

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CHICKEN FARM.

$150 Cash Will Start You.

balance $3 weekly will buy a poultry farm with well-built house, 8 rooms, range and stationary tubs in kitchen; large dry concrete cellar; in greatest poultry country; population, 7,000; trolley and railroad; one hour from city; few minutes from station and beautiful harbor; healthy climate; good markets right in town; all kinds of factories; plenty of work all year; soil just suited for poultry and farming. Address POULTRY, Box 85 Times Downtown.

"STAY-A-WHILE"

The Bungalow Colony Fronting on the Atlantic Ocean, Opposite Bay Shore, L. I.

BUNGALOWS $1,300 UP. SITES $350 UP

We have a few for sale. Will rent furnished and apply rent on purchase price.

Send for Booklet "A" and Visit the Property at Our Expense.

STAY-A-WHILE BEACH ESTATES

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BATHING AND BOATING

Huntington, L. I.—Don't board in the Summer, buy a beautiful plot of land with fine shade and put a tent up and enjoy the fresh air, where next year you can put up a little bungalow and improve it each year, where your family is free at all time; do this and save doctor bills; raise your own vegetables, chickens, &c.; $5 a month will do this for you; only one hour out; write for full particulars. Vacation Dept., Box 81 N. Y. Times Downtown.

SALTAIRE

In the cool embrace of the ocean

BUNGALOWS FOR SALE FOR RENT

All improvements; low prices; easy terms.

CASINO OPENS JUNE 20TH.

Call, phone or write for booklet.

FIRE ISLAND BEACH DEV. CO.

1328 Broadway. Phone Greeley 1697

WATER FRONT BUILDING SITES ON THE NORTH SHORE OF LONG ISLAND

One acre directly on the Sound. 14 acres overlooking Manhasset Bay. Reasonable price and easy terms.

S. OSGOOD PELL & CO., Agts., 542 Fifth Av., cor. 45 St., N. Y.

SAGE FOUNDATION

Forest Hills Gardens, L. I.

12 Minutes from Penn. Station.

Plot 40x108. Choice locations on grounds. Must sacrifice. Owner transferred abroad. Bargain for quick buyer. LOUDAND, 580 West 179th.

OLD HOUSE

Needs repairs; plenty of land for poultry and vegetable garden; one hour from city; 3 minutes from station and trolley to harbor; must have $150 cash at once; balance $15 a month. Address Owner, Box 84 Times Downtown.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A Little Cash Secures this Artistic

DUTCH COLONIAL HOME

BALANCE IN EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS LIKE RENT.

Contains 8 Rooms, Tiled Bath, Two Open Fireplaces, Hardwood floors, Electricity, Steam Heat. Elegant appointments throughout. Superb location, on summit of hill, commanding fine view. Only half hour out.

A remarkable bargain for quick purchaser. Investigate.

FRED C. BECKER, Room 179, 50 Church St., N. Y. Phone 8748 Cort.

A HOUSE BARGAIN

Price, $5,500, including garage; $500 cash. For business reasons must sell; new house on large plot. House has seven large rooms and cozy inglenook, with open fireplace; large closets; sanitary gas kitchen; tiled bathroom; large piazza. Good transportation by train and trolley; 30 minutes out. Built by day's work. Full particulars. H. D. House, Room 520, 47 West 34th St., City.

ELBERON, DEAL.

West End, Long Branch

Choice Furnished Cottages for Rent. RENTS $500 TO $2,500. Make Appointment. Wardell & Burke, Office, WEST END. "Remember the Name."

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—Furnished.

DEAL BEACH, N. J.—Elegantly furnished Cottage, beautiful grounds, corner Sidney Av., near Hathaway Inn, for rent, $1,500 for the Summer; has always rented for $2,000. Apply D. H. KNOTT, 103 Waverley Place.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished

A New Departure in High Class Apartments

Embracing the Ultimate of Comfort and Elegance

The SANFORD and REXFORD

Occupying the Entire Block Front East Side of Broadway, 78th to 79th St.

Now Nearing Completion & Being Leased

Suites of **5-6-7 Rooms** with baths

Spacious Foyers and Abundance of Large Closets

3 Room Suites on Ground Floor for Physicians

Representative always on premises.

PATERNO BROS., Inc., Owners & Builders. | JOSEPH PATERNO, President.

601 West 115th St., Corner Broadway.

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Southwest Corner Central Park West and 89th St.

Apartments 11 large rooms and 3 baths, ELECTRIC LIGHT AND REFRIGERATION INCLUDED, Rents $3,000 to $4,000.

Superintendent on premises.

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155 Riverside Drive

CORNER 88TH ST.

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF

Apartments of

7, 9 & 10 Rooms & 3 Baths

Extra large rooms, ample closets, $1,800 to $3,750 to lease from October 1.

Immediate possession can be arranged. Apply Superintendent, on premises, or BING & BING, 119 West 40th St

STRICTLY **MILANO** FIREPROOF.

125-27 West 58th St.; 7 large rooms and bath; extra maids' room and bath; all improvements; for lease now or October 1st; $1,500-$1,700.

Broadway **REMCO** 98th Street.

Washington and Jefferson,

318-328 West 51st.—Attractive apartments 5, 6, and 7 large, light rooms; all modern improvements. Premises, or Waldron & Freedman, 489 5th Av.

CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SOUTHFIELD POINT

Directly on the Sound, Stamford, Conn.

CLUB INN Opens June 20th.

English stucco cottage, near beach, ten rooms, three baths; for sale. Will rent furnished and apply rent on purchase price. *AUTOMOBILE ROUTE, Boston Post Road to Stamford; follow signs at Stamford to Southfield Point.* Thomas J. Good, 505 Fifth Ave.

SHIPPAN POINT. **Shippan Point,** STAMFORD, CONN.

A NUMBER OF CHOICE LOTS ON AND NEAR THE SHORE at BARGAIN PRICES; easy terms.

Salesmen on the property at company's office, Shippan Point, every day or address the ATLANTIC REALTY CO., (General Office), 56 Park Row, Stamford, Conn. Send for Booklet C.

SHIPPAN POINT. **Stamford, Conn.**

For Sale—A cosey new brick and shingle eight-room house; all appointments; VERY ATTRACTIVE; price $6,500; a bargain; easy terms; privilege to beach and tennis courts, only 300 feet away; Sound view; Address DRAWER "R," Greenwich, Conn.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

5TH AVENUE LOFT TO LET

Top Loft in Cammeyer Branch Building,

381 5TH AVE.

Apply CAMMEYER, 6th Ave. & 20th St., OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

Broadway Corner Store to Rent

Facing Times Square. Moderate Rent

W. ULRICH, 1572 Broadway. Phone 5914.

512 West 42nd St.

Opposite Park & Tilford's Headquarters. Very LARGE STORE with unlimited fireproof cellar room. Suitable wholesale grocery, plumbing, importing or similar lines. Moderate rent. Apply Renting Office, 567 10th Ave. Tel. Bryant 3215.

109 Broad St.

Large first floor in office building. Separate entrance. Suitable for shipping or produce business, &c. Will partition to suit. Reasonable rent. Inquire premises, Telephone 4143 Broad, or Renting Office, 567 10th Ave.

412 EIGHTH AVENUE, 31ST ST.

At Penn. Station, new building, 83x100; elevator, heat, electricity; store and basement, 3,700 square feet, $3,000; 8 large, light offices or lofts, 1,100 square feet, each $50 month. Apply your broker, or on premises, S. Niewenhous, Inc.

39 EAST 19TH ST. DESIRABLE LOFTS.

Exceptionally well lighted; fine business location.

INNES & CENTER, 30-32 EAST 20TH.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

ASTOR HOUSES,

ONLY TWO LEFT

26 WEST 130TH ST.

Beautifully decorated and with their spacious rooms

FRONT PORCHES, LAWNS, &c., are worth investigating; reasonable rents.

AGENT ON PREMISES, OR ROBERT LEVERS, 376 LENOX AV.

123 EAST 30TH ST.

Very attractive four-story high stoop dwelling. Excellent residential and central location.

Innes & Center, 30-32 East 20th St.

A Number of Elegant

PRIVATE DWELLINGS

For Rent on the WEST SIDE, $1,200 TO $3,000.

Broadway **REMCO** 98th Street.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

An Unusual Opportunity Is Offered on the Following Apartments, Giving Immediate Possession.

8 Rooms & 2 Baths and 10 & 12 Rooms, 3 & 4 Baths.

IN THE COLOSSEUM

South Corner 116th St. and Riverside Drive.

5, 6, 7 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths,

IN THE REGNOR

601 W. 115th St., Cor. B'way.

5, 6, 7 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths

IN THE MENTONE

895 West End Av., cor. 104th St

3-4-5 & 6 Rooms and Baths

IN THE LUCANIA

235 W. 71st, near B'way.

4, 5 Rooms & Baths

IN THE LUXONIA

305 W. 72d St., nr. W. End Av.

Also Doctor's Office on ground floor.

PATERNO BROS., INC., JOS. PATERNO, Pres. Office, 601 West 115th St.

BRENTMORE

69th St. & Central Park West.

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF APARTMENTS OF

7 Rooms & 2 Baths, $2,250 & $2,500

9 Rooms & 3 Baths, $4,000.

Extra large rooms, ample closets. To Lease from October 1.

Immediate possession can be arranged. Apply to Supt. on premises, or BING & BING, 119 West 40th St.

THE ADRIAN, 58 West 72d.

Eight large, light rooms, bath; butler's pantry; parquet floors, electric light, elevator service; day and night; convenient Subway elevated station, and all surface lines. $1,200-$1,300. Inquire Superintendent.

THE AYLSMERE, 60 West 76th.

Seven large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; 2 elevators; night and day passenger service; steam dryer; convenient all traction lines; $1,200-$1,800. Supt., on premises.

West Side.

Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.

BRADLEY COURT, S. E. COR. BROADWAY AT 165TH ST.

Leases Now Being Made From Oct. 1

NEW Fireproof Building Overlooking Hudson

FINEST APARTMENT HOUSE ON HEIGHTS

6-7-9 ROOMS 2 & 3 Baths.

All rooms outside and large. $1,000 to $1,800.

Bert G. Faulhaber & Co., B'way & 156th St. or Supt. on Premises.

BARGAIN

Will sublet coolest apartment on Washington Heights for which I pay $55 a month for $40. Five large rooms, overlooking Hudson; elevator, telephone; all modern conveniences. GRENIER; 717 West 177th St.

$50 $35 CORNER ELEVATOR APARTMENTS

Five rooms, unusually large and light; rents reduced from $50 to $35. Also 4 and 6 rooms at reduced rates. Every modern convenience. 3 blocks to Subway. Owner on premises.

TONSBURG COURT Phone Audubon 560. 470 West 166th St.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

MALVERN HALL Gramercy Park. Studio Apartments.

Very desirable apartments; two rooms and bath, with maid service; facing the park. INNES & CENTER, 30-32 East 20th St.

Real Estate

Thirty cents a line.

Manhattan—For Sale.

Rare opportunity in centre of New York shopping district, 5-story building and basement; newly renovated from top to bottom; price $125,000; already leased for 19 years; 4 years at $8,500; 15 years at $9,000; tenant does repairs; carries 4 per cent. $45,000 mortgage. Address Owner, PARK, 105 Maple Place, Cranford, N. J.

At Less than Assessment.—Executor's sale, two-family house, 235 East 62d St. See R. M. De LEEUW & CO., 15 Broad St.

Bronx—For Sale or to Let.

50x100, 3d Av., between 141st and 144th Sts. with building; must be sold. F 228 Times Downtown.

Queens—For Sale or to Let.

A Rare Opportunity.—For $7 a month, will sacrifice two well located, full size lots at Jamaica, L. I.; one block from trolley; in fine neighborhood; elegant investment, or good location to build any time; will sell for, below value, $350 each; would like little cash. Reiss, 171 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or to Let.

Sacrifice lot, Westerleigh, Staten Island. L. N. Rosenbaum, Owner, 80 Wall St.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

In the country, near the city, fine new stucco house, 11 rooms, 3 baths; steam heat, electric light, gas, sun parlor, &c.; high ground; plot 107x150; near Siwanoy Club and Gramatan Hotel; will rent to desirable parties, furnished or unfurnished, for Summer or by year. Address at once

Mrs. M. L. MUHLEMAN, Pronxville, N. Y.

Chappaqua.—

Country Property

Thirty cents a line.

To Let—Furnished.

For Rent.—Houseboat 110 ft. long, 17 ft. wide; 8 rooms, 2 baths; awning over entire boat; completely furnished; rent very reasonable owing to lateness of season. Write Mrs. K. W. Newell, 29 South Mountain Av., Montclair, N. J.

EDGEMERE, LONG ISLAND.
TO LET, furnished, for Summer, cottage six rooms and bath; open fireplace, all improvements; ocean bathing; bay fishing, boating; 35 minutes uptown or downtown N. Y. Address G. B. Mawson, Summit, N. J.

Furnished bungalows of three rooms at Oakwood Beach, Staten Island, $100 season; bungalow sites for sale; commutation, $5.25; forty-five minutes from Battery. Address Fox, Oakwood, S. I., or phone Orchard 3767.

At Park Hill — A large, 12-room furnished house for Summer or longer term; two large porches; 500 feet elevation. For particulars write or see W. H. Brodt, 546 South Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y.

Rockaway Park.—For rent, furnished, new house, ten rooms; seven are sleeping rooms; situated 97 1st Av., half block from ocean, four blocks from station. J. Naughton, 153 East 53d. Phone Plaza 2100.

FOREST HILLS, L. I.
10-room house, two baths; rent, furnished, July, Aug.; fine shade; five minutes' walk to West Side Tennis Club. E. G. Trowbridge, 68 Groton St.

Fire Island, between ocean and Great South Bay; eight-room furnished cottage; most delightful and restful spot on this coast. Islyian, 350 Madison Av. 5892 Murray Hill.

To Rent.—Summer cottage in Barrington, R. I., near the river, furnished; rent reasonable. F. C. Mathewson, Barrington, R. I.

ASBURY PARK, ALLENHURST, DEAL.
Furnished cottages for rent.
W. C. Burroughs, Asbury Park, N. J.

Rockaway Park, owner's cottage, furnished; ten rooms; immediate possession; close to ocean; rent, $750 season. Phone 4571 Beekman.

Attractive furnished house near Sound, New Rochelle, $125 season; bargain. Y 370 Times Annex.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av.
1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS
Dishes, cooking utensils, and silver.

FINE COOL ROOF GARDEN NOW READY.
Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service near "L" and Subway; references; special rates on lease.

VAN DYCK & SEVERN,
Broadway, 72d and 73d Sts.
Furnished apartments,
6, 8, and 9 rooms,
2 and 3 baths.
Possession at once. Summer rates.
See Manager, 175 West 72d St.
Telephone Columbus 5547.

Riverside Drive, Near 116th St.—Attractive front apartment overlooking river; delightfully cool; seven rooms, two baths; will sublet for Summer fully furnished, silver and linen included; terms reasonable. Apply Room 1,012, 47 West 34th St. Tel. Greeley 8080.

HARPERLEY HALL, 1 WEST 64TH ST.
Fifth floor, overlooking Central Park, two light, sunny, beautifully furnished rooms and bath; kitchenette; including refrigeration; $100 monthly to October. See Superintendent. Phone 8500 Columbus.

To sublet for Summer, furnished elevator apartment on Riverside Drive, near 83d St., 7th floor, 9 rooms and bath, all light. Phone 4320 Schuyler or write A. C. L., 112 Riverside Drive.

Broadway corner apartment, 7 outside rooms, handsomely furnished; high-class elevator building; $85 till Oct. 1; or will rent 2-room and bath suite facing Broadway. Fanning, 251 West 87st St.

127th St., West, (near Drive.)—Five light rooms, facing street; will sublet, unfurnished or furnished, reasonable. W. Ulrich, 1,672 Broadway, cor 47th St. Phone 5974 Bryant.

Summer sacrifice, only $28, attractively furnished 4-room apartment, near Washington Square; immediate possession. Particulars, Lelands, 40 West 33d St.

89th, 52 West.—2 rooms and bath; extension room; 8 windows; easterly, westerly, southerly exposure; delightfully cool; electricity, telephone extension; immediate possession.

Will sublet for Summer completely furnished 3 rooms and bath; $30 to desirable tenant. 601 West 164th St., Apartment 53. 'Phone evening 4720 Audubon.

Cool elevator apartment for Summer; two rooms, bath, kitchenette; windows east, west, south. Pasadena, 10 West 61st. Hart.

112TH, 508 WEST.—Charming, cool apartment; 5 rooms; will sell furniture and transfer lease.

Corner apartment, 6 outside rooms; beautifully furnished. 49 Claremont Av., corner 119th St.

96th, 319 West.—Riverside; overlooking Hudson; elevator apartment; 5 cool outside rooms; piano; $55.

Four rooms, kitchenette, bath; beautiful view; near Columbia. Bosworth, 420 West 119th.

78th St., 250 West, (Corner Broadway.)—Apartment, 4 rooms and bath, facing Broadway.

136th, 614 West, (Riverside.)—Six rooms, front; linen, silver; sacrifice $38. Jones.

East Side.

To let for the Summer, attractive furnished suite at less than half regular rate; immediate occupancy.
THE LORRAINE, 2 East 45th St.

To let for the Summer months, room with bath at greatly reduced rate.
THE LORRAINE, 2 East 45th St.

Apartments Wanted—Furnished

Thirty cents a line.

Wanted.—Small, furnished apartment, Riverside Drive, for 30 days; must be reasonable. Call, before 11, Mr. and Mrs. Roy Crawford, Navarre Hotel.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

Studio apartment, delightfully cool; attractively furnished; 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; electricity, telephone; possession June. 62 South Washington Square.

Elevator apartments at flat house rents; 4-6 light, beautiful rooms; electricity, telephone; continuous service. Manitou, 221 West 141st St. (7th Av.)

138th St., 625 West, (near Riverside Drive.) 5 and 6 rooms, parquet floors, electric light and telephone; extra large rooms; rent very moderate.

Corner apartments, 5 rooms, all improvements, $28-$25. Inquire 201 West 123d St., corner 7th Av., or Robert Levera, 376 Lenox Av.

121st, 420 West, corner Amsterdam Av.—"Pirza Mawr" elevator apartments, 6 and 7 rooms; very reasonable rents; concessions.

124th, 542 West.—"Florentine" elevator apartments, 4-5 rooms; rents $32-$40; electric light, telephone, all improvements.

Columbus Av., 973, (near 108th St.)—Four rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water; newly decorated; very desirable; $19.

26 WEST 43RD ST.
Apartment 1-2-3 rooms and bath.
Apply D. R. Jamieson, 500 5th Av.

Historic Hall, 960 St. Nicholas Av., at 156th St.; 4-5 outside rooms, overlooking Park; reduced rents; elevator, telephone.

Manhattan Av., 26.—Eight exceptionally attractive rooms and bath; very light; steam heat and hot water; $41.

5 West 16th St.—Skylight studios, bachelor apartments; service, 'phone, electricity; $40 to $60 monthly.

133d St., 525 West.—4 and 5 large, light rooms and bath; newly decorated; hot water supply; $21-$16.

Anthony Av., 1,911.—4, 5, and 6 large, light rooms and bath; all improvements; $22-$33.

57a Amsterdam Av.—Four large, light rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water; $25.

139th St., 515 West.—Five and six room apartment; $35 to $45; concessions.

East Side.

Madison Av., 1,787, (near 118th St.)—Seven rooms, bath; steam heat and hot water; $31.

Madison Av., 1,765.—Six large, light rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water; $21.

124th St., 314 East.—Seven large, light rooms and bath; heat, &c.; newly decorated; $26

124th, 104 East.—Seven large, light rooms and bath; newly decorated; rent $20.

Jersey City.

Elegant, modern upper apartment; two-family brick house; parquet floors; newly decorated; six rooms, tiled bath; separate entrance; private porch; rent, $35. 3254 Boulevard, near Carlton Av.

Storage.

Thirty cents a line.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 43th. Telephone 2967 Bryant.

ANSONIA STORAGE CO.
Moving, packing, and shipping; automobile vans for long-distance moving; let us estimate. Send postal 187-189 West 69th St., or telephone 3053 or 3054 Riverside.

Country Board.

Twenty cents a line.

Westchester County.

BUSINESS WOMAN desiring to commute can find ideal home, $12.50 weekly, by communicating with Y 366 Times.

Tuckahoe, N. Y.; private family; everything desirable. Telephone 87-W. Mrs. Foote.

Long Island.

Private cottage; exceptional Summer home; best residential section; five minutes' walk to beach; same distance to Edgemere Station; all modern improvements; excellent table service; special season rates. Address "Brackenridge," Atlantic Av., corner Cedar Av. Telephone 596 Far Rockaway.

EUREKA HOUSE—S. TALLEY, PROP.
CEDAR AVENUE—FAR ROCKAWAY.
Perfect home; spacious grounds; table best; boating, fishing. Refined people only. Moderate terms.

BEACHHURST.—Modern residence, on shore; cool rooms; bathing, boating, fishing, lawn tennis; excellent table. The Whitehouse, Beachhurst, L. I.

Nice rooms; first-class board; fine location; block from train or trolley; moderate. 27 Jagger Av., Flushing, L. I.

New York State.

CHESTNUT GROVE, BLOOMINGBURG, N. Y.
Small, select house; high location; beautiful view; accommodations for automobiles and horses; good motoring, boating, fishing, tennis; $10 to $15 per week; references required. Address Box 185.

MRS. G. G. STILLWEL, BLOOMINGBURG, N. Y.

ADIRONDACK MOUNTAINS,
MAPLE LODGE,
Blue Mountain Lake,
Adirondacks, N. Y.
Bungalows and cottages to rent; high-class cuisine; golf, tennis, and all Adirondack attractions. Mrs. A. Goldman, until June 15, 616 West 114th St. Phone Morningside 5043.

BOVINA.—Private and quiet Summer boarding place for four persons who enjoy fine scenery; high altitude; bathing, fishing, &c. Address Ward Baker, Bovina Centre, Delaware County, N. Y.

In Catskill Mts.—Couple, owner of beautiful home, modern, large porch, private grounds, home comforts, will accommodate 6 adults from June to September. Please address Mrs. S. Leschziner, Pine Hill, N. Y.

PLEASANT VIEW HOUSE, Dover Plains, Dutchess County, N. Y.; 100-acre farm; excellent board; all improvements; $3-$9. Kayser, 520 West 122d St.

New Jersey.

Attractive, large rooms; modern conveniences; very high altitude; station conveyance; 42 minutes Lackawanna Road; $12 week. W. H. Mears, Murray Hill, N. J., (adjoining Summit.)

East Orange.—Parties desiring cool, quiet home, good board, will find same at 181 South Burnett St. Modern house, shady grounds; seven minutes to station.

THE CEDARS.
112 Madison Av., Spring Lake, N. J.—May to December; room, single, en suite; bath; exceptional table; write for reservation.

Boys find good board, kind treatment, careful supervision, thorough help in studies, in country parsonage. "D. D." Times.

HEALTH AND REST in hills New Jersey; nurse's supervision. S. Straley, Newton.

New England.

Rosemary Cottage—Restful, homelike; select; convenient; cuisine Parisienne; week ends. Fairfield, Conn.

Country Board Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

YOUNG gentleman desires room and board in refined family or boarding house; young society, musical, good piano essential; commuting distance to city. T 26 Times.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

15TH, 210 EAST.—Newly renovated rooms; first floor; home cooking; telephone; references.

84TH ST., 117-119 EAST, (Near Park Av.)—Desirable single, double rooms; board.

53D, 37 EAST.—Large and small rooms; references; table board.

62D ST., 16 EAST.—Large and single rooms; half block Park; excellent table.

76TH, 82 EAST.—Cool rooms, singly or en suite; board optional; Summer rates.

West Side.

57TH AV., 46, (corner 11th.)—Desirable large, small rooms; excellent board; references.

16TH ST., 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Single, double rooms; Summer rates; references.

57TH, 411 WEST (THE LA GRANGE).—Special inducements during Summer months; double rooms, including board, $15; single, $7.50; excellent table.

58TH ST., 37 WEST.—Delightful cool rooms, private baths; table guests; accessible location.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Large room, one flight; private bath; electricity; Steinway piano; smaller room, bath adjoining; Southern cooking.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private bath; Southerners; telephone; reasonable.

71ST ST., 62 WEST.—LARGE ROOMS; PRIVATE BATHS; LAVATORY; SINGLE ROOMS; MEALS OPTIONAL.

72D ST., 117 WEST.—Large, small rooms, with board; reasonable.

73D, 136 WEST.—Exceptionally cool single, double rooms; refined environment; Summer rates.

73D, 112 WEST.—Exceptionally, cool room, suitable 2 young men; reasonable; table board.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Medium-sized, cool front room; excellent table; table guests accommodated.

76TH ST., 127-129 WEST.—Exceptionally comfortable rooms; cool for Summer; excellent table.

76TH, 237-239 WEST.—Delightful large, small rooms; excellent table; Summer rates.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Medium, cool room; also suite, private bath; southern exposure; convenient.

78TH ST., 164 WEST.—Cool, large, small rooms; transients; Southerners; Summer rates; references.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.—Unusual and attractive "pensions," with large parlors, tearoom, and lounge; Southern cooking; white maid service; private telephone; booklet on request.

79TH, 121 WEST.—Room, with board; Summer rates; high grade.

80TH ST., 106-108-110 WEST, (Riverside Drive, Central Park.)—Cool, comfortable; a satisfactory home for refined people; new high-type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; advantageous rentals now.

82D ST., 174 WEST, (The Little House.)—Homelike; ideal Summer location; references; board optional.

82D ST., 55 WEST.—Large front room, adjoining bath; also medium room; reasonable.

86TH, 137 WEST.—Can accommodate one or two gentlemen or couple in a refined, exclusive home; easy access car lines; German-Jewish cuisine.

86TH, 28 WEST.—Large second-floor room; single room; meals; high-class.

87TH, 70 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; excellent table; refined neighborhood; Summer rates; references.

88TH, 261 WEST.—Large and small rooms; excellent table; table guests; references.

93D, 29 AND 31 WEST—Large and small rooms; excellent table; parlor dining room; table guests.

94TH, 10 WEST.—Large, small rooms, with board; near Park; telephone; references.

96TH, 54 WEST, (Near Central Park.)—Large and small rooms; terms moderate.

118TH ST., 560 WEST.—Large room, with or without private bath; excellent cuisine; reasonable.

114TH ST., 526 WEST.—Attractively situated large, single room; table guests; Summer rates.

122D, 520 WEST.—Large, small rooms, separate, together; conveniences; excellent table. Kerker.

140TH ST., 455 WEST.—Desirable Summer location; large room; private bath; electricity; reference.

161ST, 551 WEST.—Two large rooms with bath; telephone; excellent table board.

ALLIANCE HOTEL, 258-260 West 44th, offers comfortably furnished rooms and board, moderate prices; quiet place for quiet people; special rate to permanent guests.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (94th St.)—Spacious front suite, private bath; married couple or gentleman; board optional. Phone Mrs. Clark, Riverside 3287.

"ROCKHURST."—Country in city limits; high, cool, shady piazzas; grounds; Country Club opposite; (Tel.) Lesley, Spuyten Duyvil.

THE WOODBURY, 555 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, two blocks north 157th Subway; country house; wonderful grounds. Audubon 4412.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

17TH, 130 EAST.—Desirable, well furnished rooms, en suite or single; transients.

21ST ST., 187 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Single, en suite; private baths; breakfast in rooms.

36TH ST., 38 EAST.—Newly furnished; all conveniences; reasonable; Summer rates; references.

42D ST., 130 EAST.—In private family; beautifully furnished room for business lady or gentleman; connecting bath; separate entrance; near Grand Central; $5; references. Gammond's bell.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Nicely furnished rooms; select house; Summer rates; bath; breakfast optional; telephone.

60TH, 41 EAST—Large, small rooms; all modern improvements; for gentlemen only.

59TH ST., 129 EAST.—Light rooms, bath, quiet, respectable; gentlemen; $3 week. Stevens.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Exceptionally cool, large, small rooms; private bath. Gramercy 1978.

IRVING PLACE, 14. — Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

MADISON AV., 71.—Large and small rooms; breakfast if desired; references exhanged.

West Side.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming suite; single; transit facilities unsurpassed; electricity; references.

9TH, 41 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; private baths; Summer rates. Telephone 1321 Stuyvesant.

18TH, 121 WEST.—Newly furnished; refined location; running water; small, large; housekeeping.

25TH ST., 18 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; running water, steam, electric light, telephone, elevator; full hotel service; use adjoining bath; $7, $8, $9 week; one or two persons; rooms and suites with private bath, $10 week up; meals, $8, $9 week; inspection invited; best value in New York.

36TH, 40 WEST.—Comfortable hall rooms; running water, bath; $4.50-$4; gentlemen.

46TH, 28 WEST.—Large room; private bath; also small rooms.

47TH ST., 31 WEST.—Large, fine room; private bath; electricity, elevator, telephone; select.

47TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large, fine single front room; running water; telephone; reasonable; select.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Rooms, large, single; private baths; board optional. 4588 Bryant.

52D ST., 55 WEST.—Small room; hot and cold running water; also medium-sized room; electricity; telephone; gentleman; references.

53D, 62 WEST.—Large, cool, airy room; private bath; small room; reasonable.

55TH ST., 251 WEST.—Admirably appointed large and small, cool rooms; every modern convenience; telephone; moderate terms.

55TH ST., 103 WEST.—Attractive, airy rooms in refined surroundings; $4-$6. Tappan.

57TH, 158 WEST.—Parlor to let by week or hour, suitable for dancing studio; Summer rates. Tel. 271 Columbus.

58TH ST., 322 WEST.—Light, cool, large and small rooms; refined home.

60TH, 22 WEST.—The New York. Phone 10241 Columbus. Hot water every room; electric lights; restaurant; tailor, barber; hotel service; Subway and "L" half a block; $3 to $10.50 per week; $1 per day.

63D, 105 WEST—Well furnished front room, bath, telephone, very moderate; reference.

69TH, 50 WEST.—Connecting rooms; private bath; large single rooms; modern conveniences; gentlemen.

70TH, 134 WEST.—large, beautiful room; private bath; comfortable; Summer rates; reference.

70TH ST., 109 WEST.—Room; all conveniences; private, refined home; investigate. Floor low stoop.

71ST ST., 808 WEST.—Select front room, adjoining bath; suitable two; $6. 9987 Columbus.

71ST, 71 WEST.—Parlor floor, private bathroom; doctor; other rooms; newly furnished.

71ST ST., 163 WEST.—One large furnished room; also one small; private house.

72D ST., 268 WEST.—Back parlor; private bath; kitchenette; front parlor; other rooms.

73D ST.—Private family desires to rent room to business gentleman. L 22 Times Annex.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Large rooms; private bath; also single rooms; reasonable; references.

75TH, 102 WEST.—Two large, adjoining rooms; just refurnished; modern apartment; Summer rates. Apartment 25; cool rooms.

76TH, 244 WEST.—Cool, attractive rooms; Summer rates; private house; references.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Cool, attractive rooms, one with private bath; suitable physician.

76TH, 174 WEST.—Five rooms, kitchenette; board optional.

77TH ST., 301 WEST.—Large, light, newly furnished rooms, single and double; convenient Subway; breakfast. Tel. 9959 Schuyler.

77TH, 123 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished, large second floor, front; smaller room; reasonable.

77TH, 160 WEST.—Large, cool room; twin beds; conveniences; Summer rates.

78TH, 214 WEST.—Exceptional accommodations, with or without private bath; gentlemen; phone.

78TH, 208 WEST.—Nice small, large rooms; Summer rates.

79TH ST., 213 WEST.—Delightful, large room; private bath; housekeeping privileges; also small room; Subway; Summer rates; references.

80TH, 104 WEST.—Large, exceptionally cool front room; modern conveniences; Summer rates.

80TH, 144 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath; telephone; private house; convenient location.

80TH, 150 WEST, (Apartment 8C.)—Pleasant, airy room; bath, electricity, elevator; references.

80TH, 132 WEST—Large, airy room with bath; Summer rates; private house.

81ST ST., 135 WEST.—Large, cool, roomy, attractively furnished; private bath; piano, Aeolian; 2 months, Summer rates; small rooms.

81ST, 147 WEST.—Large, airy, attractively furnished rooms; special Summer rates; references.

81ST, 129 WEST.—Large room, private bath and others; telephone; extremely moderate.

82D, 56 WEST.—Desirable cool rooms; private bath; convenient; desirable neighborhood; references.

82D ST., 152 WEST.—Exceptionally cool, light room; running water; Summer rates; telephone.

82D, 80 WEST.—Well-furnished large, single room; bath; telephone; $3.50. Anderson.

82D ST., 124 W.—Summer rates; large room, private bath; also small room.

83D, 219 WEST.—Two newly decorated front rooms; kitchen privileges; smaller rooms. Lane.

84TH, 45 WEST.—Attractive rooms, large, medium; private bath; select neighborhood; breakfast; telephone.

84TH, 260 WEST.—Exceptionally cool, large, front room, facing Broadway; telephone; references. Barton.

84TH, 29 WEST.—Attractive, cool room; quiet apt; moderate; phone; references. Ochs.

87TH, 209 WEST.—Connecting rooms, for gentlemen; running water; conveniences; private family; board optional; Subway, "L;" reasonable. Ehrenzweig.

89TH ST., 276 WEST.—Delightfully cool, comfortable, large, small rooms; electricity, shower; all conveniences.

89TH, 318 WEST, (Riverside.)—Exceptionally cool rooms; single, en suite; electricity; select. Riverside 4139.

92D, 46 WEST.—Just opened, newly furnished house, near Park; room en suite, private bath; separate; $3.50-$10; telephone.

93D ST., 157 WEST.—Room for gentleman; reasonable; convenient Subway, "L;" private family; references.

93D, 39 WEST.—Furnished rooms, light, airy, with or without meals. Bendix.

94TH, 20 WEST.—Attractive rooms, back parlor; private bath; Summer rates; references.

97TH ST., 200 WEST, (5D.)—Exceptional rooms; single, connecting; elevator apartment; Summer rates.

97TH, 158 WEST.—Large, front room; all conveniences. Phone 7296 Riverside.

98TH, 254 WEST.—Desirable, cool suite; bath; also large room for two gentlemen, adjoining bath; select neighborhood; reasonable. Apt. 7.

99TH, 243 WEST.—Handsome, large, cool room, facing Broadway; running water; breakfast optional; very reasonable. Apartment 6 East.

102D, 202 WEST.—Front room; one or two; near bath; reasonable. Feltges.

112TH, 504 WEST.—Delightfully cool outside room; elevator apartment; Summer rates. Dolaro.

113TH ST., 301 WEST.—Large, beautiful room; near Riverside; convenient Subway. Mathison.

114TH, 328 WEST.—Charming, cool rooms; private house; all conveniences.

115TH, 415 WEST.—2 cool, clean rooms, adjoining bath; private apartment; gentlemen. Hallman.

119TH ST., 419 WEST.—Cool single rooms; Summer rates; showers; electricity. Apt. 2A.

Furnished Rooms.

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

119TH, 121 WEST.—Elegant parlor, private bath, telephone; refined home; desirable neighborhood.

121ST, 170 WEST.—Cool corner, four windows; telephone; $5-$4. Hungerford.

121ST ST., 147 WEST.—Large back room; all conveniences; private house.

122D, 523 WEST.—Cozy room, private bath, $5.50, single, (double,) $8 up. Sherman.

124TH, 63 WEST.—Subway; large and small rooms; $3.50-$4; running water; electricity.

129TH, 4 WEST.—Cool, large, airy rooms, all outside; near bath; moderate. Maguire.

130TH, 156 WEST.—Two-window room; running water; $3.50; gentleman; references; owner.

137TH ST. WEST, 611,
Elegantly furnished rooms, single, suites; private baths; overlooking Hudson; special rates for Summer; with or without board. Call Apartment 81.

137TH ST. and Riverside Drive, (Corner.)—Two extra large bedrooms and bath; no other roomers; Subway station; $6 and $7; kitchen privileges. Phone 3260 Audubon.

141ST, 605 WEST.—Exceptionally pleasant front room; elevator; private family; reasonable. Brown.

158TH, 634 WEST.—Beautiful, cool, 2-room suite; overlooking Riverside; handsome furnishings; lavatory, bath, electricity; private residence; gentlemen; reference; attractive Summer terms. Phone 4397 Audubon.

ALLERTON HOUSE, 300 WEST 22D ST.
(For Bachelors Only.)
Hotel and club conveniences at rooming house prices; new fireproof building; elevator, hot and cold running water in every room; tub and shower baths; all outside rooms; single rooms, $4 to $7 weekly; rooms for two, $8 to $8.50 weekly each.

ATTRACTIVELY furnished light housekeeping 2 rooms; refined private residence; 449 West 23d, (London Terrace;) clean, cool, quiet; abundant hot water; telephone; electric lights; reasonable.

CLAREMONT AV., 49 (119th St. West).—Large outside rooms, beautifully furnished.

COOL, COMFORTABLE ROOMS.
Front, $4, $8; suite, $10; select house, 350 West 22d St.

MOUNT HOPE PLACE, 66, Between 176th-177th, Near Tiemont.—Large, light, furnished room in private house, with board, $6.50.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 552, (6F.)—Attractive, large front room; breakfast optional. Phone 9576-W Morningside.

WEST END, 611.—Delightful front room; electricity, running water; private family; small room; Summer rates; 91st St. Subway; references.

Brooklyn.

CLUB BUILDING FOR YOUNG MEN.
Finely furnished rooms; electric light, marble baths, elevator, steam heat; dining room; 12 minutes from City Hall, 20 from Union Square; club privileges include gymnasium, swimming pool, shower baths, billiard room, tennis court; rents $2.50 to $4 per week. Eastern District Y. M. C. A., Marcy Av. and Broadway, Brooklyn. Phone 8800 Williamsburg.

54TH ST., 1,320.—Large, light rooms, detached house; bath, running water; station 200 feet; breakfast if desired. Fraser.

Rooms Wanted—Furnished

Twenty cents a line.

WANTED.—By Japanese student, room and supper near 181st St., Broadway. Address with terms, Takei, 575 West 183d.

SITTING ROOM, two bedrooms, bath; 40s, Madison, 6th Avs.; particulars. Responsible, T 18 Times.

TWO GENTLEMEN desire two bedrooms and bath; state price. T 30 Times.

Help Wanted Female

Twenty cents a line.

AWNING OPERATORS.—Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, require a number of experienced awning operators. Apply at Upholstery Workrooms, fifth floor.

DESIGNER, EXPERIENCED ON LADIES' SILK UNDERWEAR; VERY GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT PARTY. BOX 125, 352 6TH AV.

DESIGNER
and draughtsman on juvenile washable clothing. Address, stating experience and salary desired, M. P., 159 Times Downtown.

LIGHT HOUSEWORK, half time, or lady's maid, Walton, 2,168 6th Av.

MODELS.—A desirable position as dress model in fitting department for a young woman with good figure measuring 36 bust. Apply to P. C. Sieger, Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York.

NURSE GIRL.—Young lady wanted as nurse to take care of three-year-old child; a good home for the right party. M. H. Finkelstein, 500 West 144th St.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty cents a line.

BOOKKEEPER; must be well qualified and recommended; hours 7 to 6:30; $15 to start. 41 Vesey St.

BRIGHT young man, about 17 years old, in office of a large wholesale paper house; must come well recommended; good opportunity for advancement to one looking to his future welfare; salary, $5 weekly to commence. Address Paper, F 248 Times Downtown.

COLLEGE GRADUATES WANTED TO LEARN CLOTHING MANUFACTURING BUSINESS TO TRAIN FOR POSITIONS AS EXECUTIVE HEADS IN THE SECOND LARGEST COMPANY IN AMERICA; WILL SEE APPLICANTS ON FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, JUNE 12 AND 13, AT THE WALDORF-ASTORIA. APPLY TO MR. PHELPS FIELDS OF HENRY SONNEBERN & CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

ELECTRICAL helpers, wiremen wanted. Apply Fisher, Ebbetts Field Ball Grounds, Bedford Av., Brooklyn, Thursday, to-day, 9 A. M.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF AN EXPERIENCED
MARKER
FOR THEIR
SHIPPING DEPARTMENT.
Apply at Employment Office, Fifth Floor, 32d St. side.

LAUNCHMAN, electric, for Seaside Hospital, New Dorp; experienced, reliable; $40 a month and keep. Apply Room 415, 103 Park Av., New York.

MANAGER FOR
CLOTHING DEPT.,
in our new store,
265-267 Broadway.
Apply Thursday, 11 June,
10 to 11 A. M., at
Broadway, cor 29th St.
WALLACH BROS.

MEN of good appearance and address wanted to sell subscriptions to well-known financial paper in downtown New York on liberal commission basis. Address Z 204 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Haberdashery salesman with thorough knowledge of all allied lines; one who knows how to turn over stock rapidly and who is looking for a salaried position with big chance for promotion. Apply with references, 5 o'clock tonight, Army and Navy Co-operative Co., 28 West 58th.

SALESMEN, preferably with some experience on reference publications, should investigate the selling plan on Winston's Cumulative Encyclopedia; highest commissions; sales exceeding previous records. Mr. Mansfield, 39 East 42d.

SALESMAN EXPERIENCED IN KIMONOS AND NEGLIGEE, NEW ENGLAND AND MIDDLE WEST; COMMISSION; GOOD OPPORTUNITY RIGHT PARTY. SALIM SHOSHEF, 161-163 WEST 19TH ST.

SALESMAN wanted by a cardboard jobbing house; one acquainted with the printing, stationery, and lithographing trade; salary or commission. Apply by letter, F 247 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Wanted, salesman to handle as a side line the latest fads in ladies' laundered collars; commission; write for particulars. Box L 201 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, experienced, for underwear and negligees lines; mention references, age, territory; commission. L 31 Times.

SALESMAN.—Hardware salesman with 3 to 5 years' experience; give copy of references and salary required. H. R., P. O. Box 1,095, Hartford, Conn.

SALESMAN.—Experienced photo engraving salesman; give age, experience, and references; salary. Box Y 372 Times Annex.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Female.

ACCOUNTANT, stenographer, typewriter seeks position as secretary or office manager. L 1 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant, typist; knowledge of stenography, (17;) bright beginner; well recommended; willing to start for $5. E. 117 East Houston. Phone 8276 Orchard.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, bright, active, well qualified; $6. X., 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced double entry, trial balances, statements, reports; references; bond. S 134 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; several years' experience; open, close accounts; credentials. D. D., Times Harlem.

CHAMBERMAID.—Girl wishes position in Catholic rectory as chambermaid and waitress; city or country; good references. T 15 Times.

CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Lady wishes situation for her chambermaid and waitress. Apply 72 East 55th St.

CLERK.—Knowledge of bookkeeping, operates typewriter, thoroughly familiar with all office routine, desires permanent position. F 214 Times Downtown.

COMPANION.—Middle-aged lady; experienced traveler; fine seamstress. N 22 Times.

EXPERT typist wants typewriting work; accurate and prompt. 81, 529 W. 135th St.

GOVERNESS.—A young French lady wishes position as governess; speaks German perfectly; elementary music; little English. T 11 Times.

GOVERNESS.—By July 1, inexperienced, but kind, willing, and helpful; good education; age 23. S, 2,110 Magee Av.

HOUSEKEEPER.—French middle-aged lady desires situation housekeeper or light housework, one, two persons. Louise, care Leecki, 424 7th Av.

MASSEUSE.—Graduate of Stockholm, with hospital experience, wishes to care for an invalid lady; kind and patient; highest reference. Djerf, 242 East 80th St.

MOTHER'S ASSISTANT.—Refined young woman of 20 wishes care of child of three or older; references. T 16 Times.

NURSE.—Graduate, well known among leading New York physicians, desires case; country; specialty children. T 19 Times.

NURSE. — Infant's, child's; long experience; best references. S 171 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Familiar typewriting, filing, office routine; $8. references. F 226 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Neat appearing American girl; 3 years real estate experience; versed up-to-date methods; good mathematician, grammarian; $10; references. E 363 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, corresponding secretary; 12 years' experience; thoroughly capable; dependable, energetic; first-class references; salary reasonable. F 230 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' real estate experience; 4 years' high school education; accurate, rapid transcriber; $8; references. E 372 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; 1 year's commercial experience; good speller, grammarian, mathematician; $6; reference. E 371 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, correspondent, highly educated; 6 years' experience; $15; age 28; references. Miss Benson, 411 West 128th st.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; takes any dictation; first class; intelligent; has no social engagements; $12. T 5 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, fully competent, hard worker, wishes position busy office. Lilian Mansfield, 605 Madison Av. Phone Plaza 1799.

STENOGRAPHER and ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Several years' experience; references; $14. F 241 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Businesslike, wide awake; good grammarian, speller; charge correspondence; $10-$12. L 174 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Graduate Girls High School; thoroughly competent; moderate salary. C. C., 127 Powell St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—One year's experience; transcribes accurately, quickly; highest references; $8. T 4 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, typewriter; neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 410 Grand St.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; excellent experience; neat, American; $10. Miss Gibson, E 376 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Willing; adaptable beginner; transcribes rapidly and correctly; $6. F 238 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly competent; business school graduate; hard worker; $6. F 232 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Seven years' experience; any standard machine; references; $15. E 385 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; bright, capable, American girl; beginner; $6; rapid. E 376 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, neat, accurate typist; high school education; $8. F 240 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Sensible; no clock watcher; accurate, quick; beginner; $6-$8. F. R., 168 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; familiar office routine; salary, $10. F 242 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; familiar filing, billing, &c.; $10. F 245 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Refined beginner, wishes position reliable firm; salary $6. F 246 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, clean cut, ambitious; four years' mercantile experience; $12. E 364 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Brainy, conscientious, confident; prove satisfactory; $8-$10. R. T., 186 Times.

TUTOR.—University student desires to travel in Europe this Summer; tutor in high-school subjects, Greek, Latin. Y 376 Times Annex.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Male.

A.—A.—A. — ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED; simplified systems installed, books opened, closed, audited, untangled, written up, investigations conducted, certified statements, &c., rendered; personal attention given to all matters; rates moderate. Louis Gross, 132 Nassau St. Tel. Beekman 2780.

A.—A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Installs simplified systems that give exact information required to intelligently plan the development of your business; audits, investigations, reports. Fleming, 35 Nassau St. Teleph

RICH MEN ARRESTED ON CHARGE OF FRAUD

S. M. Schatzkin and Dr. O. H. Albanisus Taken and J. H. Rudiger Sought.

INVESTOR THEIR ACCUSER

Asserts Defendants, Who Are Prominent In New Jersey, Deceived Him in Stock Deal.

On the complaint of Paul Edward Wisch, head of a private detective agency, warrants were issued Tuesday by Supreme Court Justice Philbin for the arrest of Solomon M. Schatzkin, Dr. Otto H. Albanisus and Joseph H. Rudiger, officials of the Realty and Commercial Company. Yesterday Mr. Schatzkin and Dr. Albanisus were arrested by Deputy Sheriffs McDonnell, Zeitner, and Samuel H. Harris, and were released on $10,000 bail each. The company itself, which was controlled by influential men of Bergen and Hudson Counties, New Jersey, also was made a defendant in the suit.

Mr. Wisch said that he held $14,000 worth of stock in the Phoenix Realty Company of New Jersey that paid him 8 per cent. He was satisfied with this investment and would not have thought of transferring it, he said, if the defendants, who also were interested in the Phoenix company, had not assured him that he could increase his income by exchanging his stock in the Phoenix company for stock in the Realty and Commercial Company. He says he accepted their advice and made the transfer. The defendants told him, Mr. Wisch asserted, that the Realty and Commercial Company owned apartment houses and business property worth $2,236,688 and that the stock was worth $10 a share.

Having made the exchange, Mr. Wisch alleged, he discovered that the Sheriff of Hudson County had sold 200 shares of the Realty and Commercial Company's stock for 50 cents a share in the Fall of 1913, and that Mr. Schatzkin, as Treasurer of the company, had reported to the State Controller on July 21, 1913, that it was worth only $1 a share. The complainant demands the return of $10,000 as the difference between the real value of the stock and what he paid for it.

Accompanying Mr. Wisch's complaint was an affidavit by Dr. William Krelle of 108 Palisade Avenue, Jersey City, to the effect that he had exchanged $10,000 worth of Phoenix stock for the same amount of Realty and Commercial stock and had later advanced to the company $2,000.

Mr. Wisch charged that the statement made to him that the stock of the Realty and Commercial Company was better than that of the Phoenix Company was false, and was made with the intention of deceiving him.

Mr. Schatzkin is Vice President and a Director of the Realty and Commercial Company, and he is also a Vice President of the Merchants' National Bank of Jersey City and a Director of the Commonwealth Trust Company and of the Burns Brothers' Coal Company.

Dr. Albanisus is a banker and the owner of the Orpheum Theatre in Jersey City. Other Directors of the Realty and Commercial Company are Robert A. Brunner, Vice President of the Bergen County Bank; Jacob Leitner, President of the New York and West New York Townsite Company; John M. Mock, Vice President of the International Motor Truck Company of Ellentown, Penn.; Emil Stohn, President of C. Stohn Sons, silk manufacturers, and President of the Merchants' National Bank of Jersey City.

Morris Hillquit is the Secretary and general counsel of the defendant company.

Mr. Rudiger will be arrested as soon as he can be found, but it was said yesterday that he probably would surrender himself to the Sheriff today.

AQUITANIA SETS RECORD.

3,429 Passengers Depart on the Cunard Line Giantess.

Beginning the last half of her maiden voyage, the Aquitania of the Cunard Line left yesterday morning for Liverpool, via Fishguard, with 3,429 passengers of all classes, which was said to be the largest number ever carried from this port on any steamship. There were 938 first class, 701 second class, and 2,030 steerage passengers.

The crush of visitors was estimated by Capt. D. J. Roberts, the Marine Superintendent, at 5,000, and the ship was detained twenty minutes before they were all off.

A tall, thin man with two suitcases exasperated the quartermasters at the gangway by continually going back to the pier and taking his baggage with him. Apparently his friends were sending him away for his health, and he did not wish to go. Finally he was forced back a fifth time just as the gangway was lowered.

An elderly woman stood by the gangway from 8:30 o'clock until the Aquitania sailed at 10:20, with a young woman from the Travelers' Aid Society. She told Edward Mallon, the pier detective, that she was looking for her husband, who had married her two years ago and had deserted her in Philadelphia after taking $5,000, all the money she possessed. She was the widow of a prosperous English farmer and had three children at school in England.

Lord Eversley, who came over on the Aquitania for the voyage, sailed again on the liner. He said the skyscrapers of New York as viewed from the harbor were "marvelous but atrocious."

Convention of Roumanian Jews.

The seventh annual convention of the Roumanian Jews of America will be held on June 27 and June 28 at the Hebrew Technical School for Girls, at Fifteen Street and Second Avenue, to discuss the advisability of using the funds of the organization for the erection of a home for convalescents near New York. There is enough money in the treasury now to start the work, and it is said that the Directors are in favor of immediate action.

QUERIES NEW HAVEN SUIT.

Bay State Official Wonders Why It Will Be Brought Here.

BOSTON, June 10.—The hearing today before the legislative committee considering the proposed separation of the Boston & Maine from the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad was devoted largely to discussion of details of a tentative bill to be submitted to the Legislature. Another public hearing is to be given next Friday, when, it is expected, Gov. Walsh will give his views on the subject.

Representative Washburn of Worcester, a member of the committee, offered a resolution that a representative of the Department of Justice be requested to come here to give the committee certain information. In executive session the committee voted five to five on the resolution and afterward agreed to let the matter rest until the next hearing.

The motion of Mr. Washburn was precipitated by a statement by Public Service Commissioner George W. Anderson in reply to an inquiry as to why the Federal Court in New York had been selected as the place to file the proposed dissolution suit. Mr. Anderson said that possibly the Administration in Washington suspected that the Federal Court of Massachusetts was not very drastic in the enforcement of the Sherman Anti-Trust law and pointed to the attitude of the court in the United Shoe Machinery case. Mr. Washburn declared that he was curious to know if the Administration feared that the Federal Court in Massachusetts would find the New Haven-Boston & Maine merger lawful.

A brief outlining the manner in which the Progressives would solve the railroad problem was presented to the committee by Senators Cox and Burbank. They urged the separation of the two systems, the purchase by the State of the stock of the Boston & Maine now held by the Boston Holding Company, and the election of a paid board of twelve Directors.

BRENTON A HYPNOTIST.

Former Wife Uses His Admission in Her Conspiracy Suit.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, June 10.—At the close of the cross-examination in the United States Court this afternoon of the Rev. Cranston Brenton of Yonkers, Attorney David E. Fitzgerald of New Haven, chief counsel for Brenton's divorced wife, Mrs. Elizabeth A. C. Holman of Waterville, Me., forced from the chief defendant in Mrs. Holman's $50,000 conspiracy suit that he was a hypnotist. Brenton, who was formerly a professor at Trinity College, admitted he had put a man to sleep at the college; that he had since studied hypnotism, and was much interested in the subject.

Dr. George B. Landers, who was an assistant at the Brattleboro asylum where Mrs. Holman alleges she was incarcerated by Brenton and Drs. Oliver C. Smith and Paul Waterman in 1912, was called as a witness today by the defense. Dr. Landers, who said he was now Assistant Superintendent of the Presbyterian Hospital of New York City, testified that Mrs. Holman when brought to the Brattleboro asylum made no resistance or complaint. He said Brenton expressed a wish that she receive all the comforts possible, and Landers said there were no objectionable homicidal patients near Mrs. Holman.

Brenton told today how he negotiated with and finally obtained by mail from Mrs. Holman the love letters she as Mrs. Brenton had written to Holman. He admitted telling the plaintiff's mother, Mrs. Susan B. Curtis, that the letters did not conclusively prove infidelity, but he insisted on the stand today that he never thought of questioning his wife about her relations with Holman.

"The letters were sufficient evidence for me," he said.

WOMEN PUMMEL ANNOYER.

Clerk from the Bronx Lands in Coney Island Police Court.

Two young women, Mrs. Belle Martin, wife of Harry Martin, son of ex-Police Lieut. Charles Martin, and her sister, Miss Venie Smith, administered a sound beating to a man who annoyed them at Coney Island yesterday afternoon. Their victim, who said he was Charles Pulk, a clerk, living at 179th Street and Third Avenue, the Bronx, eagerly sought refuge behind Policeman Daly of the Coney Island Station, who was attracted by his cries for aid.

The women were waiting for a car at Surf Avenue and West Eighth Street. According to Mrs. Martin, Pulk sought to make their acquaintance in a moving picture theatre, and followed them when they went to stores on Surf Avenue. As they were about to get on a car to go to Mrs. Martin's home at 593 Neptune Avenue, Coney Island, he seized Mrs. Martin by the arm.

Pulk's face was bruised in the encounter and his hat was jammed down over his eyes. The fight, although it was one-sided, attracted a great crowd, and when it was seen that the women were getting by far the better of the battle the onlookers refused to interfere. Pulk was arraigned before Magistrate McGuire in the Coney Island Police Court and held in default of 500 bail for a hearing today. Miss Smith lives at 159 Bay Thirty-fourth Street, Brooklyn.

SIEGEL TO FILE SCHEDULES.

He and Vogel Formally Adjudged Bankrupts by Judge Hough.

Henry Siegel and Frank E. Vogel, who composed the firm of Henry Siegel & Co., bankers, were adjudged bankrupts yesterday by Judge Hough in the Federal District Court. They had withdrawn their denial of insolvency and the order was made on the petition of Esther Laufer and others through their attorneys, Olcott, Gruber, Bonynge & McManus of 170 Broadway.

The bankrupts are required to file schedules within ten days and to appear before S. W. Dexter as referee for examination on June 15.

Dinner for H. Von Schuckmann.

A dinner was given last night at the German Liederkranz to H. von Schuckmann, manager of the import freight department of the Hamburg-American Line in commemoration of his twenty-fifth anniversary in that capacity. The hosts were the Custom House brokers and commission houses doing an import business. Representatives of more than fifty firms were present. John E. Dowsing presided as Toastmaster.

CITY SUES 'BAGMAN' FOWLER FOR FRAUD

He and Others, It Is Said, Overcharged for Work on Aqueduct Condemnations.

DUPLICATE BILLS PAID

Statements Calling for Upward of $100,000 More Than Was Due Were Sent In, It Is Alleged.

Corporation Counsel Frank L. Polk began suit yesterday against John J. Linson, Everett Fowler, and Augustus H. Van Buren, three prominent lawyers of Kingston, N. Y., for $100,000, which they are charged with having obtained wrongfully by making overcharges for work done in connection with the new aqueduct. Mr. Linson is one of the best-known Democrats in the State. He represented his district in the Senate more than twenty years ago, and was a close friend of the late David B. Hill. Gov. Flower made him a Commissioner to hear charges preferred against District Attorney Fellows.

Attention was attracted to Mr. Fowler not long ago by the charge that he was the chief "bagman" of the Democratic State Committee. He was indicted on the allegation that he had extorted $250 from Seneca P. Hull, a contractor, of Cortland, N. Y. He is a Democrat. Mr. Van Buren is an ex-Corporation Counsel of Kingston.

The complaint says that the defendants were made special counsel to protect the city in the condemnation of land along the route of the new aqueduct, and that they were engaged in this work from the close of 1907 until 1910. It is alleged that the defendants agreed to make excessive and unlawful charges against the city and to share in the receipts of these excessive and unlawful charges.

Mr. Linson and Mr. Fowler are accused of having submitted to the city verified bills for searches and disbursements and to have procured the indorsement of the Corporation Counsel and the Supreme Court for more than $350,000, which represented an overcharge of upward of $100,000. Other charges against the defendants are that they made copies of abstracts and searches and charged the city for them as originals.

Then the complaint sets forth that the defendants presented bills and received pay for money "by the false representation that the services charged therein were performed on the days set forth in the said bills, although in fact said days were in many cases duplicated and triplicated; in some cases as many as four or five charges of $50 being made for the legal services of one of the defendants or one of their employes on the same day, and the defendants hired various employes or assistants and charged for several days on the same calendar day for their services at the rate of $50 per day."

When Archibald R. Watson became Corporation Counsel under Mayor Gaynor, the work of investigating the money spent in condemning land along the new aqueduct was begun. William McMurtrie Speer was put in charge of this work, and he tabulated and preserved carefully all the facts he gathered. At first the sole purpose of this work was to prevent any further extravagance or graft. A short time before he resigned Mr. Watson had begun to put the material into legal form with a view to taking some action.

When Mr. Polk came into office the matter was called to his attention, and he resolved to begin suit, to the end that the truth might be sifted out in court. He had to work swiftly because of the statute of limitations. A member of the Corporation Counsel's staff said yesterday that charges similar to those in the action brought yesterday might be embodied in actions to be instituted against other persons.

HOTEL McALPIN TO GROW.

Addition to Cost $2,000,000 to be Built on 34th Street.

A $2,000,000 addition to the Hotel McAlpin, it was announced yesterday, will be erected at once on the plot now covered by two old dwellings altered for business at 46 and 48 West Thirty-fourth Street, adjoining the hotel to the east.

The McAlpin estate, which owns the hotel, has been negotiating for a long time for these two parcels, which have a frontage of fifty feet. The deal was closed yesterday. The land is assessed for $650,000. The price paid is said to be a trifle under this figure, but what the McAlpin estate paid was not divulged. The few tenants in the buildings have only monthly leases, and the McAlpin estate will take possession by July 1. Building operations will then begin, and it is expected that the addition, twenty-four stories high, will be completed by the Spring of 1915.

Besides adding 200 rooms to the hotel, the addition will allow a large restaurant entrance, which will be the feature of the ground floor. The façade will be in harmony with the main building. The rear line of the hotel will be straightened, giving a total frontage of 200 feet on Thirty-fourth Street. The McAlpin has now 1,500 rooms, being one of the largest hotels in the world.

Little Hope for Adlai E. Stevenson.

CHICAGO, June 10.—Physicians attending Adlai E. Stevenson, Vice President of the United States during Grover Cleveland's second term, tonight had little hope of his recovery. The extreme heat of the last few days has greatly weakened him.

SUBWAY-POST OFFICE DEAL.

Mail Platform Such as McAdoo Wants Would Cost City $100,000.

It is estimated that the cost of a platform such as Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo has proposed for Post Office purposes in the subway to be built under the Post Office would be about $100,000, and it is hoped that if the city agrees to build this and to accede to other conditions which Mr. McAdoo has asked, the Government will not call for any other payment in return for the easement under the Post Office Building.

It has been found, however, that it will be impossible to construct a platform between the two sets of rails of the new subway. It is therefore proposed that platforms shall be built on either side of the subway structure and mail chutes arranged over the tracks themselves.

Further conferences were held yesterday between Travis K. Whitney, Secretary, and Leroy T. Harkness, Assistant Counsel to the commission, and Assistant District Attorney Knox on the deed which is to be drawn up concerning the easement under the Post Office. Provisions were introduced to make the city responsible for the housing of the Post Office and the Federal courts, if the construction of the subway makes the present Post Office temporarily untenantable, to make the city liable for any injury to Government employes, and to protect the Government's rights in the site.

It is hoped that the engineering plans and the tentative deed may be ready for submission to Secretary McAdoo by the end of the week. It is not likely, however, that the commission will assent to the request of Mr. McAdoo that his letter and the terms of the final agreement be printed, at the commission's expense, in every daily newspaper in the city.

COURT GRANTS WIFE'S PLEA.

Facing Death, Mrs. Bacon Wants Chance to Clear Her Name.

Justice Giegerich approved yesterday the petition made by Mrs. Dora Emma Bacon to have the trial of her separation suit against Samuel M. Bacon and his counter claim for divorce advanced from October to June 17. Mrs. Bacon asked that the trial of the suits be advanced in order that she may clear her name from her husband's charges before she faces possible death from a surgical operation.

"My condition has reached such an acute stage," Mrs. Bacon said in her petition, "that it is absolutely necessary for me to undergo an immediate operation. Numerous eminent physicians have advised me that the operation will be a serious one, imperilling my life. They have advised me also that unless I submit to an operation at an early moment the result of the delay may be fatal. I have held in reserve a bed in the Presbyterian Hspital to which I must go in the near future, and it is only because I am innocent of my husband's charges and am desirous of having them thrashed out at the earliest possible moment that I have delayed having this operation performed.

"I am the mother of four children, and stand accused by my husband of unfaithfulness to my marriage vows. I do not desire to undergo this operation until I have purged my name for the sake of my children from the stigma cast upon it, and I do not want to go under the knife, fearful lest the operation may prove fatal, until I have eliminated the disgraceful and unjust accusations of this defendant, my husband."

Mrs. Bacon brought suit for separation on the ground that her husband deserted her, but Mr. Bacon denied this, and said that his wife had deserted him. He consented to have the case advanced in accordance with his wife's plea.

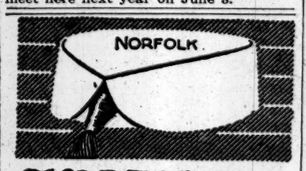
TO PUT WILSON ON RECORD.

Protestants Will Invite Him to a Rival Church Service.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., June 10.—The Reformed Church Synod today made a new move in the matter of the attendance of President Wilson at the Roman Catholic mass in Washington on Thanksgiving day. Instead of criticising the Chief Executive the members put through a resolution calling upon the Executive Committee of the Federal Council of the Church of Christ in America to organize in the national capital a united service of all the Protestant churches, and to invite the President, Vice President, and Cabinet to attend it.

In substance, the plan is to set up an opposition service and force the President to go on record as favoring one or the other. The resolution was regarded as a wise move to release the Synod from the unwelcome position of seeming to criticise the President.

The Synod adjourned this afternoon, to meet here next year on June 3.



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SCHOOL JOBS GO UNFILLED.

Board Postpones Action on Director of Attendance.

The Board of Education had the most turbulent session of the year yesterday over the question of electing John W. Davis, a District Superintendent, Director of the new Bureau of Attendance, at $6,000 a year, and George H. Chatfield assistant at $4,500.

On petition of six members, the matter finally went over for two weeks, after the board, by a strict party vote, 27 to 12, had defeated a motion by former President Egerton L. Winthrop, Jr., to cut the salaries to $5,000 and $3,000 respectively.

The Board of Superintendents had nominated Davis and Chatfield for the places.

Mr. Winthrop said a District Superintendent received only $5,000, and that officer was as important as the Director of the Attendance Bureau. Before Secretary Palmer could read the Special Schools Committee's report, naming Messrs. Davis and Chatfield, Miss Martha Lincoln Draper, a member of the committee, said that due notice had not been sent to the members of the committee and that she objected to the adoption of the resolution. A rule of the board says that upon a written request signed by six members any report must be laid over. Miss Draper handed to the Secretary such a request signed by herself, Dr. Ira S. Wile, Abraham Flexner, John Martin, Miss Oliva Leventritt, and William G. Willcox. Ernest F. Eilert called for the reading of the report, and President Churchill so ordered.

"I protest against the action of the President," exclaimed Mr. Winthrop, "and I ask for an adjournment of this meeting."

Cornelius J. Sullivan said that in the eight years he had been a member of the board he had never seen such a flagrant attempt to deprive the minority of its rights. He said that he had not had a fair opportunity to discuss this matter in committee.

M. S. Stern indignantly denied that any attempt had been made to jam the matter through. The matter was laid over until the next meeting.

A motion to amend the by-laws so as to include in the qualifications for license as Principal of a training school for teachers those of Principals of schools who have received the degree of M. A. from an institution recognized by the Regents of the University of New York carried despite the protests of Messrs. Winthrop and Flexner, the latter declaring that "M. A." did not mean much. He thought that the licensee ought to have a doctor's degree.

GOMPERS ON CLAYTON BILL.

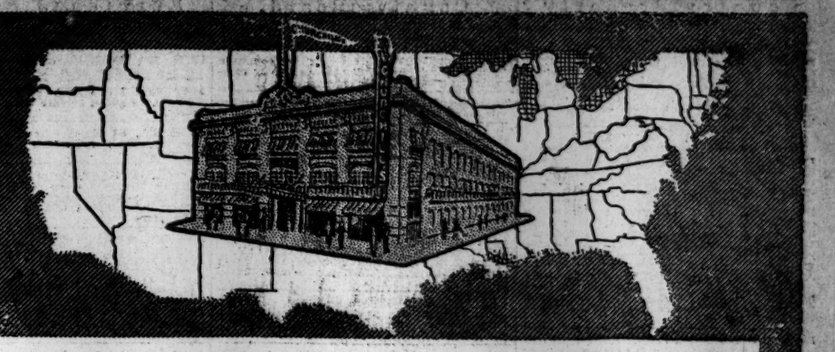
Predicts at Meeting That Senate Will Pass the Measure.

There long has been a tendency on the part of the Government to limit the right of assemblage and free speech, and more recently the freedom of the press, according to Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, who spoke last night at Cooper Union at a mass meeting held by the Allied Printing Trades Council to consider the Clayton bill exempting labor organizations from prosecution under the Sherman anti-trust law. The speaker said that such a tendency would develop a public censorship finally, and there was no man in America qualified to exercise such a power.

"I am confident that when the Clayton bill comes before the Senate it will be passed by as large a majority in proportion to the membership of the two bodies as it did in the House," Mr. Gompers said. "There has been a realization of the great injustice that has been done the workers of America."

A resolution, which was adopted unanimously, indorsed the Clayton bill. Copies of the resolution are to be sent to the President and Vice President and to the Senators from New York and New Jersey.

Representative Frank L. Buchanan of Illinois, who carries a union card, spoke on behalf of the bill.



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GAIETY Broadway & 46th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20. GEO. M. COHAN'S BEST PLAY, 7 KEYS TO BALDPATE

GEO. COHAN'S THEATRE B'way & 43d St. Evs. 8.15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Potash & Perlmutter

HUDSON West 44th St. Mats. Wed. and Sat. Evs. 8:30. A Detective Comedy, DUMMY Laughs and Thrills—THE KNICKERBOCKER. Twice Daily, 2:15-8:15 Patrons Urged To Be Seated at Rise of Curtain. "World's Masterpiece."—Ziegfeld Journal. D'ANNUNZIO'S CABIRIA PHOTO-SPECTACLE ORCHESTRA OF 50, CHORUS OF 40.

GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Daily 2:30 & 8:30. 25 & 50c. All Seats Reserved. UNIVERSAL MOTION PICTURES present ANNETTE KELLERMANN IN NEPTUNE'S DAUGHTER

WINTER GARDEN Broadway & 50th. Evgs. at 8. First Mat. Today at 2. Best Orch. Seats, $1 & $1.50. PASSING SHOW OF 1914

PLAYHOUSE 48th. E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. THE THINGS THAT COUNT The Companion Play to "Grumpy."

39TH ST. THEATRE, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. TOO MANY COOKS Funniest Play Since "Baby Mine."

CASINO Evs. 8.15. Last Mat. Sat. HIGH JINKS LAST WEEK with Stella Mayhew.

COMEDY Thea., 41st St., near B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tues. & Sat. 2:20. KITTY MACKAY

CORT THEATRE, 48th St., near Broadway. THE ESCAPE By Paul Armstrong. 2, 4, 7 & 9 P. M. 15-25-50 cents. Best. Matinee, 25c.

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